

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Aug 16, 2023 – 12:00 AM EDT

PDB ID : 1Y3T

Title: Crystal structure of YxaG, a dioxygenase from Bacillus subtilis

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Deposited on : 2004-11-26

Resolution : 2.40 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467 Xtriage (Phenix): 1.13

EDS: 2.35

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove) oteins) : Engh & Huber (2007)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

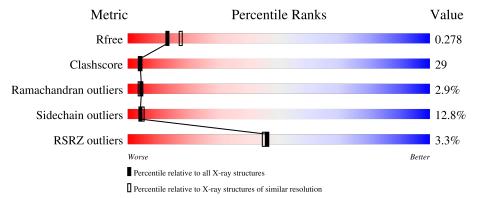
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.40 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries},{\rm resolution\ range}(\mathring{\rm A})) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	3907 (2.40-2.40)
Clashscore	141614	4398 (2.40-2.40)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	4318 (2.40-2.40)
Sidechain outliers	138945	4319 (2.40-2.40)
RSRZ outliers	127900	3811 (2.40-2.40)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	A	337	48%	31%	14%	5% •	
1	В	337	48%	31%	12%	7% •	



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5508 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Hypothetical protein yxaG.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	A	330	Total 2570	C 1630	N 444	O 485	S 11	65	0	0
1	В	330	Total 2571	C 1630	N 444	O 486	S 11	61	0	0

• Molecule 2 is FE (III) ION (three-letter code: FE) (formula: Fe).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	2	Total Fe 2 2	0	0
2	В	2	Total Fe 2 2	0	0

• Molecule 3 is water.

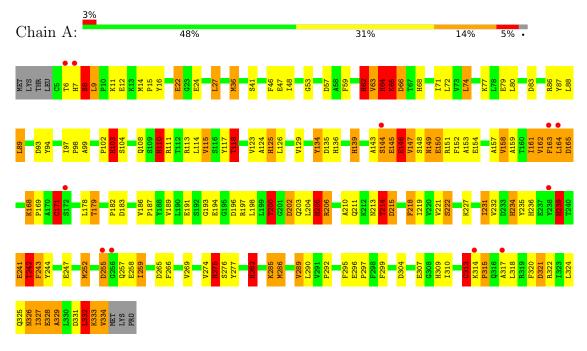
M	ol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
	3	A	182	Total O 182 182	0	0
3	3	В	181	Total O 181 181	0	0



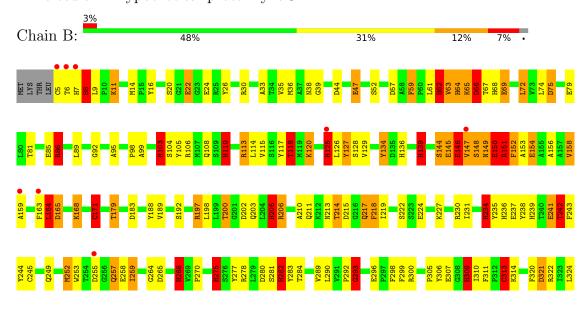
# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Hypothetical protein yxaG



• Molecule 1: Hypothetical protein yxaG









# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants	128.42Å 128.43Å 51.19Å	Domositon
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	91.29 - 2.40	Depositor
Resolution (A)	19.77  -  2.40	EDS
% Data completeness	97.5 (91.29-2.40)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	97.8 (19.77-2.40)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	0.09	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.32 (at 2.41Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.1.24	Depositor
D D	0.217 , 0.277	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.221 , $0.278$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1696 reflections (5.10%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	41.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.592	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.34, 51.3	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L >=0.49, < L^2>=0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.011 for k,h,-l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	5508	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	44.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.22% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: FE

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bo	ond lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ   #		RMSZ	# Z >5	
1	A	2.32	$103/2635 \ (3.9\%)$	1.70	58/3576 (1.6%)	
1	В	2.47	107/2636 (4.1%)	1.70	72/3578 (2.0%)	
All	All	2.39	$210/5271 \ (4.0\%)$	1.70	130/7154 (1.8%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintenain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	17
1	В	0	19
All	All	0	36

The worst 5 of 210 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$Ideal(\AA)$
1	В	164	LEU	C-N	-29.07	0.67	1.34
1	В	8	SER	CA-C	21.77	2.09	1.52
1	В	8	SER	CA-CB	-21.52	1.20	1.52
1	A	328	GLU	CD-OE1	19.70	1.47	1.25
1	A	164	LEU	C-N	-18.43	0.91	1.34

The worst 5 of 130 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	164	LEU	O-C-N	-17.46	94.77	122.70
1	В	328	GLU	OE1-CD-OE2	-15.43	104.78	123.30
1	В	8	SER	C-N-CA	15.31	159.97	121.70
1	В	8	SER	O-C-N	-12.42	102.83	122.70

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	${f Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^{o})$
1	A	164	LEU	CA-C-N	12.12	143.88	117.20

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 36 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	103	HIS	Sidechain
1	A	110	HIS	Sidechain
1	A	145	GLU	Peptide
1	A	62	HIS	Sidechain
1	A	64	HIS	Sidechain

#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2570	0	2478	162	0
1	В	2571	0	2480	150	0
2	A	2	0	0	0	0
2	В	2	0	0	0	0
3	A	182	0	0	30	0
3	В	181	0	0	31	0
All	All	5508	0	4958	291	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 29.

The worst 5 of 291 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:71:ILE:CD1	1:A:71:ILE:CG1	1.75	1.61
1:B:309:HIS:CB	1:B:309:HIS:CA	1.75	1.59
1:A:65:LYS:CE	1:A:65:LYS:CD	1.75	1.59
1:A:65:LYS:CD	1:A:65:LYS:CG	1.75	1.58
1:B:147:VAL:CB	1:B:147:VAL:CG1	1.87	1.50



There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percent	iles
1	A	328/337 (97%)	299 (91%)	19 (6%)	10 (3%)	4 3	
1	В	328/337 (97%)	304 (93%)	15 (5%)	9 (3%)	5 5	
All	All	656/674 (97%)	603 (92%)	34 (5%)	19 (3%)	4 4	

5 of 19 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	8	SER
1	A	146	GLU
1	A	148	SER
1	A	149	ASN
1	A	168	LYS

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles		
1	A	273/285 (96%)	239 (88%)	34 (12%)		4	5	
1	В	$273/285 \ (96\%)$	237 (87%)	36 (13%)		4	4	
All	All	546/570 (96%)	476 (87%)	70 (13%)		4	5	

5 of 70 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	206	ARG
1	В	234	HIS
1	В	314	LYS
1	A	275	HIS
1	A	257	GLN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 20 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	136	HIS
1	В	213	ASN
1	В	282	HIS
1	В	268	HIS
1	A	136	HIS

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 4 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.



### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

The following chains have linkage breaks:

Mol	Chain	Number of breaks
1	A	4
1	В	4

The worst 5 of 8 chain breaks are listed below:

Model	Chain	Residue-1	Atom-1	Residue-2	Atom-2	Distance (Å)
1	A	152:PHE	С	153:ALA	N	1.14
1	A	171:CYS	С	172:SER	N	1.03
1	В	149:ASN	С	150:GLU	N	1.02
1	В	171:CYS	С	172:SER	N	0.94
1	A	8:SER	С	9:LEU	N	0.93



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\# \mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	320/337~(94%)	-0.27	11 (3%) 45 44	28, 39, 64, 88	1 (0%)
1	В	321/337~(95%)	-0.22	10 (3%) 49 47	28, 38, 64, 89	1 (0%)
All	All	641/674 (95%)	-0.25	21 (3%) 46 45	28, 38, 64, 89	2 (0%)

The worst 5 of 21 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	7	HIS	5.1
1	A	163	PHE	4.8
1	A	7	HIS	3.9
1	В	5	CYS	3.2
1	В	147	VAL	3.1

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

#### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



Mol	$\mathbf{Type}$	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	FE	В	402	1/1	0.97	0.13	43,43,43,43	0
2	FE	A	401	1/1	0.98	0.12	51,51,51,51	0
2	FE	В	401	1/1	0.99	0.13	50,50,50,50	0
2	FE	A	402	1/1	0.99	0.16	43,43,43,43	0

# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

