



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

May 13, 2020 – 08:36 am BST

PDB ID : 1Y64
Title : Bni1p Formin Homology 2 Domain complexed with ATP-actin
Authors : Otomo, T.; Tomchick, D.R.; Otomo, C.; Panchal, S.C.; Machius, M.; Rosen, M.K.
Deposited on : 2004-12-03
Resolution : 3.05 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : 2.11
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac : 5.8.0158
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

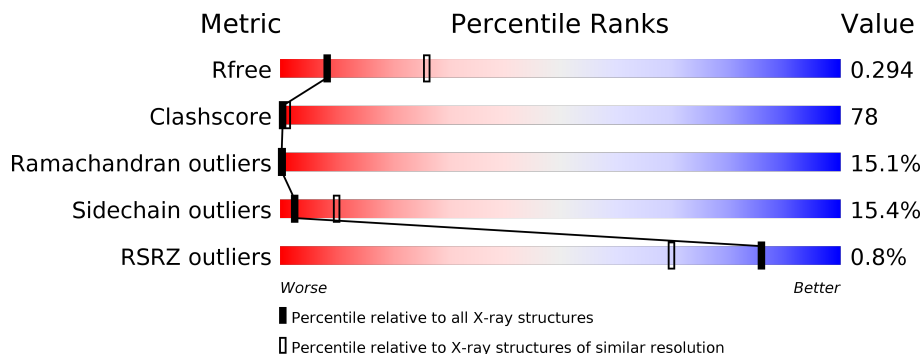
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.05 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	1754 (3.10-3.02)
Clashscore	141614	1864 (3.10-3.02)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1794 (3.10-3.02)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1793 (3.10-3.02)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1713 (3.10-3.02)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	375	
2	B	443	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	ATP	A	2000	-	-	X	-

2 Entry composition

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6162 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Actin, alpha skeletal muscle.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	357	2795	1772	469	536	18	0	0	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	73	HIC	HIS	MODIFIED RESIDUE	UNP P68135

- Molecule 2 is a protein called BNI1 protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
2	B	411	3335	2124	560	641	10	7	0	0

- Molecule 3 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	Ca	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 4 is ADENOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: ATP) (formula: C₁₀H₁₆N₅O₁₃P₃).

E1710	S1711	L1712	M1713	H1714	T1715	E1718	D1719	S1720	G1721	D1722	K1723	F1724	A1725	K1726	I1727	S1728	F1729	F1730	K1731	K1732	F1733	F1736	I1737	Y1740	K1741	K1742	A1743	Q1746	M1747	E1751	E1752	R1755	L1756	Y1757	I1758	K1759	H1760	LYS	LYS	ILE	VAL	GLU	GLU	GLN	GLN	LYS										
D1648	C1649	F1652	S1653	Q1654	S1655	I1656	V1657	M1658	V1659	E1660	R1661	S1662	V1663	E1664	G1666	M1667	L1668	S1669	D1670	S1671	S1672	K1673	F1674	H1675	P1676	L1677	D1678	K1679	V1680	L1681	I1682	K1683	T1684	L1685	P1686	V1687	L1688	P1689	E1690	A1691	R1692	K1693	K1694	L1697	L1698	E1699	D1700	E1701	V1702	K1703	L1704	T1705	I1706	M1707	E1708	F1709
K1584	Q1585	A1586	F1589	K1590	L1591	S1592	T1593	L1594	L1597	I1600	K1601	D1602	V1603	T1604	M1605	S1606	M1607	T1608	F1609	L1610	M1611	Y1612	V1613	E1614	K1615	I1616	V1617	R1618	L1619	M1620	Y1621	P1622	S1623	F1624	M1625	D1626	F1627	L1628	S1629	E1630	L1631	E1632	P1633	V1634	L1635	D1636	V1637	V1638	K1639	V1640	S1641	I1642	E1643	Q1644	M1647	
V1519	M1520	L1521	E1522	S1523	Y1524	H1525	G1526	S1527	R1528	M1529	R1530	A1531	L1532	T1533	V1534	V1535	T1536	S1537	Y1538	E1539	R1540	E1541	Y1542	M1543	E1544	L1545	K1548	L1549	R1550	K1551	Y1552	D1553	K1554	A1558	L1559	Q1560	E1561	S1562	D1563	M1564	L1565	A1566	M1567	V1568	F1569	M1570	V1571	L1572	L1573	A1574	V1575	G1576	H1577	M1580	D1581	

4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	232.00Å 56.23Å 100.94Å 90.00° 107.70° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	30.00 – 3.05 29.00 – 3.05	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	(Not available) (30.00-3.05) 99.2 (29.00-3.05)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.05	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	2.64 (at 3.05Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	CNS	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.289 , 0.313 0.275 , 0.294	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1145 reflections (4.79%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	89.0	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.721	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.26 , 70.0	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.49$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtrriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	6162	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	108.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.06% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CA, HIC, ATP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.51	0/2842	0.97	10/3852 (0.3%)
2	B	0.45	0/3395	0.81	3/4577 (0.1%)
All	All	0.48	0/6237	0.89	13/8429 (0.2%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 13 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed($^{\circ}$)	Ideal($^{\circ}$)
1	A	210	ARG	N-CA-C	-8.04	89.28	111.00
2	B	1429	PHE	N-CA-C	-7.39	91.03	111.00
1	A	127	PHE	O-C-N	-6.87	111.71	122.70
1	A	140	LEU	CA-CB-CG	6.57	130.40	115.30
1	A	306	TYR	N-CA-C	-6.14	94.43	111.00

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	127	PHE	Mainchain

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2795	0	2765	557	0
2	B	3335	0	3349	424	0
3	A	1	0	0	0	0
4	A	31	0	12	13	0
All	All	6162	0	6126	958	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 78.

The worst 5 of 958 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:350:SER:OG	2:B:1411:ARG:HB3	1.39	1.21
1:A:350:SER:HB2	2:B:1411:ARG:HD3	1.27	1.15
1:A:259:GLU:HG3	1:A:263:GLN:HG3	1.29	1.11
2:B:1456:LEU:HD21	2:B:1532:LEU:HD23	1.25	1.10
1:A:196:ARG:HH22	1:A:251:GLY:HA3	1.15	1.09

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	352/375 (94%)	205 (58%)	91 (26%)	56 (16%)	0 0
2	B	409/443 (92%)	232 (57%)	118 (29%)	59 (14%)	0 0

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
All	All	761/818 (93%)	437 (57%)	209 (28%)	115 (15%)	0 0

5 of 115 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	23	GLY
1	A	61	LYS
1	A	90	PHE
1	A	98	PRO
1	A	99	GLU

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	302/317 (95%)	249 (82%)	53 (18%)	2 7
2	B	374/404 (93%)	323 (86%)	51 (14%)	3 14
All	All	676/721 (94%)	572 (85%)	104 (15%)	2 10

5 of 104 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	352	PHE
2	B	1424	ASP
2	B	1686	PRO
1	A	353	GLN
1	A	370	VAL

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 28 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	1457	GLN
2	B	1493	ASN
2	B	1675	HIS

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	1476	ASN
2	B	1480	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
1	HIC	A	73	1	8,11,12	0.83	0	6,14,16	1.50	2 (33%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	HIC	A	73	1	-	2/5/6/8	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	73	HIC	CZ-NE2-CD2	2.46	134.86	126.31
1	A	73	HIC	CZ-NE2-CE1	-2.06	115.40	125.48

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
1	A	73	HIC	CA-CB-CG-ND1
1	A	73	HIC	CA-CB-CG-CD2

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	73	HIC	2	0

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
4	ATP	A	2000	3	26,33,33	1.77	4 (15%)	31,52,52	1.52	5 (16%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	ATP	A	2000	3	-	1/18/38/38	0/3/3/3

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	A	2000	ATP	C2-N1	7.17	1.47	1.33
4	A	2000	ATP	O4'-C1'	2.35	1.44	1.41

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	A	2000	ATP	C6-C5	2.23	1.51	1.43
4	A	2000	ATP	C5-N7	-2.02	1.32	1.39

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	A	2000	ATP	N3-C2-N1	-4.75	121.26	128.68
4	A	2000	ATP	PB-O3B-PG	-3.75	119.95	132.83
4	A	2000	ATP	N6-C6-N1	2.58	123.92	118.57
4	A	2000	ATP	C5-C6-N1	-2.18	115.40	120.35
4	A	2000	ATP	C4-C5-N7	-2.18	107.13	109.40

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) torsion outliers are listed below:

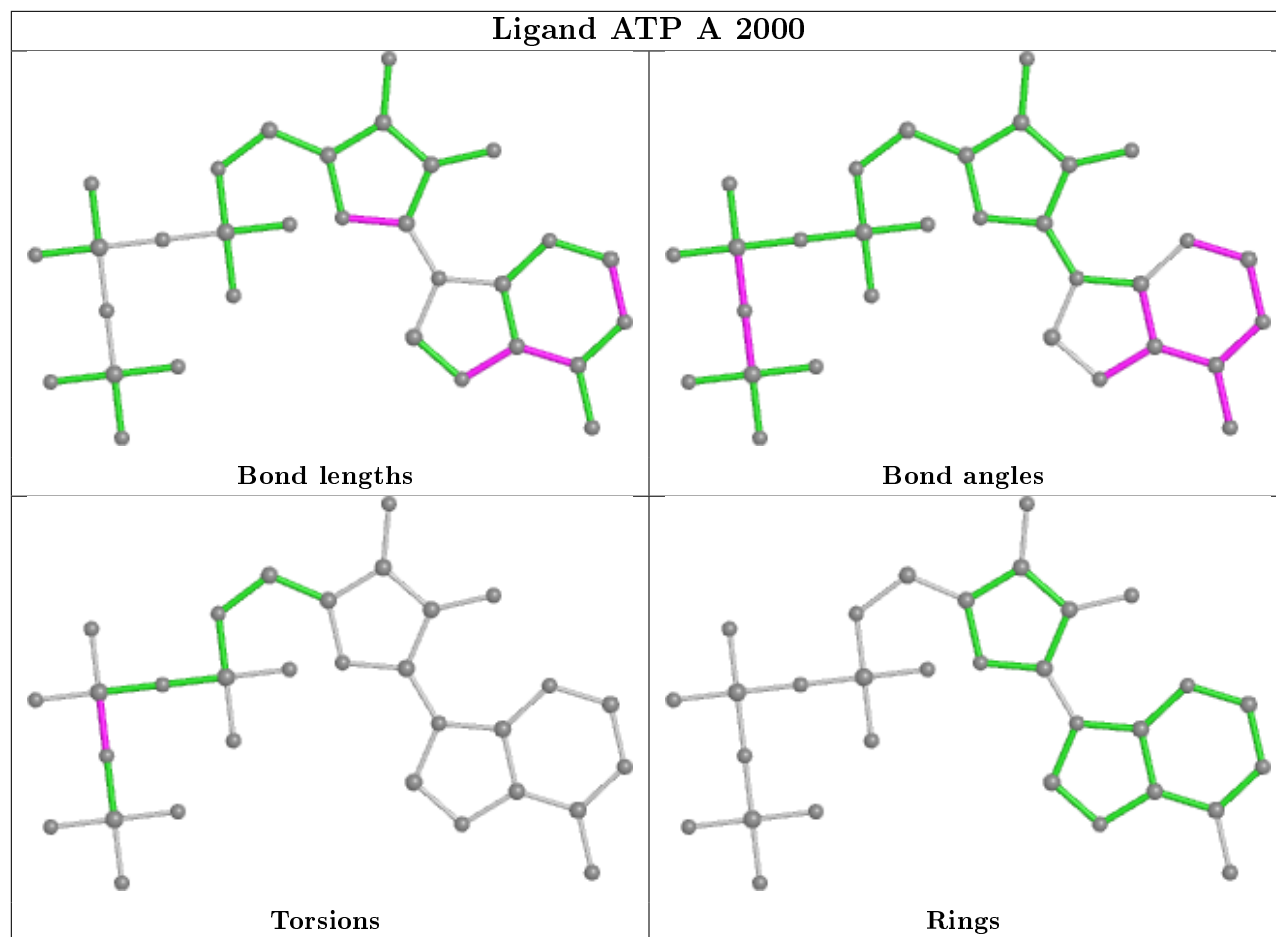
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	A	2000	ATP	PG-O3B-PB-O2B

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 13 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	2000	ATP	13	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	356/375 (94%)	-0.25	4 (1%) 80 60	41, 99, 154, 190	0
2	B	411/443 (92%)	-0.47	2 (0%) 91 79	57, 109, 159, 207	2 (0%)
All	All	767/818 (93%)	-0.37	6 (0%) 86 70	41, 103, 157, 207	2 (0%)

The worst 5 of 6 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	38	PRO	3.2
1	A	156	GLY	2.5
2	B	1757	TYR	2.5
1	A	200	PHE	2.2
1	A	61	LYS	2.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	HIC	A	73	11/12	0.95	0.15	57,67,67,67	0

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

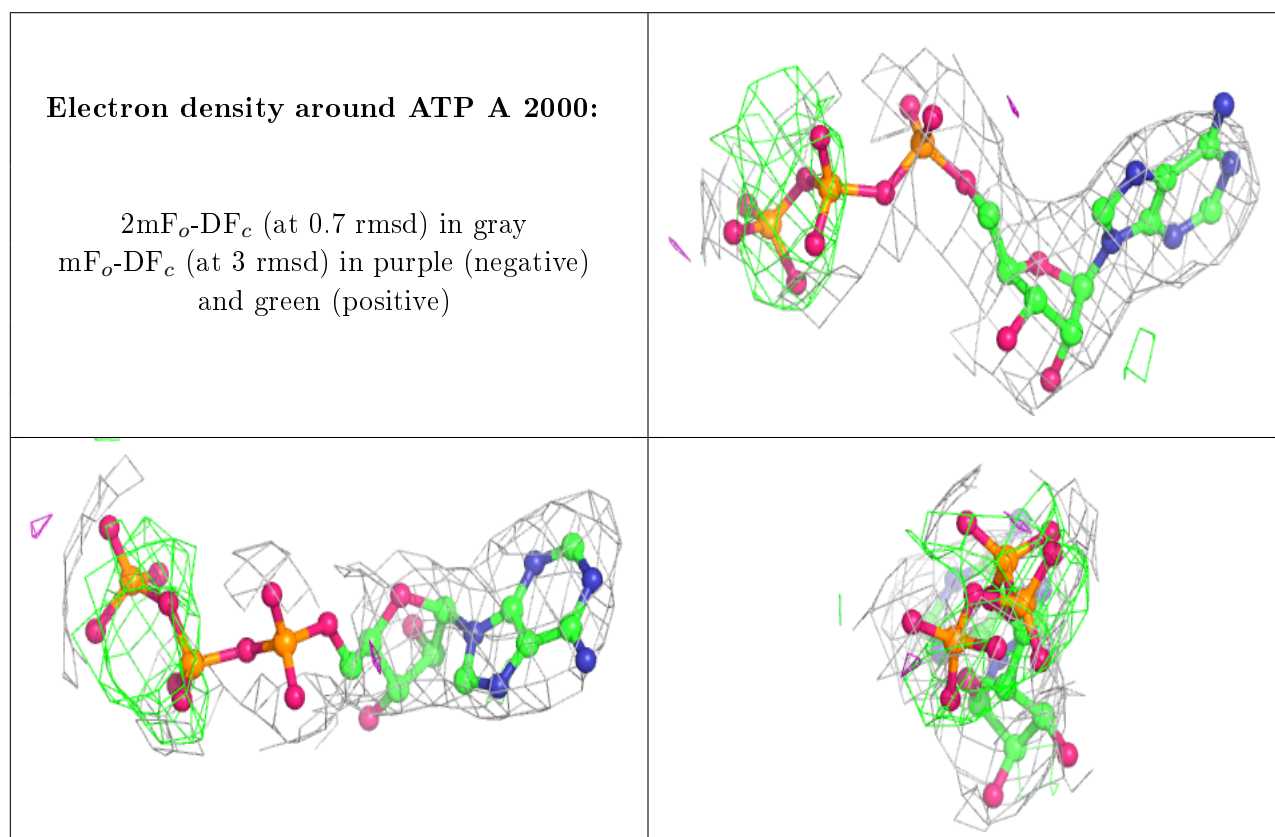
There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q<0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
4	ATP	A	2000	31/31	0.86	0.34	97,97,97,97	0
3	CA	A	382	1/1	0.94	0.78	97,97,97,97	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.