

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Sep 14, 2020 – 03:36 PM BST

PDB ID	:	6YDG
Title	:	X-ray structure of LPMO
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Deposited on		
Resolution	:	1.90  Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

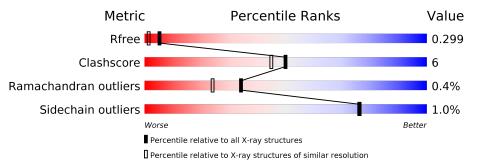
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
$\mathrm{EDS}$	:	$2.14.4.\mathrm{dev1}$
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
$\operatorname{Refmac}$	:	5.8.0158
$\operatorname{CCP4}$	:	$7.0.044 (\mathrm{Gargrove})$
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	$2.14.4.\mathrm{dev1}$

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
R <sub>free</sub>	130704	6207(1.90-1.90)
Clashscore	141614	6847(1.90-1.90)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	6760 (1.90-1.90)
Sidechain outliers	138945	6760 (1.90-1.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	А	235	85%	14%
2	В	4	75%	25%



#### 6 YDG

# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2059 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Auxiliary activity 9.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ate	$\mathbf{oms}$			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	Λ	235	Total	С	Ν	Ο	$\mathbf{S}$	0	3	0
1	Л	200	1801	1139	307	352	3	0	5	0

• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-beta-D-glucopyranose.



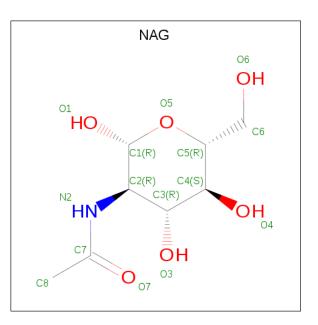
Mol	Chain	Residues	At	oms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	В	4	Total 45	С 24	0 21	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is COPPER (II) ION (three-letter code: CU) (formula: Cu) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by author).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	А	1	Total Cu 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 4 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula:  $C_8H_{15}NO_6$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues	A	ton	ns		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	А	1	Total 14	C 8	N 1	O 5	0	0

• Molecule 5 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by author).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	А	1	Total Cl 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 6 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	194	Total O 197 197	0	3



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Chain A: 85%											149	6	-																						
H1	D13	P30		D44	N45 P46	V47	V48	P49	W64	R69	173	2	H79	<mark>680</mark>	A90	COTE	T109 N110	H125	F139	TAAA	E148	N156	P157 1158	R159	Y164	1170	N173	D177	P180	Y191	TOOR	0771	S209	P214 P215	-
D231	8233 8233	1234 E235																																	

• Molecule 1: Auxiliary activity 9





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 41 3 2	Depositor
Cell constants	125.67Å $125.67$ Å $125.67$ Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	50.00 - 1.90	Depositor
Resolution (A)	44.43 - 1.90	EDS
% Data completeness	$100.0\ (50.00-1.90)$	Depositor
(in resolution range)	$100.0\ (44.43  ext{-} 1.90)$	EDS
R <sub>merge</sub>	(Not available)	Depositor
R <sub>sym</sub>	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$1.93 (at 1.89 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC v5.8.0230	Depositor
D D.	0.219 , $0.261$	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.266 , $0.299$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1389 reflections $(5.08\%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	35.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.000	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.37, $55.4$	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ L  > = 0.50, < L^2 > = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	2059	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	28.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.04% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: HIC, BGC, NAG, CU, CL

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol		Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
	1	А	0.85	1/1850~(0.1%)	0.90	1/2549~(0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	А	0	1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Ideal(Å)
1	А	177	ASP	C-O	5.25	1.33	1.23

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\mathbf{Res}$	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	А	191	TYR	CB-CG-CD1	5.15	124.09	121.00

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	А	69	ARG	Sidechain



#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	1801	0	1706	20	0
2	В	45	0	39	0	0
3	А	1	0	0	0	0
4	А	14	0	13	0	0
5	А	1	0	0	1	0
6	А	197	0	0	7	0
All	All	2059	0	1758	21	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

All (21) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
		distance (Å)	overlap (Å)
1:A:64:TRP:HE1	1:A:125:HIS:HE1	1.27	0.81
5:A:307:CL:CL	6:A:401:HOH:O	2.35	0.81
1:A:44:ASP:OD2	6:A:402:HOH:O	1.99	0.80
1:A:156:ASN:OD1	1:A:158:ILE:HD13	1.89	0.73
1:A:64:TRP:HE1	1:A:125:HIS:CE1	2.12	0.66
1:A:90:ALA:HB2	6:A:512:HOH:O	1.97	0.65
1:A:78:HIS:CE1	6:A:401:HOH:O	2.51	0.57
1:A:13:ASP:OD2	1:A:235:GLU:HG3	2.05	0.57
1:A:205:THR:HG22	1:A:209:SER:OG	2.06	0.55
1:A:30:PRO:HB3	1:A:164:TYR:CZ	2.44	0.53
1:A:125:HIS:HD2	6:A:458:HOH:O	1.92	0.52
1:A:80:GLY:HA3	1:A:144:ILE:O	2.14	0.48
1:A:173:ASN:HB2	6:A:454:HOH:O	2.13	0.47
1:A:180:PRO:O	6:A:403:HOH:O	2.21	0.44
1:A:48:VAL:HB	1:A:49:PRO:CD	2.48	0.43
1:A:139:PHE:CD1	1:A:170:ILE:HG13	2.53	0.43
1:A:109:THR:HG22	1:A:110:ASN:N	2.34	0.41
1:A:231:ASP:OD1	1:A:233:SER:OG	2.29	0.41
1:A:214:PRO:HB3	1:A:215:PRO:HA	2.03	0.41
1:A:148:GLU:HA	1:A:159:ARG:NH2	2.36	0.41
1:A:205:THR:HG22	1:A:209:SER:HG	1.86	0.41



There are no symmetry-related clashes.

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	236/235~(100%)	218~(92%)	17 (7%)	1 (0%)	34 24

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	73	ILE

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	197/194~(102%)	195~(99%)	2(1%)	76 76

All (2) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	46	ARG
1	А	158	ILE

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	67	ASN
1	А	125	HIS

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
	Type	Chain			Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
1	HIC	А	1	1,3	8,11,12	1.96	3 (37%)	$6,\!14,\!16$	1.67	2 (33%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	HIC	А	1	1,3	-	0/5/6/8	0/1/1/1

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Ideal(Å)
1	А	1	HIC	CD2-CG	3.70	1.41	1.36
1	А	1	HIC	CD2-NE2	-2.88	1.33	1.38
1	А	1	HIC	CE1-ND1	-2.05	1.31	1.35

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	А	1	HIC	CZ-NE2-CD2	2.54	135.11	126.31

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	А	1	HIC	CB-CA-C	2.50	116.16	111.47

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

4 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Tune	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles			
	Type	Cham	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	
2	BGC	В	1	2	12, 12, 12	0.77	0	17,17,17	0.52	0	
2	BGC	В	2	2	11, 11, 12	0.63	0	$15,\!15,\!17$	0.61	0	
2	BGC	В	3	2	11,11,12	1.37	2 (18%)	$15,\!15,\!17$	0.65	0	
2	BGC	В	4	2	11, 11, 12	0.59	0	$15,\!15,\!17$	0.63	0	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	$\mathbf{Res}$	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	BGC	В	1	2	-	2/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
2	BGC	В	2	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	BGC	В	3	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	BGC	В	4	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	$\mathbf{Res}$	Type	Atoms		$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Ideal(Å)
2	В	3	BGC	O5-C1	-2.71	1.39	1.43
2	В	3	BGC	C2-C3	-2.69	1.48	1.52

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

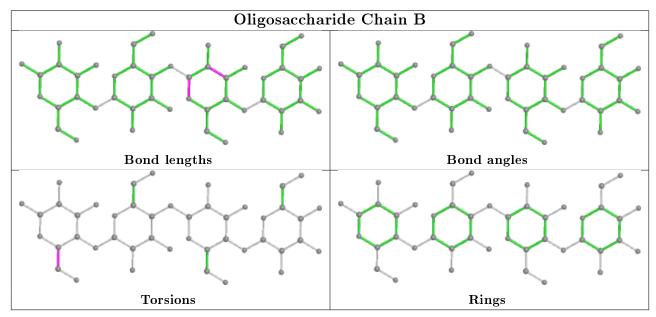
All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	В	1	BGC	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	В	1	BGC	O5-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.



### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the



expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mo	l Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
	I Iype	Chain			Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
4	NAG	A	302	1	14,14,15	0.63	0	$17,\!19,\!21$	1.17	2 (11%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	$\mathbf{Res}$	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	NAG	А	302	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
4	А	302	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.13	119.87	122.90
4	А	302	NAG	C1-C2-N2	-2.02	107.03	110.49

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	А	302	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
4	А	302	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

#### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

#### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

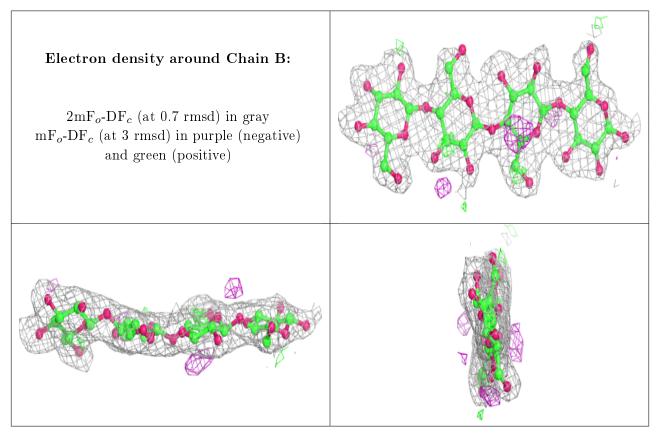
### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



#### 6.4 Ligands (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.



## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

