

# wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report (i)

Apr 23, 2024 – 02:19 PM JST

PDB ID : 7YGN

EMDB ID : EMD-33817

Title : Cryo-EM structure of the Mili in complex with piRNA

Authors: Li, Z.Q.; Liu, H.B.; Wu, J.P.; Shen, E.Z.

Deposited on : 2022-07-11

Resolution : 3.00 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev92

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $MapQ \quad : \quad 1.9.13$ 

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

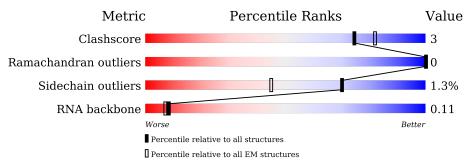
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36.2

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $ELECTRON\ MICROSCOPY$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	EM structures
Wiedite	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\#  ext{Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826
RNA backbone	4643	859

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion <40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain			
			16%			
1	A	801	85%	7% 8%		
			19%			
2	В	26	12% 15% • • 65%			



## 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6133 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Piwi-like protein 2.

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace	
1	A	739	Total 5945	C 3812	N 1029	O 1061	S 43	0	0

There are 38 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Rosiduo	Modelled	Actual	Commont	Reference
				UNP Q8CDG1
			Ü	_
		-	1 0	UNP Q8CDG1
		-	<u> </u>	UNP Q8CDG1
		-	<u> </u>	UNP Q8CDG1
		-	1 0	UNP Q8CDG1
176		-	expression tag	UNP Q8CDG1
177	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP Q8CDG1
178	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP Q8CDG1
179	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP Q8CDG1
180	GLY	_	expression tag	UNP Q8CDG1
181	SER	_	expression tag	UNP Q8CDG1
182	ASP	_	expression tag	UNP Q8CDG1
183	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP Q8CDG1
184	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP Q8CDG1
185	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP Q8CDG1
186	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP Q8CDG1
187	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP Q8CDG1
188	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP Q8CDG1
189	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP Q8CDG1
190	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q8CDG1
191	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q8CDG1
192	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP Q8CDG1
193	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP Q8CDG1
194	LYS	_	expression tag	UNP Q8CDG1
195	ASP	_		UNP Q8CDG1
196	ASP	_	expression tag	UNP Q8CDG1
197	ASP	_		UNP Q8CDG1
	ASP	-	<u> </u>	UNP Q8CDG1
	178 179 180 181 182 183 184 185 186 187 188 189 190 191 192 193 194 195 196	171       MET         172       ASP         173       TYR         174       LYS         175       ASP         176       ASP         177       ASP         178       ASP         179       LYS         180       GLY         181       SER         182       ASP         183       TYR         184       LYS         185       ASP         186       ASP         187       ASP         188       ASP         189       LYS         190       GLY         191       SER         192       ASP         193       TYR         194       LYS         195       ASP         196       ASP         197       ASP	171       MET       -         172       ASP       -         173       TYR       -         174       LYS       -         175       ASP       -         176       ASP       -         177       ASP       -         178       ASP       -         179       LYS       -         180       GLY       -         181       SER       -         182       ASP       -         183       TYR       -         184       LYS       -         185       ASP       -         186       ASP       -         187       ASP       -         188       ASP       -         190       GLY       -         191       SER       -         192       ASP       -         193       TYR       -         194       LYS       -         195       ASP       -         196       ASP       -         197       ASP       -	171         MET         -         initiating methionine           172         ASP         -         expression tag           173         TYR         -         expression tag           174         LYS         -         expression tag           175         ASP         -         expression tag           176         ASP         -         expression tag           177         ASP         -         expression tag           178         ASP         -         expression tag           179         LYS         -         expression tag           180         GLY         -         expression tag           181         SER         -         expression tag           182         ASP         -         expression tag           183         TYR         -         expression tag           184         LYS         -         expression tag           185         ASP         -         expression tag           186         ASP         -         expression tag           189         LYS         -         expression tag           190         GLY         -         expression tag

Continued on next page...



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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	199	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP Q8CDG1
A	200	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q8CDG1
A	201	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q8CDG1
A	202	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP Q8CDG1
A	203	ASN	-	expression tag	UNP Q8CDG1
A	204	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP Q8CDG1
A	205	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP Q8CDG1
A	206	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP Q8CDG1
A	207	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP Q8CDG1
A	208	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q8CDG1

 $\bullet\,$  Molecule 2 is a RNA chain called piRNA.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf	Trace		
2	B	Q	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
	D		186	84	28	65	9		

 $\bullet$  Molecule 3 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

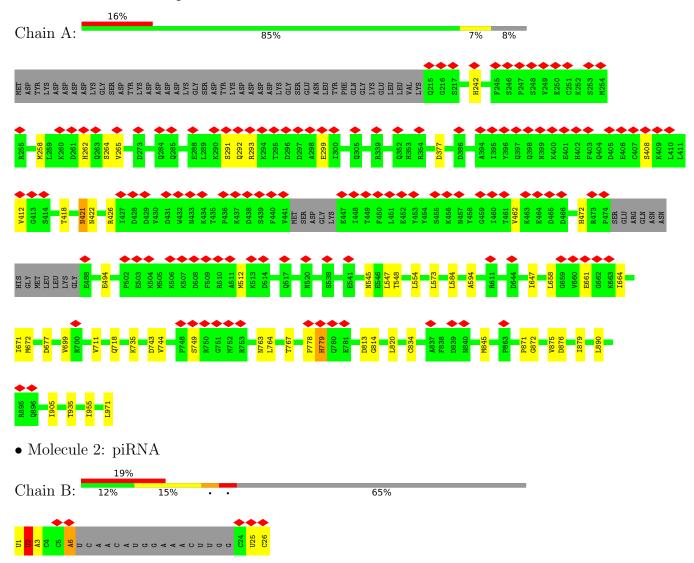
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
3	A	2	Total Mg 2 2	0



## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Piwi-like protein 2





# 4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	673342	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE	Depositor
	CORRECTION	
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose $(e^-/\text{Å}^2)$	50	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1200	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2500	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	8.507	Depositor
Minimum map value	-6.247	Depositor
Average map value	-0.001	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.200	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.95	Depositor
Map size (Å)	208.70401, 208.70401, 208.70401	wwPDB
Map dimensions	192, 192, 192	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.087, 1.087, 1.087	Depositor



## 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: OMC, MG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal Chain		Boı	nd lengths	Bond	angles
IVIOI	Mol Chain		# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.28	0/6081	0.55	0/8239
2	В	1.10	2/181 (1.1%)	0.96	0/274
All	All	0.33	$2/6262 \ (0.0\%)$	0.57	0/8513

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$Ideal(\AA)$
2	В	1	U	OP3-P	-10.90	1.48	1.61
2	В	2	U	O3'-P	-6.59	1.53	1.61

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	5945	0	6038	34	0
2	В	186	0	100	6	0
3	A	2	0	0	0	0
All	All	6133	0	6138	39	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.



The worst 5 of 39 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{aligned}  ext{Interatomic} \  ext{distance} \ ( ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$	$egin{aligned}  ext{Clash} \  ext{overlap } ( ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
2:B:2:U:O2'	2:B:3:A:C5'	2.40	0.69
1:A:408:SER:O	1:A:412:VAL:HG23	1.94	0.68
2:B:2:U:O2'	2:B:3:A:H5'	1.96	0.66
1:A:763:ASN:ND2	1:A:767:THR:OG1	2.30	0.64
1:A:672:MET:SD	1:A:699:VAL:HG21	2.39	0.63

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	733/801 (92%)	713 (97%)	20 (3%)	0	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	671/726 (92%)	662 (99%)	9 (1%)	69	89

5 of 9 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	834	CYS
1	A	845	MET
1	A	421	ASN
1	A	512	MET
1	A	661	GLU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	353	HIS

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Backbone Outliers	Pucker Outliers
2	В	7/26 (26%)	3(42%)	1 (14%)

All (3) RNA backbone outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	В	2	U
2	В	6	A
2	В	25	U

All (1) RNA pucker outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	В	2	U

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).



	Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			В	ond ang	les
	IVIOI	туре	Chain	rtes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
Ī	2	OMC	В	26	2	19,22,23	3.18	8 (42%)	26,31,34	0.73	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	OMC	В	26	2	-	0/9/27/28	0/2/2/2

The worst 5 of 8 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\text{\AA})$
2	В	26	OMC	C2-N3	6.51	1.49	1.36
2	В	26	OMC	C6-C5	5.83	1.48	1.35
2	В	26	OMC	C4-N4	5.77	1.47	1.33
2	В	26	OMC	C4-N3	5.62	1.45	1.34
2	В	26	OMC	C2-N1	4.46	1.49	1.40

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

#### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.



There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



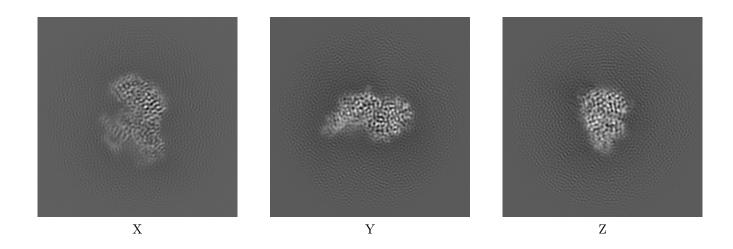
### 6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-33817. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

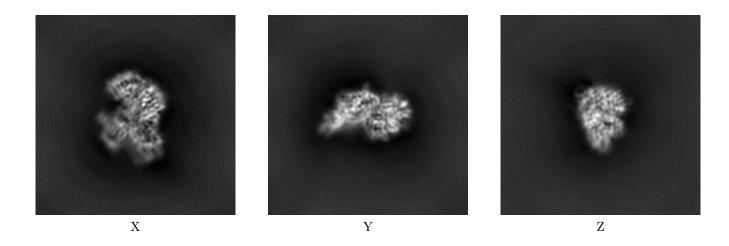
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

#### 6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

#### 6.1.1 Primary map



#### 6.1.2 Raw map

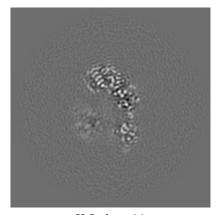


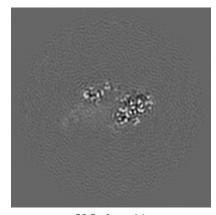
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

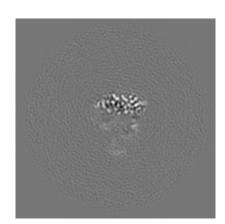


### 6.2 Central slices (i)

#### 6.2.1 Primary map





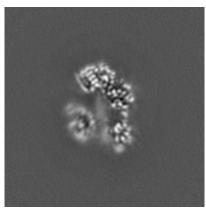


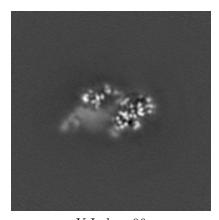
X Index: 96

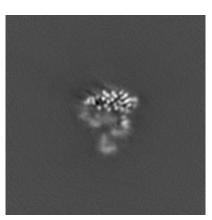
Y Index: 96

Z Index: 96

#### 6.2.2 Raw map







X Index: 96

Y Index: 96

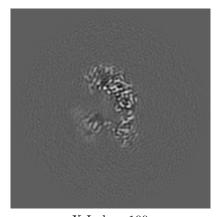
Z Index: 96

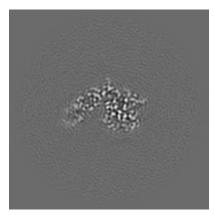
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

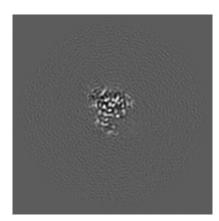


### 6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

#### 6.3.1 Primary map





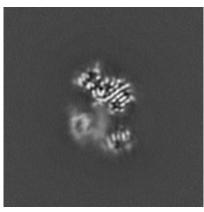


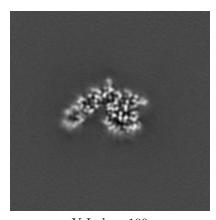
X Index: 100

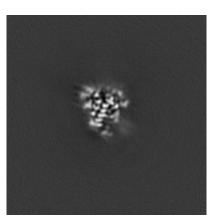
Y Index: 109

Z Index: 111

#### 6.3.2 Raw map







X Index: 89

Y Index: 109

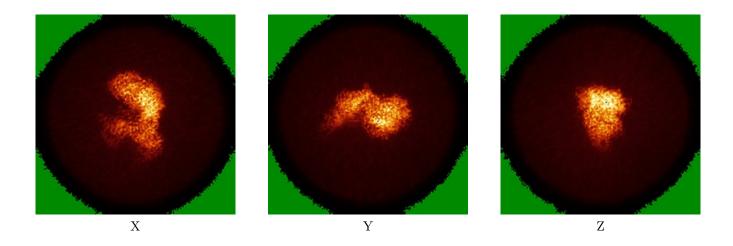
Z Index: 110

The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

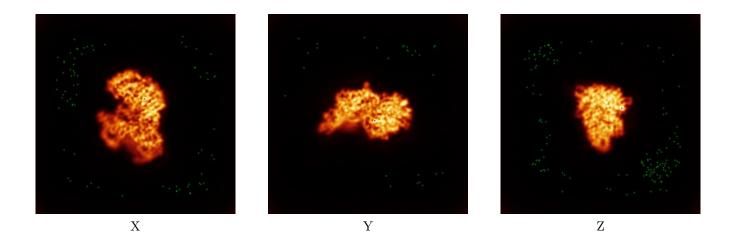


### 6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) (i)

#### 6.4.1 Primary map



#### 6.4.2 Raw map

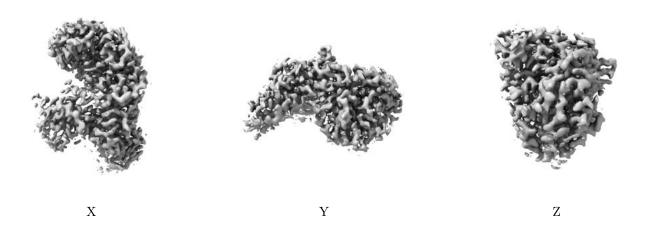


The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.



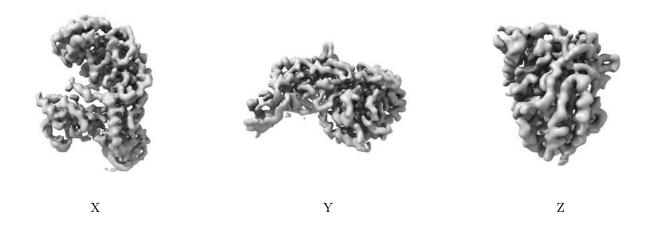
#### 6.5 Orthogonal surface views (i)

#### 6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.95. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

#### 6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

### 6.6 Mask visualisation (i)

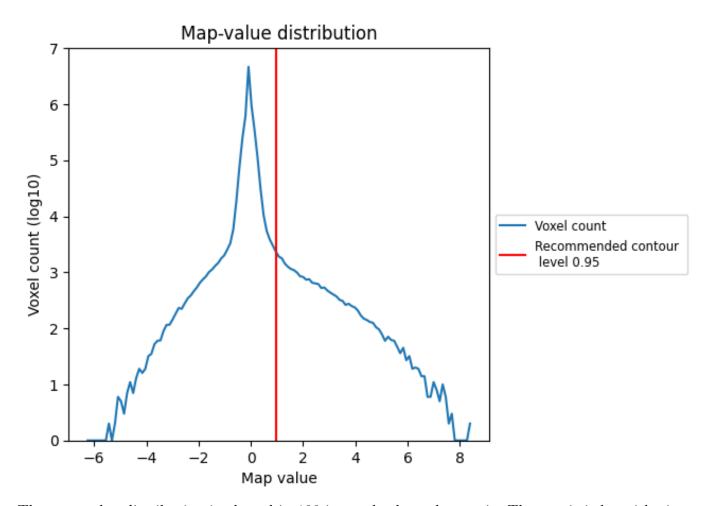
This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.



## 7 Map analysis (i)

This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

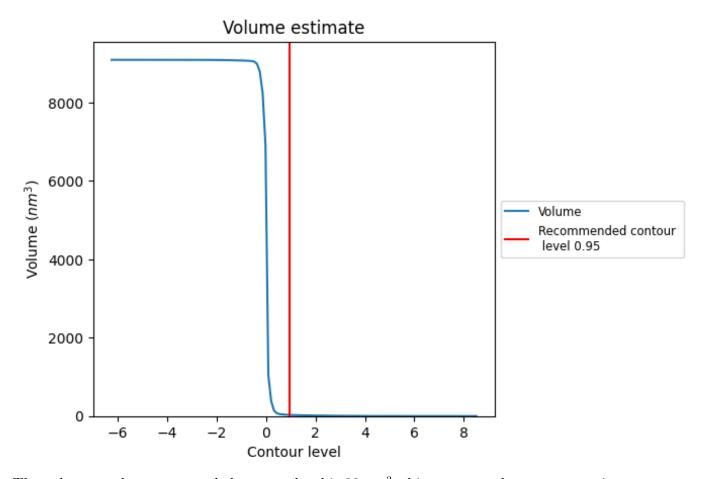
### 7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.



#### 7.2 Volume estimate (i)

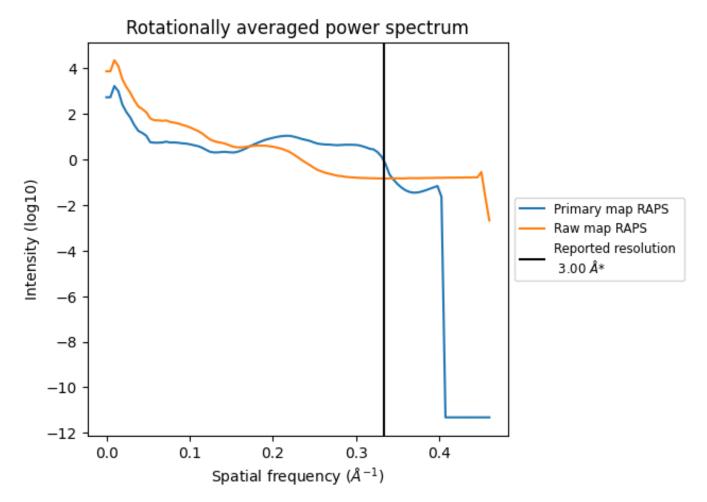


The volume at the recommended contour level is  $30 \text{ nm}^3$ ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 27 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.



### 7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)



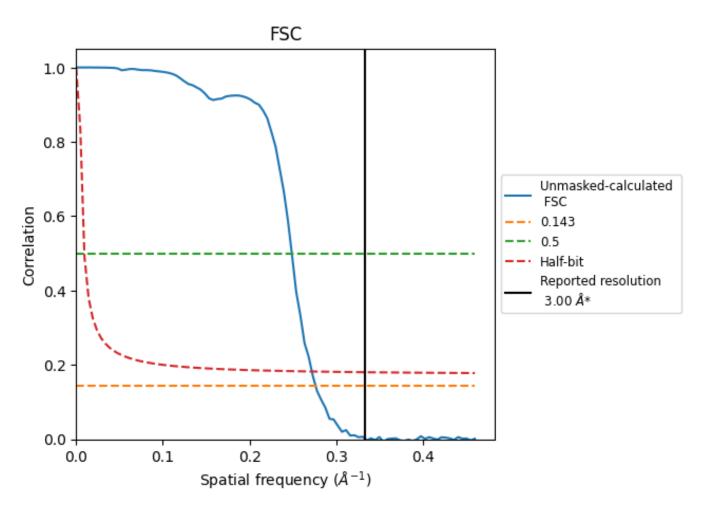
<sup>\*</sup>Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.333  $\rm \AA^{-1}$ 



## 8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

#### 8.1 FSC (i)



\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.333  $\rm \mathring{A}^{-1}$ 



### 8.2 Resolution estimates (i)

Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)				
rtesolution estimate (A)	0.143	0.5	Half-bit		
Reported by author	3.00	-	-		
Author-provided FSC curve	-	-	-		
Unmasked-calculated*	3.62	4.02	3.68		

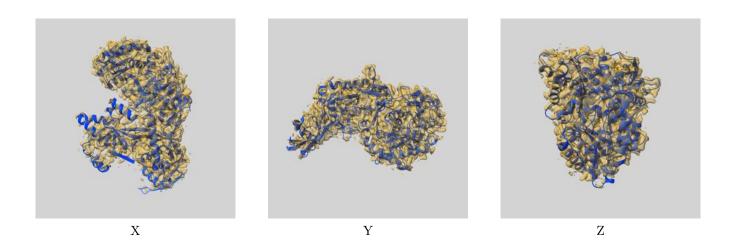
<sup>\*</sup>Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 3.62 differs from the reported value 3.0 by more than 10 %



## 9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-33817 and PDB model 7YGN. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 5.

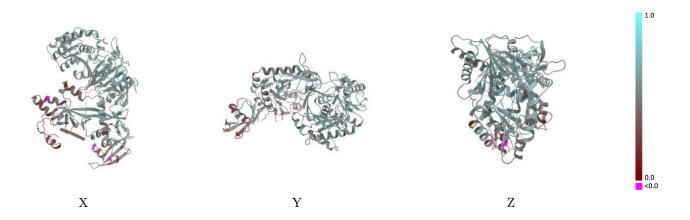
### 9.1 Map-model overlay (i)



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.95 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

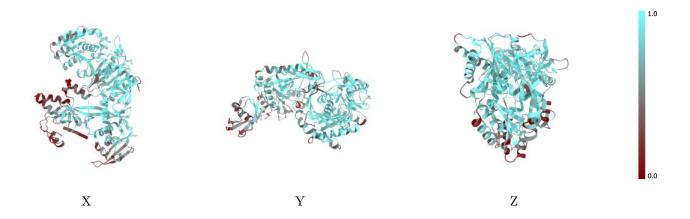


### 9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

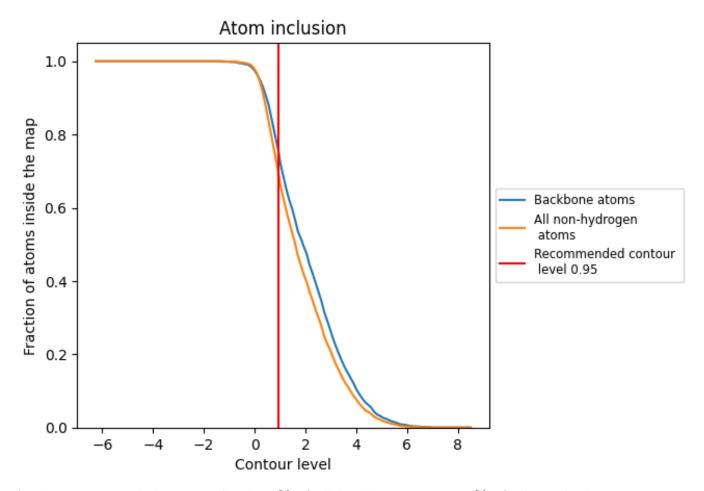
#### 9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.95).



### 9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 75% of all backbone atoms, 69% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.



### 9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.95) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.6910	0.5000
A	0.6960	0.5020
В	0.5270	0.4400



