WORLDWIDE wwPDB PROTEIN DATA BANK

Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

May 13, 2024 – 10:02 pm BST

PDB ID	:	6YT9
EMDB ID	:	EMD-10914
Title	:	Acinetobacter baumannii ribosome-tigecycline complex - 30S subunit body
Authors	:	Nicholson, D.; Edwards, T.A.; O'Neill, A.J.; Ranson, N.A.
Deposited on	:	2020-04-24
Resolution	:	2.70 Å(reported)
Based on initial models	:	5MDZ, 5AFI

The following versions of software and data (see references ⓘ) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis	:	0.0.1.dev92
MolProbity	:	FAILED
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
MapQ	:	1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36.2

1 Overall quality at a glance ⓘ

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.70 Å.

There are no overall percentile quality scores available for this entry.

MolProbity failed to run properly - the sequence quality summary graphics cannot be shown.

2 Entry composition ⓘ

There are 15 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 33279 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a RNA chain called 16S ribosomal RNA.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	2	894	Total 19228	C 8575	N 3556	O 6203	P 894	0	0
1	4	146	Total 3129	C 1395	N 572	O 1016	P 146	0	0

- Molecule 2 is a protein called 30S ribosomal protein S2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
2	c	219	Total 1079	C 641	N 219	O 219	0	0

- Molecule 3 is a protein called 30S ribosomal protein S4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
3	e	207	Total 1592	C 991	N 306	O 293	S 2	0	0

- Molecule 4 is a protein called 30S ribosomal protein S5.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
4	f	155	Total 1129	C 700	N 217	O 207	S 5	0	0

- Molecule 5 is a protein called 30S ribosomal protein S6.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
5	g	103	Total 858	C 540	N 156	O 158	S 4	0	0

- Molecule 6 is a protein called 30S ribosomal protein S8.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
6	i	130	984	615	177	186	6	0	0

- Molecule 7 is a protein called 30S ribosomal protein S11.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
7	l	114	836	521	161	153	1	0	0

- Molecule 8 is a protein called 30S ribosomal protein S12.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
8	m	122	945	580	193	167	5	0	0

- Molecule 9 is a protein called 30S ribosomal protein S15.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
9	p	88	704	434	144	125	1	0	0

- Molecule 10 is a protein called 30S ribosomal protein S16.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
10	q	80	632	396	126	109	1	0	0

- Molecule 11 is a protein called 30S ribosomal protein S17.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
11	r	79	621	390	116	114	1	0	0

- Molecule 12 is a protein called 30S ribosomal protein S18.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O		
12	s	53	434	277	76	81	0	0

- Molecule 13 is a protein called 30S ribosomal protein S20.

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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
13	u	86	Total 663	C 409	N 139	O 113	S 2	0	0

- Molecule 14 is a protein called 30S ribosomal protein S21.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
14	v	60	Total 389	C 242	N 78	O 69	0	0

- Molecule 15 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
15	2	51	Total 51	Mg 51	0
15	4	5	Total 5	Mg 5	0

MolProbity failed to run properly - this section is therefore empty.

3 Experimental information ⓘ

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C1	Depositor
Number of particles used	231159	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose $(e^-/\text{Å}^2)$	62	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	800	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2600	Depositor
Magnification	75000	Depositor
Image detector	FEI FALCON III (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.545	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.279	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.008	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.05	Depositor
Map size (Å)	426.00003, 426.00003, 426.00003	wwPDB
Map dimensions	400, 400, 400	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.065, 1.065, 1.065	Depositor

4   Model quality ⓘ

4.1   Standard geometry ⓘ

MolProbity failed to run properly - this section is therefore empty.

4.2   Too-close contacts ⓘ

MolProbity failed to run properly - this section is therefore empty.

4.3   Torsion angles ⓘ

4.3.1   Protein backbone ⓘ

MolProbity failed to run properly - this section is therefore empty.

4.3.2   Protein sidechains ⓘ

MolProbity failed to run properly - this section is therefore empty.

4.3.3   RNA ⓘ

MolProbity failed to run properly - this section is therefore empty.

4.4   Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

4.5   Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

4.6   Ligand geometry ⓘ

Of 56 ligands modelled in this entry, 56 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

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There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

4.7 Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such residues in this entry.

4.8 Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

5 Map visualisation ⓘ

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-10914. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

5.1 Orthogonal projections ⓘ
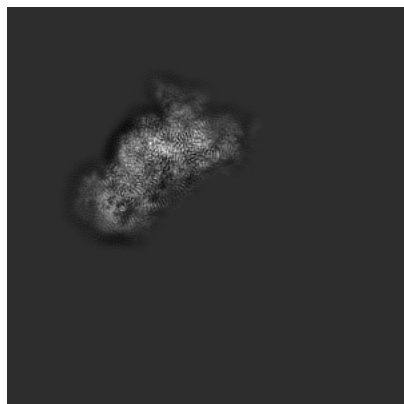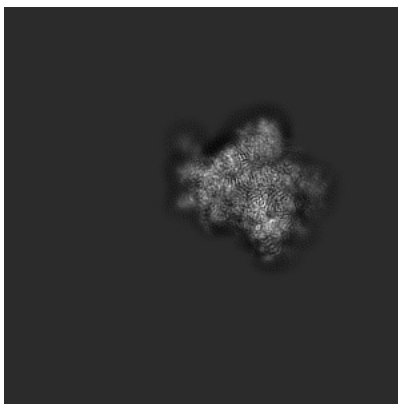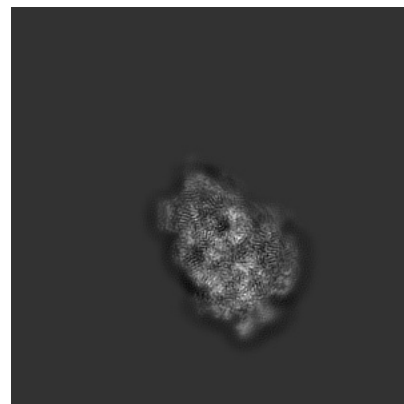
5.1.1 Primary map

| X | Y | Z |

5.1.2 Raw map

| X | Y | Z |
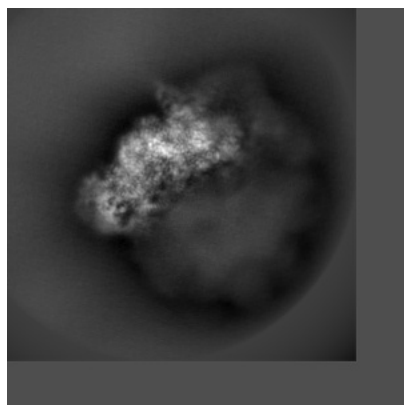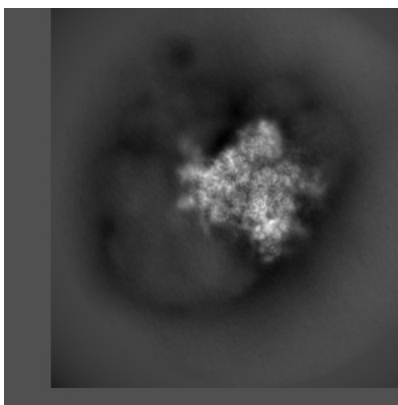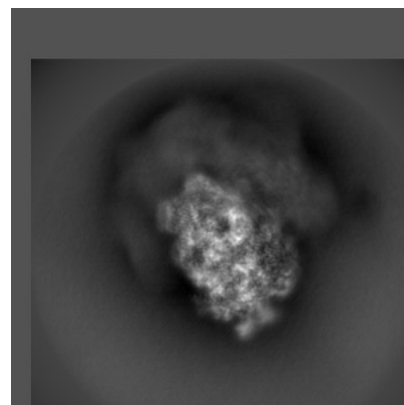
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

5.2   Central slices   ⓘ
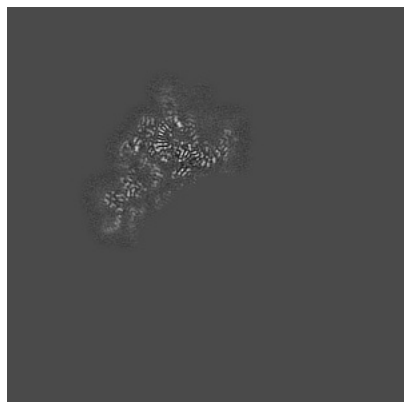
5.2.1   Primary map
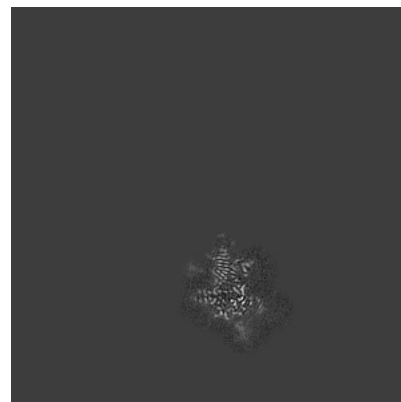
X Index: 200   Y Index: 200   Z Index: 200

5.2.2   Raw map
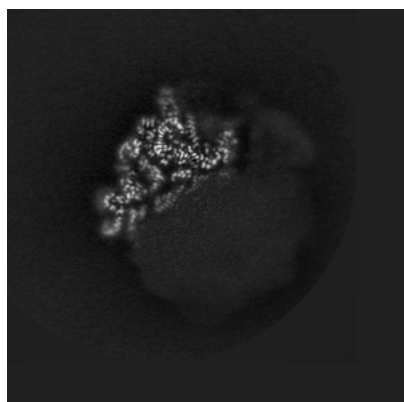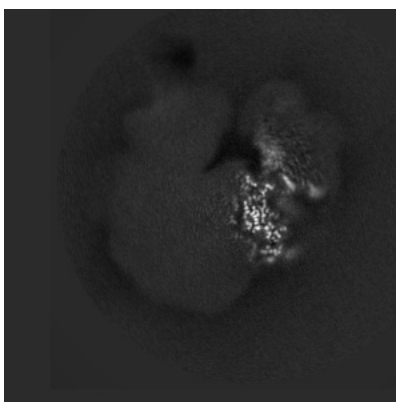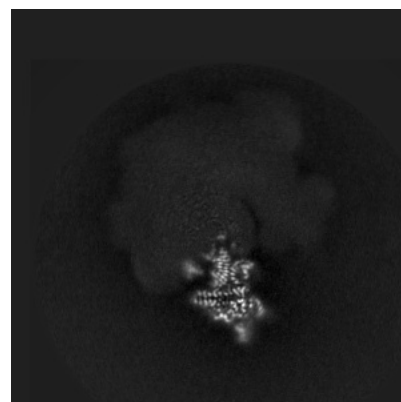
X Index: 200   Y Index: 200   Z Index: 200

The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

5.3 Largest variance slices (i)

5.3.1 Primary map
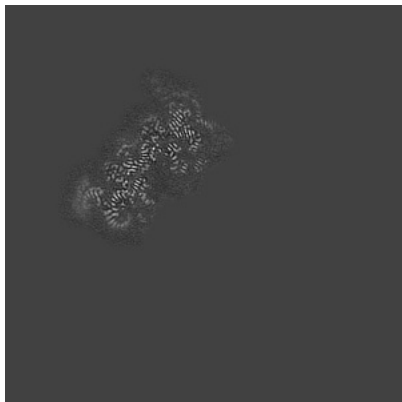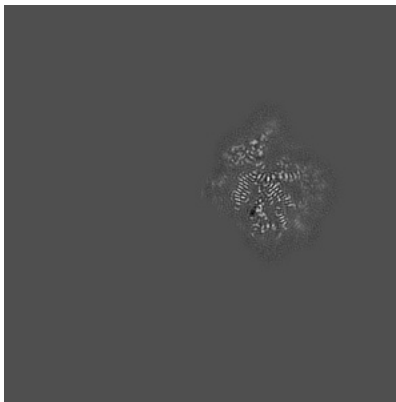
X Index: 230	Y Index: 168	Z Index: 257
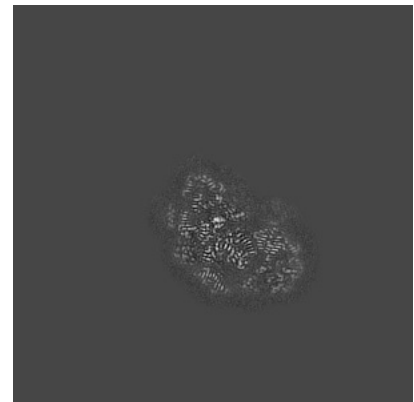
5.3.2 Raw map
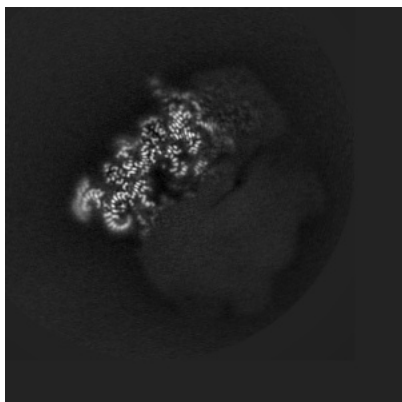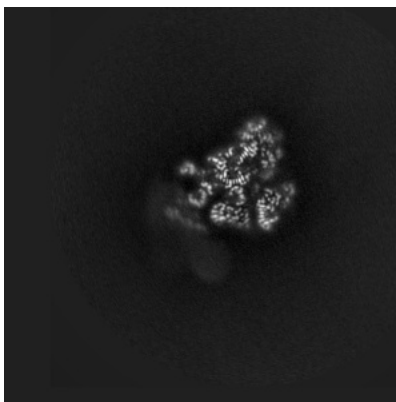
X Index: 230	Y Index: 130	Z Index: 258
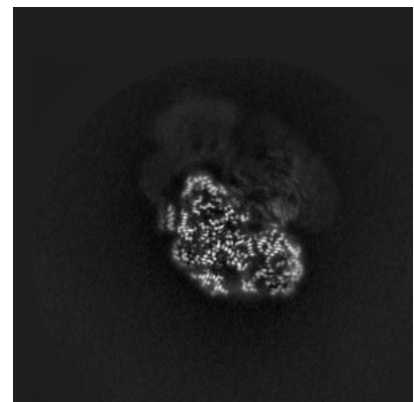
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

5.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) ⓘ

5.4.1 Primary map
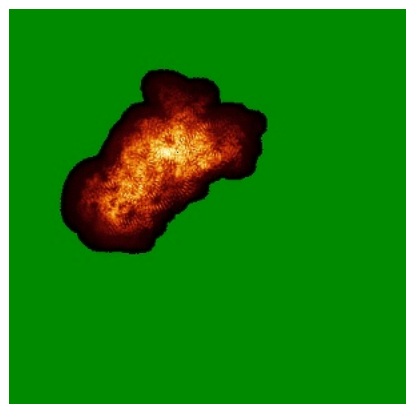
X
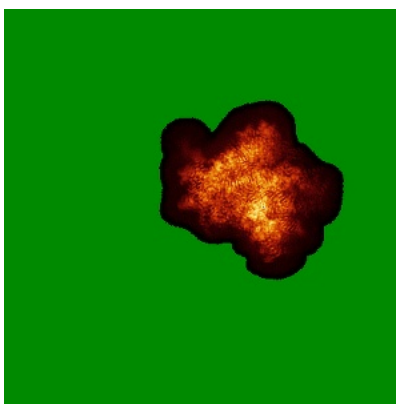
Y
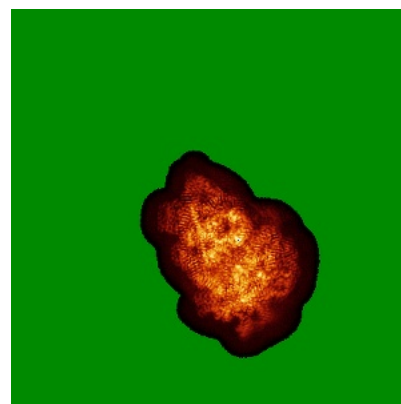
Z

5.4.2 Raw map

X

Y

Z
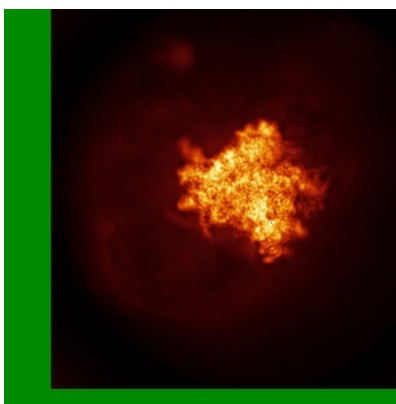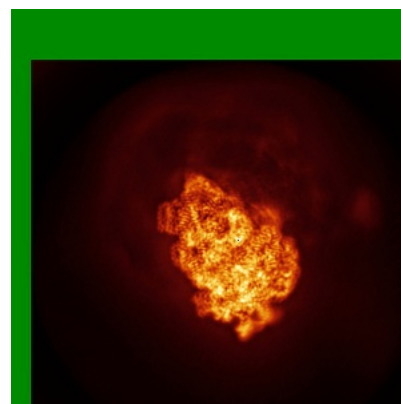
The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

5.5 Orthogonal surface views ⓘ

5.5.1 Primary map

| X | Y | Z |
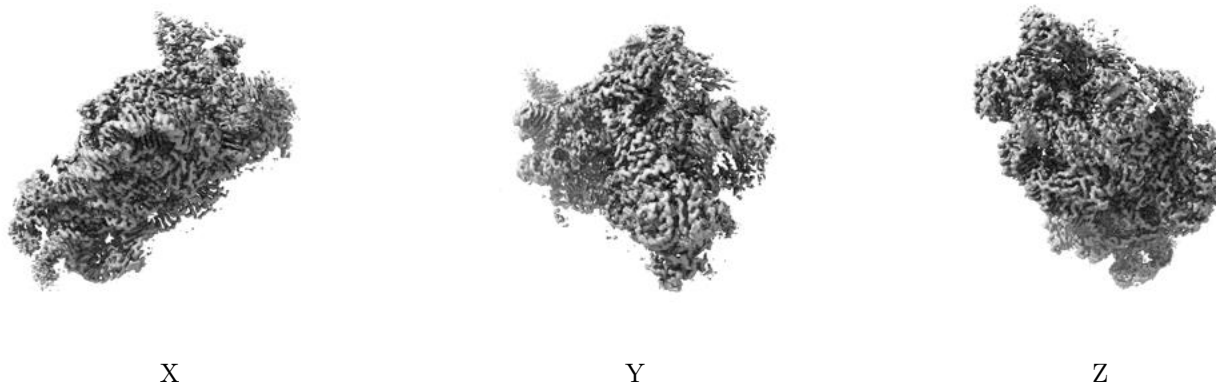
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.05. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

5.5.2 Raw map

| X | Y | Z |
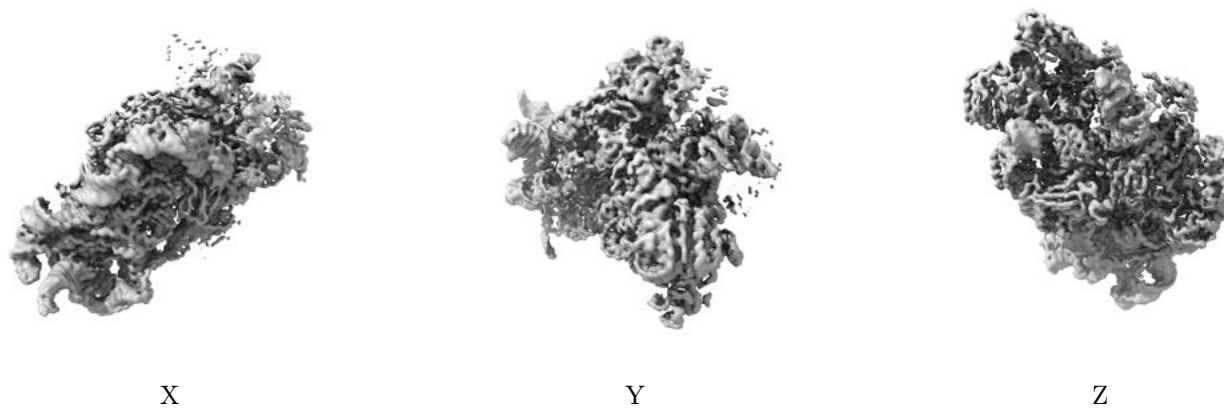
These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

5.6 Mask visualisation (i)

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure

- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

5.6.1 emd_10914_msk_1.map (i)

| X | Y | Z |
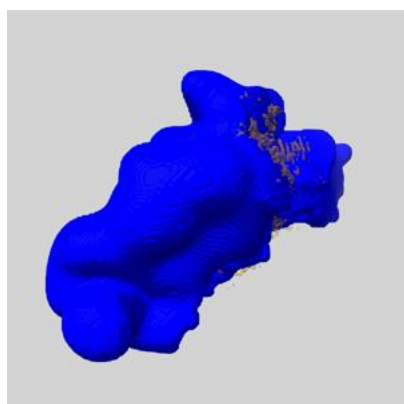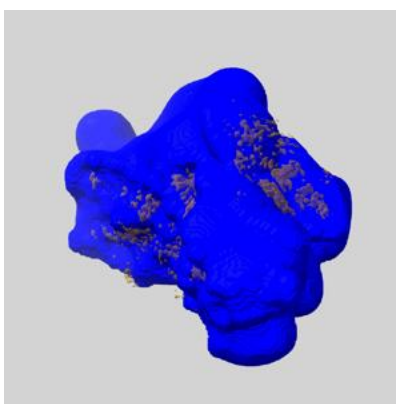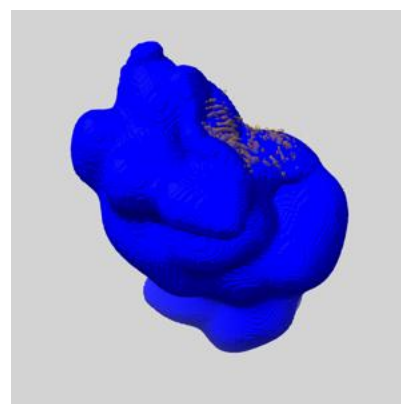
6   Map analysis ⓘ

This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

6.1   Map-value distribution ⓘ
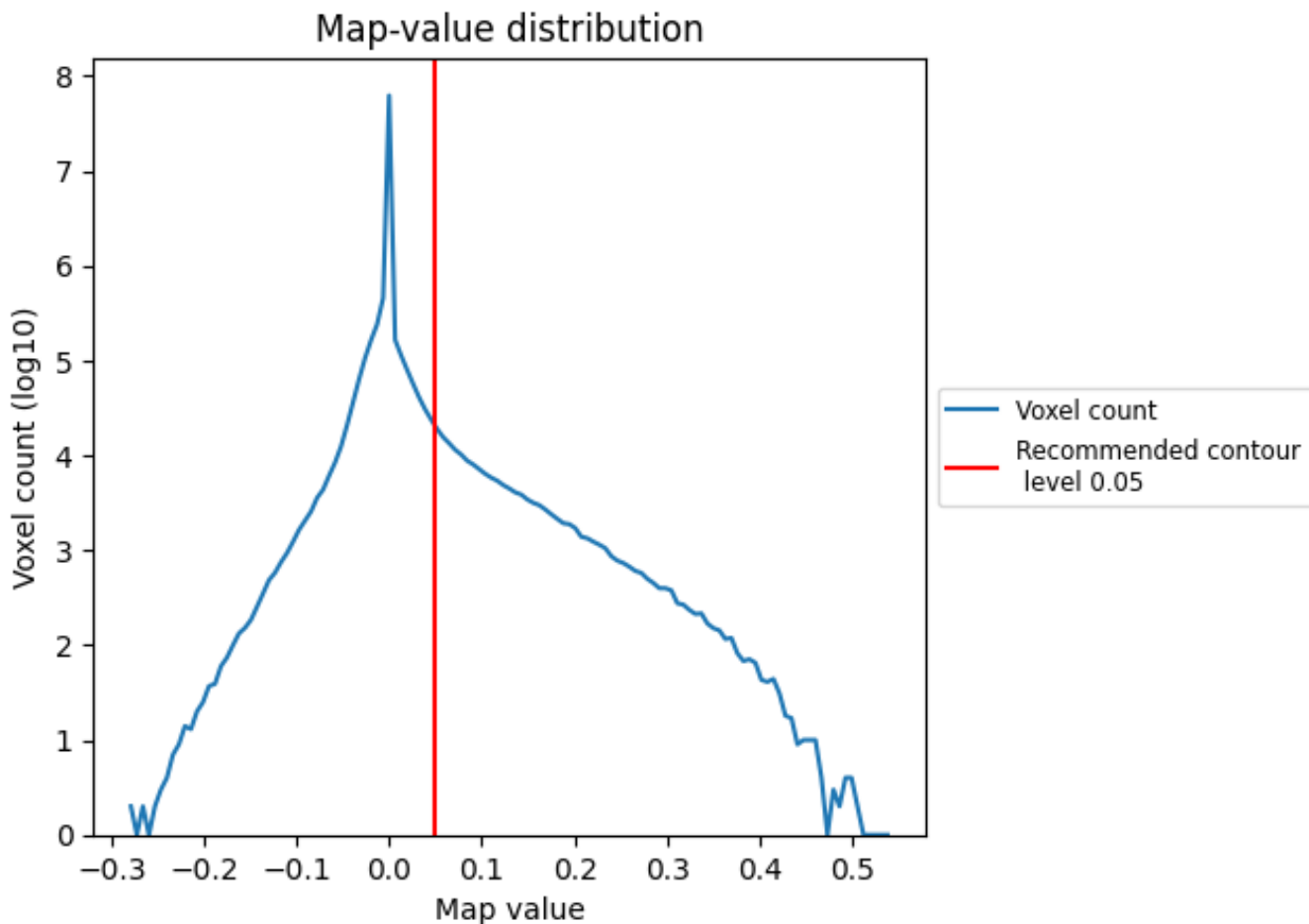
The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

6.2 Volume estimate (i)
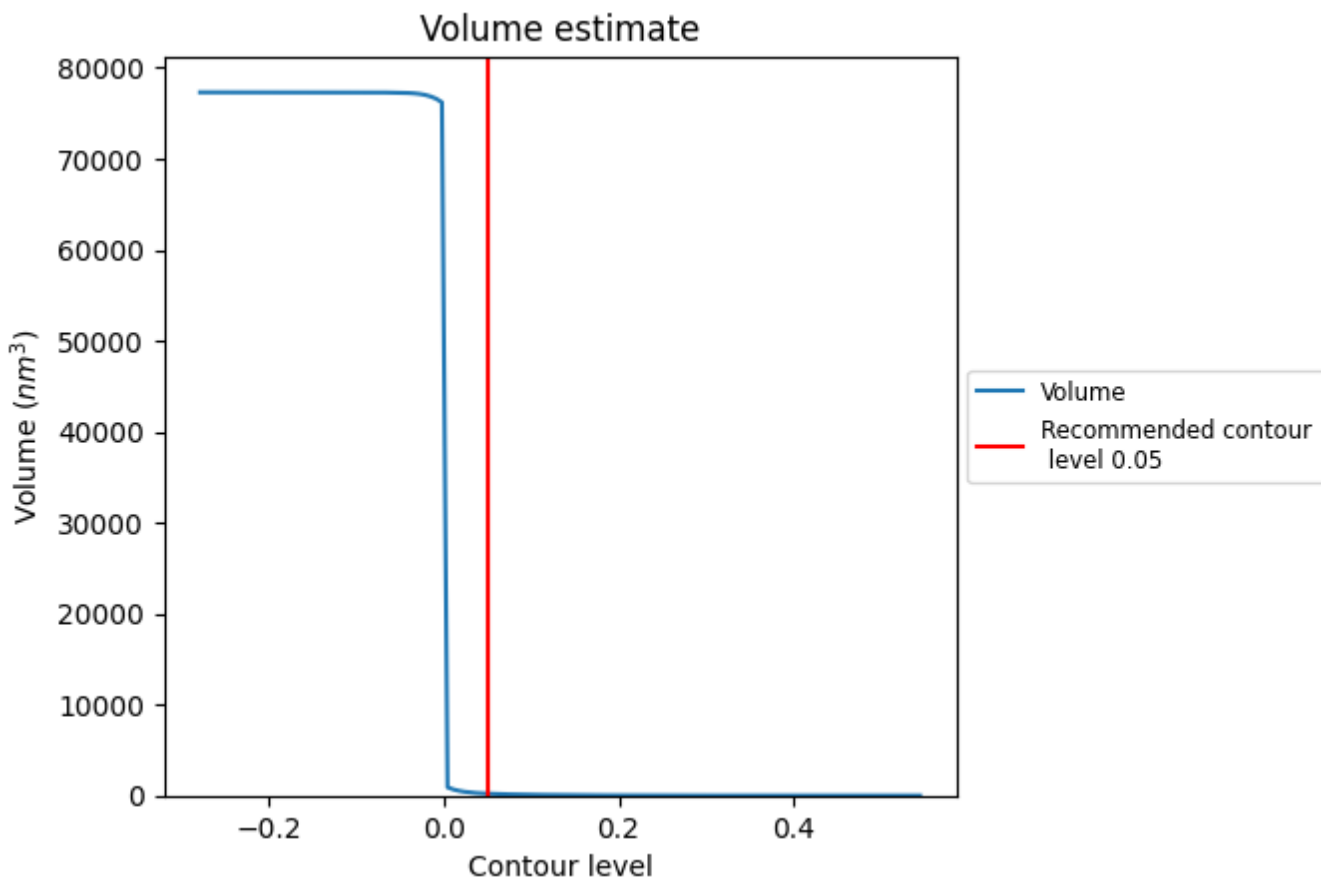
The volume at the recommended contour level is 208 nm^3; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 188 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

6.3　Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ
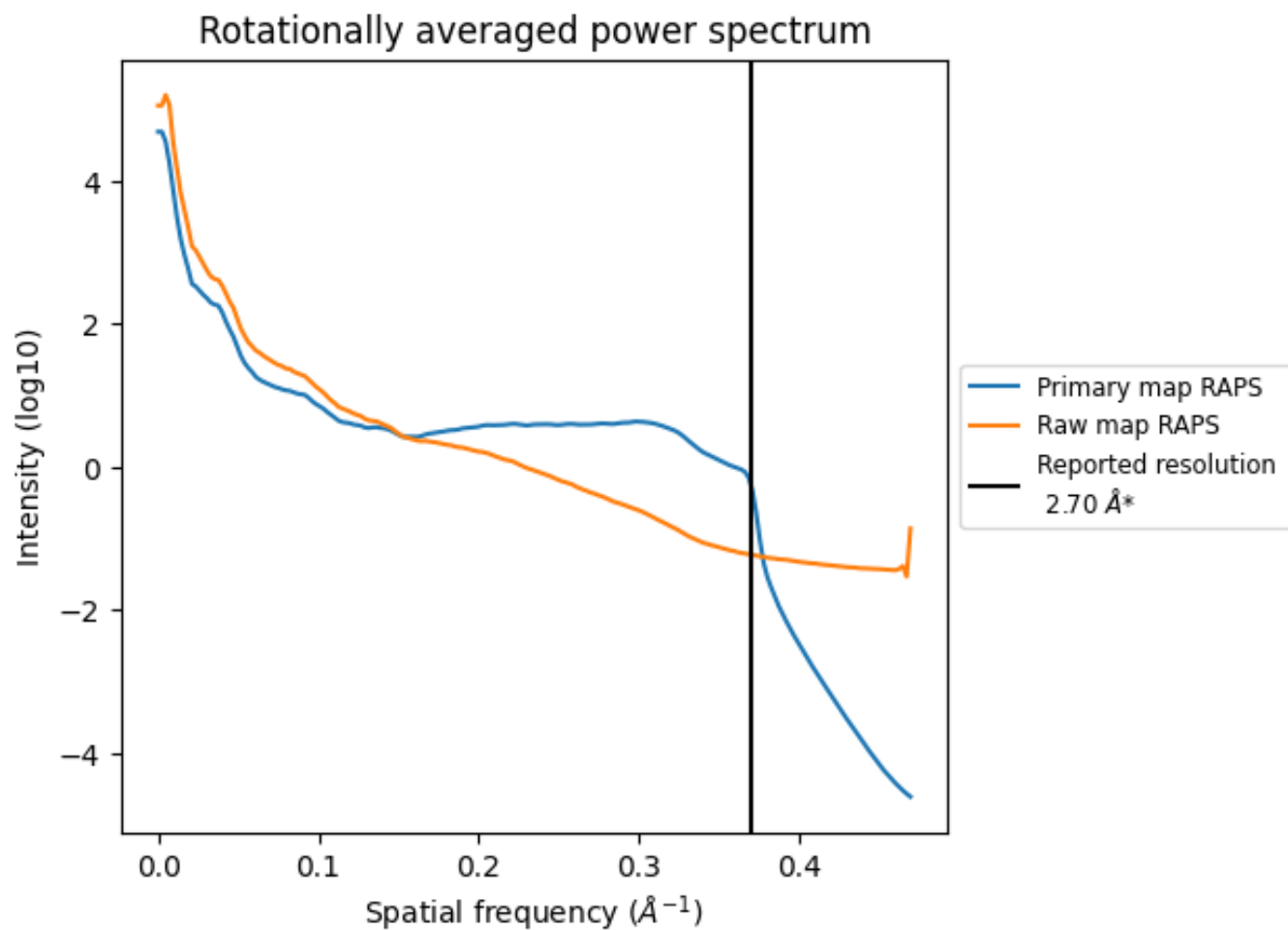
*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.370 Å^{-1}

7 Fourier-Shell correlation ⓘ

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

7.1 FSC ⓘ
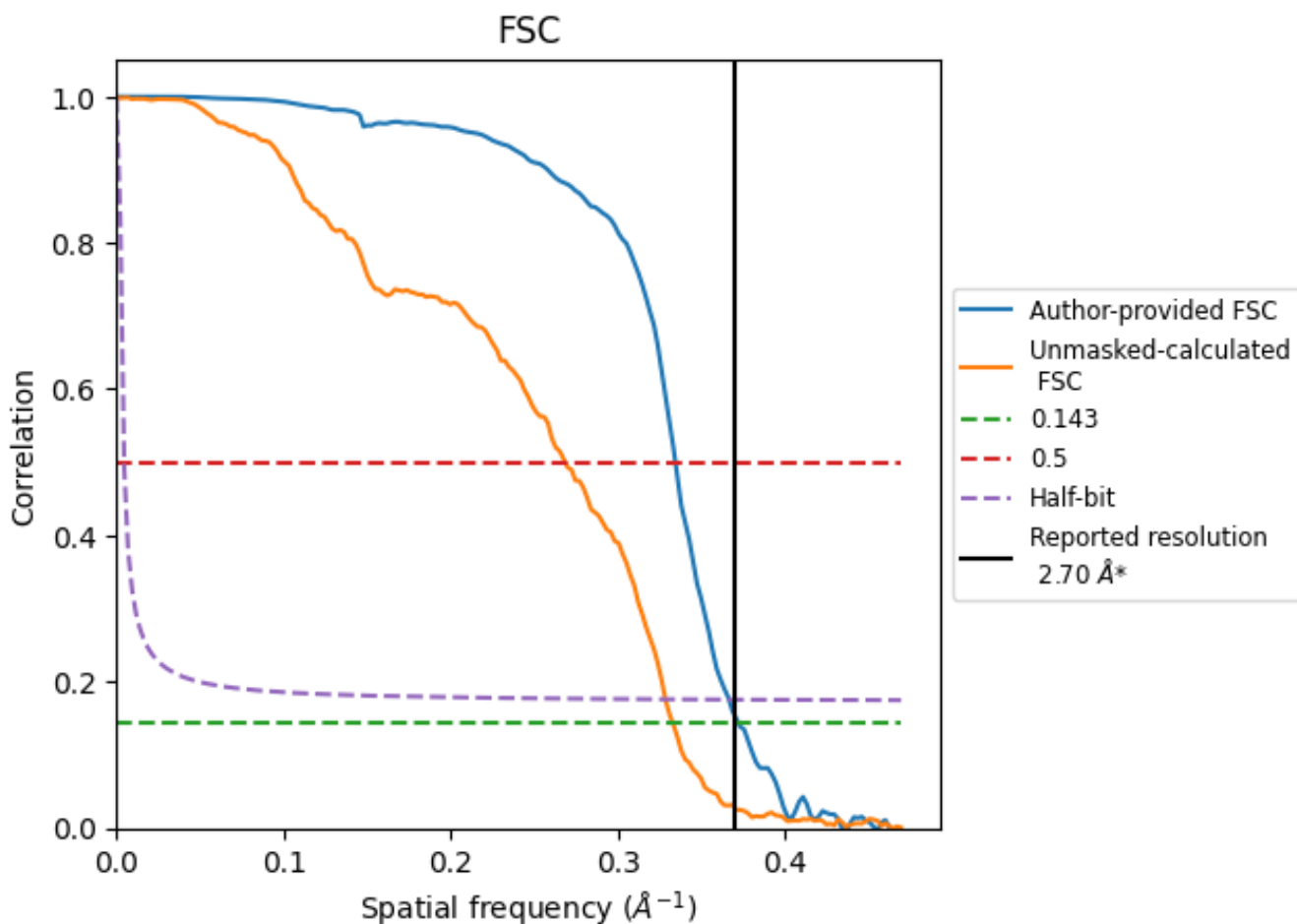
*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.370 Å^{-1}

7.2　Resolution estimates　ⓘ

Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	2.70	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	2.69	2.99	2.73
Unmasked-calculated*	3.00	3.72	3.04

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 3.00 differs from the reported value 2.7 by more than 10 %

8   Map-model fit ⓘ

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-10914 and PDB model 6YT9. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section **??** on page **??**.

8.1   Map-model overlay ⓘ

X   Y   Z
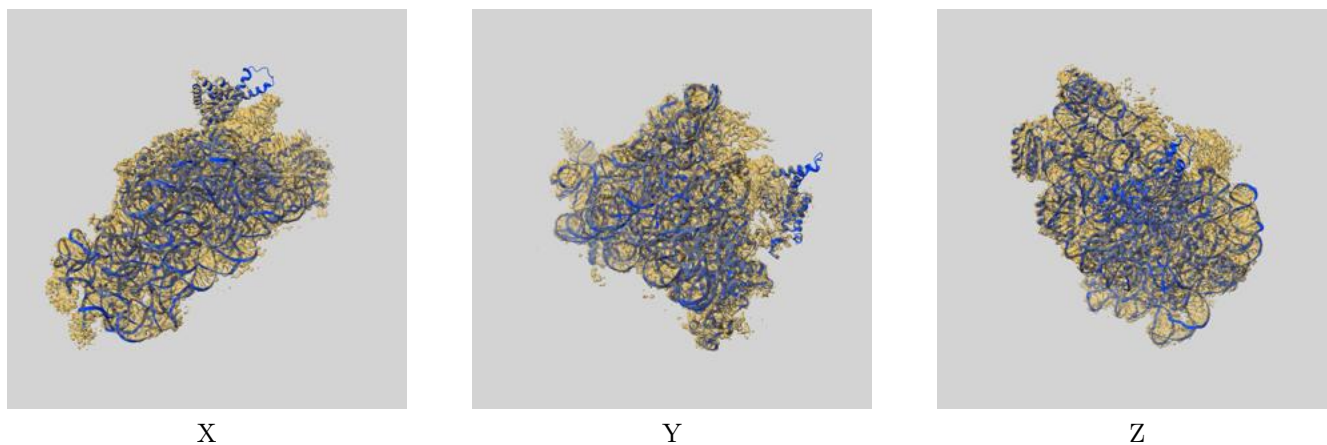
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.05 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

8.2   Q-score mapped to coordinate model ⓘ

X   Y   Z
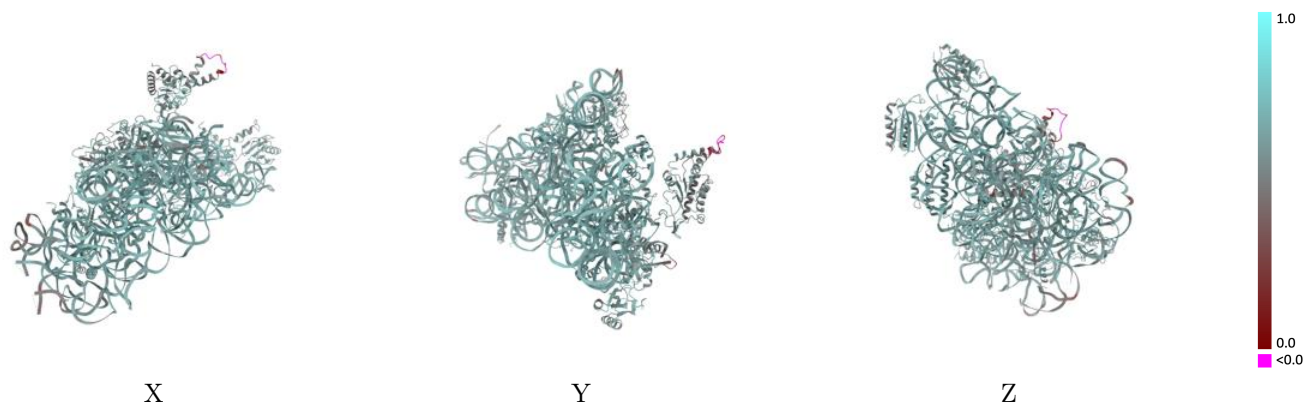
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows
their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please
note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at
resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for
many entries.

8.3   Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model ⓘ

X   Y   Z
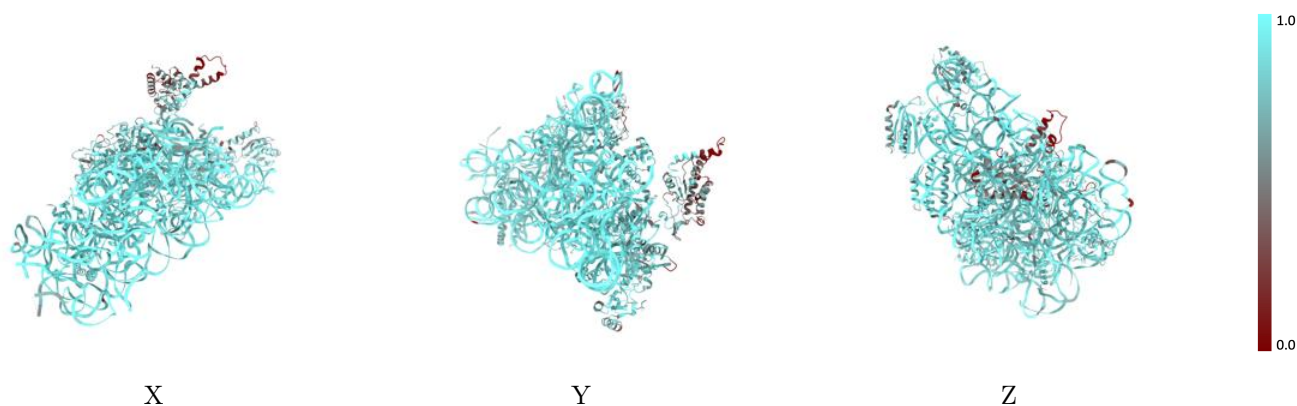
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This
shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.05).

8.4 Atom inclusion ⓘ
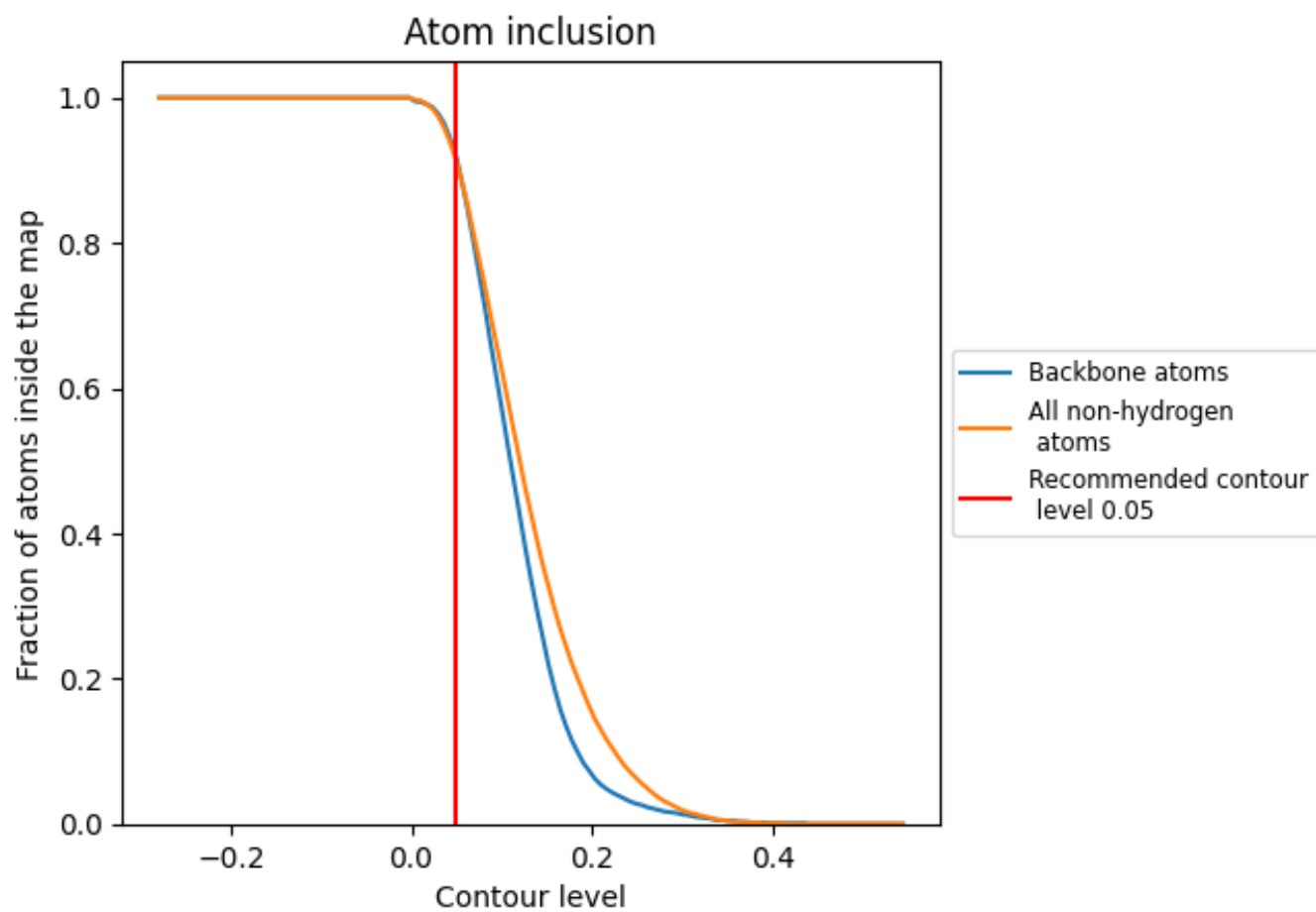
At the recommended contour level, 92% of all backbone atoms, 91% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

8.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.05) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.9130	0.6290
2	0.9650	0.6390
4	0.9360	0.6290
c	0.5100	0.5170
e	0.7910	0.5940
f	0.8820	0.6400
g	0.7780	0.5940
i	0.8920	0.6430
l	0.7930	0.5950
m	0.8540	0.6390
p	0.8940	0.6320
q	0.9230	0.6490
r	0.8220	0.6140
s	0.8880	0.6350
u	0.9220	0.6410
v	0.7320	0.5990

1.0

0.0
<0.0