

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### Sep 18, 2023 - 07:27 pm BST

PDB ID	:	6YTM
Title	:	Human Brd2(BD2) L383V mutant in complex with ET-JQ1-OMe
Authors	:	Bond, A.G.; Ciulli, A.; Cowan, A.D.
Deposited on		
Resolution	:	1.56  Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

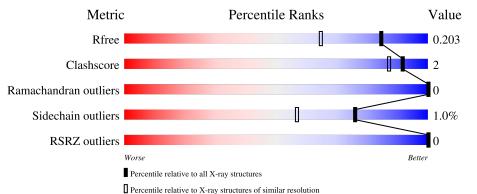
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.35.1
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.35.1

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $X\text{-}RAY \, DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.56 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ (\#\textbf{Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
$R_{free}$	130704	1483 (1.56-1.56)
Clashscore	141614	1529 (1.56-1.56)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1498 (1.56-1.56)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1495 (1.56-1.56)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1465 (1.56-1.56)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	А	114	90%	6% •
1	В	114	92%	•• 5%



#### $6 \mathrm{YTM}$

## 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2108 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	Λ	110	Total	С	Ν	Ο	$\mathbf{S}$	0	2	0
	A	110	930	595	164	164	$\overline{7}$	0	0	0
1	В	108	Total	С	Ν	0	S	6	2	0
	D	108	916	585	163	161	$\overline{7}$	0	5	0

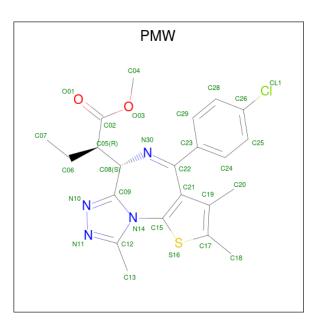
• Molecule 1 is a protein called Bromodomain-containing protein 2.

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
А	342	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P25440
А	343	MET	-	expression tag	UNP P25440
А	344	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P25440
А	383	VAL	LEU	engineered mutation	UNP P25440
В	342	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P25440
В	343	MET	-	expression tag	UNP P25440
В	344	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P25440
В	383	VAL	LEU	engineered mutation	UNP P25440

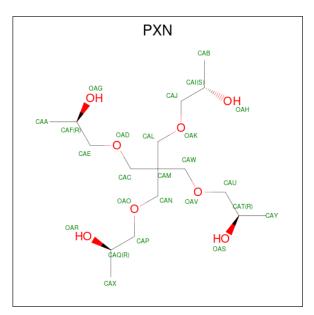
• Molecule 2 is methyl (2R)-2-[(9S)-7-(4-chlorophenyl)-4,5,13-trimethyl-3-thia-1,8,11,12-tetr azatricyclo[ $8.3.0.0^{2}$ ]trideca-2(6),4,7,10,12-pentaen-9-yl]butanoate (three-letter code: PMW) (formula: C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>23</sub>ClN<sub>4</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf			
2	Λ	1	Total	С	Cl	Ν	0	S	0	0	
	Л	1	30	22	1	4	2	1	0	0	
2	В	1	Total	С	Cl	Ν	0	$\mathbf{S}$	0	0	
2	D	1	30	22	1	4	2	1	0	0	

• Molecule 3 is (2S)-1-[3-{[(2R)-2-hydroxypropyl]oxy}-2,2-bis({[(2R)-2-hydroxypropyl]oxy}m ethyl)propoxy]propan-2-ol (three-letter code: PXN) (formula:  $C_{17}H_{36}O_8$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	А	1	Total 6	С 4	O 2	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	
3	А	1	Total 10	${ m C} 7$	O 3	0	0

• Molecule 4 is water.

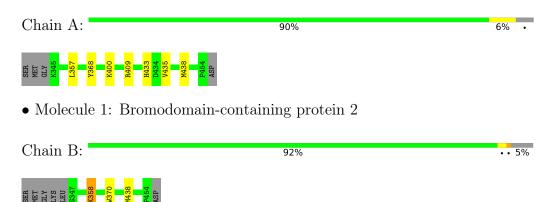
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	А	105	Total O 105 105	0	0
4	В	81	Total O 81 81	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Bromodomain-containing protein 2





## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants	34.05Å 50.53Å 130.49Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	47.12 - 1.56	Depositor
Resolution (A)	65.25 - 1.56	EDS
% Data completeness	98.7 (47.12-1.56)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	98.7 (65.25 - 1.56)	EDS
R <sub>merge</sub>	0.18	Depositor
R <sub>sym</sub>	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$2.57 (at 1.55 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.17.1-3660	Depositor
D D.	0.173 , $0.204$	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.173 , $0.203$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1608 reflections $(4.89\%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	16.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.217	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.34, $50.6$	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ \langle L  \rangle = 0.48, \langle L^2 \rangle = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	2108	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	23.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 7.86% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: PMW, PXN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain		lengths	Bond angles		
	Unam	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	А	0.37	0/955	0.50	0/1285	
1	В	0.34	0/944	0.49	0/1270	
All	All	0.36	0/1899	0.50	0/2555	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	930	0	913	4	0
1	В	916	0	901	2	0
2	А	30	0	0	0	0
2	В	30	0	0	0	0
3	А	16	0	18	0	0
4	А	105	0	0	0	1
4	В	81	0	0	0	1
All	All	2108	0	1832	6	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.



Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:358[A]:LYS:HD2	1:B:358[A]:LYS:HA	1.61	0.47
1:A:368:TYR:HA	1:A:438:MET:CE	2.48	0.43
1:A:357:LEU:HD21	1:A:400:LYS:HA	2.00	0.43
1:A:368:TYR:HA	1:A:438:MET:HE2	2.00	0.43
1:B:370:TRP:NE1	1:B:438:MET:HE1	2.34	0.42
1:A:433:HIS:ND1	1:A:435:VAL:HG12	2.35	0.42

All (6) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
4:A:626:HOH:O	4:B:664:HOH:O[3_544]	2.14	0.06

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	111/114~(97%)	110 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100 100
1	В	109/114~(96%)	108 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100 100
All	All	220/228~(96%)	218 (99%)	2(1%)	0	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent side chain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles		
1	А	99/100~(99%)	98~(99%)	1 (1%)	76 57		
1	В	98/100~(98%)	96~(98%)	2(2%)	55 26		
All	All	197/200~(98%)	194 (98%)	3~(2%)	76 37		

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

All (3) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\mathbf{Res}$	Type
1	А	409	ARG
1	В	358[A]	LYS
1	В	358[B]	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

4 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
IVIOI	туре	Unam	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
2	PMW	В	501	-	26,33,33	2.53	7 (26%)	24,49,49	3.25	7 (29%)
2	PMW	А	501	-	26,33,33	2.02	5 (19%)	24,49,49	<mark>3.32</mark>	7 (29%)
3	PXN	А	503	-	8,9,24	0.48	0	7,9,30	0.47	0
3	PXN	А	502	-	4,5,24	0.33	0	3,5,30	0.29	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	PMW	В	501	-	-	4/12/32/32	0/3/4/4
2	PMW	А	501	-	-	6/12/32/32	0/3/4/4
3	PXN	А	503	-	-	4/7/7/28	-
3	PXN	А	502	-	-	1/3/3/28	-

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	В	501	PMW	C21-C19	8.39	1.54	1.39
2	А	501	PMW	C21-C19	5.95	1.50	1.39
2	В	501	PMW	C12-N14	4.91	1.44	1.37
2	А	501	PMW	C12-N14	4.22	1.43	1.37
2	А	501	PMW	C21-C15	-4.14	1.34	1.40
2	В	501	PMW	C21-C15	-3.72	1.34	1.40
2	В	501	PMW	C23-C22	3.57	1.54	1.49
2	В	501	PMW	C22-N30	3.27	1.32	1.28
2	В	501	PMW	C09-N14	3.16	1.41	1.37
2	А	501	PMW	C22-N30	2.57	1.31	1.28
2	В	501	PMW	C20-C19	2.41	1.56	1.51
2	А	501	PMW	C09-N14	2.25	1.40	1.37

All (12) bond length outliers are listed below:

All (14) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Ζ	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^{o})$
2	В	501	PMW	C08-N30-C22	11.53	128.74	117.59
2	А	501	PMW	C08-N30-C22	10.20	127.46	117.59
2	А	501	PMW	O03-C02-C05	8.33	123.80	111.44
2	В	501	PMW	O03-C02-C05	7.11	121.99	111.44
2	А	501	PMW	C05-C08-N30	6.44	118.14	110.07
2	В	501	PMW	C05-C08-N30	4.72	115.99	110.07

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	В	501	PMW	C21-C22-N30	-4.09	119.17	124.39
2	А	501	PMW	O03-C02-O01	-3.38	117.22	123.84
2	А	501	PMW	C21-C22-N30	-3.21	120.29	124.39
2	В	501	PMW	O03-C02-O01	-3.04	117.89	123.84
2	А	501	PMW	O01-C02-C05	-2.56	118.97	124.67
2	В	501	PMW	C04-O03-C02	2.48	121.55	115.94
2	А	501	PMW	C28-C29-C23	2.18	123.31	120.78
2	В	501	PMW	O01-C02-C05	-2.04	120.12	124.67

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There are no chirality outliers.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	А	501	PMW	C05-C02-O03-C04
2	А	501	PMW	C08-C05-C06-C07
2	В	501	PMW	O01-C02-C05-C08
2	В	501	PMW	O03-C02-C05-C08
3	А	503	PXN	CAB-CAI-CAJ-OAK
2	А	501	PMW	O01-C02-O03-C04
3	А	503	PXN	OAH-CAI-CAJ-OAK
3	А	503	PXN	OAK-CAL-CAM-CAC
3	А	503	PXN	OAD-CAC-CAM-CAL
3	А	502	PXN	CAF-CAE-OAD-CAC
2	А	501	PMW	N30-C22-C23-C24
2	В	501	PMW	N30-C22-C23-C24
2	А	501	PMW	O01-C02-C05-C08
2	А	501	PMW	N30-C22-C23-C29
2	В	501	PMW	C08-C05-C06-C07

All (15) torsion outliers are listed below:

There are no ring outliers.

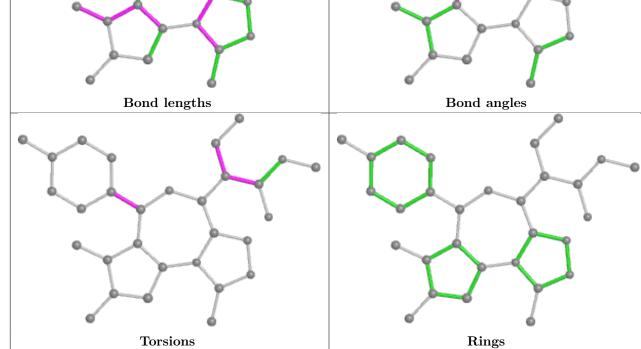
No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier.

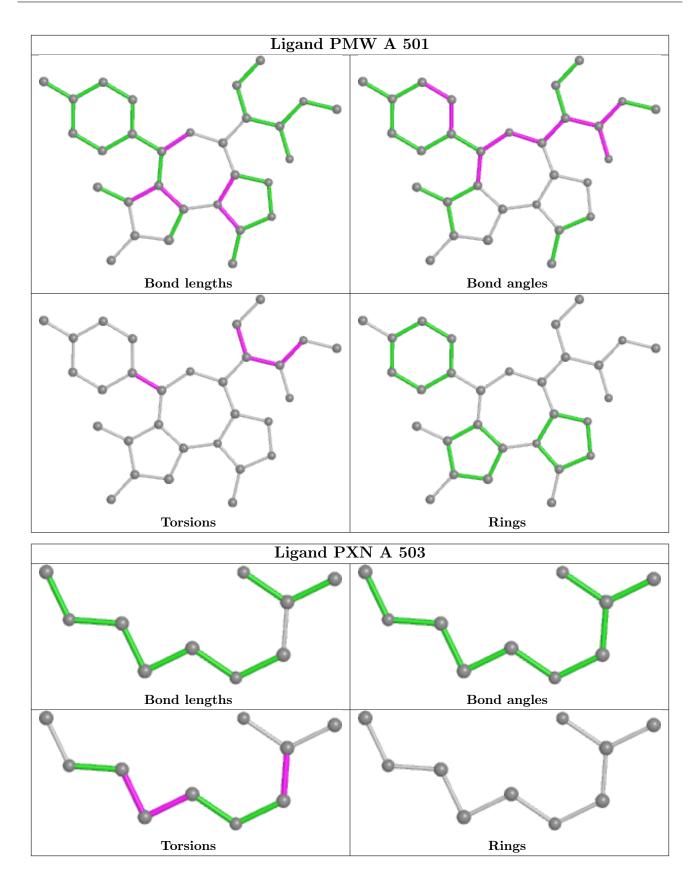


Equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

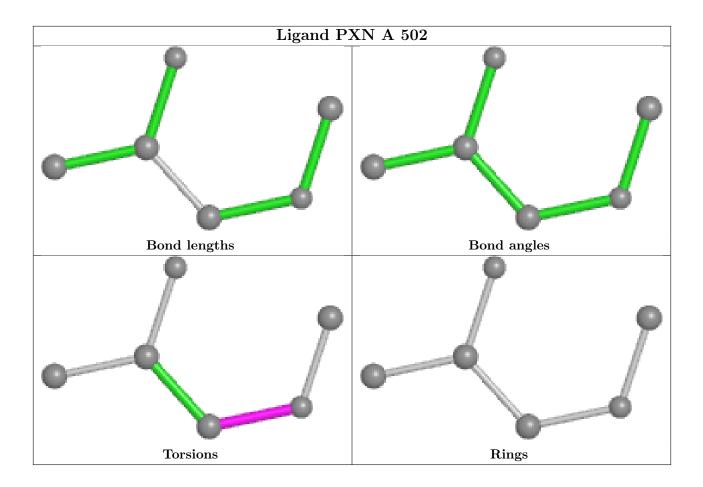
The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.











### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

## 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle RSRZ \rangle$	#RSRZ>2		Z>2	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	А	110/114~(96%)	-0.31	0	100	100	10, 17, 30, 48	0
1	В	108/114 (94%)	-0.13	0	100	100	12, 22, 45, 48	2 (1%)
All	All	218/228~(95%)	-0.22	0	100	100	10, 20, 42, 48	2(0%)

There are no RSRZ outliers to report.

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands (i)

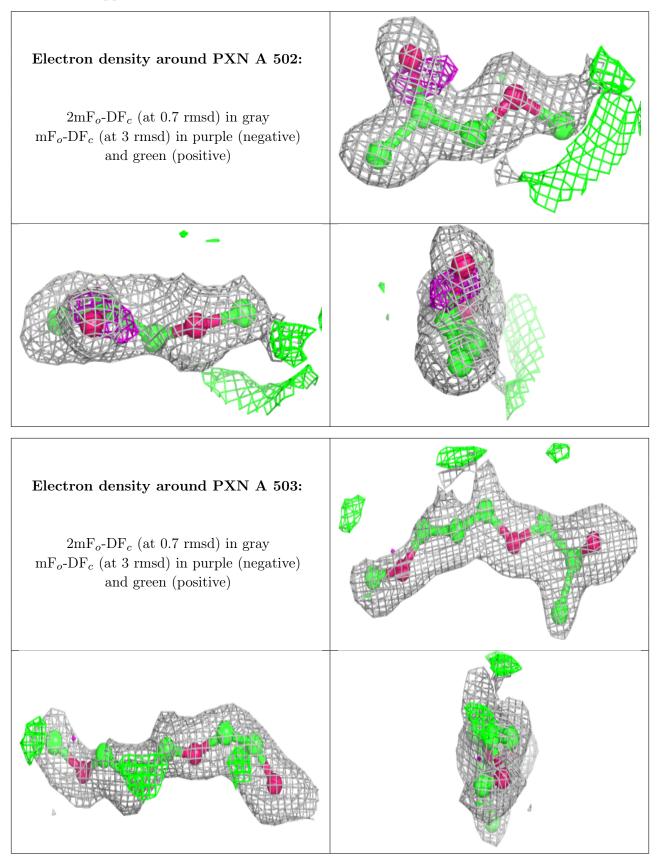
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$B-factors(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
3	PXN	А	502	6/25	0.73	0.17	$26,\!34,\!44,\!46$	0
3	PXN	А	503	10/25	0.76	0.16	$32,\!50,\!56,\!58$	0
2	PMW	А	501	30/30	0.95	0.09	12,16,26,48	0
2	PMW	В	501	30/30	0.96	0.08	13,19,28,36	0

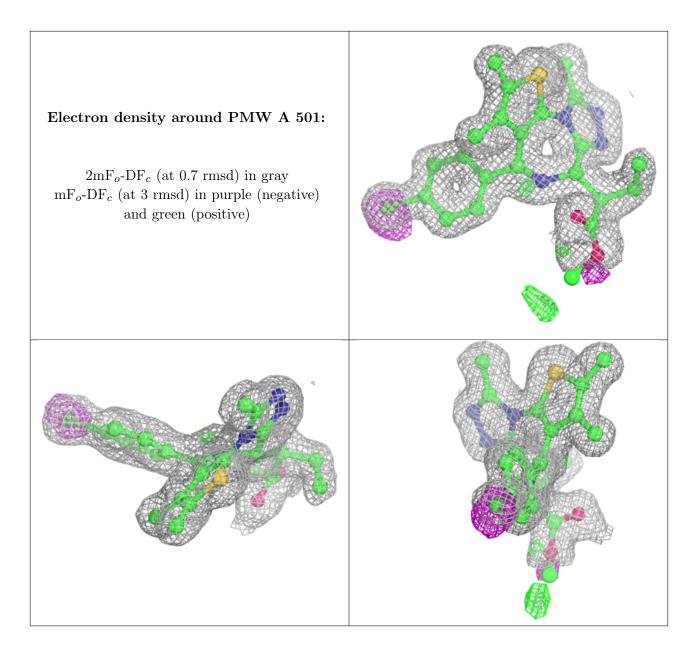
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers



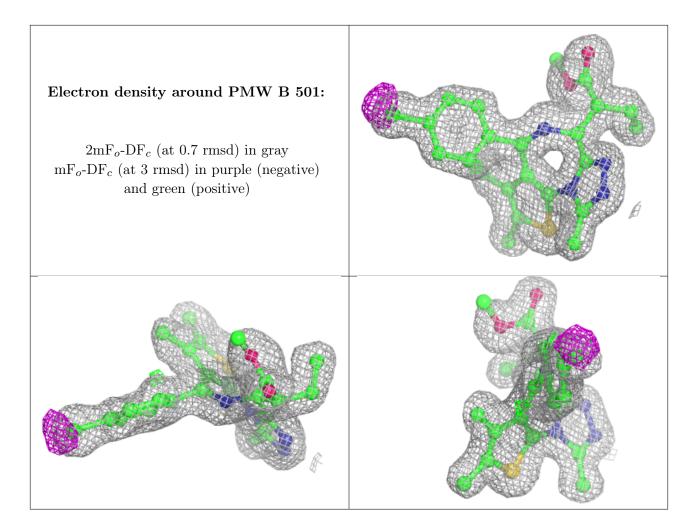
as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.











## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

