

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Apr 16, 2024 – 12:08 AM JST

PDB ID : 8YTQ

Title: The structure of apoCopC from Thioalkalivibrio paradoxus

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Deposited on : 2024-03-26

Resolution : 1.70 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.36

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

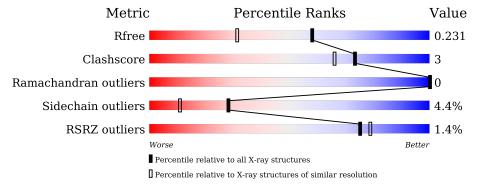
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.70 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries},{\rm resolution\ range}(\mathring{\rm A})) \end{array}$
R_{free}	130704	4298 (1.70-1.70)
Clashscore	141614	4695 (1.70-1.70)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	4610 (1.70-1.70)
Sidechain outliers	138945	4610 (1.70-1.70)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4222 (1.70-1.70)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	A	130	84%	12%	
1	В	130	86%	10%	
1	С	130	88%	8%	
1	D	130	89%	8%	•••

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit crite-



ria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	ACT	В	201	-	-	X	-



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4055 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called CopC domain-containing protein.

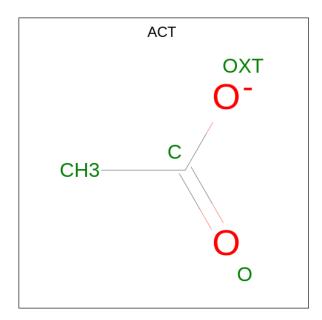
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	Λ	126	Total	С	N	О	0	2	0	
1	A	120	956	598	166	192	0	<u> </u>	0	
1	В	128	Total	С	N	О	0	1	0	
1	Ъ	120	967	603	172	192	0	1	U	
1	С	127	Total	С	N	О	0	0	0	
1		C 127	961	601	172	188	0	0	0	
1	1 D	D	198	Total	С	N	О	0	1	0
1		128	964	601	168	195	U	1	U	

• Molecule 2 is COPPER (II) ION (three-letter code: CU) (formula: Cu) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total Cu 1 1	0	0
2	С	1	Total Cu 1 1	0	0
2	D	1	Total Cu 1 1	0	0

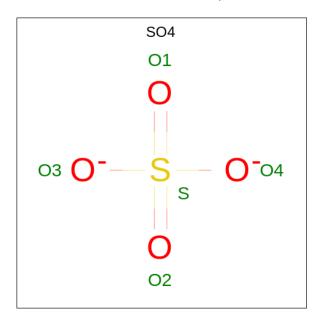
• Molecule 3 is ACETATE ION (three-letter code: ACT) (formula: C₂H₃O₂).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	В	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0
3	C	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0

 \bullet Molecule 4 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: $\mathrm{O_4S}).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	В	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
4	D	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0



• Molecule 5 is water.

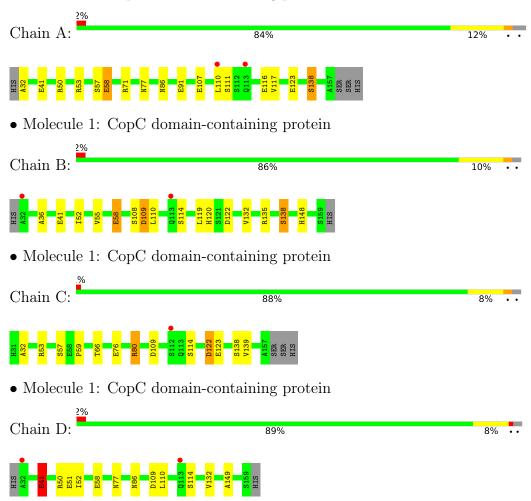
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	45	Total O 45 45	0	0
5	В	52	Total O 52 52	0	0
5	С	41	Total O	0	0
5	D	48	41 41 Total O	0	0
	D	10	48 48		9



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: CopC domain-containing protein





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	28.08Å 144.79Å 55.35Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.07° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	55.35 - 1.70	Depositor
resolution (A)	55.35 - 1.70	EDS
% Data completeness	97.7 (55.35-1.70)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	97.7 (55.35-1.70)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.09	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.19 (at 1.70Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0267	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.184 , 0.231	Depositor
it, it free	0.185 , 0.231	DCC
R_{free} test set	2376 reflections (5.01%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	18.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.550	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.31, 17.9	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L > = 0.51, < L^2> = 0.35$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.476 for h,-k,-l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	4055	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	22.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 64.41 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 8.3147e-06. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SO4, CU, ACT

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Clasia.	Boı	nd lengths	Bond angles		
Mol Chain		RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.79	2/986~(0.2%)	1.11	1/1348 (0.1%)	
1	В	0.78	1/994 (0.1%)	1.09	1/1357 (0.1%)	
1	С	0.77	1/983 (0.1%)	1.20	3/1343 (0.2%)	
1	D	0.84	3/991 (0.3%)	1.10	1/1354 (0.1%)	
All	All	0.79	7/3954 (0.2%)	1.12	6/5402 (0.1%)	

All (7) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	Ideal(Å)
1	D	58	GLU	CD-OE2	-9.03	1.15	1.25
1	В	58	GLU	CD-OE2	-6.79	1.18	1.25
1	С	138	SER	CA-CB	-6.14	1.43	1.52
1	A	58[A]	GLU	CD-OE1	5.33	1.31	1.25
1	A	58[B]	GLU	CD-OE1	5.33	1.31	1.25
1	D	41	GLU	CD-OE2	5.20	1.31	1.25
1	D	51	GLU	CD-OE2	5.07	1.31	1.25

All (6) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	С	80	ARG	CG-CD-NE	6.83	126.14	111.80
1	A	71	ARG	CD-NE-CZ	6.36	132.50	123.60
1	С	80	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.34	123.47	120.30
1	D	41	GLU	CB-CG-CD	6.09	130.65	114.20
1	С	76	GLU	C-N-CA	-5.52	107.89	121.70
1	В	135	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.04	117.78	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.



5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	956	0	906	8	0
1	В	967	0	920	9	0
1	С	961	0	915	5	0
1	D	964	0	909	4	0
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
2	С	1	0	0	0	0
2	D	1	0	0	0	0
3	В	4	0	3	2	0
3	С	4	0	3	0	0
4	В	5	0	0	0	0
4	D	5	0	0	0	0
5	A	45	0	0	0	0
5	В	52	0	0	1	0
5	С	41	0	0	1	0
5	D	48	0	0	0	0
All	All	4055	0	3656	25	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

All (25) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Interatomic} \\ \text{distance } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:58:GLU:OE1	1:B:138:SER:OG	1.90	0.90
1:A:58[A]:GLU:OE1	1:A:138[A]:SER:OG	1.98	0.81
1:A:123:GLU:HG2	1:D:86:ASN:ND2	2.07	0.70
1:B:52:ILE:HG21	1:B:132:VAL:HG21	1.73	0.69
1:A:41:GLU:OE1	1:A:86:ASN:ND2	2.28	0.65
1:B:41:GLU:H	3:B:201:ACT:H3	1.62	0.62
1:A:53:ARG:HG3	1:A:116:GLU:OE2	1.99	0.61
1:A:77:ASN:N	1:A:77:ASN:OD1	2.37	0.56
1:D:41:GLU:HG2	1:D:149:ALA:O	2.06	0.55
1:D:110:LEU:N	1:D:110:LEU:HD12	2.23	0.54
1:C:59:PRO:HB2	1:C:139:VAL:HG13	1.90	0.53
1:C:66:THR:HG23	5:C:319:HOH:O	2.10	0.51

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Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:110:LEU:CD2	1:A:117:VAL:HG22	2.41	0.51
1:D:52:ILE:HG21	1:D:132:VAL:HG21	1.93	0.51
1:A:32:ALA:HA	1:A:57:SER:OG	2.13	0.49
1:B:122:ASP:HB3	5:B:313:HOH:O	2.13	0.48
1:C:59:PRO:HB2	1:C:139:VAL:CG1	2.45	0.47
1:C:122:ASP:HB2	1:C:123:GLU:OE2	2.16	0.46
1:B:41:GLU:HG3	1:B:148:HIS:CE1	2.52	0.44
1:B:148:HIS:HE1	3:B:201:ACT:H3	1.83	0.43
1:B:108:SER:HB3	1:B:119:LEU:CD2	2.49	0.42
1:B:109:ASP:OD1	1:B:120:HIS:CD2	2.73	0.42
1:B:36:ALA:HB3	1:B:55:VAL:HB	2.02	0.42
1:C:32:ALA:HA	1:C:57:SER:OG	2.21	0.40
1:A:111:SER:OG	1:A:116:GLU:OE1	2.39	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	$126/130 \ (97\%)$	121 (96%)	5 (4%)	0	100	100
1	В	127/130 (98%)	121 (95%)	6 (5%)	0	100	100
1	\mathbf{C}	125/130~(96%)	119 (95%)	6 (5%)	0	100	100
1	D	127/130 (98%)	122 (96%)	5 (4%)	0	100	100
All	All	505/520~(97%)	483 (96%)	22 (4%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.



5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	102/106~(96%)	97 (95%)	5 (5%)	25 9
1	В	103/106 (97%)	99 (96%)	4 (4%)	32 13
1	С	101/106 (95%)	96 (95%)	5 (5%)	24 8
1	D	103/106 (97%)	98 (95%)	5 (5%)	25 9
All	All	409/424 (96%)	390 (95%)	19 (5%)	28 10

All (19) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	50	ARG
1	A	91	GLU
1	A	107	GLU
1	A	138[A]	SER
1	A	138[B]	SER
1	В	109	ASP
1	В	110	LEU
1	В	114	SER
1	В	138	SER
1	С	53	ARG
1	С	80	ARG
1	С	109	ASP
1	С	114	SER
1	С	122	ASP
1	D	41	GLU
1	D	50	ARG
1	D	77	ASN
1	D	109	ASP
1	D	114	SER

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	86	ASN
1	В	101	HIS
1	D	101	HIS

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 7 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 4 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Mol Type Chain Res		Res Link	Tiple	Link Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	туре	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
4	SO4	В	202	-	4,4,4	0.58	0	6,6,6	0.55	0
3	ACT	С	201	-	3,3,3	0.83	0	3,3,3	1.21	0
3	ACT	В	201	-	3,3,3	1.06	0	3,3,3	0.50	0
4	SO4	D	201	-	4,4,4	0.55	0	6,6,6	0.37	0

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.



1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	В	201	ACT	2	0

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	$\# \mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	126/130 (96%)	-0.33	2 (1%) 72 76	12, 21, 35, 42	0
1	В	128/130 (98%)	-0.38	2 (1%) 72 76	13, 21, 32, 47	1 (0%)
1	С	127/130 (97%)	-0.30	1 (0%) 86 88	13, 20, 36, 44	0
1	D	128/130 (98%)	-0.28	2 (1%) 72 76	13, 22, 32, 36	0
All	All	509/520 (97%)	-0.32	7 (1%) 75 79	12, 21, 35, 47	1 (0%)

All (7) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	С	112	SER	3.7
1	A	113	GLN	3.0
1	D	32	ALA	3.0
1	В	113	GLN	2.8
1	A	110	LEU	2.4
1	В	32	ALA	2.3
1	D	113	GLN	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.



6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
2	CU	С	202	1/1	0.94	0.07	23,23,23,23	1
3	ACT	С	201	4/4	0.94	0.10	27,29,29,31	0
2	CU	D	202	1/1	0.97	0.11	21,21,21,21	1
3	ACT	В	201	4/4	0.97	0.10	19,20,32,36	0
2	CU	A	201	1/1	0.97	0.08	22,22,22,22	1
4	SO4	В	202	5/5	0.99	0.12	11,12,14,14	5
4	SO4	D	201	5/5	0.99	0.12	10,10,12,14	5

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

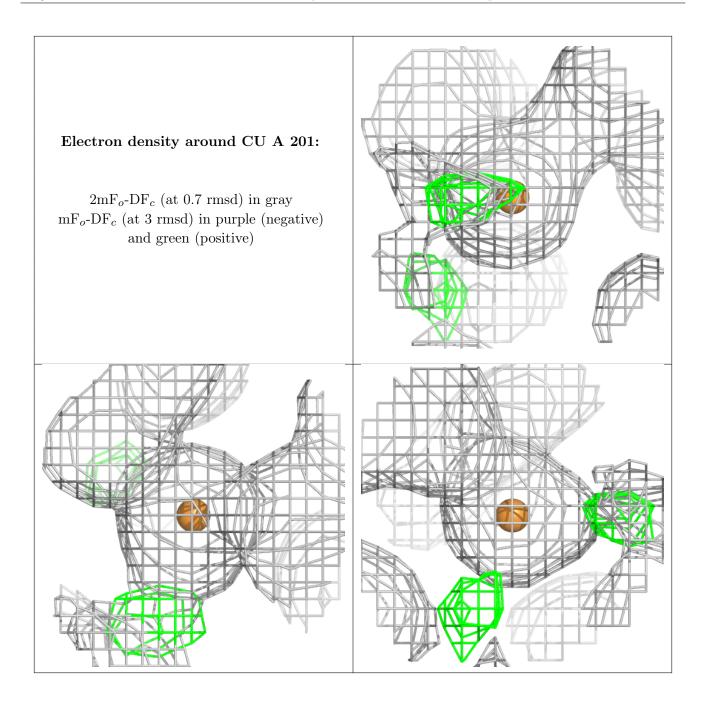


Electron density around CU C 202: 2mF_o-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



Electron density around CU D 202: $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)





6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

