

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Jul 4, 2023 – 04:03 AM EDT

PDB ID : 2Z2P

Title : Crystal Structure of catalytically inactive H270A virginiamycin B lyase from

Staphylococcus aureus with Quinupristin

Authors: Korczynska, M.; Berghuis, A.M.

Deposited on : 2007-05-25

Resolution : 2.80 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.34

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

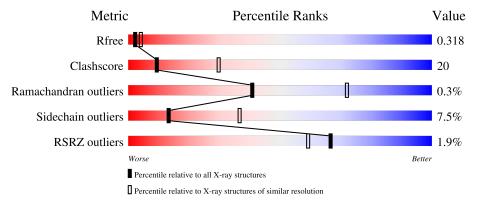
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.34

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.80 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$egin{aligned}  ext{Similar resolution} \ (\# ext{Entries, resolution range}( ext{Å})) \end{aligned}$		
$R_{free}$	130704	3140 (2.80-2.80)		
Clashscore	141614	3569 (2.80-2.80)		
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3498 (2.80-2.80)		
Sidechain outliers	138945	3500 (2.80-2.80)		
RSRZ outliers	127900	3078 (2.80-2.80)		

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain							
1	A	299	71%	23%	• •					
1	В	299	69%	27%						
2	С	8	38%	50%	12%					
2	D	8	38% 38	% 25%						

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard



residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	DOL	A	2002	X	-	X	-
4	DOL	В	2003	X	-	X	-



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4794 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Virginiamycin B lyase.

	$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
	1	Λ	293	Total	С	N	Ο	S	0	1	0
	1	A 295	∠95	2274	1444	377	444	9	0	1	
ĺ	1	D	293	Total	С	N	О	S	0	1	0
	1	Б	290	2274	1444	377	444	9	0		0

There are 16 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	51	GLU	PRO	conflict	UNP P17978
A	54	ASN	THR	conflict	UNP P17978
A	55	LYS	PRO	conflict	UNP P17978
A	56	GLY	ASP	conflict	UNP P17978
A	211	THR	PRO	conflict	UNP P17978
A	212	SER	LEU	conflict	UNP P17978
A	267	ALA	GLY	conflict	UNP P17978
A	270	ALA	HIS	engineered mutation	UNP P17978
В	51	GLU	PRO	conflict	UNP P17978
В	54	ASN	THR	conflict	UNP P17978
В	55	LYS	PRO	conflict	UNP P17978
В	56	GLY	ASP	conflict	UNP P17978
В	211	THR	PRO	conflict	UNP P17978
В	212	SER	LEU	conflict	UNP P17978
В	267	ALA	GLY	conflict	UNP P17978
В	270	ALA	HIS	engineered mutation	UNP P17978

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Quinupristin.

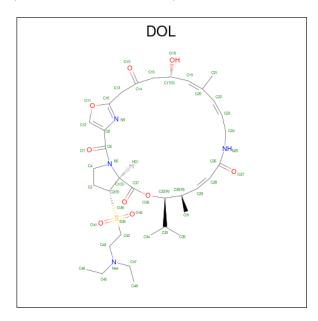
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
9	С	8	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
2			73	53	9	10	1			
9	D	8	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
2	D		73	53	9	10	1			



• Molecule 3 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	2	Total Mg 2 2	0	0
3	В	2	Total Mg 2 2	0	0

• Molecule 4 is 5-(2-DIETHYLAMINO-ETHANESULFONYL)-21-HYDROXY-10-ISOPRO PYL-11,19-DIMETHYL-9,26-DIOXA-3,15,28-TRIAZA-TRICYCLO[23.2.1.00,255]OCTAC OSA-1(27),12,17,19,25(28)-PENTAENE-2,8,14,23-TETRAONE (three-letter code: DOL) (formula:  $C_{34}H_{50}N_4O_9S$ ).



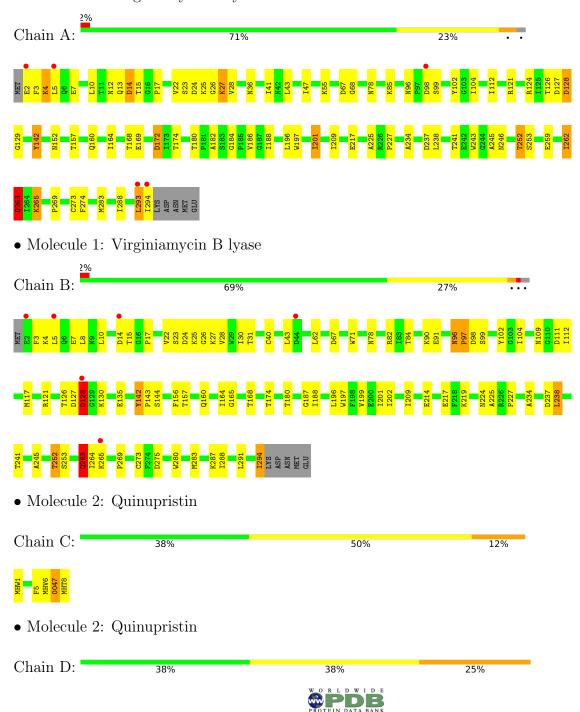
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
4	A	1	Total 48	C 34			S 1	0	0
4	В	1	Total 48	C 34	N 4	O 9	S 1	0	0



## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Virginiamycin B lyase







# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants	71.00Å 93.70Å 95.30Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	36.18 - 2.80	Depositor
Resolution (A)	36.18 - 2.80	EDS
% Data completeness	91.2 (36.18-2.80)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	91.2 (36.18-2.80)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	0.14	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	3.87 (at 2.81Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0005	Depositor
D D.	0.262 , 0.318	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.272 , $0.318$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1587 reflections (10.74%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	25.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.055	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.32 , 40.5	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L > = 0.56, < L^2> = 0.41$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.000 for -h,l,k	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.90	EDS
Total number of atoms	4794	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	20.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 55.45 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 3.1572e-05. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MHW, MHV, 004, MG, MHU, MHT, DOL, DBB

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI		RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.37	0/2325	0.57	1/3158 (0.0%)	
1	В	0.38	0/2325	0.62	3/3158 (0.1%)	
2	С	0.83	0/13	0.93	0/15	
2	D	0.85	0/13	0.89	0/15	
All	All	0.38	0/4676	0.60	4/6346 (0.1%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	5
1	В	0	5
2	С	1	0
2	D	1	0
All	All	2	10

There are no bond length outliers.

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^{o})$
1	В	97	PRO	O-C-N	6.35	132.85	122.70
1	A	14	ASP	O-C-N	-5.24	114.32	122.70
1	В	96	ASN	C-N-CD	5.05	139.02	128.40
1	В	98	ASP	CA-C-N	-5.02	106.16	117.20

All (2) chirality outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
2	С	8	MHT	С3
2	D	8	MHT	С3

5 of 10 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	128	ASP	Peptide
1	A	14	ASP	Peptide
1	A	24	ASP	Peptide
1	A	262	ILE	Peptide
1	A	263	GLN	Peptide

#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2274	0	2231	66	0
1	В	2274	0	2232	58	0
2	С	73	0	63	3	0
2	D	73	0	63	4	0
3	A	2	0	0	0	0
3	В	2	0	0	0	0
4	A	48	0	50	34	0
4	В	48	0	48	33	0
All	All	4794	0	4687	187	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 20.

The worst 5 of 187 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ (\rm \AA) \end{array}$	$egin{array}{c} \operatorname{Clash} \\ \operatorname{overlap}\ (\mathring{\mathbf{A}}) \end{array}$	
4:B:2003:DOL:H351	4:B:2003:DOL:C42	1.65	1.23	
1:A:23:SER:OG	1:A:27:LYS:HD2	1.36	1.22	
4:B:2003:DOL:H353	4:B:2003:DOL:C37	1.76	1.16	
4:B:2003:DOL:HC42	4:B:2003:DOL:HC12	1.25	1.13	
4:A:2002:DOL:H312	4:A:2002:DOL:C35	1.69	1.12	



There are no symmetry-related clashes.

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed Favoured Allowed		Outliers	Perce	entiles	
1	A	292/299~(98%)	269 (92%)	21 (7%)	2 (1%)	22	53
1	В	292/299~(98%)	267 (91%)	25 (9%)	0	100	100
2	С	2/8~(25%)	2 (100%)	0	0	100	100
2	D	2/8~(25%)	1 (50%)	1 (50%)	0	100	100
All	All	588/614~(96%)	539 (92%)	47 (8%)	2 (0%)	41	72

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Type
1	A	263	GLN
1	A	186	VAL

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles		
1	A	245/251 (98%)	227 (93%)	18 (7%)	14 38		
1	В	$245/251 \ (98\%)$	226 (92%)	19 (8%)	12 35		
2	С	2/2~(100%)	2 (100%)	0	100 100		
2	D	2/2~(100%)	2 (100%)	0	100 100		
All	All	494/506~(98%)	457 (92%)	37 (8%)	13 37		



- (	. 0 =	• 1	• , 1			• 1	1 .		1 1	1 1
5 OI	: 37	residues	with a	a non-	-rotameric	sidec	hain	are	listed	below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	174	THR
1	В	265	LYS
1	В	214	GLU
1	В	238	LEU
1	A	246	ASN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 10 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	13	GLN
1	В	162	ASN
1	В	204	ASN
1	A	118	ASN
1	A	228	HIS

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

10 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Mol Type C		Res	Res Link	Вс	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
WIOI	туре	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	
2	004	С	7	2	9,10,11	1.86	4 (44%)	9,12,14	1.40	1 (11%)	
2	MHV	С	6	2	7,9,10	0.59	0	7,11,13	1.48	2 (28%)	
2	MHW	D	1	3,2	9,9,10	0.85	0	10,11,13	1.95	1 (10%)	
2	DBB	D	3	2	4,5,6	0.64	0	1,5,7	0.25	0	
2	MHU	С	5	2	14,15,16	1.17	2 (14%)	18,19,21	1.32	3 (16%)	
2	MHU	D	5	2	14,15,16	1.17	2 (14%)	18,19,21	1.27	2 (11%)	



Mol	Trino	Chain Dan		Res Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	Res	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
2	004	D	7	2	9,10,11	1.82	3 (33%)	9,12,14	1.37	1 (11%)
2	MHW	С	1	3,2	9,9,10	0.98	0	10,11,13	1.70	1 (10%)
2	MHV	D	6	2	7,9,10	0.57	0	7,11,13	2.31	4 (57%)
2	DBB	С	3	2	4,5,6	0.62	0	1,5,7	0.06	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	004	С	7	2	-	2/4/6/8	0/1/1/1
2	MHV	С	6	2	-	0/1/12/14	0/1/1/1
2	MHW	D	1	3,2	-	0/2/2/4	0/1/1/1
2	DBB	D	3	2	-	1/3/4/6	-
2	MHU	С	5	2	-	0/9/12/14	0/1/1/1
2	MHU	D	5	2	-	0/9/12/14	0/1/1/1
2	004	D	7	2	-	2/4/6/8	0/1/1/1
2	MHW	С	1	3,2	-	0/2/2/4	0/1/1/1
2	MHV	D	6	2	-	0/1/12/14	0/1/1/1
2	DBB	С	3	2	-	1/3/4/6	-

The worst 5 of 11 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
2	D	7	004	CG1-CB	-3.66	1.33	1.39
2	С	7	004	CG1-CB	-3.40	1.33	1.39
2	С	7	004	CB-CA	2.60	1.55	1.52
2	D	5	MHU	CZ1-NZ	-2.48	1.39	1.45
2	С	5	MHU	CZ1-NZ	-2.37	1.40	1.45

The worst 5 of 15 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	D	1	MHW	O-C-CA	-5.33	119.17	124.22
2	С	1	MHW	O-C-CA	-4.48	119.98	124.22
2	D	6	MHV	CE-CD2-CG	3.54	117.84	111.89
2	С	5	MHU	O-C-CA	-3.08	116.72	124.78
2	D	6	MHV	CB-CA-N	-2.97	106.36	112.50

There are no chirality outliers.



_	CC		. 1.	1	1 1	1 1
h	ot 6	torgion	outliers	Oro	lictod	holow.
.,	()  ()	LOISIOIL	OHUHEIS	alt	1150	Delow.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	С	3	DBB	O-C-CA-CB
2	D	3	DBB	O-C-CA-CB
2	D	7	004	C-CA-CB-CG1
2	D	7	004	C-CA-CB-CG2
2	С	7	004	C-CA-CB-CG1

There are no ring outliers.

3 monomers are involved in 6 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	С	7	004	2	0
2	D	5	MHU	1	0
2	D	7	004	3	0

#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

#### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 6 ligands modelled in this entry, 4 are monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
IVIO	туре	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
4	DOL	В	2003	_	43,50,50	4.86	19 (44%)	51,70,70	3.66	28 (54%)
4	DOL	A	2002	-	43,50,50	4.36	16 (37%)	51,70,70	3.14	22 (43%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	DOL	В	2003	-	3/3/14/20	28/58/77/77	0/2/3/3
4	DOL	A	2002	-	1/1/14/20	34/58/77/77	0/2/3/3

The worst 5 of 35 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Ideal(Å)
4	В	2003	DOL	C16-C14	-17.90	1.27	1.51
4	A	2002	DOL	C16-C14	-13.73	1.32	1.51
4	A	2002	DOL	C28-C26	-12.79	1.21	1.48
4	В	2003	DOL	C28-C26	-12.43	1.22	1.48
4	В	2003	DOL	C42-S39	-10.51	1.61	1.78

The worst 5 of 50 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
4	A	2002	DOL	O40-S39-O41	-11.56	105.01	118.19
4	В	2003	DOL	O40-S39-O41	-10.99	105.66	118.19
4	A	2002	DOL	C23-C22-C20	-7.72	114.23	125.89
4	В	2003	DOL	C43-C42-S39	-7.44	96.58	112.14
4	В	2003	DOL	O15-C14-C16	-7.05	111.50	121.55

All (4) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
4	A	2002	DOL	C32
4	В	2003	DOL	C17
4	В	2003	DOL	C30
4	В	2003	DOL	C32

5 of 62 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	A	2002	DOL	C8-C6-N5-C1
4	A	2002	DOL	C3-C2-S39-C42
4	A	2002	DOL	C1-C2-S39-O41
4	A	2002	DOL	C1-C2-S39-O40
4	A	2002	DOL	C1-C2-S39-C42

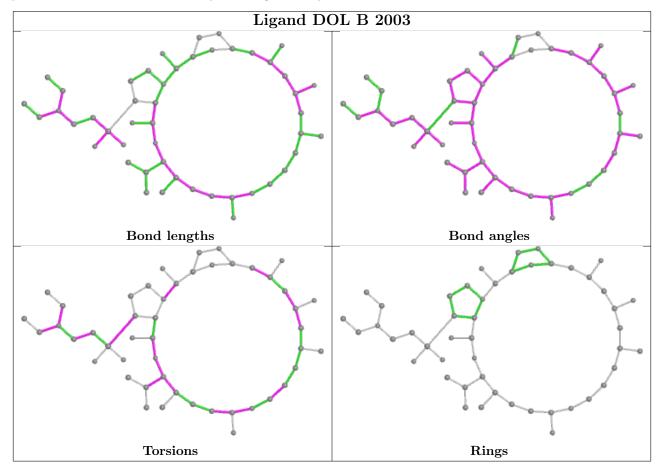
There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 67 short contacts:

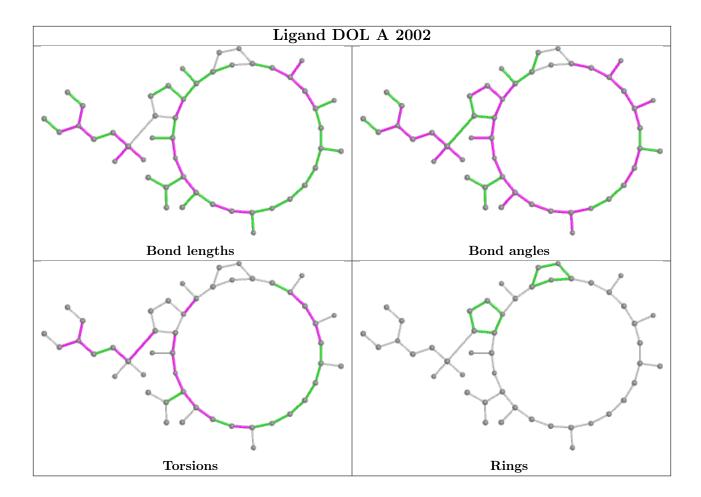


Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	В	2003	DOL	33	0
4	A	2002	DOL	34	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.







### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



### 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	293/299~(97%)	0.08	5 (1%) 70 63	9, 18, 31, 50	3 (1%)
1	В	293/299 (97%)	0.11	6 (2%) 65 56	9, 18, 31, 50	5 (1%)
2	С	2/8 (25%)	0.08	0 100 100	22, 22, 22, 25	0
2	D	2/8 (25%)	-0.03	0 100 100	18, 18, 18, 21	0
All	All	590/614 (96%)	0.09	11 (1%) 66 59	9, 18, 31, 50	8 (1%)

The worst 5 of 11 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	294	ILE	3.7
1	В	5	LEU	2.7
1	A	2	GLU	2.6
1	A	98	ASP	2.6
1	В	2	GLU	2.6

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{B-factors}({ m \AA}^2)$	Q < 0.9
2	DBB	С	3	6/7	0.88	0.21	22,23,24,24	0
2	MHU	С	5	15/16	0.88	0.23	25,28,29,29	0
2	DBB	D	3	6/7	0.89	0.21	18,19,19,20	0
2	MHW	D	1	9/10	0.89	0.20	17,17,17,17	0
2	MHW	С	1	9/10	0.91	0.21	19,20,20,20	0
2	MHU	D	5	15/16	0.92	0.19	21,25,25,25	0
2	MHV	D	6	9/10	0.92	0.18	21,23,26,26	0

Continued on next page...



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
2	MHV	С	6	9/10	0.94	0.18	25,27,29,30	0
2	004	С	7	10/11	0.94	0.18	21,22,23,24	0
2	004	D	7	10/11	0.97	0.14	17,17,18,19	0

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

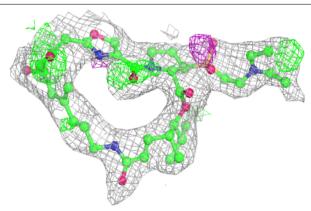
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
4	DOL	A	2002	48/48	0.80	0.27	28,32,34,35	0
4	DOL	В	2003	48/48	0.82	0.23	21,25,34,35	0
3	MG	В	1004	1/1	0.89	0.10	15,15,15,15	0
3	MG	A	1003	1/1	0.92	0.12	18,18,18,18	0
3	MG	A	1001	1/1	0.94	0.23	2,2,2,2	0
3	MG	В	1002	1/1	0.96	0.26	2,2,2,2	0

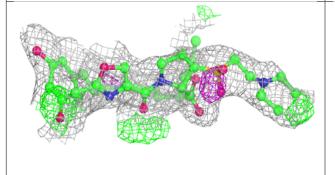
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

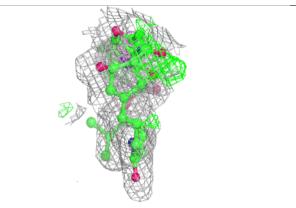


### Electron density around DOL A 2002:

 $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

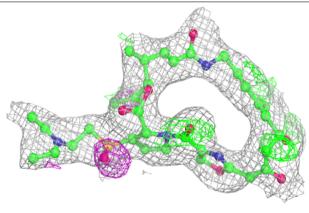


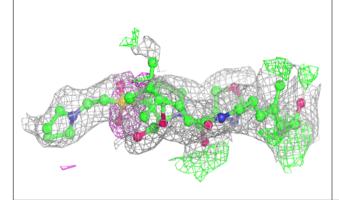


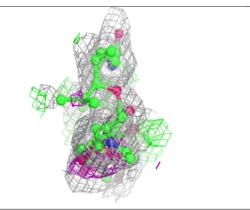


#### Electron density around DOL B 2003:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)









# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

