

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Nov 23, 2020 – 09:10 am GMT

PDB ID : 6ZA0

Title: Structure of the transcriptional repressor Atu1419 (VanR) in complex with a

fortuitous citrate from agrobacterium fabrum (P21212 space group)

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Deposited on : 2020-06-04

Resolution : 1.65 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.14.6 buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

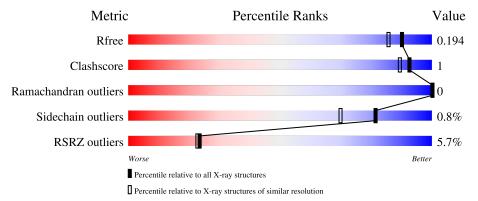
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.14.6

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.65 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar \; resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries, \; resolution \; range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	1827 (1.66-1.66)
Clashscore	141614	1931 (1.66-1.66)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1891 (1.66-1.66)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1891 (1.66-1.66)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1791 (1.66-1.66)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	A	250	92%				
1	В	250	90%	• 5%			



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4066 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Transcriptional regulator, GntR family.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	240	Total 1844	C 1147	± 1	O 342	S 7	0	1	0
1	В	237		C 1146	N	О	S 8	0	4	0

There are 12 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

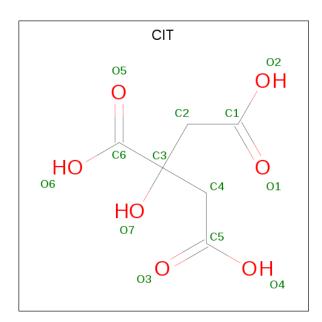
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	245	HIS	=	expression tag	UNP A9CJ36
A	246	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A9CJ36
A	247	HIS	_	expression tag	UNP A9CJ36
A	248	HIS	_	expression tag	UNP A9CJ36
A	249	HIS	_	expression tag	UNP A9CJ36
A	250	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A9CJ36
В	245	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A9CJ36
В	246	HIS	_	expression tag	UNP A9CJ36
В	247	HIS	_	expression tag	UNP A9CJ36
В	248	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A9CJ36
В	249	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A9CJ36
В	250	HIS	_	expression tag	UNP A9CJ36

• Molecule 2 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by author).

Mol	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$	ZeroOcc	$\mathbf{AltConf}$
2	В	1	Total Zn 1 1	0	0
2	A	1	Total Zn 1 1	0	0

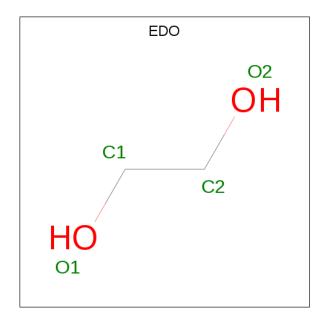
• Molecule 3 is CITRIC ACID (three-letter code: CIT) (formula:  $C_6H_8O_7$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total C O 13 6 7	0	0
3	В	1	Total C O 13 6 7	0	0

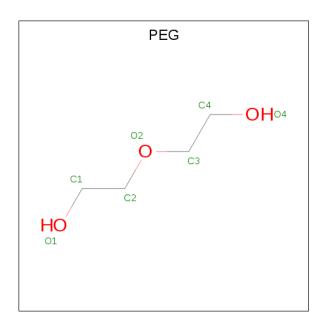
• Molecule 4 is 1,2-ETHANEDIOL (three-letter code: EDO) (formula:  $C_2H_6O_2$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total C 4 2	O 2	0	0

 $\bullet \ \ Molecule \ 5 \ is \ DI(HYDROXYETHYL)ETHER \ (three-letter \ code: \ PEG) \ (formula: \ C_4H_{10}O_3).$ 





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	В	1	Total C O 7 4 3	0	0
5	В	1	Total C O 7 4 3	0	0

#### • Molecule 6 is water.

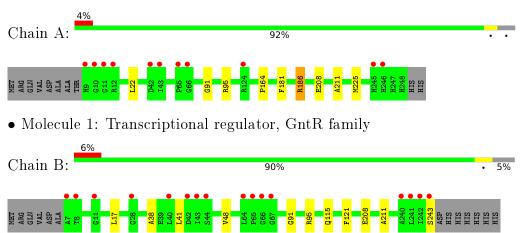
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	167	Total O 167 167	0	0
6	В	165	Total O 165 165	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Transcriptional regulator, GntR family





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants	72.22Å 145.61Å 41.19Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	23.78 - 1.65	Depositor
resolution (A)	23.78 - 1.65	EDS
% Data completeness	95.1 (23.78-1.65)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	95.1 (23.78-1.65)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.08	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$1.52 \; (at \; 1.65 \text{Å})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	BUSTER 2.10.3	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.169 , 0.189	Depositor
It, It free	0.174 , $0.194$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2528 reflections $(4.99\%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(\mathring{A}^2)$	22.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.040	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.35, 43.1	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L >=0.49, < L^2>=0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o$ , $F_c$ correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	4066	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	29.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.75% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $< L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN, PEG, EDO, CIT

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond	angles
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	A	0.53	0/1874	0.58	0/2527
1	В	0.51	0/1868	0.59	0/2517
All	All	0.52	0/3742	0.59	0/5044

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	$\mathbf{H}(\mathbf{added})$	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1844	0	1852	5	0
1	В	1844	0	1863	5	0
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
2	В	1	0	0	0	0
3	A	13	0	4	0	0
3	В	13	0	4	0	0
4	A	4	0	6	0	0
5	В	14	0	20	2	0
6	A	167	0	0	1	0
6	В	165	0	0	1	0
All	All	4066	0	3749	11	0



The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

The worst 5 of 11 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{aligned}  ext{Interatomic} \  ext{distance} \ ( ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$	$egin{array}{c}  ext{Clash} \  ext{overlap } ( ext{Å}) \end{array}$
1:B:17:LEU:HD13	1:B:41:LEU:HD11	1.90	0.53
1:B:38:ALA:HA	1:B:48:VAL:HG21	1.92	0.50
1:A:95:ARG:HB2	1:A:208:GLU:HB2	1.95	0.48
1:B:95:ARG:HB2	1:B:208:GLU:HB2	1.94	0.48
1:B:91:GLY:HA2	1:B:211:ALA:HB3	1.97	0.47

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	${f ntiles}$
1	A	$239/250 \ (96\%)$	234 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100	100
1	В	$239/250 \ (96\%)$	238 (100%)	1 (0%)	0	100	100
All	All	478/500 (96%)	472 (99%)	6 (1%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	187/195 (96%)	186 (100%)	1 (0%)	88 81
1	В	187/195~(96%)	185 (99%)	2 (1%)	73 57
All	All	374/390 (96%)	371 (99%)	3 (1%)	81 70

All (3) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	186	ARG
1	В	115	GLN
1	В	243	SER

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	246	HIS

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains i

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 7 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 5 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).



Mol	Tuna	Chain	Res	Link	В	ond leng	$\operatorname{gths}$	В	ond ang	gles
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
3	CIT	В	302	2	3,12,12	0.50	0	3,17,17	1.96	1 (33%)
5	PEG	В	304	-	6,6,6	0.11	0	5,5,5	0.10	0
3	CIT	A	302	2	3,12,12	0.23	0	3,17,17	1.85	1 (33%)
4	EDO	A	303	-	3,3,3	0.50	0	2,2,2	0.40	0
5	PEG	В	303	-	6,6,6	0.13	0	5,5,5	0.11	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	CIT	В	302	2	-	1/6/16/16	_
5	PEG	В	304	-	-	1/4/4/4	_
3	CIT	A	302	2	-	1/6/16/16	-
4	EDO	A	303	_	_	0/1/1/1	-
5	PEG	В	303	-	-	1/4/4/4	-

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
3	В	302	CIT	C3-C4-C5	3.04	119.85	114.98
3	A	302	CIT	C3-C4-C5	2.93	119.67	114.98

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	В	302	CIT	O7-C3-C4-C5
3	A	302	CIT	O7-C3-C4-C5
5	В	303	PEG	C1-C2-O2-C3
5	В	304	PEG	O1-C1-C2-O2

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 2 short contacts:

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	В	304	PEG	1	0
5	В	303	PEG	1	0



# 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

## 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\# \mathbf{RSR}$	Z>2	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	240/250 (96%)	-0.08	11 (4%) 3	32 31	15, 26, 44, 64	8 (3%)
1	В	$237/250 \ (94\%)$	0.10	16 (6%) 1	17 16	15, 26, 52, 71	5 (2%)
All	All	$477/500 \ (95\%)$	0.01	27 (5%) 2	23 23	15, 26, 49, 71	13 (2%)

The worst 5 of 27 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	${f Res}$	Type	RSRZ
1	В	65	PRO	7.7
1	В	64	LEU	6.0
1	В	66	GLY	5.6
1	A	9	HIS	5.1
1	В	8	THR	4.6

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



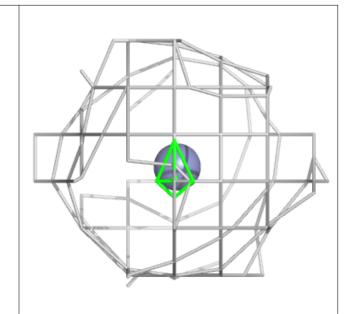
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B-factors}({f A}^2)$	Q<0.9
5	PEG	В	303	7/7	0.75	0.16	56,59,64,64	0
5	PEG	В	304	7/7	0.79	0.18	47,52,58,60	0
4	EDO	A	303	4/4	0.89	0.25	66,66,66,67	0
3	CIT	A	302	13/13	0.96	0.06	20,23,25,25	0
3	CIT	В	302	13/13	0.98	0.06	19,21,24,24	0
2	ZN	A	301	1/1	1.00	0.06	18,18,18,18	0
2	ZN	В	301	1/1	1.00	0.06	18,18,18,18	0

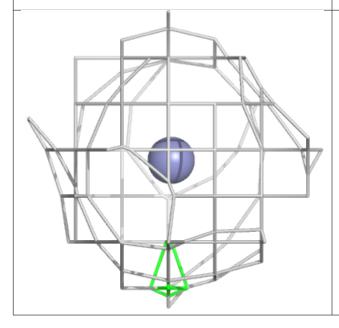
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

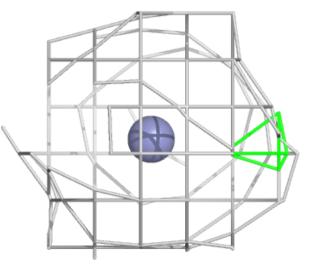


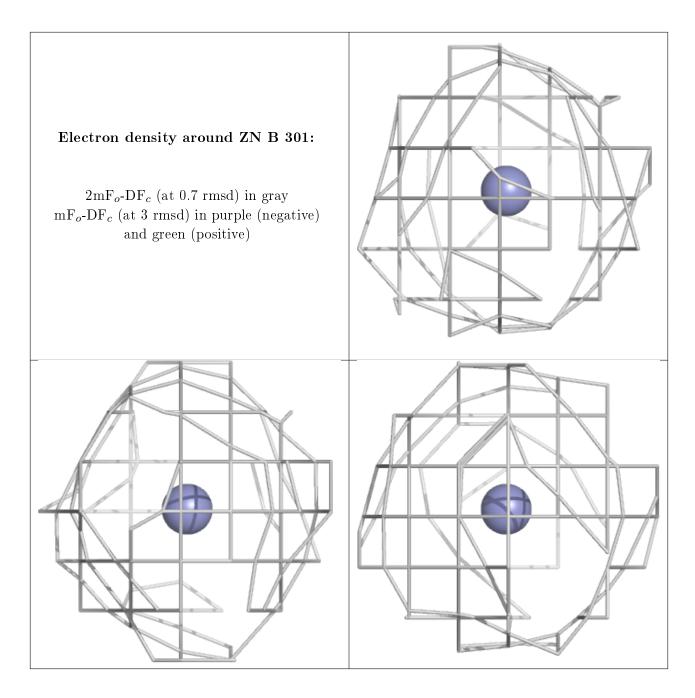
#### Electron density around ZN A 301:

 $2 \text{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  $\text{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)









# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

