

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Nov 17, 2022 – 06:26 am GMT

PDB ID : 7ZFY

Title: BRD4 in complex with PepLite-Gly

Authors: Turberville, S.; Martin, M.P.; Hope, I.; Noble, M.E.M.

Deposited on : 2022-04-01

Resolution : 1.15 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.31.2buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0267

CCP4 : 7.1.010 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

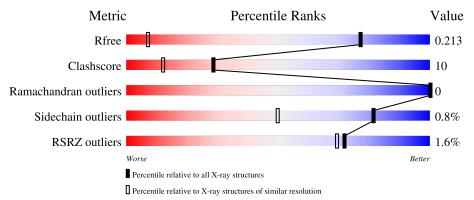
 $\begin{tabular}{lll} Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) & : & 2.31.2 \end{tabular}$ 

### 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.15 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries,\ resolution\ range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	1492 (1.18-1.10)
Clashscore	141614	1537 (1.18-1.10)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1483 (1.18-1.10)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1480 (1.18-1.10)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1464 (1.18-1.10)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
			2%					
1	AAA	129	86%	14%				

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	GOL	AAA	202	-	-	X	-





Continued from previous page...

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	GOL	AAA	208	-	-	X	X
3	GOL	AAA	209	-	-	X	-



## 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1262 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

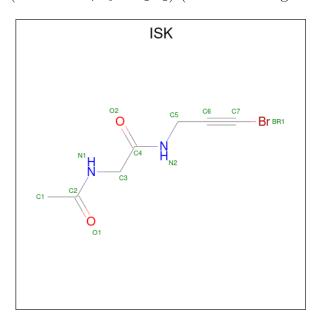
• Molecule 1 is a protein called Bromodomain-containing protein 4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	AAA	129	Total 1080	C 698	N 178	O 197	S 7	0	1	0

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
AAA	40	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP O60885
AAA	41	SER	-	expression tag	UNP O60885
AAA	42	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP O60885
AAA	43	MET	-	expression tag	UNP O60885

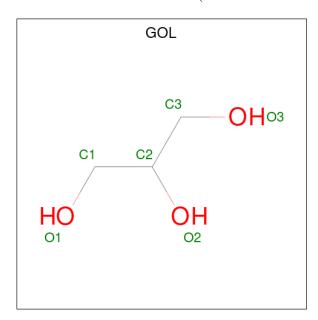
• Molecule 2 is 2-acetamido-N-(3-bromanylprop-2-ynyl)ethanamide (three-letter code: ISK) (formula: C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>9</sub>BrN<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
2	AAA	1	Total 12	Br 1	C 7	N 2	O 2	0	0



 $\bullet$  Molecule 3 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula:  $C_3H_8O_3$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	AAA	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
3	AAA	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
3	AAA	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
3	AAA	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
3	AAA	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
3	AAA	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
3	AAA	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
3	AAA	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0

• Molecule 4 is water.

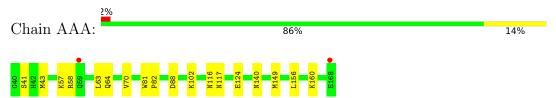
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	AAA	122	Total O 122 122	0	0



## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Bromodomain-containing protein 4





## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants	37.90Å 43.53Å 79.97Å	Donositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	39.98 - 1.15	Depositor
Resolution (A)	39.98 - 1.15	EDS
% Data completeness	100.0 (39.98-1.15)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	100.0 (39.98-1.15)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.10	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.64 (at 1.15Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0258, REFMAC 5.8.0258	Depositor
D D.	0.197 , 0.213	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.197 , $0.213$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2333 reflections (4.88%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	13.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.310	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	(Not available), (Not available)	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L > = 0.49, < L^2> = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	1262	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	18.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 11.71% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ISK, GOL

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Boı	nd lengths	Bo	ond angles
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	AAA	0.49	1/1114 (0.1%)	0.85	2/1514 (0.1%)

#### All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}( ext{\AA})$
1	AAA	124	GLU	CD-OE2	-5.47	1.19	1.25

#### All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	AAA	149	MET	CG-SD-CE	-5.81	90.90	100.20
1	AAA	58	ARG	CB-CG-CD	-5.37	97.63	111.60

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	AAA	1080	0	1073	16	1
2	AAA	12	0	0	2	0
3	AAA	48	0	64	15	0
4	AAA	122	0	0	7	2
All	All	1262	0	1137	22	2



The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

The worst 5 of 22 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ (\rm \mathring{A}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned} \operatorname{Clash} \ \operatorname{overlap}\ (\begin{subarray}{c} \begin{subarray}{c} \begi$
2:AAA:201:ISK:C7	2:AAA:201:ISK:BR1	2.17	1.46
1:AAA:102:LYS:H	3:AAA:202:GOL:H32	1.33	0.92
1:AAA:116:ASN:CG	4:AAA:308:HOH:O	2.10	0.89
1:AAA:63:LEU:HB3	3:AAA:209:GOL:H2	1.64	0.80
1:AAA:116:ASN:CB	4:AAA:308:HOH:O	2.31	0.79

All (2) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{aligned} &  ext{Interatomic} \ &  ext{distance} \ &  ext{(Å)} \end{aligned}$	$egin{aligned}  ext{Clash} \  ext{overlap } ( ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
4:AAA:309:HOH:O	4:AAA:376:HOH:O[1_545]	1.92	0.28
1:AAA:43:MET:SD	4:AAA:405:HOH:O[4_445]	2.01	0.19

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured Allowed		Outliers	Percentiles	
1	AAA	128/129 (99%)	127 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100 100	

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was



analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mo	l Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	AAA	122/121 (101%)	121 (99%)	1 (1%)	81 50	

All (1) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	AAA	156	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

#### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

9 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Type		Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			В	ond ang	les
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
3	GOL	AAA	207	-	5,5,5	0.08	0	5,5,5	0.38	0
2	ISK	AAA	201	-	10,11,11	4.40	2 (20%)	11,12,12	3.21	3 (27%)
3	GOL	AAA	206	-	5,5,5	0.12	0	5,5,5	0.29	0



Mol	Mol Type		Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
3	GOL	AAA	205	-	5,5,5	0.17	0	5,5,5	0.43	0
3	GOL	AAA	208	-	5,5,5	0.11	0	5,5,5	0.47	0
3	GOL	AAA	203	-	5,5,5	0.10	0	5,5,5	0.26	0
3	GOL	AAA	202	-	5,5,5	0.13	0	5,5,5	0.38	0
3	GOL	AAA	209	-	5,5,5	0.09	0	5,5,5	0.51	0
3	GOL	AAA	204	-	5,5,5	0.19	0	5,5,5	0.64	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	GOL	AAA	207	-	-	4/4/4/4	-
2	ISK	AAA	201	-	-	4/8/10/10	-
3	GOL	AAA	206	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
3	GOL	AAA	205	-	-	0/4/4/4	-
3	GOL	AAA	208	-	-	4/4/4/4	_
3	GOL	AAA	203	-	-	4/4/4/4	-
3	GOL	AAA	202	-	-	0/4/4/4	-
3	GOL	AAA	209	-	-	1/4/4/4	-
3	GOL	AAA	204	_	-	0/4/4/4	_

#### All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(A)	Ideal(Å)
2	AAA	201	ISK	C5-C6	11.91	1.63	1.47
2	AAA	201	ISK	BR1-C7	7.02	2.17	1.82

#### All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\mathrm{Ideal}(^{o})$
2	AAA	201	ISK	C5-C6-C7	-8.76	162.72	176.14
2	AAA	201	ISK	C6-C5-N2	-4.63	106.95	112.71
2	AAA	201	ISK	C4-C3-N1	2.73	120.83	113.17

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 19 torsion outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	AAA	201	ISK	C1-C2-N1-C3
2	AAA	201	ISK	O1-C2-N1-C3
3	AAA	203	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
3	AAA	203	GOL	C1-C2-C3-O3
3	AAA	206	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3

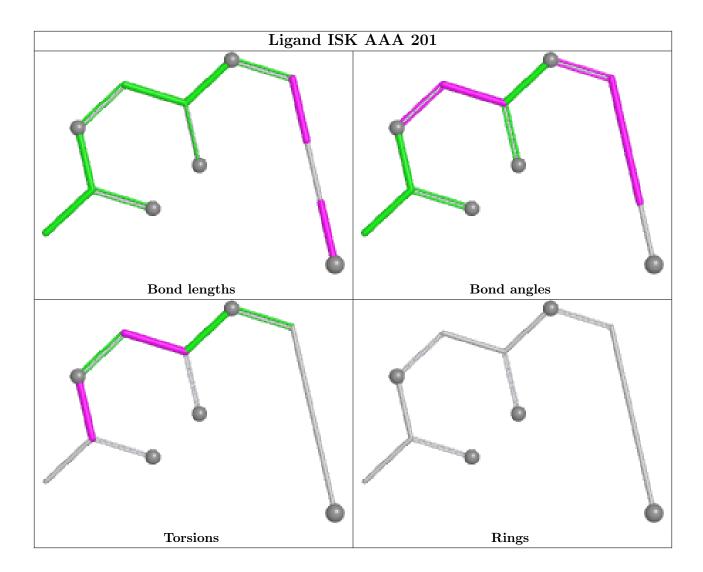
There are no ring outliers.

6 monomers are involved in 17 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	AAA	207	GOL	1	0
2	AAA	201	ISK	2	0
3	AAA	206	GOL	2	0
3	AAA	208	GOL	4	0
3	AAA	202	GOL	4	0
3	AAA	209	GOL	4	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



### 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\mathbf{Z}>$ #RSR $\mathbf{Z}>2$		$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9	
1	AAA	129/129 (100%)	0.22	2 (1%)	72	69	9, 14, 23, 48	6 (4%)

All (2) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	AAA	168	GLU	2.6
1	AAA	59	GLN	2.6

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	GOL	AAA	209	6/6	0.55	0.30	29,40,41,44	0
3	GOL	AAA	208	6/6	0.73	0.41	36,48,50,55	0
3	GOL	AAA	207	6/6	0.77	0.19	40,43,46,48	0
3	GOL	AAA	205	6/6	0.79	0.19	20,26,28,31	0
3	GOL	AAA	203	6/6	0.83	0.24	31,45,48,52	0

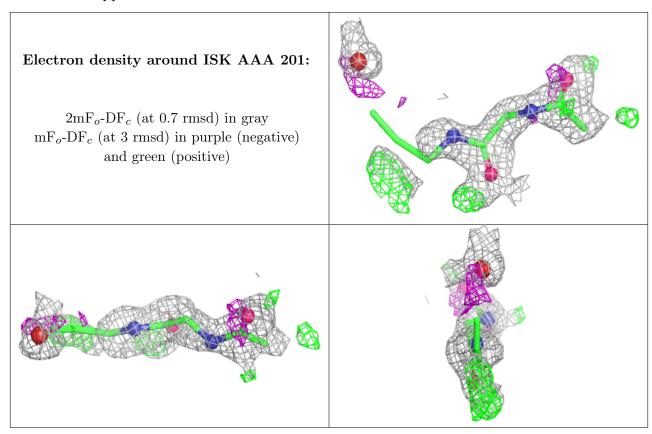
Continued on next page...



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B-factors(\AA^2)}$	Q < 0.9
2	ISK	AAA	201	12/12	0.83	0.23	15,37,80,102	0
3	GOL	AAA	206	6/6	0.83	0.34	40,55,59,67	0
3	GOL	AAA	202	6/6	0.86	0.21	16,22,37,37	0
3	GOL	AAA	204	6/6	0.90	0.17	16,22,25,28	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

