

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Oct 25, 2022 – 09:53 pm BST

PDB ID : 7ZKJ

Title: CODH/ACS complex of C. hydrogenoformans

Authors: Ruickoldt, J.; Jeoung, J.-H.; Basak, Y.; Domnik, L.; Dobbek, H.

Deposited on : 2022-04-13

Resolution : 2.04 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.31.2buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0267

CCP4 : 7.1.010 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

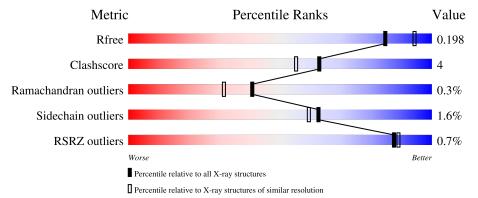
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.31.2

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.04 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries},{\rm resolution\ range}(\mathring{\rm A})) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	1692 (2.04-2.04)
Clashscore	141614	1773 (2.04-2.04)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1752 (2.04-2.04)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1752 (2.04-2.04)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1672 (2.04-2.04)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	A	669	90%	9%	•			
2	В	730	92%	8%	•			

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
5	ОН	A	705	_	_	_	X



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 11 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 11930 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Carbon monoxide dehydrogenase.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	A	669	Total 5147	C 3264	N 887	O 961	S 35	0	4	0

There are 13 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	17	ASP	GLU	conflict	UNP A0A1L8D0M5
A	29	ILE	THR	$\operatorname{conflict}$	UNP A0A1L8D0M5
A	73	GLN	MET	$\operatorname{conflict}$	UNP A0A1L8D0M5
A	120	ALA	THR	$\operatorname{conflict}$	UNP A0A1L8D0M5
A	153	THR	ILE	$\operatorname{conflict}$	UNP A0A1L8D0M5
A	159	MET	LEU	$\operatorname{conflict}$	UNP A0A1L8D0M5
A	199	GLU	ASP	$\operatorname{conflict}$	UNP A0A1L8D0M5
A	205	SER	ALA	$\operatorname{conflict}$	UNP A0A1L8D0M5
A	220	ILE	MET	conflict	UNP A0A1L8D0M5
A	389	ILE	VAL	$\operatorname{conflict}$	UNP A0A1L8D0M5
A	393	LEU	PHE	conflict	UNP A0A1L8D0M5
A	494	THR	ALA	conflict	UNP A0A1L8D0M5
A	602	THR	SER	conflict	UNP A0A1L8D0M5

• Molecule 2 is a protein called CO-methylating acetyl-CoA synthase.

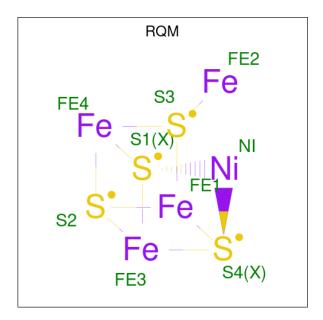
Mol	Chain	Residues		$\mathbf{A}^{1}$	toms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	В	730	Total 5834	C 3742	N 981	O 1082	S 29	0	8	0

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
В	733	ARG	-	expression tag	UNP Q3ACS4
В	734	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q3ACS4

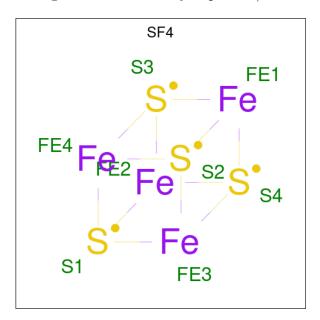


• Molecule 3 is Fe(3)-Ni(1)-S(4) cluster (three-letter code: RQM) (formula: Fe<sub>4</sub>NiS<sub>4</sub>) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total 9	Fe 4	Ni 1	S 4	0	0

• Molecule 4 is IRON/SULFUR CLUSTER (three-letter code: SF4) (formula:  $Fe_4S_4$ ) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Ato	oms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
1	Λ	1	Total	Fe	S	0	0
4	Α	1	4	2	2		

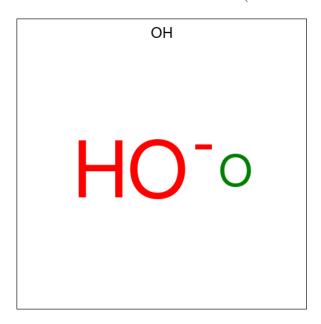
 $Continued\ on\ next\ page...$ 



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total Fe S 8 4 4	0	0
4	В	1	Total Fe S 8 4 4	0	0

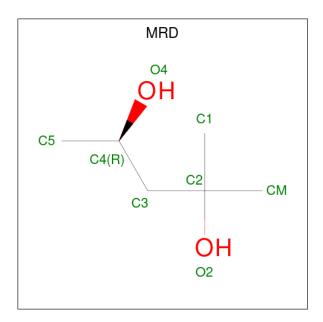
• Molecule 5 is HYDROXIDE ION (three-letter code: OH) (formula: HO).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total O 1 1	0	0
5	A	1	Total O 1 1	0	0

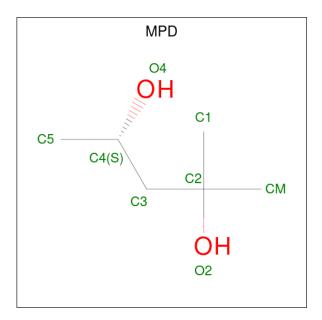
 $\bullet$  Molecule 6 is (4R)-2-METHYLPENTANE-2,4-DIOL (three-letter code: MRD) (formula:  $C_6H_{14}O_2).$ 





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total 8	C 6	O 2	0	0

• Molecule 7 is (4S)-2-METHYL-2,4-PENTANEDIOL (three-letter code: MPD) (formula:  $C_6H_{14}O_2$ ).



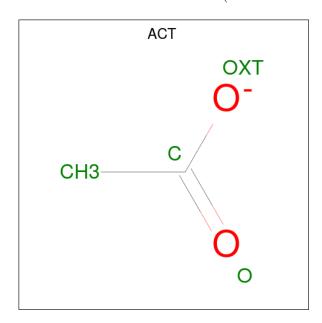
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	1	Total C 8 6	O 2	0	0

• Molecule 8 is NICKEL (II) ION (three-letter code: NI) (formula: Ni) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	В	2	Total Ni 2 2	0	0

• Molecule 9 is ACETATE ION (three-letter code: ACT) (formula:  $C_2H_3O_2$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	В	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0
9	В	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0
9	В	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0
9	В	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0

 $\bullet$  Molecule 10 is SODIUM ION (three-letter code: NA) (formula: Na).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
10	В	1	Total Na 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 11 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
11	A	372	Total O 372 372	0	0

Continued on next page...



Continued from previous page...

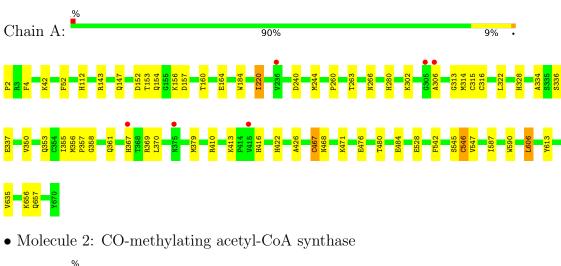
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
11	В	511	Total O 511 511	0	0

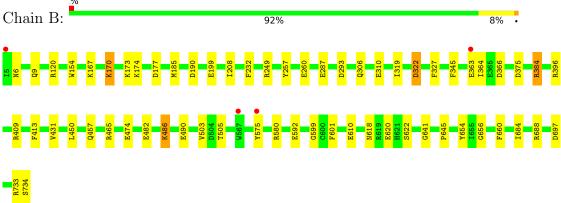


# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Carbon monoxide dehydrogenase







# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 61 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants	141.59Å 141.59Å 290.12Å	Donositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $120.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	48.35 - 2.04	Depositor
rtesolution (A)	48.35 - 1.93	EDS
% Data completeness	100.0 (48.35-2.04)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.9 (48.35-1.93)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.33 (at 1.92Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.18.2_3874	Depositor
D D.	0.174 , 0.199	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.174 , $0.198$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1356 reflections $(1.05\%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	35.9	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.306	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	(Not available), (Not available)	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$  <  L  > = 0.51, < L^2 > = 0.34$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	11930	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	41.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 2.80% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NA, MRD, RQM, MPD, OH, ACT, SF4, NI

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bo	ond angles
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	A	0.47	0/5259	0.56	1/7118 (0.0%)
2	В	0.46	0/5992	0.57	0/8108
All	All	0.47	0/11251	0.57	$1/15226 \ (0.0\%)$

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	3

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	A	590	TRP	CA-CB-CG	5.53	124.21	113.70

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	545	SER	Mainchain
1	A	546[B]	CYS	Mainchain

#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen



atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	5147	0	5169	45	0
2	В	5834	0	5826	51	0
3	A	9	0	0	1	0
4	A	12	0	0	0	0
4	В	8	0	0	0	0
5	A	2	0	0	1	0
6	A	8	0	14	0	0
7	A	8	0	14	1	0
8	В	2	0	0	0	0
9	В	16	0	12	1	0
10	В	1	0	0	0	0
11	A	372	0	0	7	1
11	В	511	0	0	21	1
All	All	11930	0	11035	94	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

The worst 5 of 94 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:641:GLY:O	11:B:901:HOH:O	1.85	0.95
1:A:528:GLU:OE2	11:A:801:HOH:O	1.85	0.94
1:A:367:HIS:HE1	1:A:413:LYS:HE3	1.32	0.92
2:B:260:GLU:OE1	11:B:903:HOH:O	1.87	0.91
2:B:592:GLU:OE1	11:B:904:HOH:O	1.91	0.88

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{array}{ll}  ext{Interatomic} \  ext{distance} \ ( ext{Å}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned}  ext{Clash} \  ext{overlap } ( ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
11:A:1001:HOH:O	11:B:1312:HOH:O[6_455]	2.09	0.11



### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	$\mathbf{ntiles}$
1	A	671/669 (100%)	644 (96%)	25 (4%)	2 (0%)	41	31
2	В	737/730 (101%)	726 (98%)	9 (1%)	2 (0%)	41	31
All	All	1408/1399 (101%)	1370 (97%)	34 (2%)	4 (0%)	41	31

All (4) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	В	190	ASP
2	В	599	GLY
1	A	266	ASN
1	A	353	GLN

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	552/548 (101%)	544 (99%)	8 (1%)	67	65
2	В	621/612 (102%)	610 (98%)	11 (2%)	59	55
All	All	1173/1160 (101%)	1154 (98%)	19 (2%)	62	59

5 of 19 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	В	384	ARG
2	В	601	PHE

Continued on next page...



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	В	697	ASP
2	В	486	LYS
2	В	170	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 7 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	367	HIS
2	В	6	ASN
2	В	680	GLN
2	В	306	GLN
1	A	361	GLN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 15 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are modelled with single atom and 3 are monoatomic - leaving 10 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).



Mol	Tuno	Chain	Res	Link	В	Bond lengths Bond angle			gles	
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
9	ACT	В	807	-	3,3,3	0.53	0	3,3,3	1.31	0
6	MRD	A	706	-	7,7,7	0.20	0	9,10,10	0.21	0
9	ACT	В	806	-	3,3,3	1.82	1 (33%)	3,3,3	1.19	0
4	SF4	В	802	2	0,12,12	-	-	-		
4	SF4	A	702	1	0,4,12	-	-	-		
3	RQM	A	701	5,1	0,12,12	-	-	-		
9	ACT	В	805	-	3,3,3	1.50	0	3,3,3	1.22	0
7	MPD	A	707	-	7,7,7	0.30	0	9,10,10	0.88	0
9	ACT	В	804	8	3,3,3	1.58	1 (33%)	3,3,3	1.32	0
4	SF4	A	703	1	0,12,12	-	-	-		

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	MRD	A	706	-	-	3/5/5/5	-
4	SF4	В	802	2	-	-	0/6/5/5
4	SF4	A	702	1	-	-	0/1/1/5
3	RQM	A	701	5,1	-	-	0/4/4/4
7	MPD	A	707	-	-	0/5/5/5	-
4	SF4	A	703	1	-	-	0/6/5/5

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}( ext{\AA})$
9	В	806	ACT	СН3-С	2.49	1.59	1.49
9	В	804	ACT	СН3-С	2.38	1.59	1.49

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
6	A	706	MRD	O2-C2-C3-C4
6	A	706	MRD	C1-C2-C3-C4
6	A	706	MRD	CM-C2-C3-C4

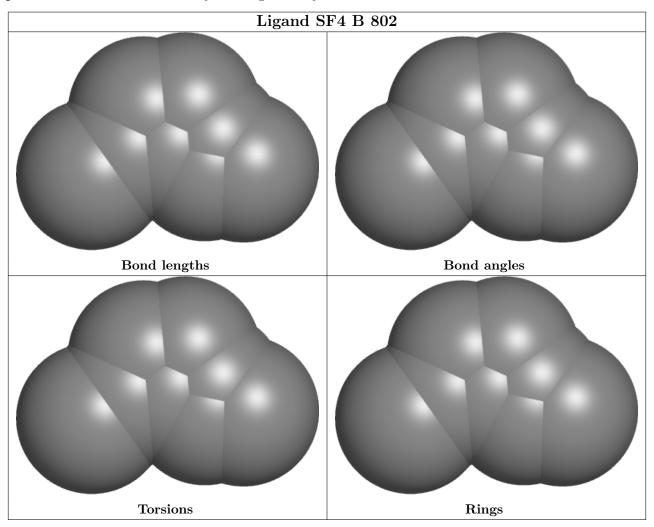
There are no ring outliers.



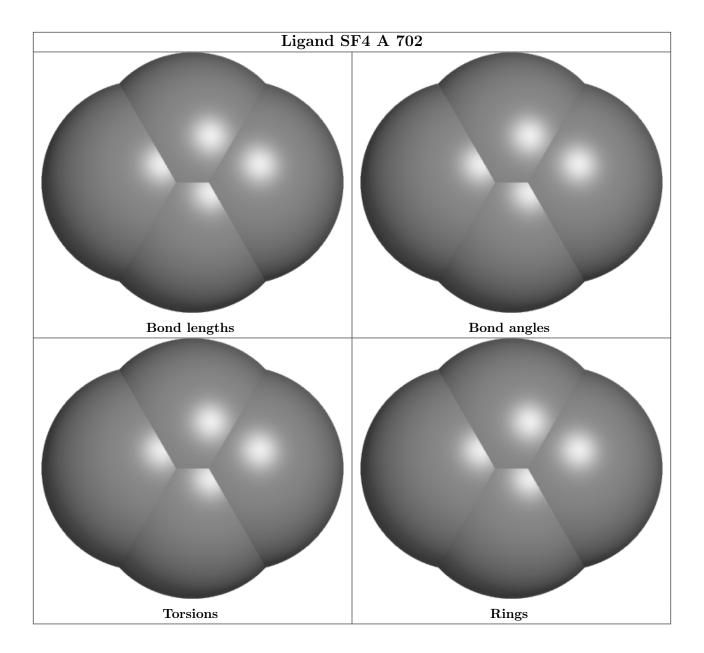
3 monomers are involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	701	RQM	1	0
7	A	707	MPD	1	0
9	В	804	ACT	1	0

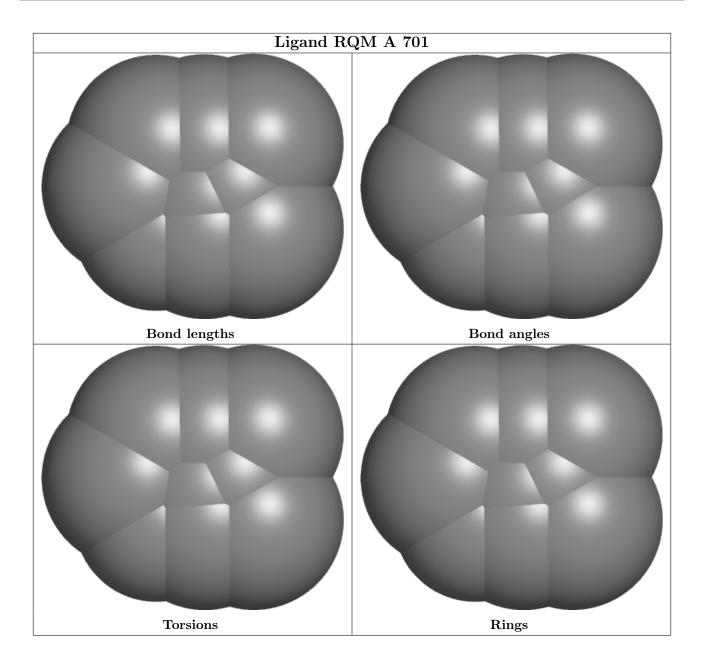
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



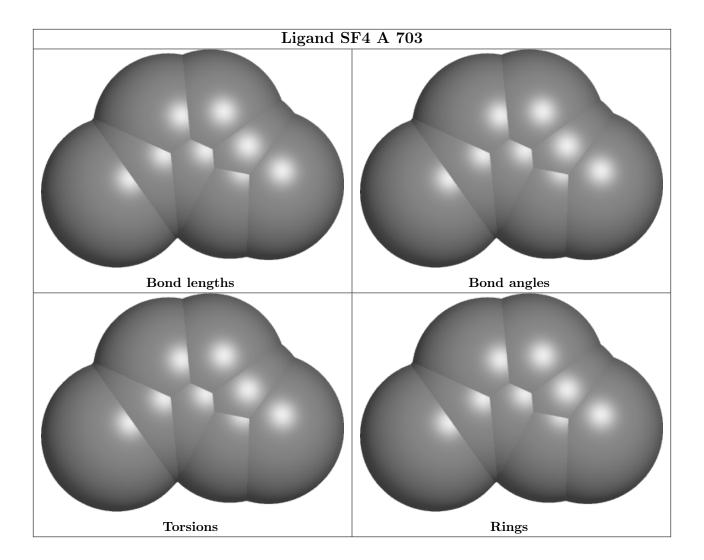












# 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$		$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9	
1	A	669/669 (100%)	-0.30	6 (0%)	84	86	26, 40, 63, 93	0
2	В	730/730 (100%)	-0.63	4 (0%)	91	92	25, 38, 56, 85	0
All	All	1399/1399 (100%)	-0.47	10 (0%)	87	89	25, 39, 60, 93	0

The worst 5 of 10 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	В	575	TYR	3.6
2	В	363	GLU	3.6
1	A	305	GLY	3.1
1	A	367	HIS	3.1
1	A	306	ALA	2.8

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

#### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



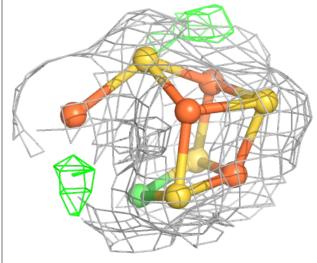
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
5	ОН	A	705	1/1	0.72	0.44	50,50,50,50	0
9	ACT	В	807	4/4	0.79	0.16	49,59,61,74	0
9	ACT	В	806	4/4	0.83	0.19	55,65,75,76	0
7	MPD	A	707	8/8	0.88	0.15	55,59,71,72	0
6	MRD	A	706	8/8	0.90	0.24	49,66,71,79	0
5	ОН	A	704	1/1	0.95	0.18	46,46,46,46	0
3	RQM	A	701	9/9	0.97	0.11	35,43,51,53	8
9	ACT	В	805	4/4	0.97	0.15	54,54,60,64	0
4	SF4	A	702	4/8	0.98	0.06	31,31,32,33	0
10	NA	В	808	1/1	0.98	0.07	34,34,34,34	0
4	SF4	A	703	8/8	0.99	0.08	29,30,31,31	0
4	SF4	В	802	8/8	0.99	0.05	33,34,36,36	0
8	NI	В	801	1/1	0.99	0.07	33,33,33,33	0
9	ACT	В	804	4/4	0.99	0.13	32,38,39,42	0
8	NI	В	803	1/1	1.00	0.04	40,40,40,40	0

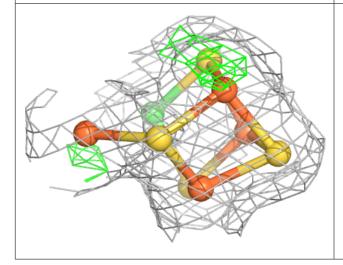
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

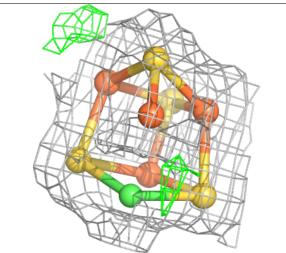


# Electron density around RQM A 701:

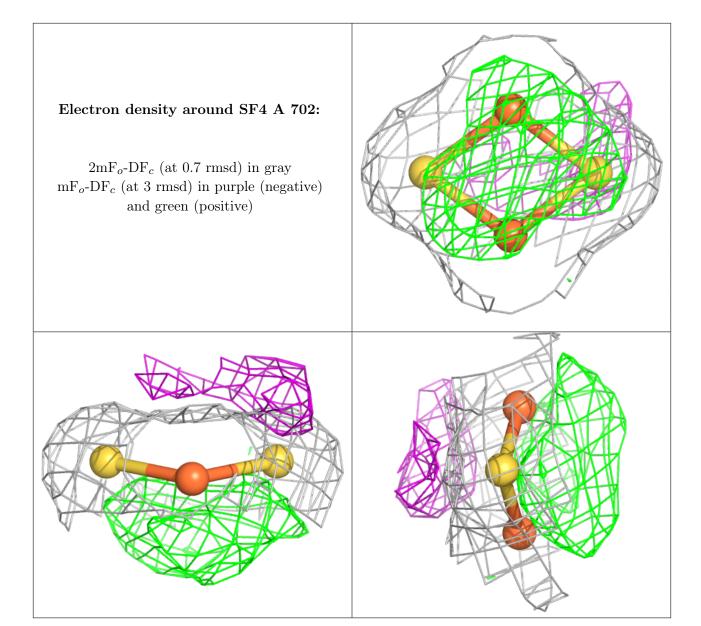
 $2 \text{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  $\text{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



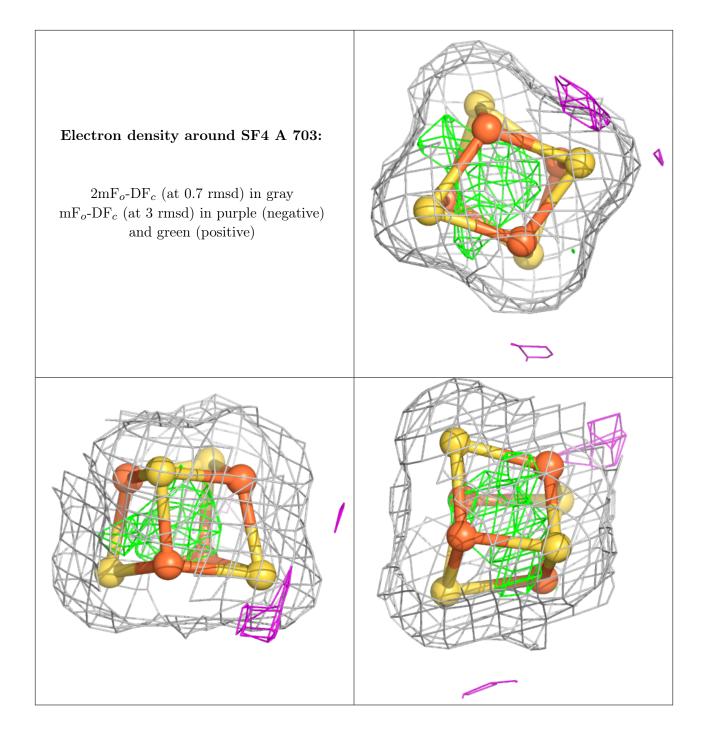








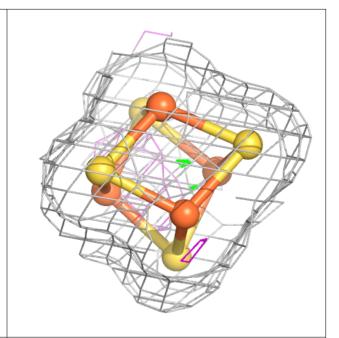


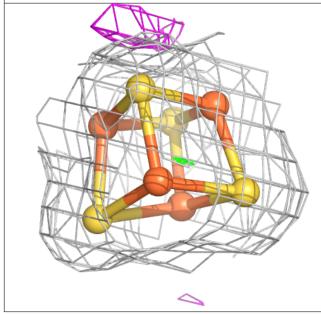


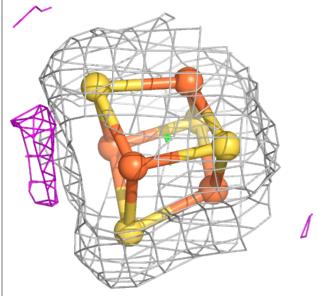


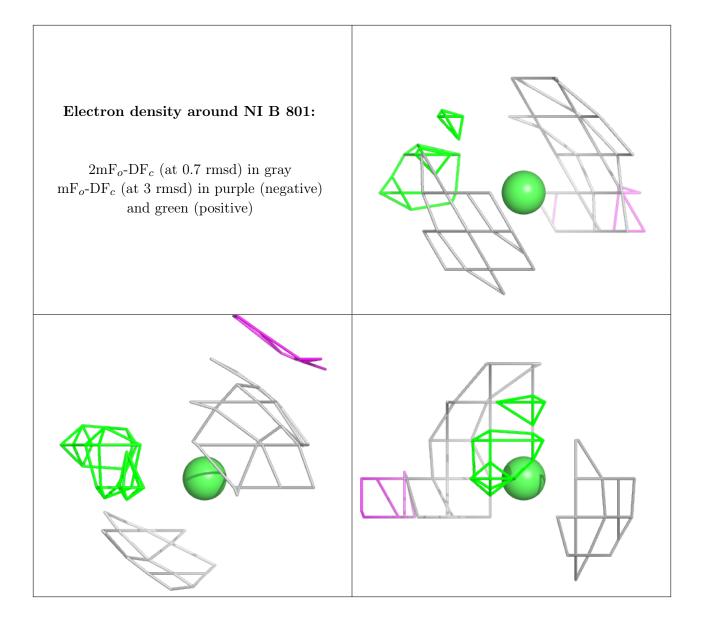
#### Electron density around SF4 B 802:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

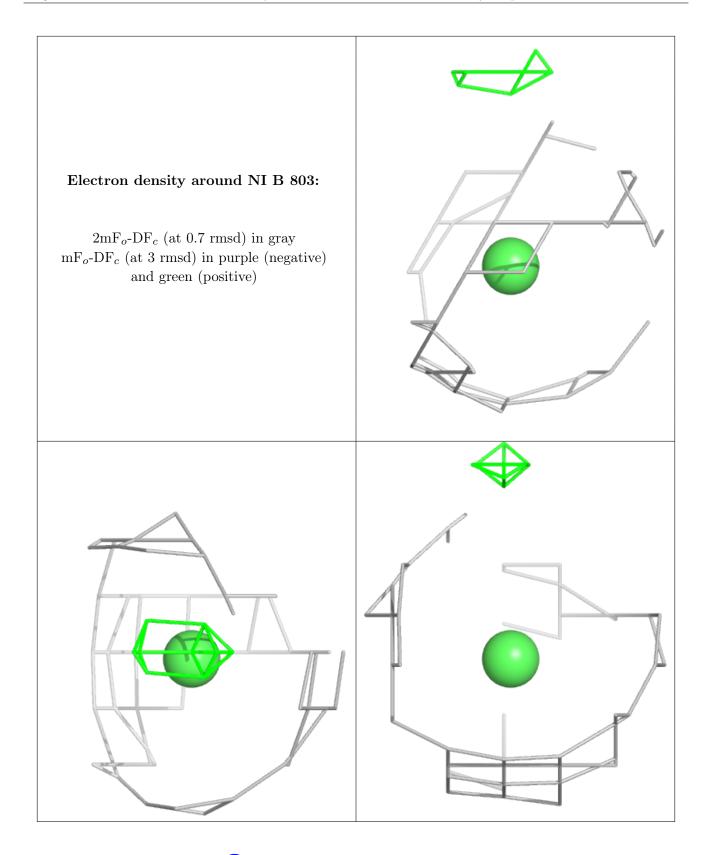












# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

