

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Nov 14, 2023 – 04:21 PM JST

PDB ID : 5ZPT

Title : Copper amine oxidase from Arthrobacter globiformis anaerobically reduced by

phenylethylamine at pH 10 at 288 K (2)

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Deposited on : 2018-04-16

Resolution : 1.90 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.36

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

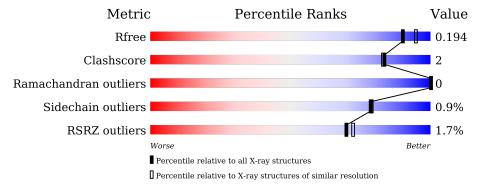
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Wietric	$(\# ext{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
R_{free}	130704	6207 (1.90-1.90)
Clashscore	141614	6847 (1.90-1.90)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	6760 (1.90-1.90)
Sidechain outliers	138945	6760 (1.90-1.90)
RSRZ outliers	127900	6082 (1.90-1.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	A	620	94%	6%
1	В	620	95%	5%



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 10893 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

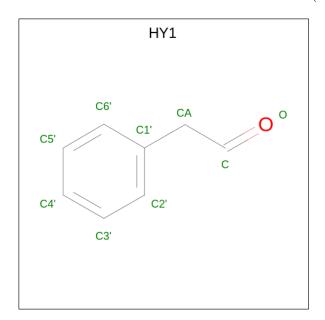
• Molecule 1 is a protein called Phenylethylamine oxidase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	Λ	620	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1		020	4929	3114	872	934	9	U	9	
1	R	620	Total	С	N	О	S	0	Q	0
	020	4912	3107	862	934	9		0		

• Molecule 2 is COPPER (II) ION (three-letter code: CU) (formula: Cu).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total Cu 1 1	0	0
2	В	1	Total Cu 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 3 is PHENYLACETALDEHYDE (three-letter code: HY1) (formula: C₈H₈O).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total C O 9 8 1	0	0
3	В	1	Total C O 9 8 1	0	0

 \bullet Molecule 4 is SODIUM ION (three-letter code: NA) (formula: Na).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	2	Total Na 2 2	0	0
4	В	1	Total Na 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 5 is water.

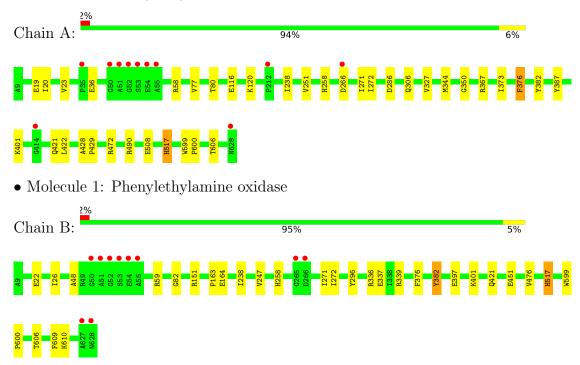
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	517	Total O 517 517	0	0
5	В	512	Total O 512 512	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Phenylethylamine oxidase





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	193.27Å 64.85Å 159.12Å	Donogiton
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 117.10° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	47.63 - 1.90	Depositor
Resolution (A)	47.63 - 1.90	EDS
% Data completeness	99.8 (47.63-1.90)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.9 (47.63-1.90)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.15	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	4.13 (at 1.90Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.10.1_2155	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.162 , 0.194	Depositor
it, it free	0.162 , 0.194	DCC
R_{free} test set	6821 reflections (4.94%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	17.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.070	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.34, 56.9	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L > = 0.50, < L^2> = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	10893	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	21.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 76.98 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 9.3434e-07. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CU, NA, TYQ, HY1

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles	
Moi Chair		RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	A	0.38	0/5063	0.58	0/6889
1	В	0.38	0/5043	0.59	0/6865
All	All	0.38	0/10106	0.58	0/13754

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4929	0	4783	21	0
1	В	4912	0	4763	25	0
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
2	В	1	0	0	0	0
3	A	9	0	8	0	0
3	В	9	0	8	0	0
4	A	2	0	0	0	0
4	В	1	0	0	0	0
5	A	517	0	0	5	1
5	В	512	0	0	10	0
All	All	10893	0	9562	46	1



The all-atom clash score is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clash score for this structure is 2.

All (46) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
		distance (Å)	overlap (Å)
1:B:610:LYS:NZ	5:B:801:HOH:O	2.06	0.83
1:A:238:ILE:HG13	1:A:344:MET:HE1	1.68	0.76
1:B:59:ARG:NH2	5:B:807:HOH:O	2.26	0.67
1:A:490[B]:ARG:NH2	5:A:804:HOH:O	2.29	0.65
1:A:599:TRP:CD2	1:A:600:PRO:HA	2.33	0.64
1:B:337:GLU:OE2	5:B:802:HOH:O	2.15	0.64
1:B:382:TYQ:N5	5:B:810:HOH:O	2.31	0.62
1:B:599:TRP:CD2	1:B:600:PRO:HA	2.35	0.61
1:B:397:GLU:HG3	1:B:610:LYS:CD	2.33	0.58
1:B:609:PHE:O	1:B:610:LYS:HD3	2.04	0.57
1:B:609:PHE:C	1:B:610:LYS:HD3	2.25	0.56
1:B:258:HIS:HD2	5:B:1047:HOH:O	1.89	0.54
1:B:337:GLU:OE1	1:B:339:ARG:NH1	2.41	0.54
1:B:517:HIS:HE1	1:B:610:LYS:HE3	1.72	0.53
1:A:344:MET:HE3	1:A:373:ILE:HG12	1.91	0.52
1:A:20:ILE:HD12	1:A:327:VAL:HG12	1.93	0.51
1:B:296:TYR:HE2	5:B:817:HOH:O	1.92	0.51
1:A:401:LYS:HG2	1:A:606:THR:HG22	1.93	0.51
1:B:22:GLU:OE2	5:B:803:HOH:O	2.18	0.51
1:A:508[B]:GLU:OE1	5:A:801:HOH:O	2.19	0.49
1:B:397:GLU:HG3	1:B:610:LYS:HD2	1.94	0.49
1:A:376:PHE:HE2	1:A:387:TYR:HH	1.61	0.48
1:A:421:GLN:NE2	5:A:822:HOH:O	2.46	0.48
1:A:116:GLU:O	1:A:120:LYS:HG2	2.14	0.48
1:A:271:ILE:HG22	1:A:272:ILE:HG13	1.96	0.48
1:A:19:GLU:O	1:A:23:VAL:HG23	2.14	0.47
1:A:517:HIS:HE1	5:A:1239:HOH:O	1.98	0.47
1:B:421:GLN:NE2	5:B:809:HOH:O	2.31	0.47
1:A:422:LEU:HD11	1:A:428:ALA:HB2	1.97	0.47
1:B:337:GLU:CD	1:B:339:ARG:NH1	2.69	0.46
1:A:58:ARG:H	1:A:80:THR:CG2	2.29	0.45
1:B:401:LYS:HG2	1:B:606:THR:HG22	1.98	0.45
1:A:258:HIS:HD2	5:A:1087:HOH:O	2.00	0.44
1:B:238:ILE:HD13	1:B:247:VAL:HG23	1.99	0.43
1:B:397:GLU:HG3	1:B:610:LYS:HD3	1.99	0.42
1:B:258:HIS:HE1	5:B:1266:HOH:O	2.02	0.42
1:A:36:GLU:OE1	1:A:36:GLU:N	2.44	0.42

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COHABABACA		DIEUIUU	DUIUE
0 0 1000100000			

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{aligned} ext{Interatomic} \ ext{distance} & (ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:350:GLY:HA2	1:A:367:ARG:NH2	2.35	0.41
1:B:271:ILE:HG22	1:B:272:ILE:HG13	2.01	0.41
1:B:48:ALA:N	5:B:807:HOH:O	2.53	0.41
1:A:286:ASP:HB2	1:A:429:PRO:HB3	2.02	0.41
1:B:163:PRO:HB2	1:B:164:GLU:OE2	2.21	0.41
1:A:251:VAL:CG2	1:A:306:GLN:HB3	2.51	0.41
1:B:26:ILE:HD11	1:B:82:GLY:HA2	2.02	0.40
1:B:451:GLU:HG2	1:B:476:VAL:HG22	2.04	0.40
1:A:344:MET:CE	1:A:373:ILE:HG12	2.51	0.40

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
5:A:1129:HOH:O	5:A:1194:HOH:O[2_555]	2.16	0.04

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	$626/620 \; (101\%)$	606 (97%)	20 (3%)	0	100 100
1	В	$625/620 \; (101\%)$	607 (97%)	18 (3%)	0	100 100
All	All	1251/1240 (101%)	1213 (97%)	38 (3%)	0	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.



The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	$522/513\ (102\%)$	516 (99%)	6 (1%)	73	73
1	В	$521/513 \; (102\%)$	517 (99%)	4 (1%)	81	82
All	All	$1043/1026 \ (102\%)$	1033 (99%)	10 (1%)	78	76

All (10) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	77	VAL
1	A	266	ASP
1	A	376	PHE
1	A	472[A]	ARG
1	A	472[B]	ARG
1	A	517	HIS
1	В	151	ARG
1	В	336	ARG
1	В	376	PHE
1	В	517	HIS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (7) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	258	HIS
1	A	517	HIS
1	A	559	ASN
1	В	258	HIS
1	В	421	GLN
1	В	517	HIS
1	В	580	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

2 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul



statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res Link		Chain Res		Bo	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	cles
MIOI	туре	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2		
1	TYQ	A	382	2,1	13,14,15	1.28	1 (7%)	15,19,21	1.59	3 (20%)		
1	TYQ	В	382	2,1	13,14,15	1.18	2 (15%)	15,19,21	1.64	3 (20%)		

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	TYQ	A	382	2,1	-	3/5/6/8	0/1/1/1
1	TYQ	В	382	2,1	-	2/5/6/8	0/1/1/1

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$Ideal(\AA)$
1	A	382	TYQ	CE1-CD1	2.84	1.42	1.38
1	В	382	TYQ	CB-CG	-2.25	1.48	1.51
1	В	382	TYQ	CE1-CD1	2.21	1.42	1.38

All (6) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	В	382	TYQ	CB-CA-C	-3.84	104.26	111.47
1	A	382	TYQ	CG-CB-CA	-3.62	108.93	114.53
1	В	382	TYQ	CG-CB-CA	-3.03	109.83	114.53
1	A	382	TYQ	CB-CG-CD1	2.83	123.91	120.95
1	В	382	TYQ	OH-CZ-CE2	2.38	120.24	116.25
1	A	382	TYQ	CB-CA-C	-2.03	107.67	111.47

There are no chirality outliers.

All (5) torsion outliers are listed below:

\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Res	Type	${f Atoms}$
1	A	382	TYQ	C-CA-CB-CG

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
1	В	382	TYQ	C-CA-CB-CG
1	В	382	TYQ	N-CA-CB-CG
1	A	382	TYQ	N-CA-CB-CG
1	A	382	TYQ	CA-CB-CG-CD2

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	В	382	TYQ	1	0

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 7 ligands modelled in this entry, 5 are monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trino	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Dag	Link	В	Bond lengths			ond ang	cles
IVIOI	Type		nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2						
3	HY1	В	703	-	9,9,9	1.39	1 (11%)	10,10,10	2.00	1 (10%)						
3	HY1	A	702	-	9,9,9	1.35	1 (11%)	10,10,10	2.04	1 (10%)						

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	HY1	В	703	-	-	1/3/3/3	0/1/1/1
3	HY1	A	702	-	-	1/3/3/3	0/1/1/1



All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
3	В	703	HY1	O-C	3.74	1.41	1.19
3	A	702	HY1	O-C	3.64	1.40	1.19

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^{o})$
3	A	702	HY1	O-C-CA	-6.12	109.55	126.64
3	В	703	HY1	O-C-CA	-6.06	109.71	126.64

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	702	HY1	O-C-CA-C1'
3	В	703	HY1	O-C-CA-C1'

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle { m RSRZ} \rangle$	$\# \mathbf{RSRZ} >$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$		Q < 0.9
1	A	619/620 (99%)	-0.32	11 (1%) 68	71	6, 17, 38, 140	0
1	В	619/620 (99%)	-0.33	10 (1%) 72	74	6, 17, 40, 139	0
All	All	1238/1240 (99%)	-0.33	21 (1%) 70	72	6, 17, 39, 140	0

All (21) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	53	SER	9.1
1	В	53	SER	8.7
1	В	52	GLY	8.2
1	A	52	GLY	7.0
1	В	54	GLU	6.3
1	В	50	GLY	4.8
1	В	627	ALA	4.5
1	A	54	GLU	4.4
1	В	55	ALA	3.7
1	A	55	ALA	3.5
1	A	51	ALA	3.0
1	A	628	ASN	2.8
1	A	414	GLY	2.5
1	A	35	PRO	2.4
1	A	266	ASP	2.3
1	В	51	ALA	2.3
1	В	628	ASN	2.2
1	A	212	PRO	2.2
1	A	50	GLY	2.1
1	В	265	GLY	2.1
1	В	266	ASP	2.0



6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
1	TYQ	В	382	14/15	0.92	0.13	13,21,35,42	0
1	TYQ	A	382	14/15	0.94	0.12	11,16,25,30	0

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	HY1	В	703	9/9	0.84	0.19	29,29,41,41	0
3	HY1	A	702	9/9	0.96	0.08	15,18,27,28	0
4	NA	A	704	1/1	0.97	0.07	15,15,15,15	0
4	NA	A	703	1/1	0.98	0.05	6,6,6,6	0
2	CU	В	701	1/1	0.99	0.08	14,14,14,14	0
4	NA	В	702	1/1	0.99	0.08	7,7,7,7	0
2	CU	A	701	1/1	1.00	0.07	11,11,11,11	0

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

