



## wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Nov 20, 2022 – 03:39 pm GMT

PDB ID : 3ZX8  
EMDB ID : EMD-1863  
Title : Cryo-EM reconstruction of native and expanded Turnip Crinkle virus  
Authors : Bakker, S.E.; Robottom, J.; Hogle, J.M.; Maeda, A.; Pearson, A.R.; Stockley, P.G.; Ranson, N.A.; Harrison, S.C.  
Deposited on : 2011-08-08  
Resolution : 11.50 Å(reported)

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We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev43  
MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
MapQ : 1.9.9  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.31.2

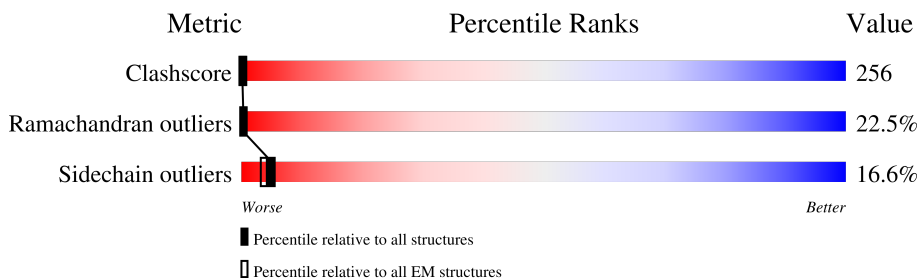
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*ELECTRON MICROSCOPY*

The reported resolution of this entry is 11.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion  $< 40\%$ ). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	347	
1	B	347	
1	C	347	

## 2 Entry composition

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 6290 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called CAPSID PROTEIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	A	267	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2026	1280	344	397	5		
1	B	267	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2026	1280	344	397	5		
1	C	295	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2238	1410	386	437	5		

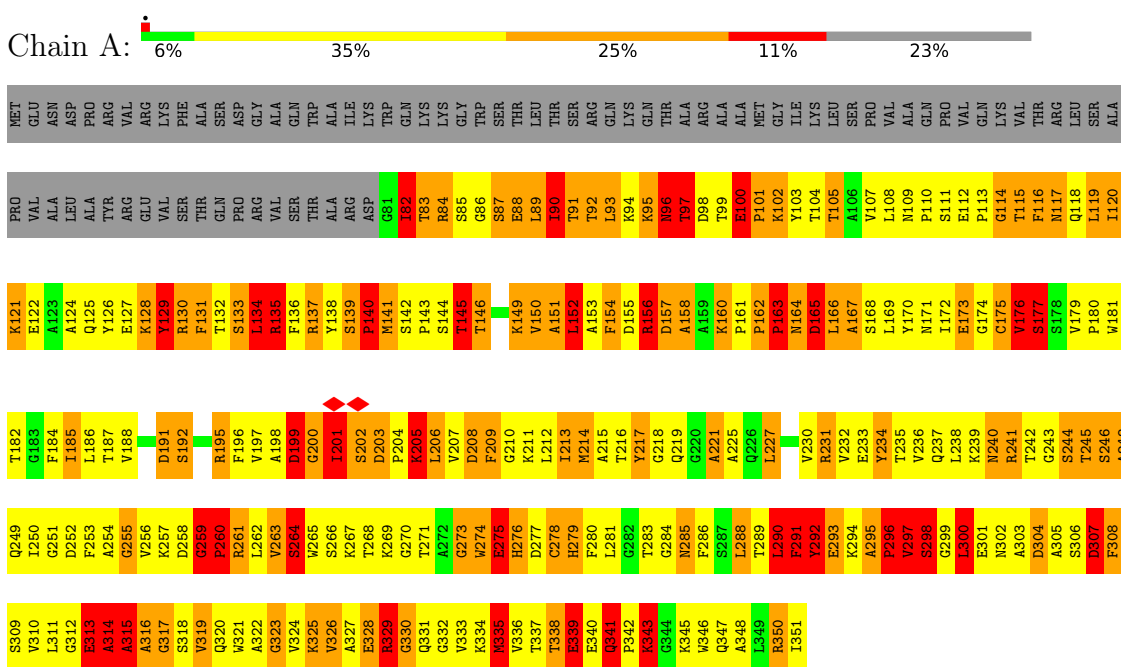
There are 15 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	?	-	ASN	deletion	UNP P06663
A	?	-	ASP	deletion	UNP P06663
A	?	-	ALA	deletion	UNP P06663
A	?	-	ASP	deletion	UNP P06663
A	346	TRP	LEU	variant	UNP P06663
B	?	-	ASN	deletion	UNP P06663
B	?	-	ASP	deletion	UNP P06663
B	?	-	ALA	deletion	UNP P06663
B	?	-	ASP	deletion	UNP P06663
B	346	TRP	LEU	variant	UNP P06663
C	?	-	ASN	deletion	UNP P06663
C	?	-	ASP	deletion	UNP P06663
C	?	-	ALA	deletion	UNP P06663
C	?	-	ASP	deletion	UNP P06663
C	346	TRP	LEU	variant	UNP P06663

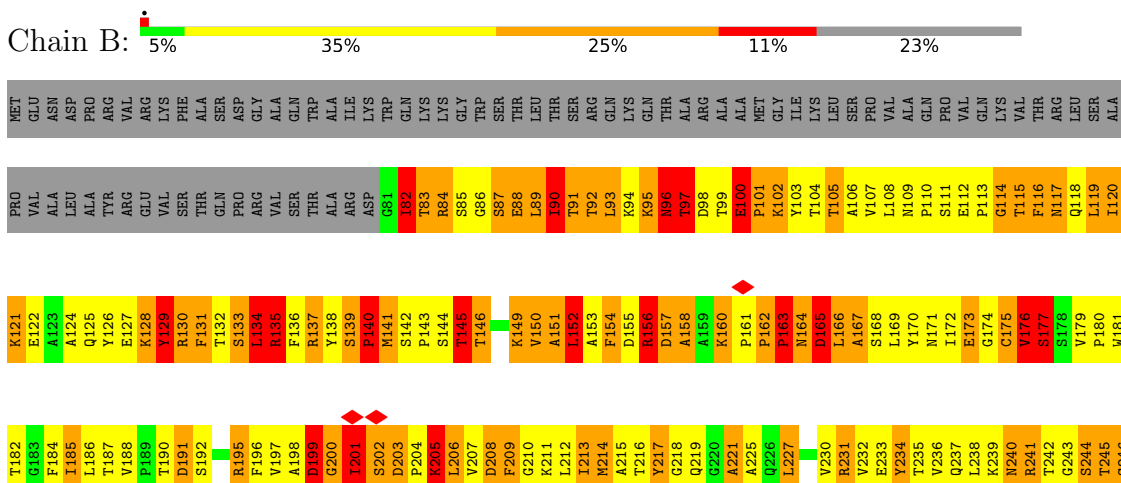
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: CAPSID PROTEIN



• Molecule 1: CAPSID PROTEIN



A248 Q249 Q250 Q251 Q252 Q253 Q254 Q255 Q256 Q257 Q258 Q259 Q260 Q261 Q262 Q263 Q264 Q265 Q266 Q267 Q268 Q269 Q270 Q271 Q272 Q273 Q274 Q275 Q276 Q277 Q278 Q279 Q280 Q281 Q282 Q283 Q284 Q285 Q286 Q287 Q288 Q289 Q290 Q291 Q292 Q293 Q294 Q295 Q296 Q297 Q298 Q299 Q300 Q301 Q302 Q303 Q304 Q305 Q306 Q307

F308 S309 V310 L311 E313 A314 A315 A316 A317 S318 V319 Q320 W321 L322 G323 V324 W325 V326 A327 E328 R329 G330 Q331 G332 V333 K334 M335 V336 T337 D338 T339 E339 E340 Q341 Q342 Q343 Q344 Q345 Q346 Q347 Q348 R349 I351

● Molecule 1: CAPSID PROTEIN



MET GLU ASN ASP ARG VAL ARG LYS PHE ALA SER ASP GLY ALA TRP ALA ILE LYS TRP GLN LYS GLY TRP SER THR LEU THR SER ARG GLN LYS THR ARG ALA MET GLY ILE LEU SER PRO VAL ALA GLN PRO VAL Q53 R54 Y55 T56 R57 L58 S59 A60

P61 Y62 A63 L64 A65 Y66 R67 E68 Y69 S70 T71 Q72 P73 R74 V75 S76 T77 A78 R79 D80 G81 R82 T83 R84 S85 G86 S87 E88 L89 I90 T91 T92 L93 K94 K95 N96 T97 D98 T99 E100 P101 K102 Y103 T104 T105 A106 V107 L108 M109 P110 S111 P112 P113 G114 T115 F116 M117 Q118 L119 I120

K121 E122 A123 L124 Q125 Y126 E127 K128 Y129 R130 F131 T132 S133 L134 R135 F136 R137 Y138 S139 P140 M141 S142 P143 S144 T145 K146 K149 V150 A151 L152 A153 F154 D155 R156 D157 A158 K159 K160 P161 P162 M164 D165 L166 S168 L169 Y170 M171 I172 I173 G174 C175 Y176 S177 V179 P180 W181

T182 G183 F184 T185 L186 T187 V188 D191 S192 R195 F196 V197 A198 D199 G200 I201 S202 D203 P204 K205 L206 V207 D208 F209 G210 K211 L212 I213 M214 A215 T216 Y217 G218 Q219 G220 A221 A222 Q226 L227 V230 R231 V232 E233 Y234 T235 V236 Q237 L238 K239 N240 R241 T242 G243 S244 T245 A246 A248

Q249 L250 G251 D252 F253 A254 G255 V256 K257 D258 Q259 R260 L262 V263 W265 S266 K267 T268 K269 G270 T271 G272 W274 E275 D276 D277 C278 H279 F280 L281 G282 N285 F286 S287 L288 T289 L290 F291 Y292 E293 A295 P296 V297 S298 G299 L300 E301 N302 A303 D304 A305 S306 F308

S309 V310 G312 E313 A314 A315 A316 G317 S318 V319 Q320 W321 A322 G323 V324 K325 V326 A327 E328 R329 G330 Q331 G332 V333 K334 M335 V336 T337 D338 T339 E339 E340 Q341 Q342 Q343 Q344 Q345 Q346 Q347 Q348 R349 I351

## 4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, I	Depositor
Number of particles used	18681	Depositor
Resolution determination method	Not provided	
CTF correction method	PHASE-FLIPPING EACH PARTICLE	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TECNAI F20	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	200	Depositor
Electron dose ( $e^-/\text{\AA}^2$ )	15	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1000	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	3500	Depositor
Magnification	52911	Depositor
Image detector	KODAK SO-163 FILM	Depositor
Maximum map value	4.292	Depositor
Minimum map value	-1.743	Depositor
Average map value	0.244	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	1.583	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.9	Depositor
Map size ( $\text{\AA}$ )	423.36, 423.36, 423.36	wwPDB
Map dimensions	320, 320, 320	wwPDB
Map angles ( $^\circ$ )	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing ( $\text{\AA}$ )	1.323, 1.323, 1.323	Depositor

## 5 Model quality i

### 5.1 Standard geometry i

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	2.49	42/2070 (2.0%)	2.48	130/2806 (4.6%)
1	B	2.49	42/2070 (2.0%)	2.48	130/2806 (4.6%)
1	C	2.51	56/2285 (2.5%)	2.46	145/3099 (4.7%)
All	All	2.50	140/6425 (2.2%)	2.47	405/8711 (4.6%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	8
1	B	0	8
1	C	0	10
All	All	0	26

The worst 5 of 140 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	201	ILE	C-N	-42.35	0.36	1.34
1	B	201	ILE	C-N	-42.34	0.36	1.34
1	C	201	ILE	C-N	-42.34	0.36	1.34
1	B	93	LEU	N-CA	-41.12	0.64	1.46
1	C	93	LEU	N-CA	-41.10	0.64	1.46

The worst 5 of 405 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	B	201	ILE	O-C-N	-59.09	28.16	122.70
1	A	201	ILE	O-C-N	-59.06	28.20	122.70
1	C	201	ILE	O-C-N	-59.04	28.24	122.70
1	A	82	ILE	O-C-N	-16.84	95.76	122.70
1	C	82	ILE	O-C-N	-16.83	95.77	122.70

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 26 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	100	GLU	Mainchain
1	A	177	SER	Mainchain
1	A	201	ILE	Mainchain
1	A	260	PRO	Mainchain
1	A	92	THR	Peptide

## 5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2026	0	1961	1032	0
1	B	2026	0	1962	1050	0
1	C	2238	0	2183	1152	0
All	All	6290	0	6106	3179	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 256.

The worst 5 of 3179 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:138:TYR:CB	1:C:184:PHE:CE1	1.75	1.66
1:B:101:PRO:CD	1:B:166:LEU:CD1	1.75	1.65
1:A:138:TYR:CB	1:A:184:PHE:CE1	1.75	1.65
1:A:114:GLY:HA2	1:A:283:THR:CG2	1.25	1.64
1:A:138:TYR:HB2	1:A:184:PHE:CZ	1.15	1.63

There are no symmetry-related clashes.



## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	263/347 (76%)	144 (55%)	60 (23%)	59 (22%)	0	1
1	B	263/347 (76%)	144 (55%)	60 (23%)	59 (22%)	0	1
1	C	291/347 (84%)	161 (55%)	64 (22%)	66 (23%)	0	2
All	All	817/1041 (78%)	449 (55%)	184 (22%)	184 (22%)	0	1

5 of 184 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	83	THR
1	A	87	SER
1	A	90	ILE
1	A	95	LYS
1	A	96	ASN

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	215/282 (76%)	178 (83%)	37 (17%)	2	11
1	B	215/282 (76%)	179 (83%)	36 (17%)	2	12
1	C	238/282 (84%)	200 (84%)	38 (16%)	2	13
All	All	668/846 (79%)	557 (83%)	111 (17%)	5	12

5 of 111 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	199	ASP
1	C	339	GLU
1	B	313	GLU
1	C	313	GLU
1	C	213	ILE

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 33 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	226	GLN
1	C	237	GLN
1	C	341	GLN
1	B	109	ASN
1	B	96	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

### 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

The following chains have linkage breaks:

Mol	Chain	Number of breaks
1	C	22
1	A	21
1	B	21

The worst 5 of 64 chain breaks are listed below:

Model	Chain	Residue-1	Atom-1	Residue-2	Atom-2	Distance (Å)
1	A	248:ALA	C	249:GLN	N	7.68
1	B	248:ALA	C	249:GLN	N	6.89
1	C	248:ALA	C	249:GLN	N	2.35
1	A	259:GLY	C	260:PRO	N	1.97
1	B	259:GLY	C	260:PRO	N	1.97

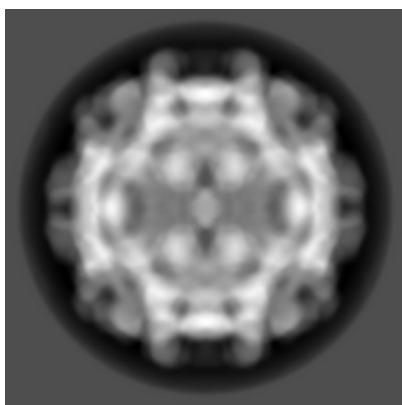
## 6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-1863. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

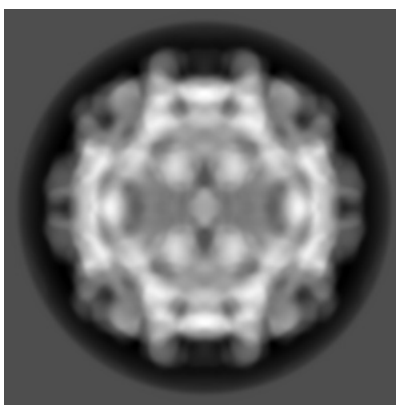
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

### 6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

#### 6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y

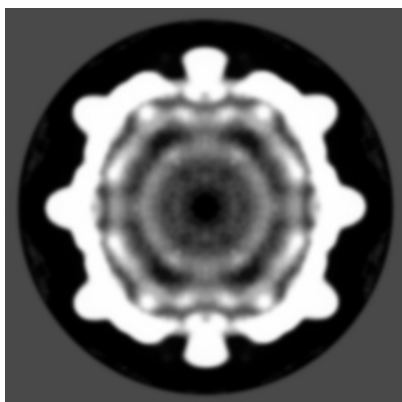


Z

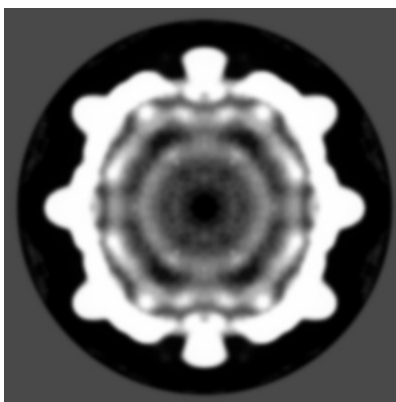
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

### 6.2 Central slices [i](#)

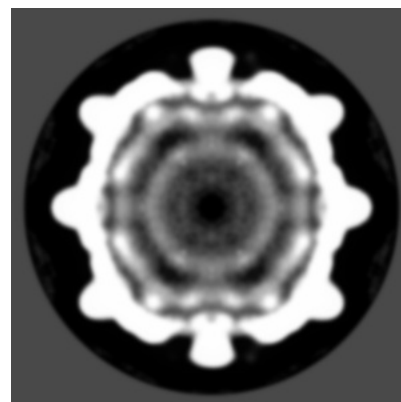
#### 6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 160



Y Index: 160

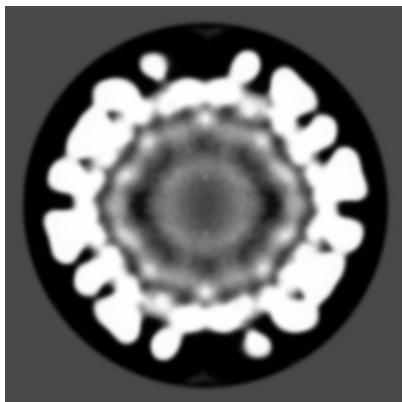


Z Index: 160

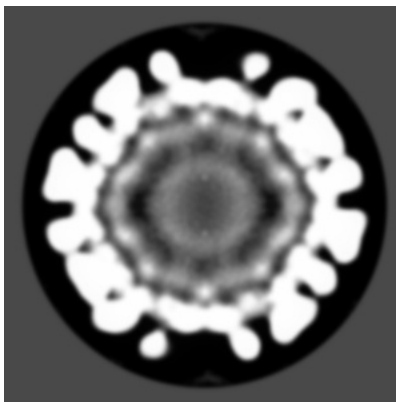
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

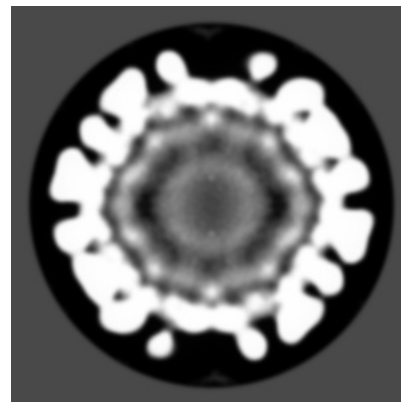
### 6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 125



Y Index: 195

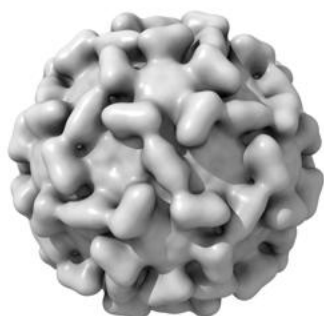


Z Index: 195

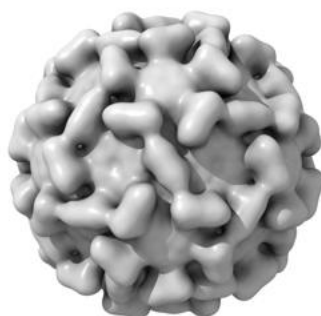
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.4 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

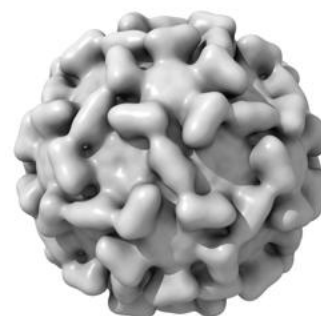
### 6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.9. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

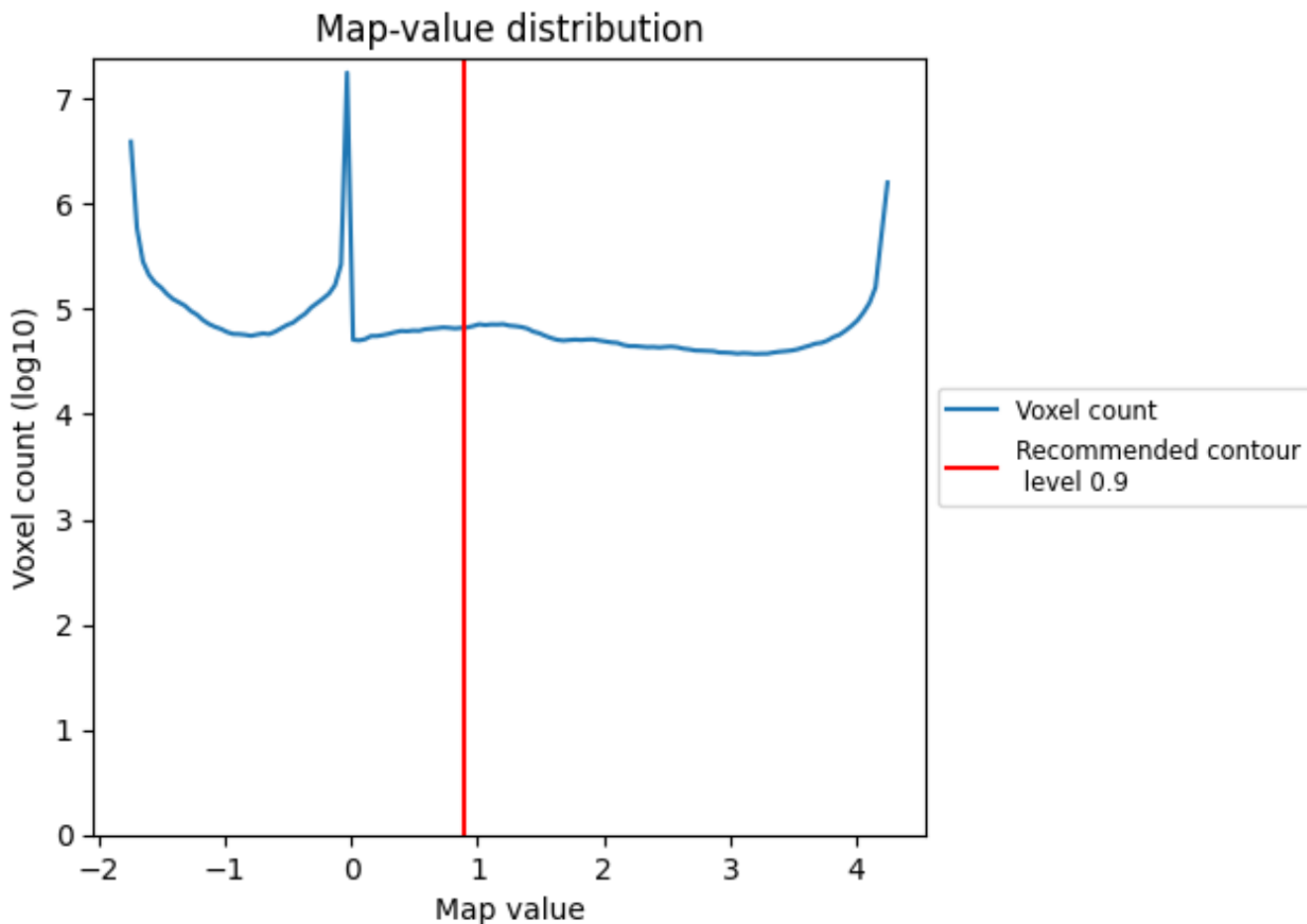
## 6.5 Mask visualisation

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

## 7 Map analysis [i](#)

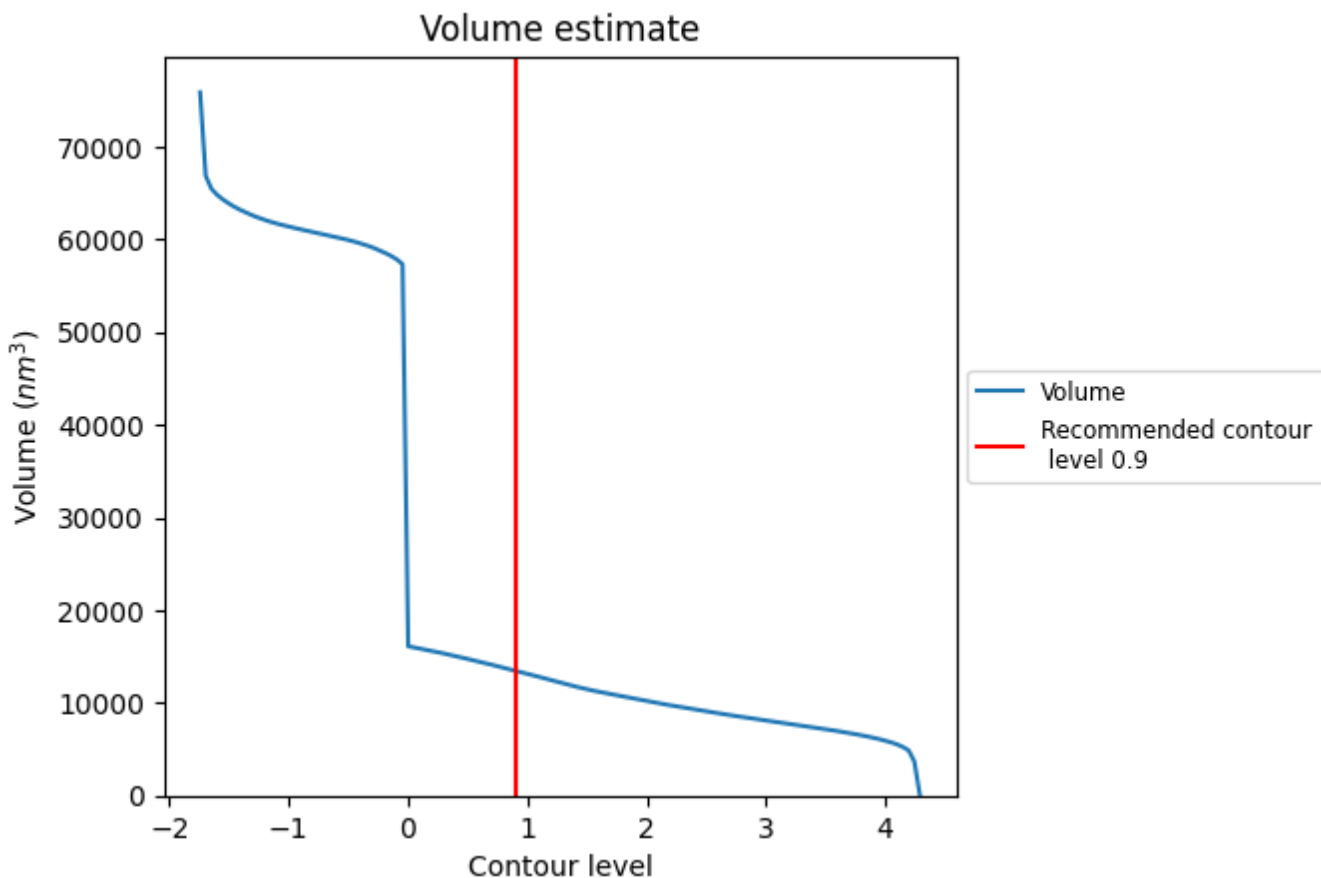
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

### 7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

## 7.2 Volume estimate [\(i\)](#)

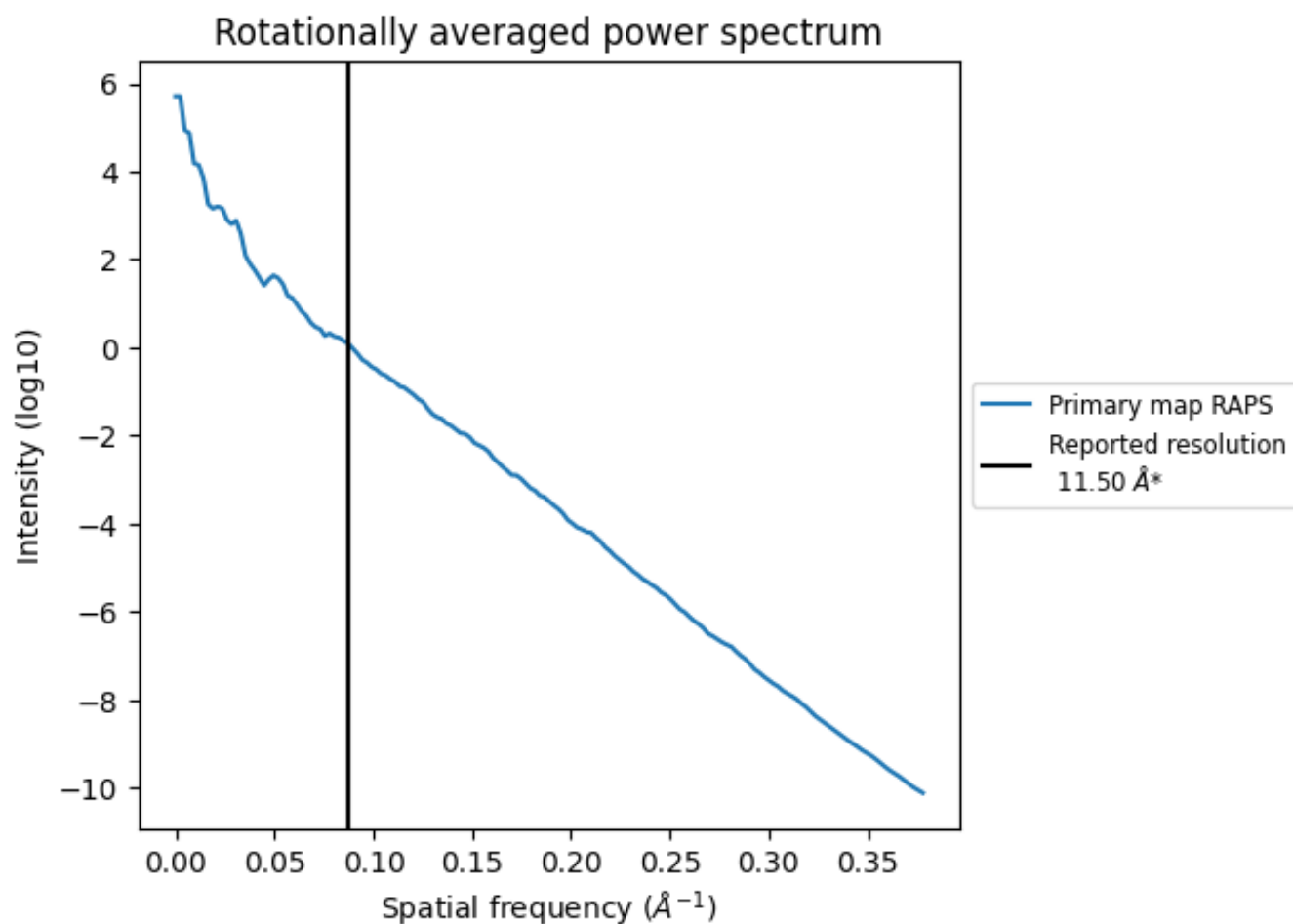


The volume at the recommended contour level is 13474 nm<sup>3</sup>; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 12172 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.



### 7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum [\(i\)](#)



\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.087 Å<sup>-1</sup>

## 8 Fourier-Shell correlation

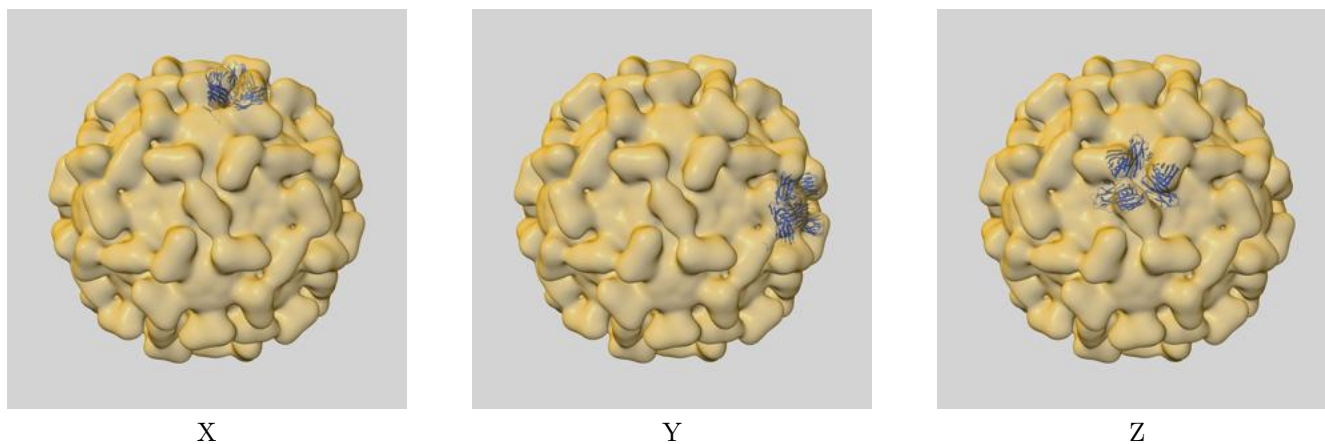
This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

## 9 Map-model fit [i](#)

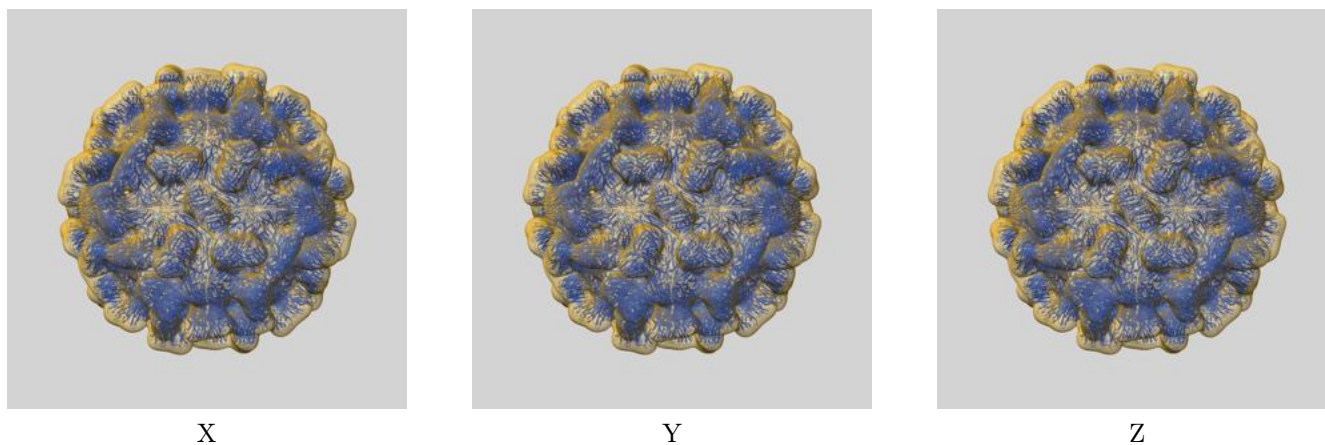
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-1863 and PDB model 3ZX8. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 4.

### 9.1 Map-model overlays

#### 9.1.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)

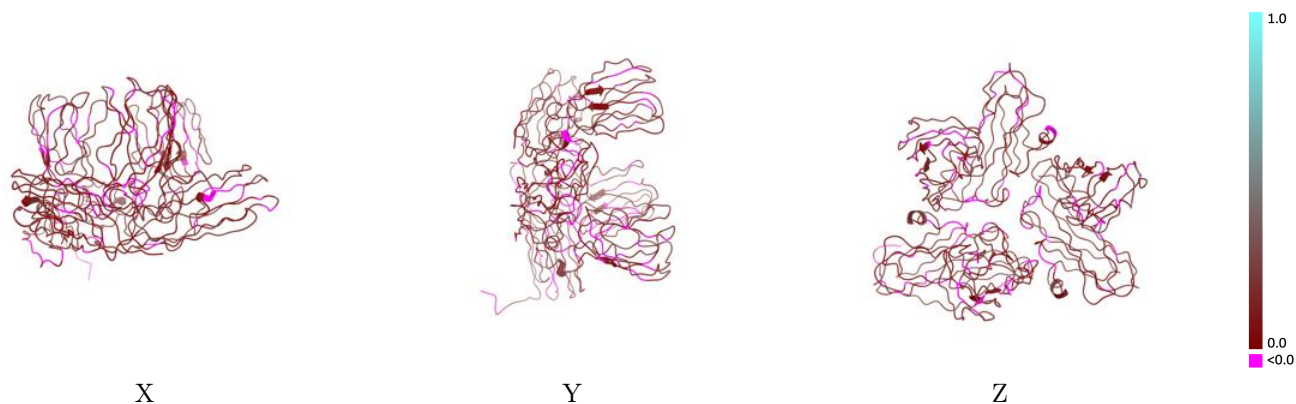


#### 9.1.2 Map-model assembly overlay [i](#)



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.9 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

## 9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [\(i\)](#)



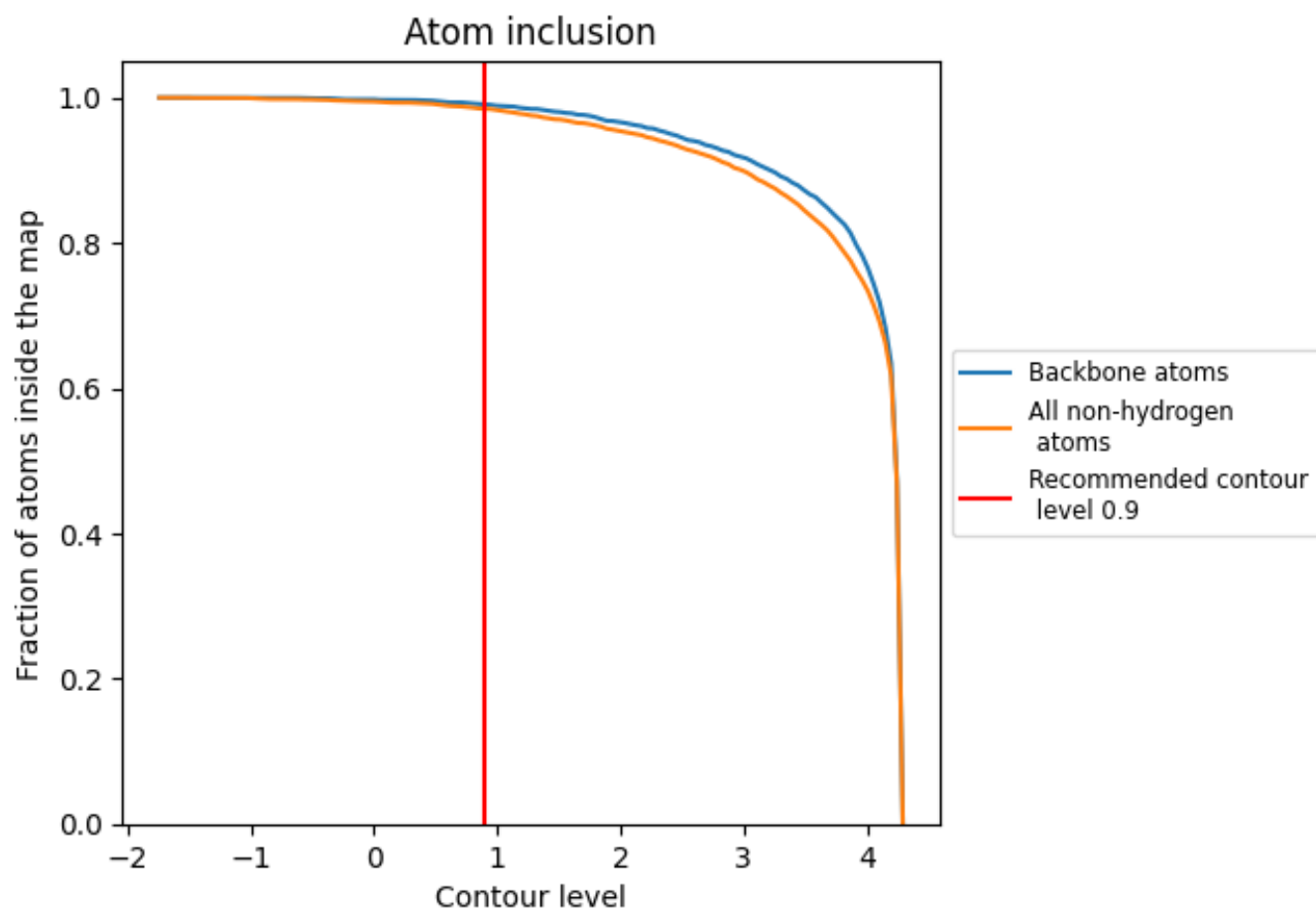
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

## 9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [\(i\)](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.9).








## 9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 99% of all backbone atoms, 98% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

## 9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.9) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.9848	 0.1130
A	 0.9905	 0.1150
B	 0.9789	 0.1160
C	 0.9850	 0.1090

