

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Feb 24, 2024 - 08:04 AM EST

PDB ID : 521P

Title : THREE-DIMENSIONAL STRUCTURES OF H-RAS P21 MUTANTS:

MOLECULAR BASIS FOR THEIR INABILITY TO FUNCTION AS SIG-

NAL SWITCH MOLECULES

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Deposited on : 1991-06-06

Resolution : 2.60 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : NOT EXECUTED

EDS : NOT EXECUTED

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

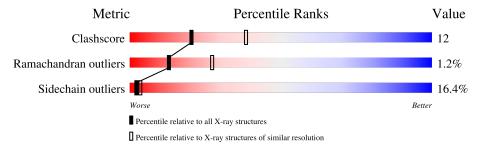
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.60 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
Clashscore	141614	3518 (2.60-2.60)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3455 (2.60-2.60)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3455 (2.60-2.60)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality	of chain	
1	A	166	51%	37%	10% •



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1360 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called H-RAS P21 PROTEIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	166	Total 1327	C 827	N 228	O 265	S 7	0	0	0

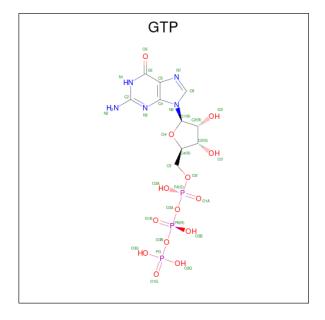
There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	12	VAL	GLY	engineered mutation	UNP P01112
A	59	THR	ALA	engineered mutation	UNP P01112

• Molecule 2 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 3 is GUANOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: GTP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{16}N_5O_{14}P_3$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf		
3	A	1	Total	C 10	N 5	O 14	P 3	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

• Molecule 1: H-RAS P21 PROTEIN





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Xtriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 32 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	40.50Å 40.50 Å 161.30 Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	(Not available) – 2.60	Depositor
% Data completeness	(Not available) ((Not available)-2.60)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	, , ,	Depositor
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
Refinement program	X-PLOR	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.214 , (Not available)	Depositor
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
Total number of atoms	1360	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	20.0	wwPDB-VP



5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GTP, MG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bo	ond angles
MOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	A	1.11	0/1346	1.99	39/1816 (2.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintenain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (39) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
1	A	64	TYR	CB-CG-CD1	12.46	128.48	121.00
1	A	64	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	-12.35	113.59	121.00
1	A	123	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-11.58	114.51	120.30
1	A	73	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.59	124.59	120.30
1	A	71	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	-8.45	115.93	121.00
1	A	71	TYR	CA-CB-CG	7.79	128.21	113.40
1	A	96	TYR	CB-CG-CD1	-7.72	116.37	121.00
1	A	68	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.48	124.04	120.30
1	A	135	ARG	CA-CB-CG	7.46	129.81	113.40
1	A	161	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-7.26	116.67	120.30
1	A	68	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-7.18	116.71	120.30
1	A	37	GLU	CA-CB-CG	7.00	128.81	113.40
1	A	44	VAL	N-CA-CB	-6.92	96.29	111.50
1	A	105	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	6.90	124.51	118.30
1	A	34	PRO	N-CD-CG	-6.89	92.86	103.20
1	A	52	LEU	CA-CB-CG	6.74	130.81	115.30

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	A	119	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	6.67	124.30	118.30
1	A	135	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.44	117.08	120.30
1	A	2	THR	CA-CB-CG2	-6.31	103.57	112.40
1	A	164	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.26	117.17	120.30
1	A	108	ASP	CA-CB-CG	6.22	127.08	113.40
1	A	128	ARG	CA-CB-CG	6.18	126.99	113.40
1	A	71	TYR	CB-CG-CD1	6.09	124.65	121.00
1	A	1	MET	CA-CB-CG	-6.01	103.08	113.30
1	A	45	VAL	CG1-CB-CG2	-5.99	101.31	110.90
1	A	164	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.96	123.28	120.30
1	A	29	VAL	CG1-CB-CG2	-5.78	101.66	110.90
1	A	62	GLU	N-CA-C	5.73	126.46	111.00
1	A	31	GLU	CA-C-N	-5.70	104.66	117.20
1	A	92	ASP	O-C-N	-5.65	113.66	122.70
1	A	4	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	-5.65	117.61	121.00
1	A	64	TYR	CA-CB-CG	5.60	124.04	113.40
1	A	114	VAL	CG1-CB-CG2	-5.55	102.03	110.90
1	A	67	MET	CA-CB-CG	5.49	122.63	113.30
1	A	132	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.42	123.18	118.30
1	A	137	TYR	CA-CB-CG	5.41	123.68	113.40
1	A	109	VAL	CA-CB-CG1	-5.37	102.85	110.90
1	A	63	GLU	CA-CB-CG	5.27	124.99	113.40
1	A	92	ASP	CA-C-N	5.08	128.37	117.20

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	137	TYR	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1327	0	1298	33	0
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
3	A	32	0	12	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
All	All	1360	0	1310	33	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 12.

All (33) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

A., 1	A. 0	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${ m distance} \ ({ m \AA})$	overlap (Å)
1:A:148:THR:HG22	1:A:150:GLN:H	1.45	0.80
1:A:62:GLU:HG3	1:A:64:TYR:HB2	1.80	0.62
1:A:41:ARG:NH2	1:A:52:LEU:HD21	2.13	0.61
1:A:61:GLN:HG3	1:A:62:GLU:N	2.15	0.61
1:A:86:ASN:HB3	1:A:89:SER:OG	2.01	0.60
1:A:87:THR:O	1:A:91:GLU:HG3	2.04	0.58
1:A:11:ALA:O	1:A:16:LYS:NZ	2.42	0.53
1:A:41:ARG:CZ	1:A:52:LEU:HD21	2.40	0.52
1:A:15:GLY:O	1:A:19:LEU:HG	2.11	0.51
1:A:26:ASN:HD21	1:A:149:ARG:NH2	2.10	0.49
1:A:148:THR:HG22	1:A:150:GLN:N	2.21	0.49
1:A:68:ARG:HG2	1:A:71:TYR:CZ	2.46	0.48
1:A:109:VAL:HG12	1:A:110:PRO:HD2	1.96	0.48
1:A:32:TYR:O	1:A:33:ASP:HB3	2.14	0.47
1:A:90:PHE:CE1	1:A:133:LEU:HD22	2.50	0.47
1:A:150:GLN:O	1:A:150:GLN:HG3	2.14	0.46
1:A:82:PHE:HD2	1:A:113:LEU:HD11	1.80	0.46
1:A:72:MET:HB3	1:A:103:VAL:HG21	1.98	0.46
1:A:142:ILE:HD11	1:A:154:ASP:HB3	1.98	0.46
1:A:99:GLN:HA	1:A:102:ARG:HB3	1.98	0.46
1:A:90:PHE:CZ	1:A:133:LEU:HD22	2.52	0.45
1:A:63:GLU:O	1:A:67:MET:SD	2.74	0.45
1:A:157:TYR:O	1:A:161:ARG:HG3	2.17	0.44
1:A:113:LEU:HD12	1:A:114:VAL:H	1.83	0.42
1:A:44:VAL:HG21	1:A:53:LEU:HD22	2.01	0.42
1:A:159:LEU:O	1:A:162:GLU:HB2	2.19	0.42
1:A:62:GLU:HG3	1:A:64:TYR:H	1.84	0.41
1:A:8:VAL:HG13	1:A:79:LEU:HD12	2.02	0.41
1:A:5:LYS:HB3	1:A:5:LYS:HE2	1.81	0.41
1:A:78:PHE:HB2	1:A:111:MET:HG3	2.02	0.41
1:A:82:PHE:CD2	1:A:113:LEU:HD11	2.55	0.41
1:A:11:ALA:O	1:A:14:VAL:HG22	2.21	0.40
1:A:64:TYR:HA	1:A:67:MET:HE2	2.03	0.40



There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	164/166 (99%)	144 (88%)	18 (11%)	2 (1%)	13 27		

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	62	GLU
1	A	65	SER

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed Rotameri		Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	146/146 (100%)	122 (84%)	24 (16%)	2 3

All (24) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	2	THR
1	A	3	GLU
1	A	24	ILE
1	A	25	GLN
1	A	27	HIS
1	A	32	TYR

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	36	ILE
1	A	43	GLN
1	A	44	VAL
1	A	51	CYS
1	A	53	LEU
1	A	59	THR
1	A	61	GLN
1	A	62	GLU
1	A	64	TYR
1	A	95	GLN
1	A	109	VAL
1	A	113	LEU
1	A	126	GLU
1	A	128	ARG
1	A	139	ILE
1	A	142	ILE
1	A	150	GLN
1	A	165	GLN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	26	ASN
1	A	131	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.



5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Dog	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	rtes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	GTP	A	167	2	26,34,34	1.21	4 (15%)	32,54,54	1.48	7 (21%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

\mathbf{Mol}	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	GTP	A	167	2	-	0/18/38/38	0/3/3/3

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Ideal(Å)
3	A	167	GTP	C5-C6	-2.52	1.42	1.47
3	A	167	GTP	O2'-C2'	2.33	1.48	1.43
3	A	167	GTP	C8-N7	-2.21	1.31	1.35
3	A	167	GTP	C5-C4	-2.15	1.37	1.43

All (7) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
3	A	167	GTP	PB-O3B-PG	-3.56	120.62	132.83
3	A	167	GTP	O6-C6-C5	2.75	129.75	124.37
3	A	167	GTP	O3'-C3'-C4'	-2.71	103.20	111.05
3	A	167	GTP	O6-C6-N1	-2.43	117.78	120.65
3	A	167	GTP	C5'-C4'-C3'	-2.35	106.36	115.18
3	A	167	GTP	O4'-C4'-C5'	2.30	116.93	109.37
3	A	167	GTP	O2G-PG-O3B	2.16	111.87	104.64

There are no chirality outliers.

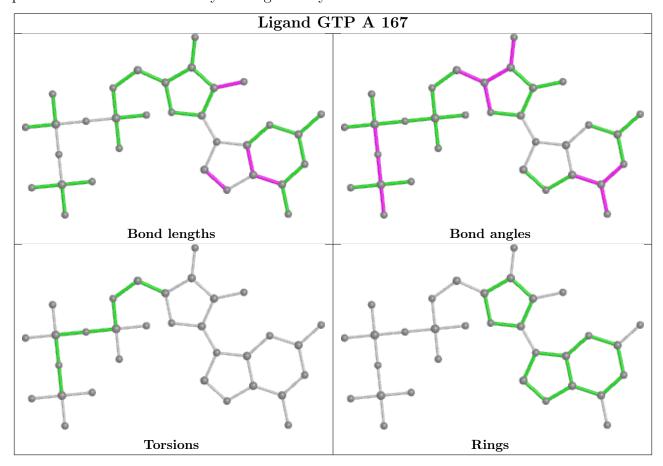


There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.



5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

