

wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

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PDB ID : 6AAU

Title : Solution Structure for m62A helix 45 in 3' end of 12S rRNA

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This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

Mol Probity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

wwPDB-RCI : v 1n 11 5 13 A (Berjanski et al., 2005)

PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)

wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

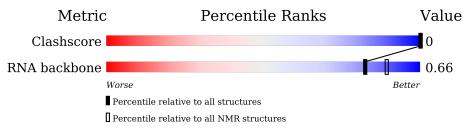
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 23%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$egin{array}{c} { m NMR \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$
Clashscore	158937	12864
RNA backbone	4643	676

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	Α.	0.4						
1	A	24	50%	50%				



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. This entry does not contain polypeptide chains, therefore identification of well-defined residues and clustering analysis are not possible. All residues are included in the validation scores.



3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 783 atoms, of which 267 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a RNA chain called RNA (24-mer).

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					Trace
1	Λ	24	Total	С	Н	N	О	Р	0
1	A	24	783	234	267	93	166	23	U



4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: RNA (24-mer)



4.2 Residue scores for the representative (author defined) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 1. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

• Molecule 1: RNA (24-mer)





5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)



The models were refined using the following method: simulated annealing.

Of the 160 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: structures with the lowest energy.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
Amber	refinement	
CYANA	structure calculation	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	109
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	109
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	23%



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MA6

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	В	Sond lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	RMSZ $\#Z>5$		#Z>5	
1	A	1.41 ± 0.00	$0\pm0/522$ ($0.0\pm~0.0\%$)	2.11 ± 0.01	$23\pm1/810$ ($2.9\pm$ 0.1%)	
All	All	1.41	0/10440 (0.0%)	2.11	466/16200 (2.9%)	

There are no bond-length outliers.

5 of 29 unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Mol Chain		Chain Res Type		\mathbf{z}	Observed (0)	$Ideal(^{o})$	Models			
IVIOI	Chain	nes	туре	Atoms	L	$f{Z} = f{Observed}(^o)$		Z Observed(') Ideal(')		Worst	Total
1	A	15	A	N1-C6-N6	-9.64	112.82	118.60	10	20		
1	A	2	A	N1-C6-N6	-9.42	112.95	118.60	5	20		
1	A	8	A	N1-C6-N6	-9.00	113.20	118.60	8	20		
1	A	20	A	N1-C6-N6	-7.92	113.85	118.60	13	20		
1	A	19	С	N3-C2-O2	-7.85	116.40	121.90	9	20		

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	$\mathbf{H}(\mathbf{model})$	H(added)	Clashes
All	All	10320	5340	5340	-

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including



hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is -.

There are no clashes.

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

6.3.3 RNA (i)

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Backbone Outliers	Pucker Outliers	Suiteness
1	A	21/24 (88%)	0±0 (2±2%)	0±0 (0±0%)	0.66 ± 0.02
All	All	420/480 (88%)	9 (2%)	0 (0%)	0.66

The overall RNA backbone suiteness is 0.66.

All unique RNA backbone outliers are listed below:

\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	15	A	8
1	A	12	G	1

There are no RNA pucker outliers to report.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

2 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.



Mal	Trunc	Chain	Dag	Timle		gths	
IVIOI	Туре	Chain	nes	Link	Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
1	MA6	A	13	1	18,26,27	0.97 ± 0.01	1±0 (5±1%)
1	MA6	A	14	1	18,26,27	0.99 ± 0.01	$1\pm0 \ (6\pm2\%)$

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mal	Trmo	Chain	Dec	Tiple	Bond angles		
MIOI	туре	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
1	MA6	A	13	1	19,38,41	0.71 ± 0.02	0±0 (0±0%)
1	MA6	A	14	1	19,38,41	0.69 ± 0.05	0±0 (0±1%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	MA6	A	13	1	-	$0\pm0,7,29,30$	$0\pm0,3,3,3$
1	MA6	A	14	1	-	$0\pm0,7,29,30$	$0\pm0,3,3,3$

All unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Trmo	Atoma	\mathbf{Z}	Observed(Å)	$Ideal(\mathring{A})$	Models	
MIOI	Chain	nes	Type	Atoms	L	Observed(A)	Ideal(A)	Worst	Total
1	A	14	MA6	C8-N7	2.29	1.30	1.34	19	20
1	A	13	MA6	C6-N1	2.14	1.36	1.33	19	20
1	A	14	MA6	C6-N1	2.06	1.36	1.33	14	4
1	A	13	MA6	C8-N7	2.01	1.31	1.34	17	1

All unique angle outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res Type Atoms Z Observed(Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models				
IVIOI	Chain		Type	11001115		Observed()	racar()	Worst	Total
1	A	14	MA6	N1-C6-N6	2.54	119.73	117.06	8	1

There are no chirality outliers.



There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 23% for the well-defined parts and 23% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: starch_output

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	109
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	109
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 23%, i.e. 96 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 411. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathbf{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Sugar	47/242 (19%)	47/132 (36%)	0/110 (0%)	0/0 (%)
Base	49/169~(29%)	49/103 (48%)	0/37~(0%)	0/29~(0%)
Overall	96/411 (23%)	96/235 (41%)	0/147~(0%)	0/29 (0%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.



7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

No $random\ coil\ index(RCI)$ plot could be generated from the current chemical shift list. RCI is only applicable to proteins

