

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

May 25, 2020 - 03:28 am BST

PDB ID	:	6B1H
Title	:	Crystal structure KPC-2 beta-lactamase complexed with WCK 4234 by co-
		crystallization
Authors	:	van den Akker, F.; Nhuyen, N.Q.
Deposited on		
Resolution	:	1.80 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

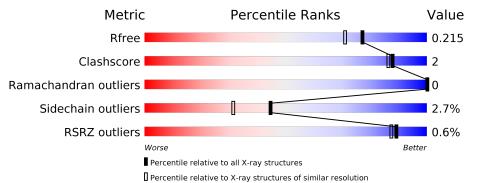
MolProbity		4.02b-467 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)		1.13
EDS	:	2.11
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
$\operatorname{CCP4}$:	$7.0.044 (\mathrm{Gargrove})$
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.11

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.80 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries},{ m resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
R_{free}	130704	5950(1.80-1.80)
Clashscore	141614	6793(1.80-1.80)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	6697(1.80-1.80)
Sidechain outliers	138945	6696 (1.80-1.80)
RSRZ outliers	127900	5850(1.80-1.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	А	268	94%	5% •
1	В	268	% • 91%	7% ••

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
5	ACT	А	304	-	-	Х	-



2 Entry composition (i)

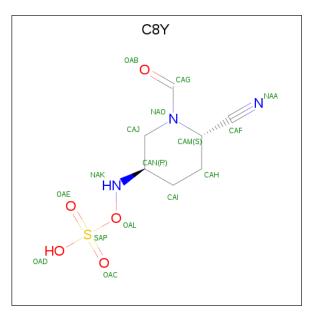
There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4427 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Carbapenem-hydrolyzing beta-lactamase KPC.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	Δ	268	Total	С	Ν	Ο	\mathbf{S}	0	3	0
		208	2015	1269	356	385	5	0		
1	р	265	Total	С	Ν	Ο	S	0	2	0
	D	200	1988	1255	347	380	6			

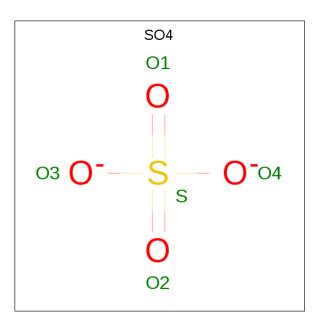
• Molecule 2 is (2S,5R)-1-formyl-5-[(sulfooxy)amino]piperidine-2-carbonitrile (three-letter code: C8Y) (formula: $C_7H_{11}N_3O_5S$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by author).



Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
0	2 A	1	Total	С	Ν	Ο	S	0	0
		1	16	7	3	5	1		
0	D	1	Total	С	Ν	Ο	S	0	0
	D		16	7	3	5	1		U

• Molecule 3 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O₄S).





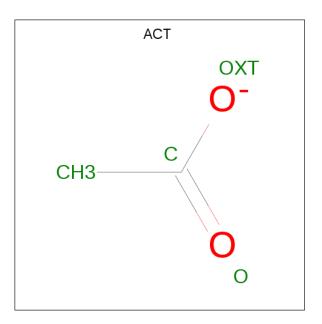
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{O} & \text{S} \\ 5 & 4 & 1 \end{array}$	0	0
3	В	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{O} & \text{S} \\ 5 & 4 & 1 \end{array}$	0	0
3	В	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{O} & \text{S} \\ 5 & 4 & 1 \end{array}$	0	0
3	В	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{O} & \text{S} \\ 5 & 4 & 1 \end{array}$	0	0

• Molecule 4 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	В	1	Total Cl 1 1	0	0
4	А	1	Total Cl 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 5 is ACETATE ION (three-letter code: ACT) (formula: $C_2H_3O_2$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} \text{C} \text{O} \\ 4 2 2 \end{array}$	0	0
5	В	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} \text{C} \text{O} \\ 4 2 2 \end{array}$	0	0

• Molecule 6 is water.

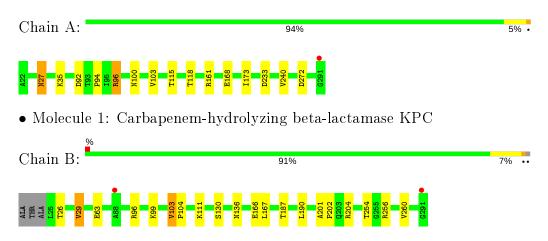
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	А	168	Total O 168 168	0	0
6	В	194	Total O 194 194	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Carbapenem-hydrolyzing beta-lactamase KPC





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1	Depositor
Cell constants	34.49Å 37.37 Å 81.83 Å	Deperitor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	87.78° 89.96° 84.53°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	33.36 - 1.80	Depositor
Resolution (A)	33.36 - 1.80	EDS
% Data completeness	95.2 (33.36-1.80)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	95.2 (33.36 - 1.80)	EDS
R _{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R _{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$4.20 ({\rm at}1.81{ m \AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0135	Depositor
D D	0.162 , 0.210	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.171 , 0.215	DCC
R_{free} test set	1791 reflections (5.00%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	9.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.071	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.37, 41.2	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L >=0.47, < L^2>=0.30$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.026 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	4427	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	10.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 9.11% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: C8Y, CL, SO4, ACT

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles		
Mol Chain		RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	А	0.74	1/2064~(0.0%)	0.89	2/2810~(0.1%)	
1	В	0.72	1/2034~(0.0%)	0.90	6/2771~(0.2%)	
All	All	0.73	2/4098~(0.0%)	0.90	$8/5581\ (0.1\%)$	

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	\mathbf{Res}	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Ideal(Å)
1	А	168	GLU	CD-OE1	5.55	1.31	1.25
1	В	96	ARG	CZ-NH1	5.04	1.39	1.33

All (8) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^{o})$
1	В	96	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-9.49	115.55	120.30
1	В	204	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.06	117.27	120.30
1	А	96[A]	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.88	123.24	120.30
1	А	96[B]	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.88	123.24	120.30
1	В	96	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.79	123.20	120.30
1	В	103[A]	VAL	CG1-CB-CG2	-5.41	102.24	110.90
1	В	103[B]	VAL	CG1-CB-CG2	-5.41	102.24	110.90
1	В	256	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.25	122.92	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	2015	0	2010	9	1
1	В	1988	0	1980	9	0
2	А	16	0	0	0	0
2	В	16	0	0	0	0
3	А	5	0	0	0	0
3	В	15	0	0	0	0
4	А	1	0	0	1	0
4	В	1	0	0	0	0
5	А	4	0	3	2	0
5	В	4	0	3	0	0
6	А	168	0	0	1	0
6	В	194	0	0	1	0
All	All	4427	0	3996	16	1

atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

All (16) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:103[A]:VAL:HG12	1:B:104:PRO:HD2	1.61	0.82
1:B:103[A]:VAL:HG12	1:B:104:PRO:CD	2.25	0.66
1:A:27:ASN:H	1:A:27:ASN:HD22	1.60	0.49
1:A:100:ASN:HB2	4:A:303:CL:CL	2.51	0.47
1:A:96[B]:ARG:NH1	1:A:115:THR:O	2.47	0.46
1:B:26:THR:HA	1:B:29:VAL:CG1	2.46	0.45
1:A:240:VAL:HA	5:A:304:ACT:H3	1.99	0.45
1:B:166:GLU:OE2	6:B:401:HOH:O	2.20	0.45
1:A:96[A]:ARG:NH1	1:B:136:ASN:HD22	2.15	0.45
1:B:201:ALA:HB3	1:B:202:PRO:HD3	2.00	0.43
1:A:96[A]:ARG:HH11	1:B:136:ASN:HD22	1.66	0.43
1:B:190:LEU:HD23	1:B:260:VAL:HG13	1.99	0.43
1:A:272:ASP:O	5:A:304:ACT:H2	2.20	0.42
1:B:187:THR:HG23	1:B:260:VAL:HG12	2.01	0.42
1:A:94:PRO:HA	1:A:118:THR:HA	2.01	0.42
1:A:173:ILE:HD12	6:A:489:HOH:O	2.21	0.41

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.



Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:92:ASP:OD2	1:A:161:ARG:NH1[1_545]	2.00	0.20

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	А	269/268~(100%)	264~(98%)	5(2%)	0	100	100
1	В	265/268~(99%)	260~(98%)	5(2%)	0	100	100
All	All	534/536~(100%)	524~(98%)	10~(2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles		
1	А	204/201~(102%)	200~(98%)	4 (2%)	55 44		
1	В	202/201~(100%)	195~(96%)	7 (4%)	36 21		
All	All	406/402~(101%)	395~(97%)	11 (3%)	44 31		

All (11) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	27	ASN
1	А	35	LYS
1	А	103	VAL

Continued on next page...



Conti	Continuea from previous page								
Mol	Chain	\mathbf{Res}	Type						
1	А	233	ASP						
1	В	29	VAL						
1	В	63	GLU						
1	В	99	LYS						
1	В	111	LYS						
1	В	130	SER						
1	В	167	LEU						
1	В	254	THR						

Continued from previous page...

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (7) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	27	ASN
1	А	87	GLN
1	А	206	GLN
1	А	214	ASN
1	В	38	GLN
1	В	206	GLN
1	В	214	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 10 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 8 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The



Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Mol Type Chain		Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
	туре		nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	C8Y	А	301	1	13, 16, 16	1.11	1 (7%)	11,22,22	2.58	2 (18%)
2	C8Y	В	301	1	13, 16, 16	2.20	5 (38%)	11,22,22	1.67	2 (18%)
3	SO4	В	304	-	4,4,4	0.56	0	6,6,6	0.59	0
3	SO4	А	302	-	4,4,4	0.28	0	6,6,6	0.35	0
5	ACT	А	304	-	$1,\!3,\!3$	2.11	1 (100%)	$_{0,3,3}$	0.00	-
3	SO4	В	303	-	4,4,4	0.48	0	$6,\!6,\!6$	0.60	0
5	ACT	В	306	-	$1,\!3,\!3$	<mark>3.75</mark>	1 (100%)	0,3,3	0.00	-
3	SO4	В	302	-	4,4,4	0.39	0	$6,\!6,\!6$	0.28	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	C8Y	А	301	1	-	2/2/23/23	0/1/1/1
2	C8Y	В	301	1	-	0/2/23/23	0/1/1/1

Mol	Chain	\mathbf{Res}	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Ideal(Å)
2	В	301	C8Y	CAJ-CAN	-5.05	1.43	1.51
5	В	306	ACT	CH3-C	3.75	1.53	1.48
2	В	301	C8Y	CAI-CAN	3.43	1.60	1.52
2	В	301	C8Y	CAF-NAA	-2.93	1.08	1.14
2	В	301	C8Y	CAJ-NAO	2.50	1.51	1.47
2	В	301	C8Y	CAM-CAF	-2.30	1.44	1.48
2	А	301	C8Y	CAJ-CAN	-2.13	1.48	1.51
5	А	304	ACT	CH3-C	2.11	1.51	1.48

All (8) bond length outliers are listed below:

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	\mathbf{Res}	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	А	301	C8Y	CAH-CAI-CAN	6.24	118.39	111.48
2	А	301	C8Y	OAL-SAP-OAC	4.23	116.73	103.29
2	В	301	C8Y	CAN-CAJ-NAO	-3.93	104.58	110.11

Continued on next page...



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	В	301	C8Y	CAH-CAI-CAN	2.85	114.64	111.48

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

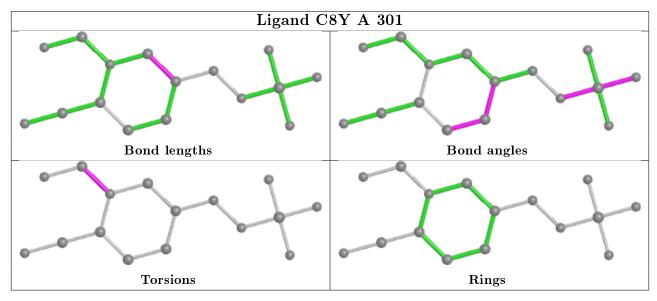
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	301	C8Y	OAB-CAG-NAO-CAM
2	А	301	C8Y	OAB-CAG-NAO-CAJ

There are no ring outliers.

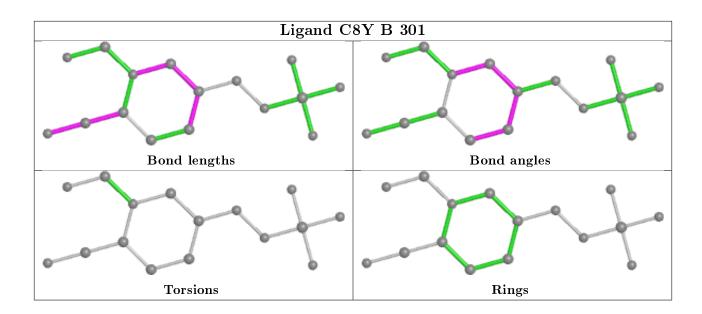
1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	A	304	ACT	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.







5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	# RSRZ > 2	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	А	268/268~(100%)	-0.41	1 (0%) 92 90	4, 9, 19, 27	0
1	В	265/268~(98%)	-0.38	2 (0%) 86 84	4, 9, 20, 45	0
All	All	533/536~(99%)	-0.39	3 (0%) 89 87	4, 9, 20, 45	0

All (3) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	А	291	GLY	2.9
1	В	88	ALA	2.3
1	В	291	GLY	2.2

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
5	ACT	А	304	4/4	0.86	0.15	$19,\!19,\!20,\!20$	0
3	SO4	В	303	5/5	0.91	0.13	$25,\!25,\!29,\!30$	0

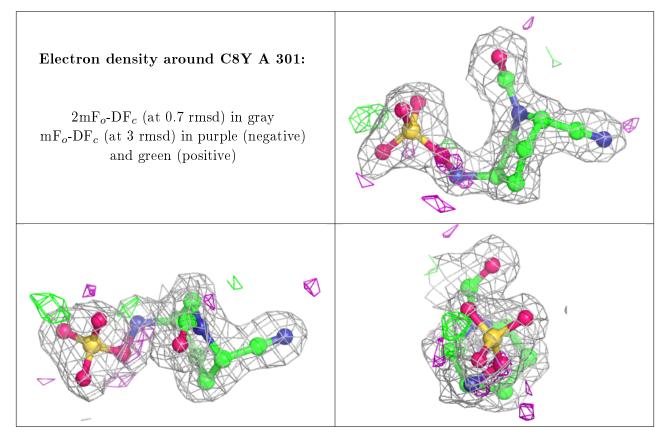
Continued on next page...



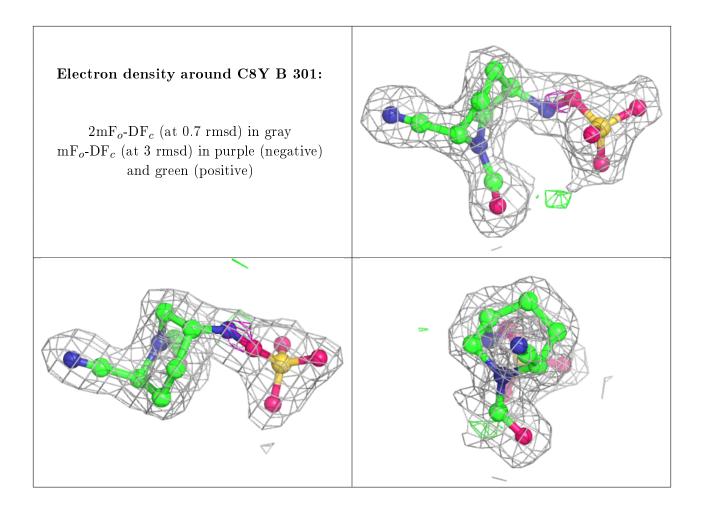
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathbf{A}^2)$	$Q{<}0.9$
5	ACT	В	306	4/4	0.94	0.12	$10,\!11,\!11,\!11$	0
3	SO4	А	302	5/5	0.95	0.12	$36,\!36,\!39,\!42$	0
2	C8Y	А	301	16/16	0.96	0.10	6, 9, 13, 14	0
3	SO4	В	302	5/5	0.96	0.12	$27,\!28,\!30,\!32$	0
3	SO4	В	304	5/5	0.97	0.14	$14,\!15,\!17,\!17$	0
4	CL	В	305	1/1	0.97	0.09	22,22,22,22	0
2	C8Y	В	301	16/16	0.97	0.09	6, 9, 18, 19	0
4	CL	А	303	1/1	0.99	0.04	$16,\!16,\!16,\!16$	0

Continued from previous page...

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.







6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

