



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 10, 2018 – 03:31 pm GMT

PDB ID : 2B54  
Title : Human cyclin dependent kinase 2 (CKD2)complexed with DIN-232305  
Authors : Chang, C.-C.  
Deposited on : 2005-09-27  
Resolution : 1.85 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.7.3 (157068), CSD as539be (2018)  
Xtrriage (Phenix) : 1.13  
EDS : trunk30967  
Percentile statistics : 20171227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2017)  
Refmac : 5.8.0158  
CCP4 : 7.0 (Gargrove)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : trunk30967

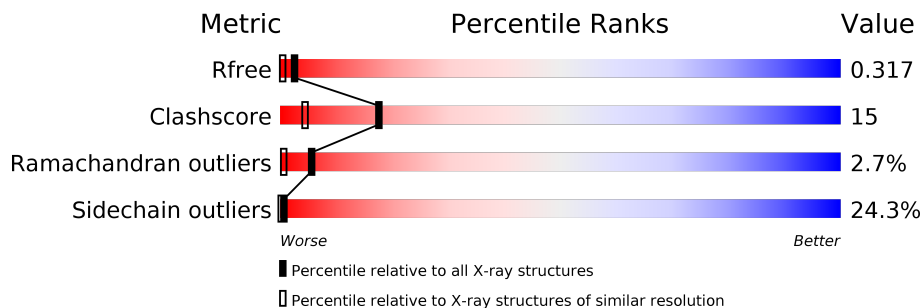
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.85 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	111664	2111 (1.86-1.86)
Clashscore	122126	2258 (1.86-1.86)
Ramachandran outliers	120053	2234 (1.86-1.86)
Sidechain outliers	120020	2234 (1.86-1.86)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ .

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	298	

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

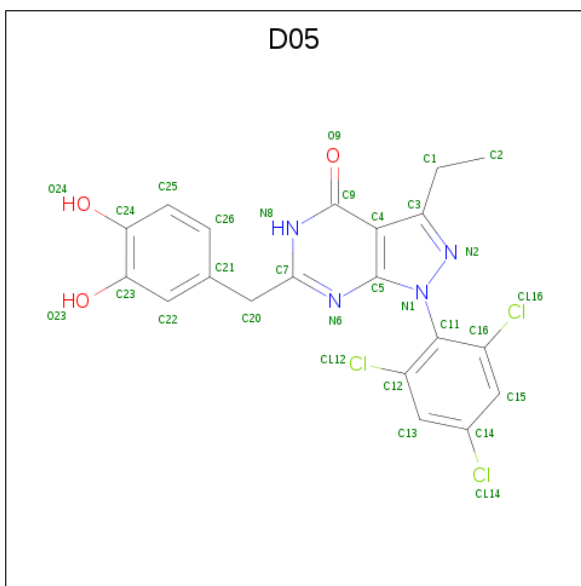
There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3259 atoms, of which 725 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Cell division protein kinase 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
			Total	C	H	N	O				S
1	A	298	2911	1559	513	408	423	8	0	0	0

- Molecule 2 is 6-(3,4-DIHYDROXYBENZYL)-3-ETHYL-1-(2,4,6-TRICHLOROPHENYL)-1H-PYRAZOLO[3,4-D]PYRIMIDIN-4(5H)-ONE (three-letter code: D05) (formula: C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>15</sub>Cl<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub>O<sub>3</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	Cl	N	O		
2	A	1	30	20	3	4	3	0	0

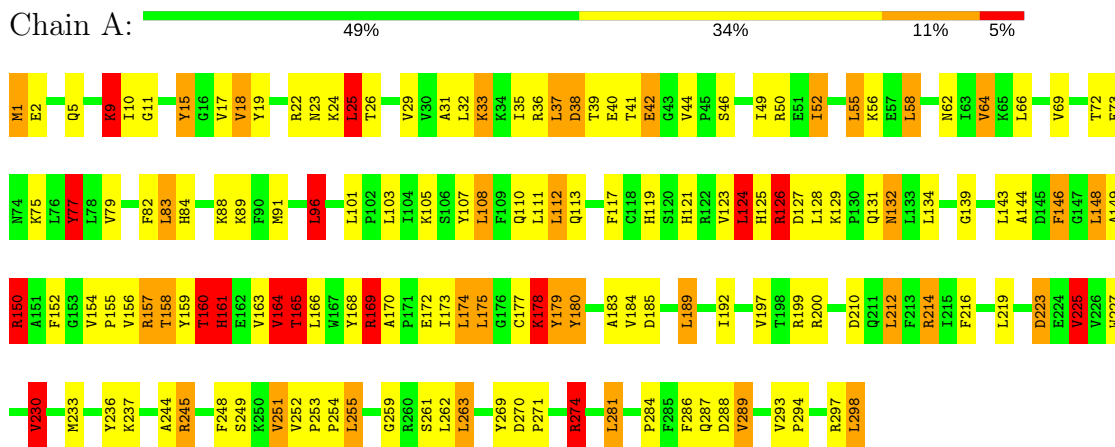
- Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	
			Total	H			O
3	A	106	318	212	106	0	0

### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Cell division protein kinase 2



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	72.97Å 73.16Å 54.26Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	37.44 – 1.85 43.54 – 1.84	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	78.0 (37.44-1.85) 77.6 (43.54-1.84)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.10	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	0.59 (at 1.84Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	CNX 2002	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.158 , 0.263 0.258 , 0.317	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1976 reflections (9.86%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	21.5	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.051	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.28 , 50.6	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.48$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.046 for k,h,-l	Xtrriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.92	EDS
Total number of atoms	3259	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	29.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.82% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality i

### 5.1 Standard geometry i

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: D05

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.98	0/2460	1.70	32/3338 (1.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	11

There are no bond length outliers.

All (32) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	184	VAL	CA-CB-CG1	9.62	125.33	110.90
1	A	25	LEU	CA-CB-CG	8.36	134.52	115.30
1	A	172	GLU	CA-CB-CG	7.83	130.63	113.40
1	A	214	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-7.71	116.44	120.30
1	A	124	LEU	CB-CA-C	7.52	124.49	110.20
1	A	274	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-7.29	116.66	120.30
1	A	230	VAL	CA-CB-CG2	7.22	121.74	110.90
1	A	29	VAL	CA-CB-CG1	6.85	121.17	110.90
1	A	216	PHE	CB-CG-CD1	-6.80	116.04	120.80
1	A	214	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.73	123.67	120.30
1	A	269	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	-6.69	116.98	121.00
1	A	199	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	6.40	123.50	120.30
1	A	180	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	-6.12	117.33	121.00
1	A	161	HIS	CA-CB-CG	-6.03	103.36	113.60
1	A	169	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	5.99	123.29	120.30
1	A	225	VAL	CA-CB-CG2	5.96	119.84	110.90

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	107	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	-5.89	117.46	121.00
1	A	64	VAL	CA-CB-CG2	5.89	119.73	110.90
1	A	199	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-5.88	117.36	120.30
1	A	244	ALA	CB-CA-C	-5.78	101.44	110.10
1	A	178	LYS	CB-CG-CD	5.72	126.49	111.60
1	A	79	VAL	CA-CB-CG2	5.60	119.31	110.90
1	A	124	LEU	N-CA-CB	-5.52	99.35	110.40
1	A	96	LEU	CB-CG-CD1	5.48	120.32	111.00
1	A	230	VAL	CB-CA-C	-5.48	100.99	111.40
1	A	184	VAL	N-CA-CB	-5.35	99.72	111.50
1	A	174	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.31	127.52	115.30
1	A	124	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.29	127.47	115.30
1	A	9	LYS	C-N-CA	-5.26	108.55	121.70
1	A	77	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	-5.19	117.89	121.00
1	A	236	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	-5.08	117.95	121.00
1	A	179	TYR	CB-CG-CD1	-5.04	117.98	121.00

There are no chirality outliers.

All (11) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	126	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	157	ARG	Peptide
1	A	158	THR	Peptide
1	A	160	THR	Peptide
1	A	161	HIS	Peptide
1	A	169	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	22	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	245	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	274	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	42	GLU	Peptide
1	A	77	TYR	Sidechain

## 5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2398	513	2450	72	2
2	A	30	0	15	2	0
3	A	106	212	0	2	1
All	All	2534	725	2465	72	2

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 15.

All (72) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:287:GLN:HG3	1:A:288:ASP:H	1.44	0.82
1:A:18:VAL:HB	1:A:33:LYS:HD3	1.67	0.76
1:A:227:TRP:O	1:A:230:VAL:HG22	1.94	0.67
1:A:139:GLY:HA2	1:A:294:PRO:HD3	1.78	0.66
1:A:37:LEU:HD13	1:A:37:LEU:H	1.60	0.65
1:A:255:LEU:HD22	1:A:259:GLY:HA3	1.80	0.63
1:A:286:PHE:O	1:A:289:VAL:HG22	2.00	0.61
1:A:18:VAL:HB	1:A:33:LYS:CD	2.31	0.60
1:A:129:LYS:HG2	1:A:132:ASN:HD21	1.66	0.60
1:A:297:ARG:O	1:A:298:LEU:HD13	2.03	0.59
1:A:82:PHE:O	1:A:83:LEU:HD23	2.03	0.58
1:A:125:HIS:HE1	1:A:144:ALA:O	1.86	0.57
1:A:248:PHE:HA	1:A:251:VAL:HG13	1.86	0.57
1:A:25:LEU:HD22	1:A:26:THR:HG23	1.85	0.57
1:A:134:LEU:HD22	1:A:144:ALA:HB2	1.86	0.56
1:A:148:LEU:C	1:A:150:ARG:H	2.09	0.55
1:A:125:HIS:HD2	1:A:127:ASP:H	1.53	0.55
1:A:284:PRO:O	1:A:287:GLN:HG2	2.07	0.55
1:A:157:ARG:HB3	1:A:161:HIS:HB3	1.89	0.55
1:A:175:LEU:HB3	1:A:233:MET:HG2	1.90	0.54
1:A:35:ILE:HG22	1:A:39:THR:O	2.08	0.53
1:A:1:MET:SD	1:A:2:GLU:N	2.82	0.52
1:A:174:LEU:HB3	1:A:212:LEU:HD13	1.91	0.52
1:A:124:LEU:HD22	1:A:150:ARG:NE	2.26	0.51
1:A:112:LEU:HB3	1:A:281:LEU:HD13	1.92	0.51
1:A:11:GLY:O	1:A:18:VAL:HG13	2.10	0.51
1:A:164:VAL:O	1:A:165:THR:HB	2.11	0.50
1:A:119:HIS:HE1	1:A:185:ASP:OD2	1.94	0.49
1:A:52:ILE:HA	1:A:55:LEU:HD22	1.94	0.49
1:A:287:GLN:HG3	1:A:288:ASP:N	2.20	0.48
1:A:108:LEU:HD13	1:A:286:PHE:HZ	1.79	0.48

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:31:ALA:CB	2:A:300:D05:H12	2.44	0.48
1:A:117:PHE:O	1:A:121:HIS:HD2	1.97	0.47
1:A:88:LYS:HA	1:A:91:MET:HE2	1.96	0.47
1:A:159:TYR:HD1	1:A:161:HIS:HE1	1.62	0.47
1:A:5:GLN:HG3	1:A:24:LYS:HD2	1.96	0.46
1:A:143:LEU:HD13	1:A:146:PHE:HE1	1.80	0.46
1:A:46:SER:O	1:A:50:ARG:HG3	2.16	0.46
1:A:49:ILE:HA	1:A:52:ILE:HG22	1.97	0.46
1:A:270:ASP:HA	1:A:271:PRO:HD3	1.71	0.45
1:A:96:LEU:HD12	1:A:96:LEU:H	1.79	0.45
1:A:64:VAL:HG13	1:A:143:LEU:O	2.17	0.45
1:A:35:ILE:O	1:A:40:GLU:HB2	2.17	0.45
1:A:62:ASN:ND2	1:A:110:GLN:HB3	2.31	0.45
1:A:75:LYS:HB2	1:A:77:TYR:CE2	2.51	0.45
1:A:252:VAL:O	1:A:252:VAL:HG23	2.17	0.45
1:A:169:ARG:HH21	1:A:170:ALA:H	1.66	0.44
1:A:10:ILE:CD1	1:A:82:PHE:HE1	2.30	0.44
1:A:156:VAL:HG11	3:A:387:HOH:O	2.18	0.44
1:A:124:LEU:HD22	1:A:150:ARG:CZ	2.47	0.44
1:A:177:CYS:HA	1:A:178:LYS:HD3	2.00	0.44
1:A:173:ILE:HG12	1:A:180:TYR:CD2	2.53	0.44
1:A:152:PHE:HA	3:A:384:HOH:O	2.18	0.44
1:A:253:PRO:HA	1:A:254:PRO:HA	1.79	0.43
1:A:183:ALA:HB1	1:A:274:ARG:HD2	2.00	0.43
1:A:175:LEU:HB3	1:A:233:MET:CG	2.48	0.43
1:A:89:LYS:HA	1:A:89:LYS:HD2	1.80	0.42
1:A:168:TYR:CE1	1:A:192:ILE:HD13	2.54	0.42
1:A:189:LEU:HA	1:A:189:LEU:HD23	1.87	0.42
1:A:15:TYR:CE2	1:A:152:PHE:HB2	2.55	0.42
1:A:84:HIS:O	2:A:300:D05:H26	2.20	0.41
1:A:129:LYS:HG2	1:A:132:ASN:ND2	2.32	0.41
1:A:41:THR:HB	1:A:42:GLU:HA	2.02	0.41
1:A:263:LEU:HA	1:A:263:LEU:HD23	1.77	0.41
1:A:248:PHE:CE2	1:A:263:LEU:HD13	2.56	0.41
1:A:38:ASP:HA	1:A:39:THR:HA	1.82	0.41
1:A:154:VAL:HA	1:A:155:PRO:HD3	1.86	0.41
1:A:105:LYS:HG2	1:A:289:VAL:HG13	2.02	0.41
1:A:210:ASP:O	1:A:214:ARG:HG3	2.20	0.40
1:A:10:ILE:CG1	1:A:18:VAL:HG22	2.51	0.40
1:A:9:LYS:HA	1:A:19:TYR:CD2	2.56	0.40
1:A:223:ASP:OD1	1:A:225:VAL:HG22	2.21	0.40

All (2) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:113:GLN:HE21	3:A:339:HOH:H1[3_848]	1.17	0.43
1:A:23:ASN:HD22	1:A:179:TYR:OH[4_529]	1.44	0.16

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	296/298 (99%)	268 (90%)	20 (7%)	8 (3%)	<b>5</b> <b>0</b>

All (8) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	165	THR
1	A	160	THR
1	A	164	VAL
1	A	126	ARG
1	A	149	ALA
1	A	150	ARG
1	A	15	TYR
1	A	58	LEU

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	263/263 (100%)	199 (76%)	64 (24%)	<b>1</b> <b>0</b>

All (64) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	1	MET
1	A	9	LYS
1	A	17	VAL
1	A	18	VAL
1	A	25	LEU
1	A	32	LEU
1	A	33	LYS
1	A	36	ARG
1	A	37	LEU
1	A	38	ASP
1	A	44	VAL
1	A	52	ILE
1	A	55	LEU
1	A	56	LYS
1	A	58	LEU
1	A	66	LEU
1	A	69	VAL
1	A	72	THR
1	A	73	GLU
1	A	77	TYR
1	A	83	LEU
1	A	96	LEU
1	A	101	LEU
1	A	103	LEU
1	A	108	LEU
1	A	111	LEU
1	A	112	LEU
1	A	123	VAL
1	A	124	LEU
1	A	126	ARG
1	A	128	LEU
1	A	131	GLN
1	A	132	ASN
1	A	146	PHE
1	A	148	LEU
1	A	150	ARG
1	A	158	THR
1	A	160	THR

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	163	VAL
1	A	164	VAL
1	A	165	THR
1	A	166	LEU
1	A	175	LEU
1	A	178	LYS
1	A	189	LEU
1	A	197	VAL
1	A	200	ARG
1	A	212	LEU
1	A	219	LEU
1	A	223	ASP
1	A	225	VAL
1	A	230	VAL
1	A	237	LYS
1	A	245	ARG
1	A	249	SER
1	A	251	VAL
1	A	255	LEU
1	A	261	SER
1	A	262	LEU
1	A	263	LEU
1	A	281	LEU
1	A	289	VAL
1	A	293	VAL
1	A	298	LEU

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (6) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	3	ASN
1	A	85	GLN
1	A	119	HIS
1	A	121	HIS
1	A	125	HIS
1	A	132	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	D05	A	300	-	27,33,33	2.13	8 (29%)	29,49,49	2.14	9 (31%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	D05	A	300	-	-	0/6/10/10	0/4/4/4

All (8) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	A	300	D05	C4-C3	-5.78	1.46	1.55
2	A	300	D05	C4-C9	-5.12	1.39	1.50
2	A	300	D05	C5-N1	-2.29	1.39	1.46
2	A	300	D05	C9-N8	2.10	1.36	1.33
2	A	300	D05	C15-C16	2.15	1.42	1.38
2	A	300	D05	C14-CL14	2.33	1.79	1.74
2	A	300	D05	C22-C23	2.98	1.43	1.38
2	A	300	D05	C11-N1	3.48	1.44	1.41

All (9) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	A	300	D05	C13-C14-C15	-3.80	116.94	121.67
2	A	300	D05	C13-C12-CL12	-2.25	114.91	118.48
2	A	300	D05	C11-C16-CL16	-2.22	116.86	120.13
2	A	300	D05	C2-C1-C3	-2.02	110.95	113.38
2	A	300	D05	C16-C15-C14	2.24	121.15	118.72
2	A	300	D05	C12-C13-C14	2.29	121.20	118.72
2	A	300	D05	C15-C14-CL14	3.29	123.36	119.15
2	A	300	D05	C11-N1-N2	4.80	125.00	115.88
2	A	300	D05	C1-C3-C4	6.05	131.81	113.50

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	300	D05	2	0

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.4 Ligands

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.5 Other polymers

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.