

Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

Oct 5, 2024 – 01:46 PM EDT

PDB ID	:	1BZB
Title	:	GLYCOSYLATED EEL CALCITONIN
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Deposited on	:	1998-10-27

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

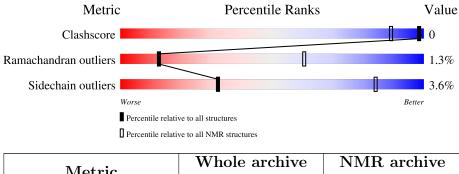
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as 543 be (2022)
Percentile statistics	:	20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
wwPDB-RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)		
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.39

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	(# Entries)	(# Entries)
Clashscore	210492	14027
Ramachandran outliers	207382	12486
Sidechain outliers	206894	12463

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality	of chain
1	А	33	45%	55%
2	В	8	50%	50%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA and RNA chains that are outliers for geometric criteria:

Mal	Chain	Compound	Dec	Total models with violations		
IVIOI	Chain	Compound Res		Chirality	Geometry	
2	В	MAN	3	1	-	
2	В	NAG	1	2	-	



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 10 models. The atoms present in the NMR models are not consistent. Some calculations may have failed as a result. All residues are included in the validation scores. Model 3 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models).

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues					
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model		
1	A:5-A:19 (15)	0.24	3		

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

NmrClust was unable to cluster the ensemble.

Error message: Inconsistent models in file



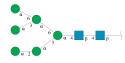
3 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 661 atoms, of which 329 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called PROTEIN (CALCITONIN).

Mol	Chain	Residues		ŀ	Atom	s			Trace
1	٨	22	Total	С	Η	Ν	0	S	1
	1 A	<u> </u>	480	146	242	43	47	2	

• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyran ose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues		At	\mathbf{oms}			Trace
2	В	8	Total	С	Η	Ν	0	0
	D	0	181	52	87	2	40	0



4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: PROTEIN (CALCITONIN)

Chain A:	: 45%		55%
C1 S2 N3 L4 L4 C2 C2 C2 C2 C2 C2 C2 C2 C2 C2 C2 C2 C2	T21 722 723 725 725 726 726 726 730 731 731 731 732 732		

• Molecule 2: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose e

Chain B:	50%	50%
NAG1 NAG2 Man3 Man5 Man6 Man7 Man8		

4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

•	Molecule 1:	PROTEIN	(CALCITONIN)	
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Chain A: 45% 55%

 $\bullet \ Molecule \ 2: \ alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)] \\ alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)] \\ alpha-D-mannopyr$



1-4)-2-acetamide e	o-2-deoxy-beta-	D-glucopyranose	e-(1-4)-2-acetamido-	2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranos
Chain B: Surver Surv	50%		50%	
4.2.2 Score p	er residue fo	r model 2		
• Molecule 1: Pl	ROTEIN (CAL	CITONIN)		
Chain A:	42%	·	55%	
C1 S2 N3 N3 N3 R4 P2 P22 P22 P22 P22 P22 P22 P22 P22 P22	D26 V27 G28 A29 G30 T31 P32 NH241			

• Molecule 2: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose e

Chain B:	50%	50%
MAG1 MAG2 MAA3 MAA35 MAA35 MAA37 MAA37 MAA37 MAA37		

4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3 (medoid)

• Molecule 1: PROTEIN (CALCITONIN)

Chain A: 42% • 55%

• Molecule 2: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose e

Chain B:	62%	38%
NAG1 NAG2 MAN4 MAN5 MAN5 MAN7 MAN7		



4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

• Molecule 1: PROTEIN (CALCITONIN)

Chain	A:							45%			55%		
C1 S2 N3 L4	q20 T21	P23	K24 T25	D26 V27	G28	A29	G30 T31	P32 NH241					

• Molecule 2: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyran ose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranos e

Chain B:	25%	75%
NAG1 NAC2 MAN3 MAN4 MAN5 MAN5 MAN7 MAN7		

4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

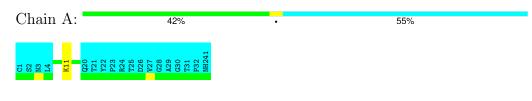
• Molecule 1: PROTEIN (CALCITONIN)

 \bullet Molecule 2: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose e

Chain B:	38%	62%	
NAG1 NAG2 MAN3 MAN4 MAN5 MAN5 MAN7 MAN7 MAN8			

4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

• Molecule 1: PROTEIN (CALCITONIN)





• Molecule 2: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose e

Chain B: 50% 50%

NAG1 NAG2 MAN3 MAN3 MAN5 MAN5 MAN6 MAN7 MAN8

4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

•	Molecule 1:	PROTEIN	(CALCITONIN)
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Chain	A:	45%	55%
C1 S2 L4 L4	420 721 722 723 723 725 725 726 728 728 728	630 131 P32 NH241 NH241	

• Molecule 2: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose e

Chain B: 62% 38%

4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

•	Molecule	1:	PROTEIN	(CALCITONIN)
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Chain A:	33%	12%	55%
C1 N3 155 155 C7 C7	K11 721 721 721 721 725 725 726 728 728 728 728 729 729 729 729 729	P32 NH241	

• Molecule 2: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose e

Chain B:	38%	62%	
NAG1 NAG2 MAN3 MAN4 MAN5 MAN6 MAN7 MAN8 MAN8			
		WORLDWIDF	

NAC NAC MAD MAD MAD MAD MAD MAD

4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

• Molecule 1: PROTEIN (CALCITONIN)

Chain	A: •	39%	6%	55%	
C1 S2 N3 L4	K11 L12	q20 121 121 122 125 125 125 125 125 125 125			

• Molecule 2: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyran ose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranos e

Chain B:	62%	38%
NAG1 MAG2 MAN5 MAN5 MAN6 MAN6 MAN7		

4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

• Molecule 1: PROTEIN (CALCITONIN)

Chain A	A: -				-		45	%			55%			
C1 S2 N3 L4	420 121 Y22	P23 R24 TOF	026 D26	028 G28	A29	G30 T31	P32	T72UN						

• Molecule 2: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose e

Chain B:	25%	75%



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *distance geometry*.

Of the 20 calculated structures, 10 were deposited, based on the following criterion: VIOLA-TION.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
DGII	refinement	
Felix	structure solution	

No chemical shift data was provided.



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAG, NH2, MAN

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	А	114	124	124	0 ± 0
All	All	2080	2110	2030	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 0.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$2 \text{Clash}(\text{\AA}) \text{Distance}(\text{\AA})$		Moo	
	2100III 2		Worst	Total	
1:A:6:THR:HG23	1:A:7:CYS:N	0.41	2.31	8	1

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed Favoured		Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	15/33~(45%)	14 ± 0 (92 $\pm3\%$)	$1\pm1~(7\pm4\%)$	0±0 (1±3%)	13	60	
All	All	150/330~(45%)	138 (92%)	10 (7%)	2 (1%)	13	60	

All 1 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	5	SER	2

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed Rotameric		Outliers	Percentiles		
1	А	14/28~(50%)	$14\pm1 (96\pm5\%)$	$0\pm1~(4\pm5\%)$	32 8	4	
All	All	140/280~(50%)	135~(96%)	5(4%)	32 84	4	

All 3 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	11	LYS	3
1	А	18	LYS	1
1	А	12	LEU	1

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

8 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.



In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Turne	Chain	Res	Link		Bond leng	ths
	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	NAG	В	1	2,1	$14,\!14,\!15$	$0.54{\pm}0.04$	0±0 (0±0%)
2	NAG	В	2	2	14,14,15	$0.54{\pm}0.03$	0±0 (0±0%)
2	MAN	В	3	2	$11,\!11,\!12$	$0.52{\pm}0.05$	0±0 (0±0%)
2	MAN	В	4	2	11,11,12	$0.48 {\pm} 0.05$	0±0 (0±0%)
2	MAN	В	5	2	11,11,12	$0.47 {\pm} 0.01$	0±0 (0±0%)
2	MAN	В	6	2	11,11,12	$0.54{\pm}0.05$	0±0 (0±0%)
2	MAN	В	7	2	11,11,12	$0.47 {\pm} 0.01$	0±0 (0±0%)
2	MAN	В	8	2	11,11,12	0.48 ± 0.01	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mol	Turne	Chain	Res	Link		Bond ang	gles
MOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	NAG	В	1	2,1	17,19,21	0.85 ± 0.12	$1 \pm 1 (3 \pm 4\%)$
2	NAG	В	2	2	17,19,21	$0.86 {\pm} 0.08$	$1\pm1 (4\pm3\%)$
2	MAN	В	3	2	$15,\!15,\!17$	$0.66 {\pm} 0.21$	$0\pm0~(1\pm2\%)$
2	MAN	В	4	2	15,15,17	0.76 ± 0.11	$1\pm0~(7\pm2\%)$
2	MAN	В	5	2	$15,\!15,\!17$	$0.69 {\pm} 0.04$	$1\pm0~(6\pm0\%)$
2	MAN	В	6	2	$15,\!15,\!17$	$0.63 {\pm} 0.06$	0±0 (0±0%)
2	MAN	В	7	2	$15,\!15,\!17$	$0.69 {\pm} 0.05$	$1\pm0~(6\pm0\%)$
2	MAN	В	8	2	$15,\!15,\!17$	$0.49{\pm}0.03$	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.



1BZB

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	В	1	2,1	-	$0\pm0,6,23,26$	$0\pm 0,1,1,1$
2	NAG	В	2	2	-	$0\pm0,6,23,26$	$0\pm 0,1,1,1$
2	MAN	В	3	2	$1\pm0,1,5,5$	$0\pm0,2,19,22$	$0\pm 0,1,1,1$
2	MAN	В	4	2	-	$0\pm0,2,19,22$	$0\pm 0,1,1,1$
2	MAN	В	5	2	-	$0\pm0,2,19,22$	$0\pm 0,1,1,1$
2	MAN	В	6	2	-	$0\pm0,2,19,22$	$0\pm 0,1,1,1$
2	MAN	В	7	2	-	$0\pm0,2,19,22$	$0\pm 0,1,1,1$
2	MAN	В	8	2	-	$0\pm0,2,19,22$	$0\pm 0,1,1,1$

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	in Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$\mathrm{Ideal}(^{o})$	Models	
								Worst	Total
2	В	3	MAN	C3-C4-C5	3.03	115.73	110.23	4	2
2	В	1	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.77	115.90	112.19	8	3
2	В	7	MAN	C1-O5-C5	2.48	115.51	112.19	8	10
2	В	4	MAN	C1-O5-C5	2.47	115.50	112.19	3	10
2	В	5	MAN	C1-O5-C5	2.47	115.49	112.19	8	10
2	В	1	NAG	C2-N2-C7	2.33	126.02	122.90	5	3
2	В	4	MAN	O2-C2-C3	2.26	114.83	110.15	6	1
2	В	2	NAG	C2-N2-C7	2.24	125.90	122.90	8	7
2	В	2	NAG	C4-C3-C2	2.22	107.76	111.02	6	1

All unique chiral outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

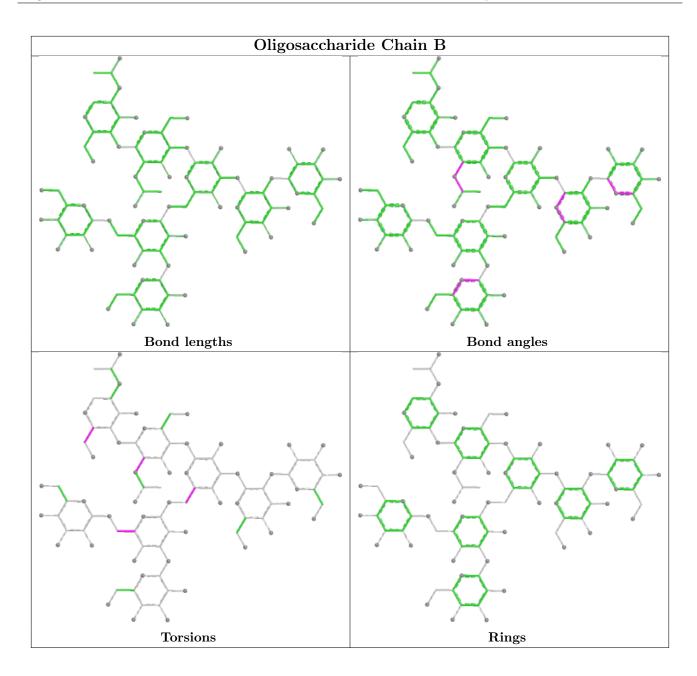
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Models (Total)
2	В	1	NAG	C1	2
2	В	3	MAN	C1	1

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.





6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

No chemical shift data were provided

