



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Nov 19, 2023 – 10:15 PM JST

PDB ID : 7C05  
Title : Crystal structure of human Trap1 with DN203495  
Authors : Kim, D.; Kim, D.; Kim, S.Y.; Lee, J.H.; Kang, B.H.; Kang, S.; Lee, C.  
Deposited on : 2020-04-30  
Resolution : 2.59 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13  
EDS : 2.36  
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
Refmac : 5.8.0158  
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

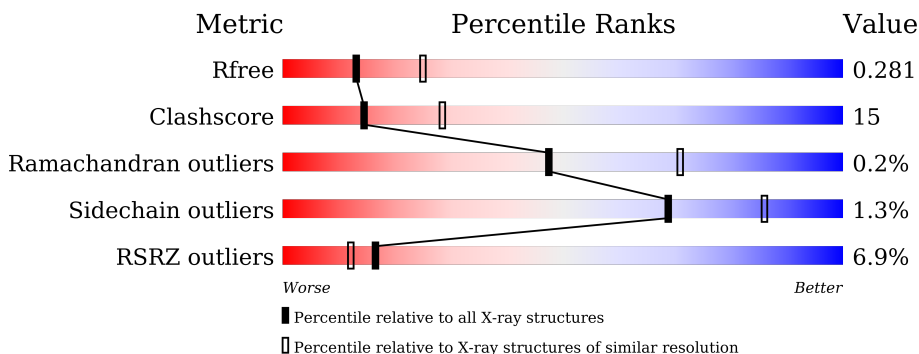
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.59 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	3163 (2.60-2.60)
Clashscore	141614	3518 (2.60-2.60)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3455 (2.60-2.60)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3455 (2.60-2.60)
RSRZ outliers	127900	3104 (2.60-2.60)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	502	

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

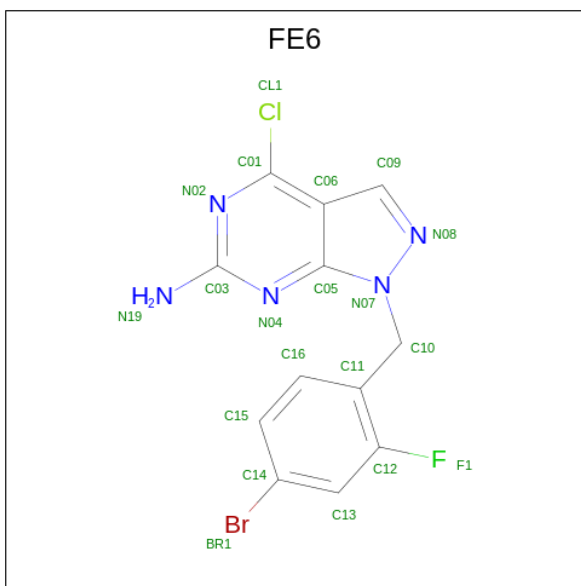
There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3622 atoms, of which 8 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Heat shock protein 75 kDa, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	435	3527	2250	601	663	13	0	0	0

- Molecule 2 is 1-[(4-bromanyl-2-fluoranyl-phenyl)methyl]-4-chloranyl-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-amine (three-letter code: FE6) (formula: C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>8</sub>BrClFN<sub>5</sub>) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	
			Total	Br	C	Cl	F	H			N
2	A	1	28	1	12	1	1	8	5	0	0

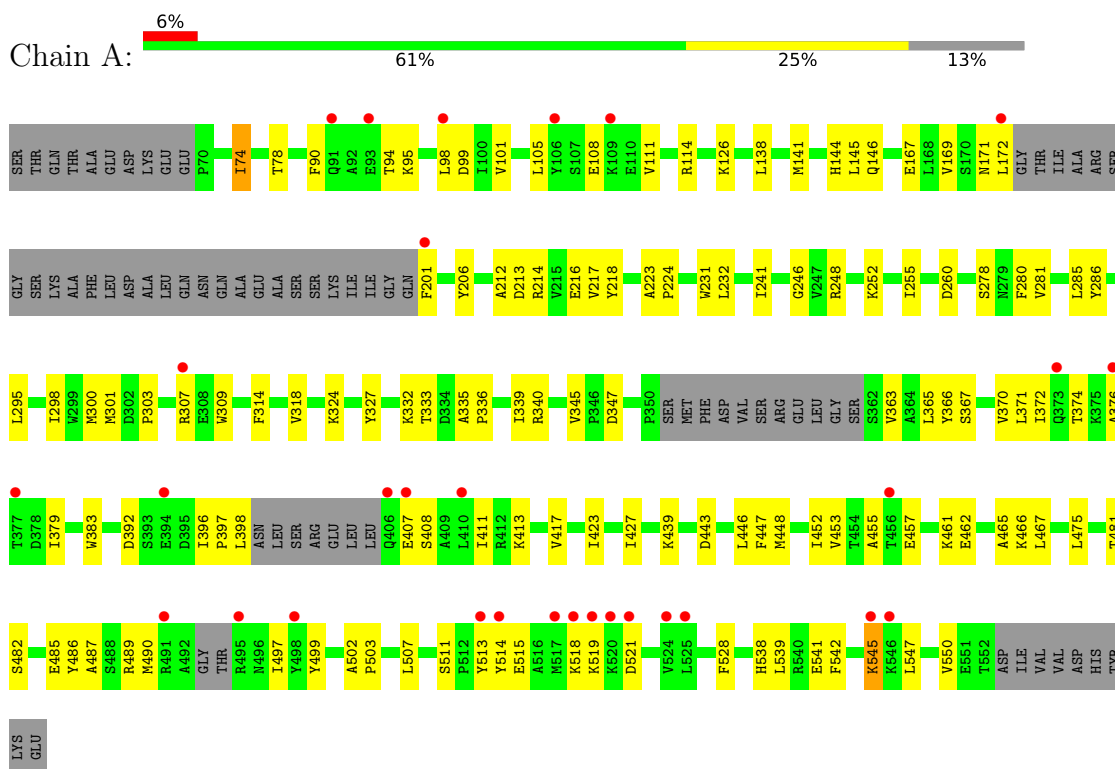
- Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	67	Total	O	0	0
			67	67		

### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Heat shock protein 75 kDa, mitochondrial



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 41 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	69.89Å 69.89Å 255.78Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	49.42 – 2.59 49.42 – 2.59	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	98.8 (49.42-2.59) 98.9 (49.42-2.59)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.07	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	2.01 (at 2.58Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.9_1692	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.222 , 0.283 0.225 , 0.281	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1023 reflections (5.00%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	48.9	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.187	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.33 , 58.8	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.47$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.30$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtrriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	3622	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	65.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.16% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: FE6

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.24	0/3596	0.38	0/4841

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	521	ASP	Peptide

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3527	0	3523	109	0
2	A	20	8	0	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	67	0	0	5	0
All	All	3614	8	3523	109	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 15.

All (109) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:397:PRO:HB2	1:A:398:LEU:HG	1.47	0.95
1:A:487:ALA:HB2	1:A:545:LYS:HZ3	1.30	0.95
1:A:298:ILE:HG22	1:A:301:MET:HE3	1.52	0.92
1:A:335:ALA:HB3	1:A:336:PRO:HD3	1.52	0.90
1:A:333:THR:HG22	1:A:339:ILE:HB	1.60	0.84
1:A:367:SER:HB2	1:A:372:ILE:HD11	1.61	0.80
1:A:397:PRO:CB	1:A:398:LEU:HG	2.14	0.78
1:A:513:TYR:HB3	1:A:550:VAL:HG12	1.66	0.76
1:A:497:ILE:HG13	1:A:545:LYS:HG3	1.68	0.75
1:A:487:ALA:HB2	1:A:545:LYS:NZ	2.01	0.74
1:A:497:ILE:CD1	1:A:545:LYS:HG3	2.18	0.72
1:A:307:ARG:NE	1:A:309:TRP:HE1	1.87	0.72
1:A:324:LYS:O	1:A:347:ASP:HB2	1.89	0.71
1:A:497:ILE:CG1	1:A:545:LYS:HG3	2.22	0.70
1:A:455:ALA:O	1:A:461:LYS:NZ	2.25	0.69
1:A:513:TYR:HB3	1:A:550:VAL:CG1	2.23	0.69
1:A:497:ILE:HD11	1:A:545:LYS:NZ	2.08	0.68
1:A:98:LEU:HB3	1:A:206:TYR:CE2	2.28	0.67
1:A:307:ARG:HG2	1:A:309:TRP:CD1	2.29	0.66
1:A:515:GLU:O	1:A:519:LYS:HB2	1.96	0.65
1:A:307:ARG:NH1	3:A:701:HOH:O	2.21	0.64
1:A:487:ALA:HA	1:A:490:MET:HG3	1.79	0.64
1:A:327:TYR:HB2	1:A:345:VAL:HB	1.78	0.64
1:A:497:ILE:HD11	1:A:545:LYS:HG3	1.80	0.62
1:A:365:LEU:HD13	1:A:379:ILE:CD1	2.29	0.62
1:A:503:PRO:HG2	1:A:507:LEU:HD23	1.82	0.62
1:A:514:TYR:CE1	1:A:518:LYS:HB2	2.35	0.61
1:A:213:ASP:OD2	1:A:214:ARG:N	2.36	0.59
1:A:490:MET:CE	1:A:545:LYS:HD2	2.34	0.58
1:A:169:VAL:HG22	1:A:241:ILE:HD12	1.85	0.57
1:A:462:GLU:O	1:A:466:LYS:HG3	2.04	0.57
1:A:367:SER:CB	1:A:372:ILE:HD11	2.32	0.57

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:212:ALA:HB2	1:A:255:ILE:HG23	1.86	0.56
1:A:365:LEU:HD22	1:A:379:ILE:HD11	1.88	0.56
1:A:453:VAL:HA	1:A:538:HIS:CE1	2.40	0.56
1:A:490:MET:HE2	1:A:545:LYS:HD2	1.87	0.55
1:A:108:GLU:O	1:A:111:VAL:HG22	2.07	0.55
1:A:278:SER:HB3	1:A:281:VAL:CG2	2.37	0.55
1:A:340:ARG:HB2	1:A:392:ASP:HB3	1.87	0.55
1:A:146:GLN:NE2	3:A:709:HOH:O	2.40	0.54
1:A:365:LEU:HD13	1:A:379:ILE:HD11	1.90	0.54
1:A:376:ALA:HB1	1:A:379:ILE:CD1	2.37	0.54
1:A:300:MET:SD	1:A:340:ARG:HG3	2.47	0.54
1:A:413:LYS:O	1:A:417:VAL:HG23	2.08	0.53
1:A:542:PHE:O	1:A:545:LYS:HG2	2.08	0.53
1:A:497:ILE:HD11	1:A:545:LYS:HZ1	1.73	0.53
1:A:539:LEU:HD23	1:A:547:LEU:HD11	1.88	0.53
1:A:90:PHE:CE2	1:A:172:LEU:HD22	2.44	0.53
1:A:371:LEU:HD21	1:A:374:THR:HG22	1.90	0.53
1:A:486:TYR:CE2	1:A:497:ILE:HG12	2.43	0.53
1:A:90:PHE:CZ	1:A:172:LEU:HD22	2.44	0.52
1:A:217:VAL:HB	1:A:231:TRP:HB3	1.90	0.52
1:A:101:VAL:HG22	1:A:105:LEU:HD22	1.90	0.52
1:A:78:THR:O	1:A:246:GLY:HA3	2.10	0.52
1:A:138:LEU:HB3	1:A:141:MET:HE3	1.90	0.52
1:A:503:PRO:CG	1:A:507:LEU:HD23	2.40	0.52
1:A:407:GLU:OE1	1:A:411:ILE:HD11	2.10	0.51
1:A:502:ALA:O	1:A:528:PHE:HA	2.10	0.51
1:A:497:ILE:HB	1:A:547:LEU:HD23	1.91	0.51
1:A:94:THR:O	1:A:98:LEU:HG	2.11	0.51
1:A:95:LYS:NZ	1:A:99:ASP:OD2	2.36	0.51
1:A:365:LEU:HB2	1:A:379:ILE:HD11	1.92	0.51
1:A:365:LEU:HD13	1:A:379:ILE:HD13	1.92	0.51
1:A:423:ILE:O	1:A:427:ILE:HG13	2.11	0.51
1:A:376:ALA:HB1	1:A:379:ILE:HG13	1.92	0.50
1:A:335:ALA:HB3	1:A:336:PRO:CD	2.35	0.49
1:A:216:GLU:OE1	1:A:218:TYR:OH	2.17	0.49
1:A:446:LEU:C	1:A:446:LEU:HD23	2.33	0.49
1:A:307:ARG:CZ	1:A:309:TRP:HE1	2.26	0.48
1:A:448:MET:HE3	1:A:467:LEU:HB2	1.95	0.48
1:A:285:LEU:HD23	1:A:286:TYR:N	2.29	0.47
1:A:366:TYR:O	1:A:392:ASP:HA	2.14	0.47
1:A:482:SER:OG	1:A:485:GLU:HG3	2.15	0.47

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:366:TYR:CE2	1:A:371:LEU:HD13	2.49	0.47
1:A:114:ARG:HD2	1:A:370:VAL:CG1	2.45	0.47
1:A:455:ALA:HB3	1:A:461:LYS:HG2	1.96	0.46
1:A:280:PHE:CE1	1:A:295:LEU:HB3	2.50	0.46
1:A:74:ILE:HD11	3:A:750:HOH:O	2.15	0.46
1:A:499:TYR:O	1:A:550:VAL:HG23	2.14	0.46
1:A:171:ASN:O	1:A:172:LEU:HB3	2.16	0.45
1:A:539:LEU:O	1:A:541:GLU:N	2.44	0.45
1:A:481:THR:OG1	1:A:485:GLU:HB2	2.17	0.44
1:A:367:SER:O	1:A:370:VAL:HB	2.17	0.44
1:A:511:SER:O	1:A:515:GLU:HG3	2.17	0.44
1:A:439:LYS:HD3	1:A:443:ASP:OD2	2.17	0.44
1:A:314:PHE:CZ	1:A:318:VAL:HG11	2.52	0.44
1:A:144:HIS:C	1:A:145:LEU:HD12	2.37	0.44
1:A:298:ILE:HA	1:A:301:MET:HE3	1.98	0.44
1:A:363:VAL:O	1:A:376:ALA:HB3	2.18	0.44
1:A:171:ASN:O	3:A:702:HOH:O	2.21	0.44
1:A:280:PHE:CZ	1:A:295:LEU:HD23	2.53	0.43
1:A:487:ALA:HB2	1:A:545:LYS:CE	2.48	0.43
1:A:303:PRO:HD3	1:A:332:LYS:HE2	2.01	0.43
1:A:74:ILE:HG13	1:A:248:ARG:NH1	2.33	0.43
1:A:365:LEU:HD11	1:A:396:ILE:CD1	2.48	0.42
1:A:314:PHE:O	1:A:318:VAL:HG22	2.19	0.42
1:A:455:ALA:C	1:A:461:LYS:HZ3	2.20	0.42
1:A:223:ALA:HA	1:A:224:PRO:HD3	1.89	0.42
1:A:376:ALA:HB1	1:A:379:ILE:HD12	2.00	0.42
1:A:376:ALA:HB1	1:A:379:ILE:CG1	2.50	0.41
1:A:475:LEU:HD21	1:A:489:ARG:HH12	1.85	0.41
1:A:397:PRO:HA	1:A:398:LEU:HA	1.76	0.41
1:A:167:GLU:O	1:A:171:ASN:HB2	2.20	0.41
1:A:231:TRP:O	1:A:232:LEU:HD23	2.20	0.41
1:A:307:ARG:HG2	1:A:309:TRP:HD1	1.82	0.41
1:A:452:ILE:HD11	1:A:465:ALA:HA	2.02	0.41
1:A:383:TRP:HB2	1:A:447:PHE:O	2.21	0.41
1:A:252:LYS:HD2	3:A:734:HOH:O	2.21	0.40
1:A:457:GLU:O	1:A:461:LYS:HG3	2.22	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	425/502 (85%)	405 (95%)	19 (4%)	1 (0%)	47 71

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	408	SER

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	386/443 (87%)	381 (99%)	5 (1%)	69 86

All (5) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	74	ILE
1	A	126	LYS
1	A	201	PHE
1	A	260	ASP
1	A	545	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	538	HIS

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	FE6	A	601	-	20,22,22	1.39	4 (20%)	24,32,32	2.74	11 (45%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	FE6	A	601	-	-	2/4/4/4	0/3/3/3

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	A	601	FE6	C03-N19	4.09	1.42	1.33
2	A	601	FE6	C10-N07	-2.87	1.42	1.47
2	A	601	FE6	C09-C06	2.20	1.45	1.40
2	A	601	FE6	C01-N02	2.01	1.35	1.30

All (11) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	A	601	FE6	C09-N08-N07	6.59	111.09	104.23
2	A	601	FE6	C03-N04-C05	5.08	121.16	115.36
2	A	601	FE6	N04-C03-N02	-4.74	120.90	127.22
2	A	601	FE6	C01-N02-C03	4.67	122.89	116.04
2	A	601	FE6	CL1-C01-N02	4.05	121.42	114.39
2	A	601	FE6	C13-C12-C11	-3.19	119.79	123.98
2	A	601	FE6	C12-C13-C14	2.90	119.70	117.40
2	A	601	FE6	C10-N07-N08	2.58	125.03	117.77
2	A	601	FE6	C16-C11-C12	2.22	120.49	116.61
2	A	601	FE6	N19-C03-N02	2.08	120.48	117.25
2	A	601	FE6	C11-C10-N07	-2.02	107.81	112.83

There are no chirality outliers.

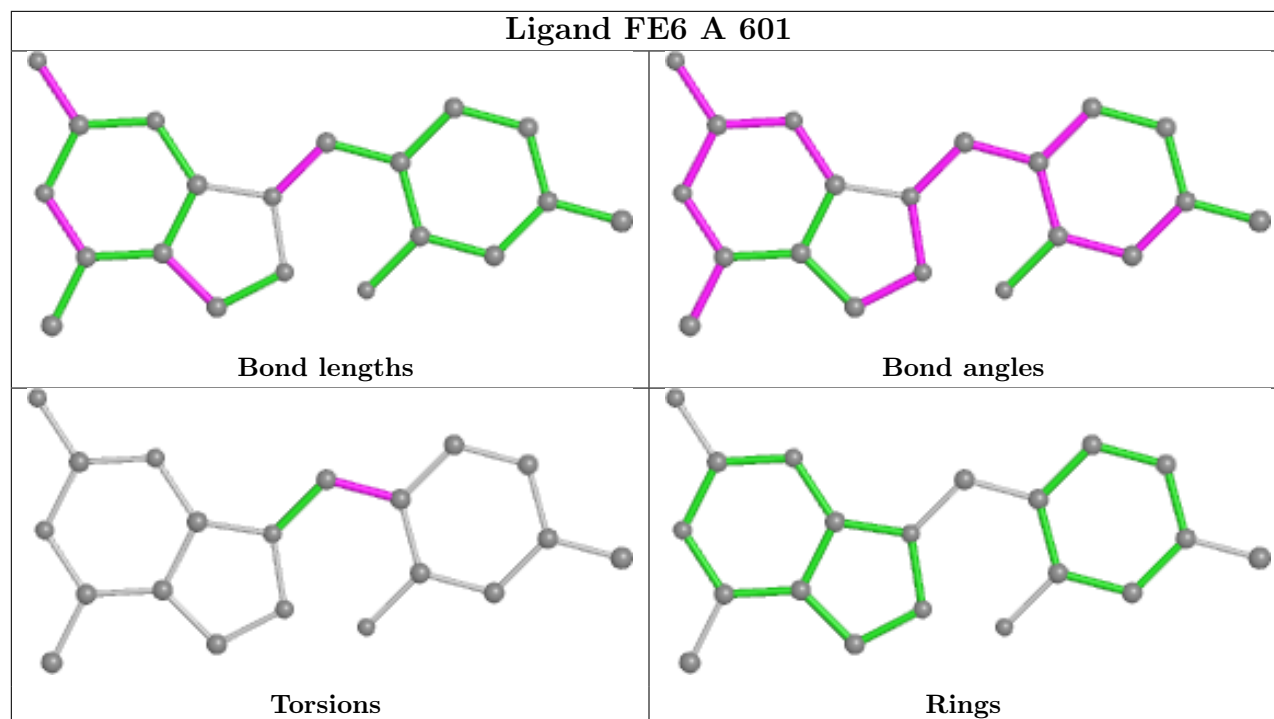
All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	601	FE6	N07-C10-C11-C12
2	A	601	FE6	N07-C10-C11-C16

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	435/502 (86%)	0.45	30 (6%) <b>16</b> <b>12</b>	35, 59, 113, 152	0

All (30) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	545	LYS	5.3
1	A	377	THR	4.1
1	A	407	GLU	4.1
1	A	519	LYS	4.0
1	A	498	TYR	3.9
1	A	514	TYR	3.6
1	A	524	VAL	3.4
1	A	307	ARG	3.4
1	A	518	LYS	3.4
1	A	201	PHE	3.2
1	A	517	MET	3.1
1	A	109	LYS	3.1
1	A	172	LEU	3.1
1	A	410	LEU	3.0
1	A	93	GLU	2.9
1	A	376	ALA	2.8
1	A	521	ASP	2.7
1	A	525	LEU	2.7
1	A	520	LYS	2.6
1	A	98	LEU	2.5
1	A	546	LYS	2.4
1	A	106	TYR	2.4
1	A	373	GLN	2.4
1	A	491	ARG	2.4
1	A	456	THR	2.3
1	A	495	ARG	2.3
1	A	406	GLN	2.3

*Continued on next page...*

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	91	GLN	2.1
1	A	513	TYR	2.1
1	A	394	GLU	2.0

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

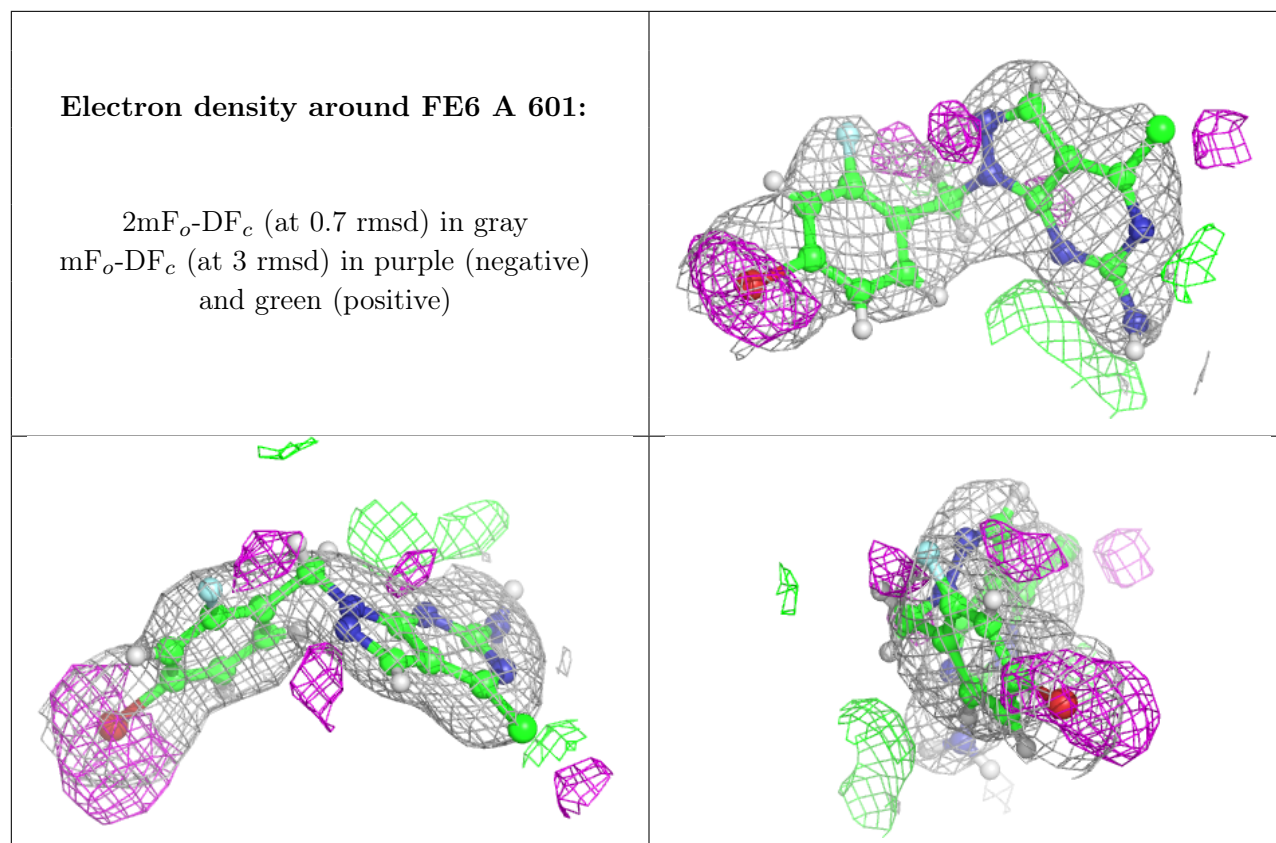
There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
2	FE6	A	601	20/20	0.97	0.18	35,50,68,121	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.