

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Nov 19, 2024 – 04:19 PM EST

PDB ID : 9DL6

Title: Structure of proline utilization A complexed with piperidine-3-carboxylic acid

Authors: Tanner, J.J.; Meeks, K.R.

Deposited on : 2024-09-10

Resolution : 1.42 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.21

EDS : 3.0 buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)

CCP4 : 9.0.003 (Gargrove)

Density-Fitness : 1.0.11

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

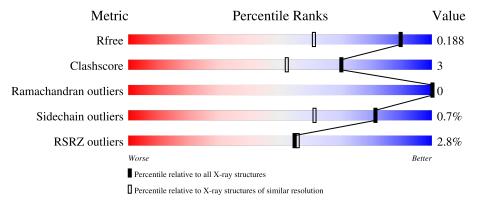
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.39

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.42 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# ext{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
R_{free}	164625	3500 (1.44-1.40)
Clashscore	180529	3801 (1.44-1.40)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	3734 (1.44-1.40)
Sidechain outliers	177891	3733 (1.44-1.40)
RSRZ outliers	164620	3499 (1.44-1.40)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	A	1235	92%	7%				
1	В	1235	91%	7%	-			

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:



Ν	/Iol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
	5	FMT	A	2006	-	-	X	-
	5	FMT	В	2006	-	-	X	-



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 12 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 21184 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

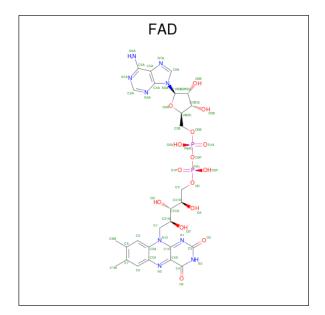
• Molecule 1 is a protein called Bifunctional protein PutA.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	1218	Total 9174	C 5793	N 1641	O 1705	S 35	0	26	0
1	В	1216	Total 9095	C 5741	N 1634	O 1684	S 36	0	24	0

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-1	SER	-	expression tag	UNP F7X6I3
A	0	MET	-	expression tag	UNP F7X6I3
В	-1	SER	-	expression tag	UNP F7X6I3
В	0	MET	-	expression tag	UNP F7X6I3

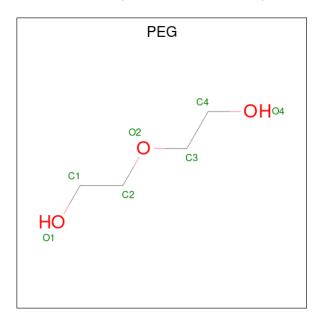
• Molecule 2 is FLAVIN-ADENINE DINUCLEOTIDE (three-letter code: FAD) (formula: $C_{27}H_{33}N_9O_{15}P_2$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).





\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$				ZeroOcc	AltConf		
2	٨	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	1	
2	Α	1	106	54	18	30	4	0	1	
2	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	1	
2	Б	1	106	54	18	30	4			

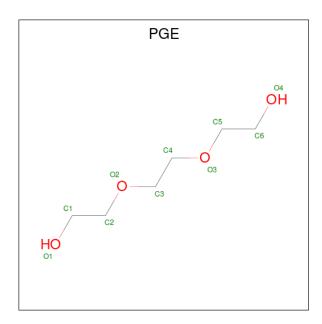
 $\bullet \ \, \text{Molecule 3 is DI(HYDROXYETHYL)ETHER (three-letter code: PEG) (formula: $C_4H_{10}O_3$)}. \\$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total C O 7 4 3	0	0
3	A	1	Total C O 7 4 3	0	0
3	A	1	Total C O 7 4 3	0	0
3	A	1	Total C O 7 4 3	0	0
3	В	1	Total C O 7 4 3	0	0
3	В	1	Total C O 7 4 3	0	0
3	В	1	Total C O 7 4 3	0	0

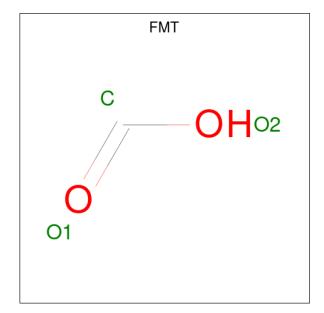
 \bullet Molecule 4 is TRIETHYLENE GLYCOL (three-letter code: PGE) (formula: $\mathrm{C_6H_{14}O_4}).$





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf	
4	Λ	1	Total C O	0	0	
4	Α	1	10 6 4	U		
4	Λ	1	Total C O	0	0	
4	A	1	10 6 4			
4	В	1	Total C O	0	0	
4	Б	1	10 6 4			
4	D	1	Total C O	0	0	
4	В	1	10 6 4	U	0	

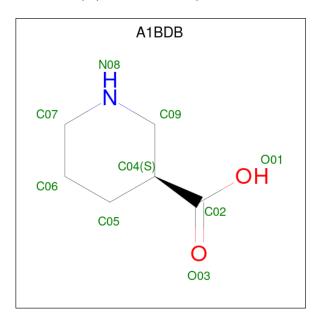
 \bullet Molecule 5 is FORMIC ACID (three-letter code: FMT) (formula: $\mathrm{CH_2O_2}).$





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total C O 3 1 2	0	0
5	A	1	Total C O 3 1 2	0	0
5	A	1	Total C O 3 1 2	0	0
5	A	1	Total C O 3 1 2	0	0
5	В	1	Total C O 3 1 2	0	0
5	В	1	Total C O 3 1 2	0	0

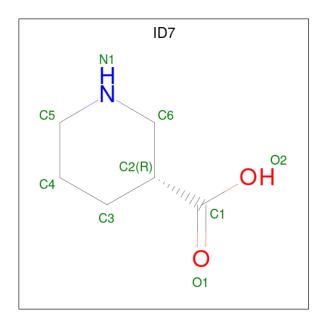
• Molecule 6 is (3S)-piperidine-3-carboxylic acid (three-letter code: A1BDB) (formula: $C_6H_{11}NO_2$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total C N O 9 6 1 2	0	1
6	В	1	Total C N O 9 6 1 2	0	1

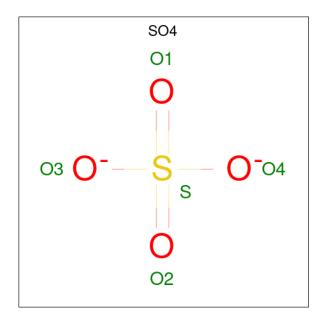
• Molecule 7 is (3R)-piperidine-3-carboxylic acid (three-letter code: ID7) (formula: $C_6H_{11}NO_2$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	1	Total 9		N 1	O 2	0	1
7	В	1	Total 9	C 6	N 1	O 2	0	1

 \bullet Molecule 8 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: $\mathrm{O_4S}).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	A	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
8	A	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0

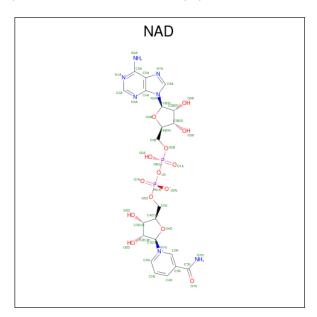
Continued on next page...



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	A	1	Total O S	0	0
		•	5 4 1	Ů	
Q	A	1	Total O S	0	0
0	Α	1	5 4 1		U
0	Λ	1	Total O S	0	0
0	A	1	5 4 1	0	
0	В	1	Total O S	0	0
0	Б	1	5 4 1	0	0
0	D	1	Total O S	0	0
	Б	1	5 4 1		U

• Molecule 9 is NICOTINAMIDE-ADENINE-DINUCLEOTIDE (three-letter code: NAD) (formula: $C_{21}H_{27}N_7O_{14}P_2$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



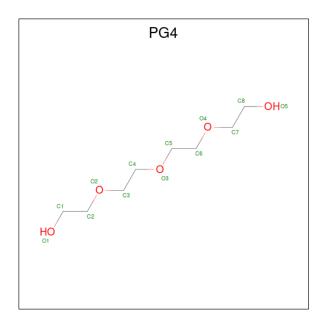
Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
0	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
9	A	1	44	21	7	14	2	0	0
0	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
9	Б	1	44	21	7	14	2	U	0

• Molecule 10 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
10	A	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0
10	В	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0



 \bullet Molecule 11 is TETRAETHYLENE GLYCOL (three-letter code: PG4) (formula: $\mathrm{C_8H_{18}O_5}).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
11	В	1	Total C O 13 8 5	0	0

• Molecule 12 is water.

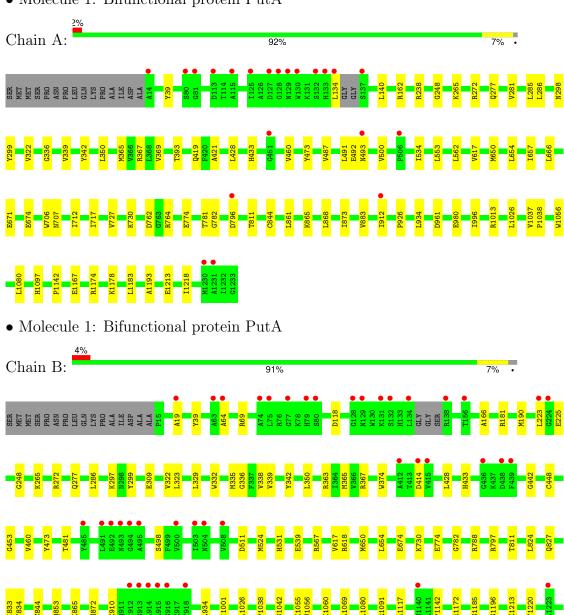
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
12	A	1229	Total O 1229 1229	0	4
12	В	1193	Total O 1193 1193	0	4



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Bifunctional protein PutA









4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	100.51Å 101.83Å 126.55Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 106.43° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	45.85 - 1.42	Depositor
Resolution (A)	45.85 - 1.42	EDS
% Data completeness	90.5 (45.85-1.42)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	91.3 (45.85-1.42)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.05	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.27 (at 1.42Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.21rc1_5156	Depositor
P. P.	0.167 , 0.189	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.167 , 0.188	DCC
R_{free} test set	22778 reflections (4.96%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	20.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.240	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.34, 35.3	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L >=0.50, < L^2>=0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	21184	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	26.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.52% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: FMT, FAD, PEG, PG4, MG, PGE, ID7, A1BDB, SO4, NAD

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond	angles
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	A	0.33	0/9416	0.62	0/12808
1	В	0.34	0/9327	0.62	0/12692
All	All	0.34	0/18743	0.62	0/25500

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	9174	0	9293	59	0
1	В	9095	0	9169	58	0
2	A	106	0	62	6	0
2	В	106	0	62	7	0
3	A	28	0	40	1	0
3	В	21	0	30	2	0
4	A	20	0	28	1	0
4	В	20	0	28	1	0
5	A	12	0	4	6	0
5	В	6	0	2	5	0
6	A	9	0	0	0	0

Continued on next page...



n previous	paae
	n previous

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	В	9	0	0	1	0
7	A	9	0	0	1	0
7	В	9	0	0	1	0
8	A	25	0	0	0	0
8	В	10	0	0	0	0
9	A	44	0	26	2	0
9	В	44	0	26	2	0
10	A	1	0	0	0	0
10	В	1	0	0	0	0
11	В	13	0	18	0	0
12	A	1229	0	0	6	0
12	В	1193	0	0	10	0
All	All	21184	0	18788	122	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

The worst 5 of 122 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${f distance}({ m \AA})$	$-$ overlap (\AA)
1:B:473:TYR:HB2	2:B:2001[B]:FAD:HM72	1.64	0.80
1:A:473:TYR:HB2	2:A:2001[A]:FAD:HM72	1.63	0.79
1:B:844:CYS:SG	9:B:2014:NAD:C4N	2.77	0.72
1:B:1213:GLU:HG3	5:B:2006:FMT:H	1.71	0.72
1:B:834[A]:THR:HG22	1:B:1001:ILE:HD11	1.72	0.70

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	1241/1235 (100%)	1224 (99%)	17 (1%)	0	100 100
1	В	1237/1235 (100%)	1214 (98%)	23 (2%)	0	100 100
All	All	2478/2470 (100%)	2438 (98%)	40 (2%)	0	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	932/951 (98%)	927 (100%)	5 (0%)	86 71		
1	В	913/951 (96%)	906 (99%)	7 (1%)	79 57		
All	All	1845/1902 (97%)	1833 (99%)	12 (1%)	81 61		

5 of 12 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	730	LYS
1	В	797	ARG
1	В	934	LEU
1	В	833	ILE
1	A	934	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 37 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 35 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

N T 1	TD.	GI :	Ъ	т. 1	В	ond leng	$_{ m gths}$	В	ond ang	gles
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	PEG	В	2008	-	6,6,6	0.23	0	5,5,5	0.27	0
3	PEG	В	2005	-	6,6,6	0.24	0	5,5,5	0.25	0
11	PG4	В	2004	-	12,12,12	0.31	0	11,11,11	0.33	0
2	FAD	В	2001[B]	-	54,58,58	2.39	17 (31%)	71,89,89	1.83	16 (22%)
4	PGE	A	2010	-	9,9,9	0.32	0	8,8,8	0.37	0
8	SO4	A	2014	-	4,4,4	0.62	0	6,6,6	0.32	0
5	FMT	A	2020	-	2,2,2	0.63	0	1,1,1	0.26	0
8	SO4	A	2017	-	4,4,4	0.67	0	6,6,6	0.10	0
3	PEG	A	2002	-	6,6,6	0.26	0	5,5,5	0.14	0
5	FMT	В	2006	-	2,2,2	0.65	0	1,1,1	0.41	0
3	PEG	В	2003	-	6,6,6	0.25	0	5,5,5	0.26	0
9	NAD	A	2018	10	42,48,48	3.76	18 (42%)	50,73,73	1.80	6 (12%)
2	FAD	A	2001[B]	-	54,58,58	2.29	16 (29%)	71,89,89	1.69	15 (21%)
6	A1BDB	В	2010[A]	-	8,9,9	1.41	1 (12%)	9,11,11	1.27	1 (11%)
5	FMT	A	2006	-	2,2,2	0.54	0	1,1,1	0.35	0
8	SO4	В	2013	-	4,4,4	0.68	0	6,6,6	0.11	0
8	SO4	A	2013	-	4,4,4	0.54	0	6,6,6	0.30	0
8	SO4	A	2016	-	4,4,4	0.67	0	6,6,6	0.07	0
5	FMT	A	2008	-	2,2,2	0.58	0	1,1,1	0.25	0
5	FMT	A	2007	-	2,2,2	0.72	0	1,1,1	0.48	0
3	PEG	A	2004	-	6,6,6	0.23	0	5,5,5	0.30	0
2	FAD	В	2001[A]	_	54,58,58	2.31	16 (29%)	71,89,89	1.62	15 (21%)
3	PEG	A	2009	-	6,6,6	0.26	0	5,5,5	0.20	0
3	PEG	A	2005	-	6,6,6	0.24	0	5,5,5	0.21	0
9	NAD	В	2014	10	42,48,48	3.64	16 (38%)	50,73,73	1.75	4 (8%)
7	ID7	В	2011[B]	-	8,9,9	2.71	2 (25%)	9,11,11	1.23	0



Mol	Type	pe Chain Res I		Link	В	ond leng	$_{ m gths}$	В	ond ang	gles
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
2	FAD	A	2001[A]	-	54,58,58	2.26	15 (27%)	71,89,89	1.96	16 (22%)
5	FMT	В	2009	-	2,2,2	0.61	0	1,1,1	0.14	0
7	ID7	A	2012[B]	-	8,9,9	2.68	2 (25%)	9,11,11	1.43	1 (11%)
4	PGE	A	2003	-	9,9,9	0.32	0	8,8,8	0.48	0
4	PGE	В	2002	-	9,9,9	0.34	0	8,8,8	0.49	0
6	A1BDB	A	2011[A]	-	8,9,9	1.45	1 (12%)	9,11,11	1.31	1 (11%)
8	SO4	В	2012	-	4,4,4	0.59	0	6,6,6	0.29	0
4	PGE	В	2007	-	9,9,9	0.34	0	8,8,8	0.43	0
8	SO4	A	2015	-	4,4,4	0.68	0	6,6,6	0.24	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	PEG	В	2008	-	-	1/4/4/4	-
3	PEG	В	2005	_	-	2/4/4/4	_
11	PG4	В	2004	-	-	4/10/10/10	-
2	FAD	В	2001[B]	-	-	17/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
4	PGE	A	2010	-	-	2/7/7/7	-
3	PEG	A	2002	-	-	0/4/4/4	-
3	PEG	В	2003	-	-	0/4/4/4	-
9	NAD	A	2018	10	-	4/26/62/62	0/5/5/5
2	FAD	A	2001[B]	-	-	9/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
6	A1BDB	В	2010[A]	-	-	0/4/12/12	1/1/1/1
3	PEG	A	2004	-	-	1/4/4/4	-
2	FAD	В	2001[A]	-	-	8/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
3	PEG	A	2009	-	-	1/4/4/4	-
3	PEG	A	2005	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
9	NAD	В	2014	10	-	3/26/62/62	0/5/5/5
7	ID7	В	2011[B]	-	-	0/4/12/12	0/1/1/1
2	FAD	A	2001[A]	-	-	15/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
7	ID7	A	2012[B]	-	-	2/4/12/12	0/1/1/1
4	PGE	A	2003	-	-	4/7/7/7	-
4	PGE	В	2002	-	-	1/7/7/7	-
6	A1BDB	A	2011[A]	-	-	0/4/12/12	1/1/1/1
4	PGE	В	2007	-	-	3/7/7/7	-



The worst	5	of	104	bond	length	outliers	are	listed	below:
TIIC WOID	\mathbf{O}	OI	101	Olla	10115011	Outilois	COL C	IIDUCA	DOIOW.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(A)	$Ideal(\AA)$
2	В	2001[B]	FAD	PA-O3P	-10.39	1.48	1.59
2	В	2001[A]	FAD	PA-O3P	-9.62	1.49	1.59
9	В	2014	NAD	O4D-C1D	-9.36	1.28	1.40
2	A	2001[A]	FAD	PA-O3P	-9.13	1.49	1.59
9	A	2018	NAD	O4D-C1D	-9.10	1.28	1.40

The worst 5 of 75 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	A	2001[A]	FAD	C5'-C4'-C3'	-8.00	97.13	112.22
9	A	2018	NAD	C1B-N9A-C4A	-7.41	113.63	126.64
9	В	2014	NAD	N3A-C2A-N1A	-6.84	119.38	128.67
2	A	2001[B]	FAD	N3A-C2A-N1A	-6.84	119.39	128.67
9	В	2014	NAD	C1B-N9A-C4A	-6.42	115.35	126.64

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 79 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	2001[A]	FAD	C5B-O5B-PA-O1A
2	A	2001[A]	FAD	C5B-O5B-PA-O3P
2	A	2001[A]	FAD	P-O3P-PA-O5B
2	A	2001[A]	FAD	C2'-C3'-C4'-O4'
2	A	2001[A]	FAD	C2'-C3'-C4'-C5'

All (2) ring outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
6	A	2011[A]	A1BDB	C04-C05-C06-C07-C09-N08
6	В	2010[A]	A1BDB	C04-C05-C06-C07-C09-N08

18 monomers are involved in 36 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	В	2005	PEG	2	0
2	В	2001[B]	FAD	3	0
5	В	2006	FMT	4	0
9	A	2018	NAD	2	0
2	A	2001[B]	FAD	2	0
6	В	2010[A]	A1BDB	1	0
5	A	2006	FMT	4	0

Continued on next page...

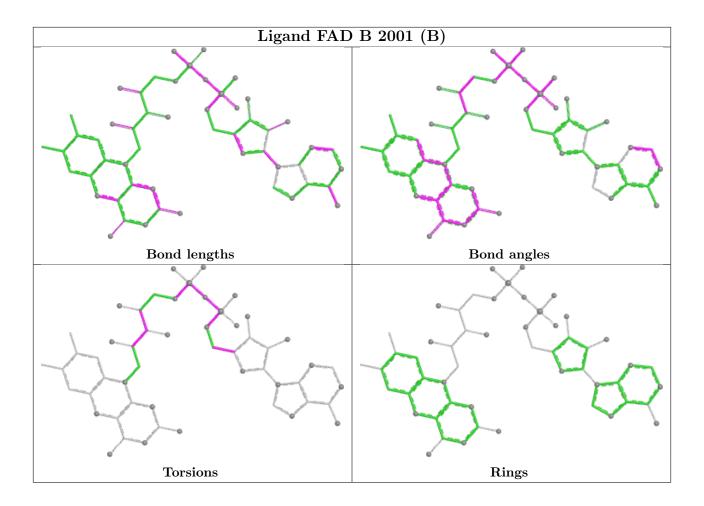


Continued from previous page...

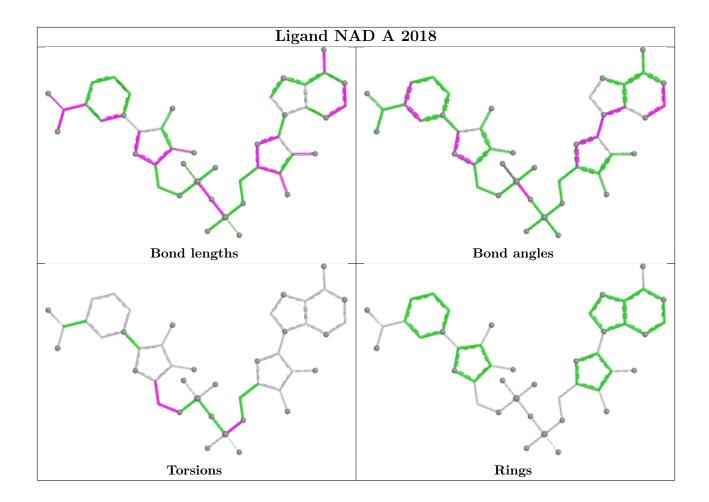
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	A	2008	FMT	1	0
5	A	2007	FMT	1	0
2	В	2001[A]	FAD	4	0
3	A	2005	PEG	1	0
9	В	2014	NAD	2	0
7	В	2011[B]	ID7	1	0
2	A	2001[A]	FAD	4	0
5	В	2009	FMT	1	0
7	A	2012[B]	ID7	1	0
4	A	2003	PGE	1	0
4	В	2007	PGE	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

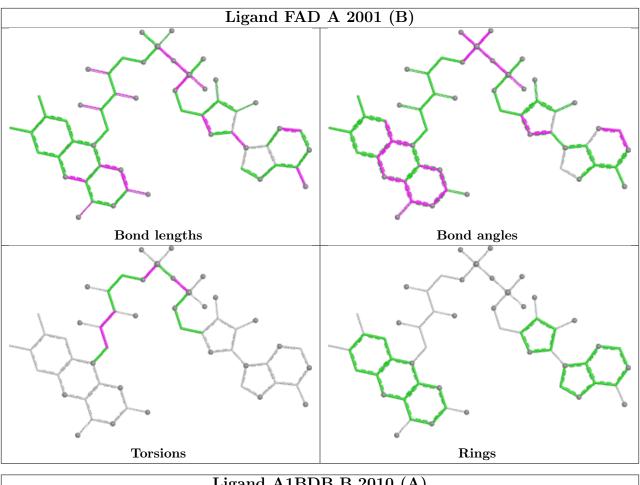


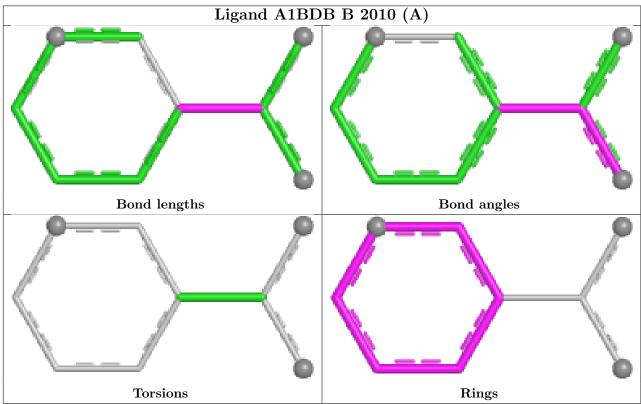




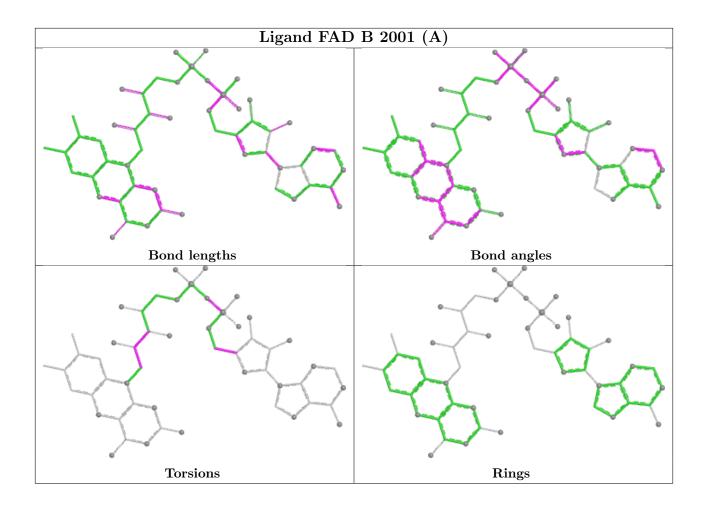




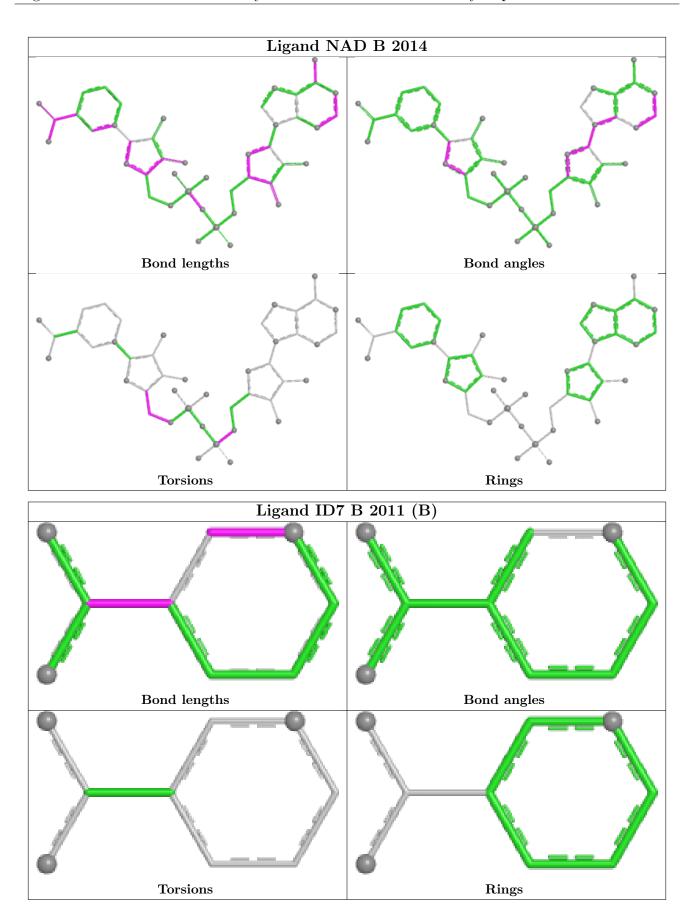




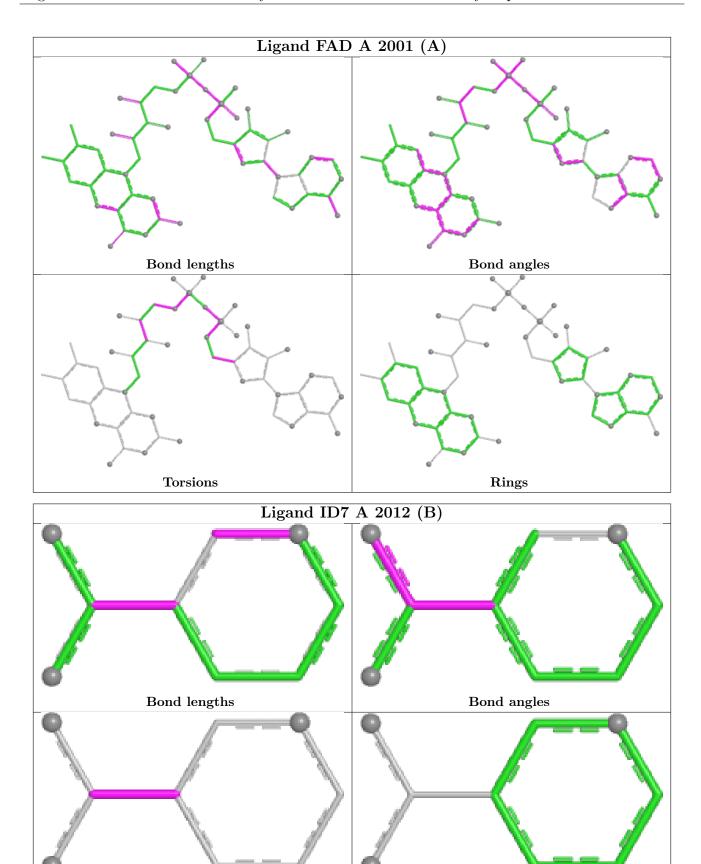








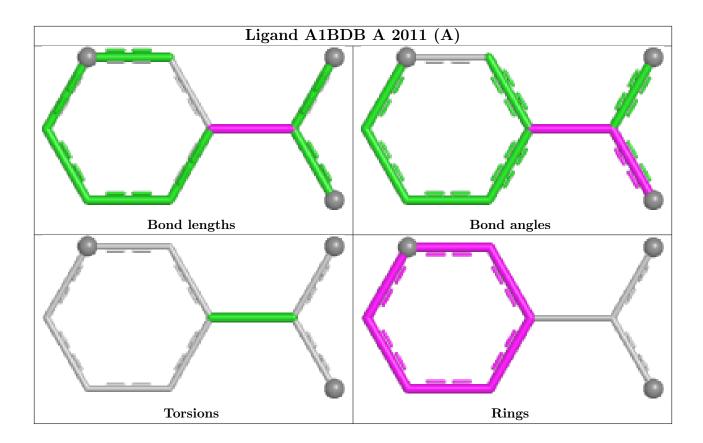






Torsions

Rings



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle { m RSRZ} \rangle$	$\# \mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	1218/1235 (98%)	0.02	21 (1%) 69 71	10, 24, 40, 65	26 (2%)
1	В	1216/1235 (98%)	0.11	47 (3%) 44 45	10, 23, 43, 76	24 (1%)
All	All	2434/2470 (98%)	0.07	68 (2%) 55 56	10, 24, 42, 76	50 (2%)

The worst 5 of 68 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	912	ILE	5.1
1	В	491[A]	LEU	4.1
1	В	1230	MET	4.1
1	В	80	SER	3.9
1	В	129	ASN	3.8

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



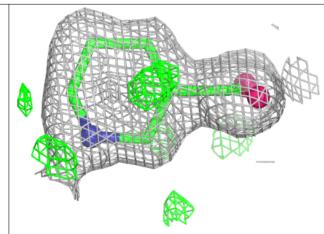
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{B-factors}({ ext{\AA}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
3	PEG	В	2005	7/7	0.72	0.18	34,43,50,54	0
3	PEG	A	2005	7/7	0.76	0.17	39,42,47,56	0
3	PEG	A	2004	7/7	0.76	0.15	35,39,46,48	0
4	PGE	A	2003	10/10	0.78	0.19	35,38,43,45	10
8	SO4	В	2013	5/5	0.78	0.13	48,50,59,59	5
11	PG4	В	2004	13/13	0.79	0.17	29,36,45,50	13
4	PGE	В	2007	10/10	0.81	0.15	28,43,49,51	0
3	PEG	A	2009	7/7	0.85	0.11	39,41,48,51	0
5	FMT	A	2006	3/3	0.85	0.15	16,16,23,25	3
3	PEG	A	2002	7/7	0.86	0.12	28,35,38,44	0
5	FMT	A	2007	3/3	0.86	0.15	15,15,25,31	3
6	A1BDB	В	2010[A]	9/9	0.88	0.10	19,23,25,25	9
3	PEG	В	2003	7/7	0.88	0.11	34,39,43,46	0
5	FMT	В	2006	3/3	0.88	0.13	20,20,22,23	3
3	PEG	В	2008	7/7	0.89	0.10	38,44,49,50	0
8	SO4	A	2016	5/5	0.89	0.09	52,52,55,56	5
8	SO4	A	2017	5/5	0.90	0.11	30,33,37,37	5
4	PGE	A	2010	10/10	0.90	0.11	28,36,40,43	0
6	A1BDB	A	2011[A]	9/9	0.90	0.11	21,24,28,30	9
8	SO4	A	2015	5/5	0.91	0.11	32,35,39,49	5
4	PGE	В	2002	10/10	0.93	0.09	29,35,41,41	0
5	FMT	A	2008	3/3	0.93	0.10	15,15,34,36	3
5	FMT	В	2009	3/3	0.94	0.14	10,10,34,37	3
7	ID7	A	2012[B]	9/9	0.94	0.09	20,24,28,31	9
7	ID7	В	2011[B]	9/9	0.94	0.08	18,23,24,26	9
5	FMT	A	2020	3/3	0.94	0.08	37,37,40,40	0
8	SO4	A	2014	5/5	0.95	0.09	26,29,37,41	5
2	FAD	В	2001[B]	53/53	0.95	0.07	16,20,25,26	53
9	NAD	A	2018	44/44	0.95	0.08	16,24,28,32	0
10	MG	A	2019	1/1	0.95	0.13	30,30,30,30	0
10	MG	В	2015	1/1	0.95	0.14	31,31,31,31	0
2	FAD	В	2001[A]	53/53	0.95	0.07	15,20,24,25	53
2	FAD	A	2001[B]	53/53	0.96	0.07	15,18,23,23	53
2	FAD	A	2001[A]	53/53	0.96	0.07	14,19,22,30	53
9	NAD	В	2014	44/44	0.96	0.07	15,18,22,29	0
8	SO4	A	2013	5/5	0.99	0.05	20,20,23,24	0
8	SO4	В	2012	5/5	0.99	0.04	17,17,21,22	0

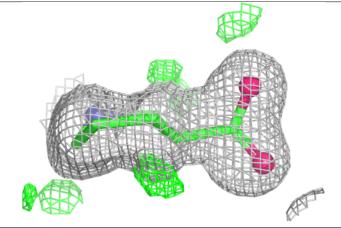
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

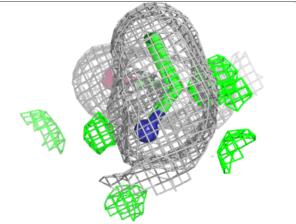


Electron density around A1BDB B 2010 (A):

 $2mF_o$ -DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray mF_o -DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

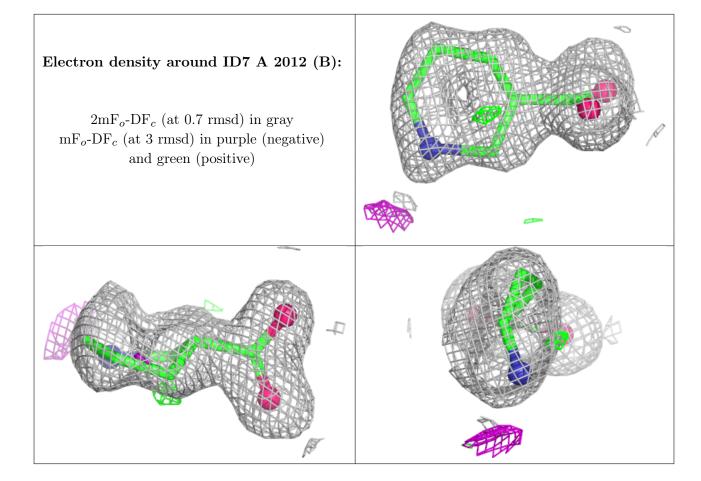








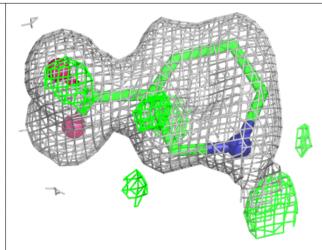


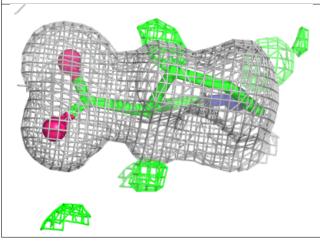


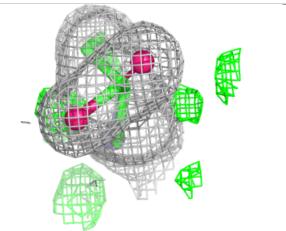


Electron density around ID7 B 2011 (B):

 $2mF_o$ -DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray mF_o -DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



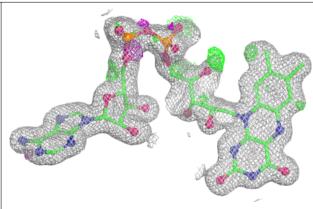


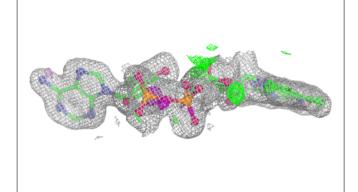


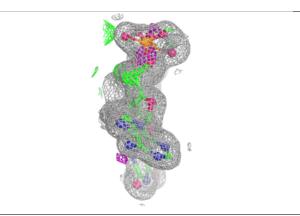


Electron density around FAD B 2001 (B):

 $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

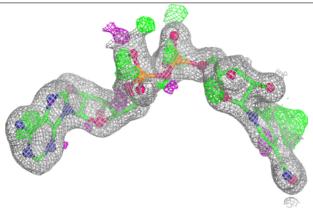


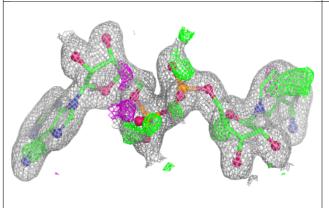


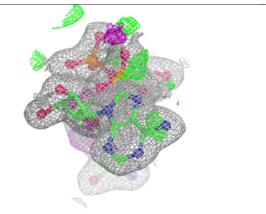


Electron density around NAD A 2018:

 $2 \text{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\text{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



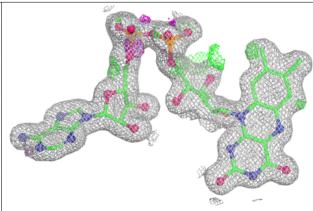


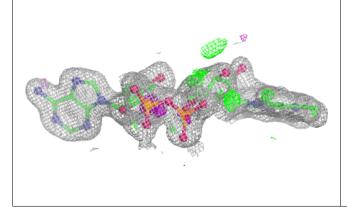


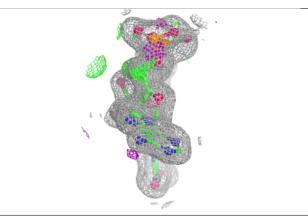


Electron density around FAD B 2001 (A):

 $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

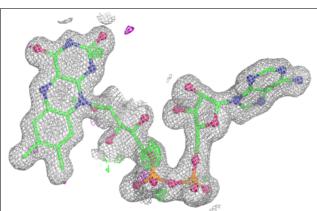


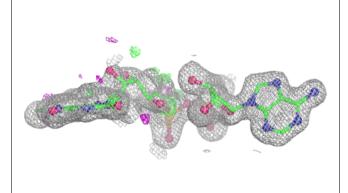


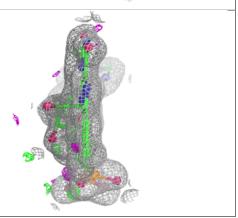


Electron density around FAD A 2001 (B):

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



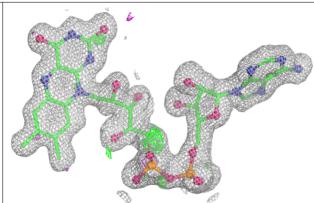


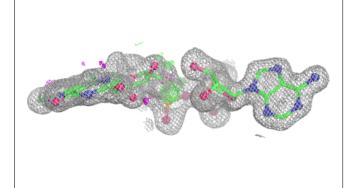


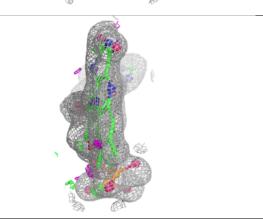


Electron density around FAD A 2001 (A):

 $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

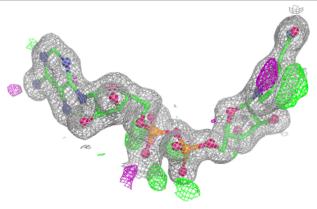


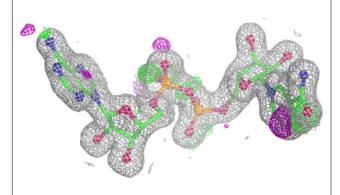


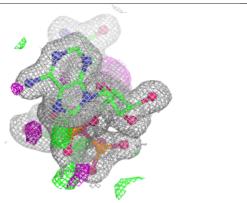


Electron density around NAD B 2014:

 $2 \text{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\text{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)









6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

