

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Jun 12, 2024 – 06:42 AM EDT

PDB ID : 2EJ5

Title : Crystal structure of GK2038 protein (enoyl-CoA hydratase subunit II) from

Geobacillus kaustophilus

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Deposited on : 2007-03-15

Resolution : 2.00 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

 $\begin{array}{ccc} & Mol Probity & : & 4.02b\text{-}467 \\ Xtriage \left(Phenix\right) & : & 1.20.1 \end{array}$ 

EDS : 2.36.2

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

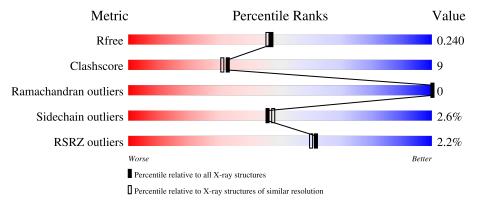
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36.2

### 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\#  ext{Entries})$	$(\#  ext{Entries},  ext{ resolution range}( ext{Å}))$
$R_{free}$	130704	8085 (2.00-2.00)
Clashscore	141614	9178 (2.00-2.00)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	9054 (2.00-2.00)
Sidechain outliers	138945	9053 (2.00-2.00)
RSRZ outliers	127900	7900 (2.00-2.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	A	257	82%	14%	<del></del>
1	В	257	88%	9%	



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4335 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Enoyl-CoA hydratase subunit II.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	250	Total 1934	C 1226	N 343	O 355	S 10	0	1	0
1	В	251	Total 1935	C 1224	N 344	O 357	S 10	0	0	0

• Molecule 2 is water.

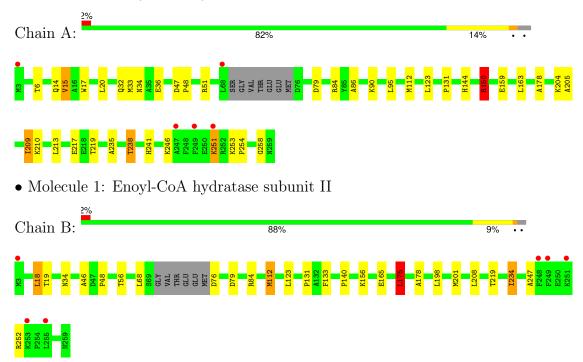
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	216	Total O 216 216	0	0
2	В	250	Total O 250 250	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Enoyl-CoA hydratase subunit II





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 3	Depositor
Cell constants	117.01Å 117.01Å 117.01Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	32.45 - 2.00	Depositor
Resolution (A)	32.45 - 2.00	EDS
% Data completeness	99.7 (32.45-2.00)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.8 (32.45-2.00)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.09	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	13.48 (at 2.00Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0019	Depositor
D D.	0.192 , 0.242	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.193 , $0.240$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1802 reflections (4.98%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	22.6	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.000	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.34, 52.2	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L >=0.50, < L^2>=0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.024 for l,-k,h	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	4335	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	25.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 2.79% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

#### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
WIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	A	0.79	0/1971	0.77	$1/2659 \ (0.0\%)$
1	В	0.77	0/1969	0.78	3/2656 (0.1%)
All	All	0.78	0/3940	0.77	4/5315 (0.1%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\mathrm{Ideal}(^{o})$
1	В	175	LEU	CA-CB-CG	6.59	130.45	115.30
1	A	150	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-6.57	117.02	120.30
1	В	112	MET	CG-SD-CE	-6.30	90.13	100.20
1	В	18	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.53	128.01	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1934	0	1959	42	0
1	В	1935	0	1953	26	0
2	A	216	0	0	3	0
2	В	250	0	0	6	0
All	All	4335	0	3912	68	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including



hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 9.

The worst 5 of 68 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{aligned} &  ext{Interatomic} \ &  ext{distance} \ &  ext{(Å)} \end{aligned}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:201:MET:HG2	2:B:387:HOH:O	1.41	1.19
1:A:150:ARG:HH11	1:A:150:ARG:HG3	0.94	1.07
1:B:198:LEU:HD23	1:B:201:MET:HE1	1.03	1.03
1:A:20:LEU:HD22	1:A:33:MET:CE	1.89	1.02
1:B:198:LEU:HD23	1:B:201:MET:CE	1.89	1.00

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentil	les
1	A	247/257 (96%)	240 (97%)	7 (3%)	0	100 10	)()
1	В	247/257 (96%)	240 (97%)	7 (3%)	0	100 10	)()
All	All	494/514 (96%)	480 (97%)	14 (3%)	0	100 10	)()

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	196/201 (98%)	189 (96%)	7 (4%)	35 34
1	В	196/201 (98%)	192 (98%)	4 (2%)	55 58
All	All	392/402 (98%)	381 (97%)	11 (3%)	46 44

5 of 11 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	18	LEU
1	В	68	LEU
1	В	234	ILE
1	В	175	LEU
1	A	219	THR

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 7 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	193	GLN
1	В	34	ASN
1	В	193	GLN
1	В	94	HIS
1	A	34	ASN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.



## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



### 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	250/257~(97%)	0.01	5 (2%) 65 63	11, 22, 37, 61	0
1	В	$251/257 \ (97\%)$	-0.07	6 (2%) 59 57	13, 21, 38, 49	0
All	All	501/514 (97%)	-0.03	11 (2%) 62 60	11, 21, 38, 61	0

The worst 5 of 11 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	249	PHE	6.1
1	A	251	LYS	4.7
1	A	249	PHE	4.1
1	A	3	MET	3.3
1	В	248	PHE	2.9

#### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

#### 6.4 Ligands (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

#### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

