

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Jun 11, 2024 – 08:54 PM EDT

PDB ID : 1F47

Title : THE BACTERIAL CELL-DIVISION PROTEIN ZIPA AND ITS INTERAC-

TION WITH AN FTSZ FRAGMENT REVEALED BY X-RAY CRYSTAL-

LOGRAPHY

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Deposited on : 2000-06-07

Resolution : 1.95 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Xtriage (Phenix) : NOT EXECUTED EDS : NOT EXECUTED

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

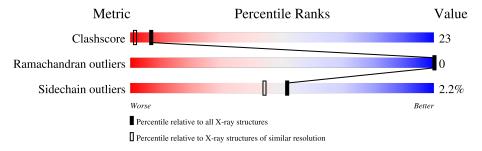
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\text{-}RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.95 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
Clashscore	141614	2705 (1.96-1.96)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2678 (1.96-1.96)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2678 (1.96-1.96)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	В	144	74%	25%			
2	A	17	53% 41	%	6%		



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1467 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called CELL DIVISION PROTEIN ZIPA.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	В	144	Total 1129	C 712	N 195	O 213	S 9	0	0	0

• Molecule 2 is a protein called CELL DIVISION PROTEIN FTSZ.

\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Residues	Ato	$\mathbf{m}\mathbf{s}$		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	A	17	Total C 135 87	N 22	O 26	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	В	187	Total O 187 187	0	0
3	A	16	Total O 16 16	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

• Molecule 1: CELL DIVISION PROTEIN ZIPA





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Xtriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source	
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor	
Cell constants	36.53Å 38.90Å 54.54Å	Depositor	
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 104.11° 90.00°	Depositor	
Resolution (Å)	25.00 - 1.95	Depositor	
% Data completeness	(Not available) (25.00-1.95)	Depositor	
(in resolution range)	(1100 available) (29.00 1.90)	Depositor	
R_{merge}	0.06	Depositor	
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor	
Refinement program	CNS	Depositor	
R, R_{free}	0.205 , 0.251	Depositor	
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage	
Total number of atoms	1467	wwPDB-VP	
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	27.0	wwPDB-VP	



5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles	
Wioi Chain		RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	В	0.44	0/1151	0.68	0/1550
2	A	0.43	0/138	0.70	0/186
All	All	0.44	0/1289	0.68	0/1736

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	В	1129	0	1122	50	0
2	A	135	0	127	12	0
3	A	16	0	0	1	0
3	В	187	0	0	16	1
All	All	1467	0	1249	58	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 23.

All (58) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:B:26:GLU:HG2	3:B:301:HOH:O	1.67	0.94

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Atom-1	Atom-2	${\rm distance}\ (\mathring{\rm A})$	overlap (Å)		
1:B:26:GLU:H	1:B:26:GLU:CD	1.67	0.92		
1:B:87:GLN:HG2	3:B:226:HOH:O	1.74	0.87		
1:B:42:MET:SD	2:A:15:GLN:HB2	2.17	0.84		
1:B:54:SER:HA	3:B:285:HOH:O	1.83	0.78		
1:B:6:ARG:NH2	3:B:195:HOH:O	2.16	0.78		
2:A:10:ALA:HA	2:A:13:ARG:HD2	1.69	0.74		
1:B:74:MET:HE1	3:B:242:HOH:O	1.86	0.74		
1:B:91:TYR:O	1:B:97:LEU:HD11	1.87	0.73		
1:B:52:ASP:OD2	1:B:54:SER:CB	2.38	0.71		
1:B:93:ASP:O	1:B:97:LEU:HG	1.91	0.70		
1:B:18:HIS:HD2	1:B:19:HIS:O	1.76	0.68		
1:B:24:ASN:OD1	1:B:26:GLU:OE1	2.11	0.67		
1:B:52:ASP:OD2	1:B:54:SER:OG	2.13	0.67		
1:B:58:LEU:HD22	1:B:97:LEU:HD13	1.78	0.66		
1:B:4:PRO:HG3	3:B:258:HOH:O	1.96	0.66		
1:B:34:GLN:NE2	1:B:111:GLU:OE2	2.30	0.65		
2:A:7:ASP:OD1	2:A:10:ALA:HB3	1.96	0.64		
1:B:24:ASN:CG	1:B:26:GLU:OE1	2.37	0.63		
1:B:49:LEU:HG	3:B:295:HOH:O	1.98	0.63		
1:B:18:HIS:CD2	1:B:19:HIS:O	2.52	0.62		
1:B:6:ARG:HD2	1:B:138:GLU:OE1	2.00	0.62		
1:B:58:LEU:HD13	1:B:97:LEU:HD22	1.80	0.62		
1:B:52:ASP:OD2	1:B:54:SER:N	2.33	0.60		
1:B:58:LEU:CD1	1:B:97:LEU:HD22	2.32	0.60		
1:B:24:ASN:ND2	1:B:26:GLU:OE1	2.37	0.57		
1:B:30:ASN:HB3	3:B:194:HOH:O	2.05	0.56		
1:B:26:GLU:CD	1:B:26:GLU:N	2.46	0.56		
1:B:50:SER:OG	1:B:52:ASP:OD1	2.23	0.56		
1:B:67:PRO:HB2	3:B:307:HOH:O	2.06	0.55		
1:B:42:MET:SD	2:A:15:GLN:CB	2.92	0.55		
1:B:48:HIS:HE1	3:B:148:HOH:O	1.89	0.54		
1:B:117:LEU:HD21	3:B:287:HOH:O	2.07	0.52		
2:A:9:PRO:O	2:A:13:ARG:HG3	2.10	0.52		
1:B:37:PHE:HB3	1:B:45:TYR:HB3	1.94	0.49		
1:B:42:MET:SD	2:A:15:GLN:HG3	2.54	0.47		
1:B:50:SER:CB	1:B:52:ASP:OD1	2.62	0.47		
1:B:52:ASP:OD2	1:B:54:SER:HB3	2.14	0.47		
2:A:10:ALA:HA	2:A:13:ARG:CD	2.43	0.46		
2:A:8:ILE:O	2:A:12:LEU:HG	2.16	0.46		
1:B:3:LYS:HE3	3:B:219:HOH:O	2.15	0.45		
1:B:108:ILE:O	1:B:112:VAL:HG22	2.17	0.45		

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${ m distance}({ m \AA})$	overlap (Å)
1:B:41:ASP:O	1:B:46:HIS:HE1	1.99	0.45
1:B:50:SER:HB2	1:B:52:ASP:OD1	2.16	0.45
3:B:320:HOH:O	2:A:6:LEU:HD12	2.17	0.44
2:A:7:ASP:HA	3:A:19:HOH:O	2.17	0.44
1:B:34:GLN:HB2	3:B:303:HOH:O	2.18	0.44
2:A:7:ASP:OD1	2:A:10:ALA:CB	2.65	0.44
1:B:34:GLN:CD	1:B:111:GLU:OE2	2.56	0.44
1:B:34:GLN:CG	3:B:303:HOH:O	2.66	0.43
1:B:99:LYS:O	1:B:103:GLN:HG3	2.19	0.43
1:B:63:ASN:HB3	1:B:68:GLY:HA2	2.00	0.42
1:B:93:ASP:HB3	1:B:96:GLN:HB3	2.01	0.42
1:B:58:LEU:HD23	1:B:58:LEU:HA	1.88	0.42
1:B:71:ASP:O	1:B:74:MET:HB2	2.19	0.42
1:B:48:HIS:CE1	3:B:148:HOH:O	2.70	0.41
1:B:42:MET:CE	2:A:15:GLN:HG3	2.51	0.41
1:B:46:HIS:HD2	1:B:60:SER:OG	2.03	0.41

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-1 Atom-2		$egin{aligned} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap} & (ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$	
3:B:173:HOH:O	3:B:192:HOH:O[2_546]	2.17	0.03	

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	В	142/144 (99%)	140 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
2	A	15/17 (88%)	15 (100%)	0	0	100	100
All	All	157/161 (98%)	155 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100



There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	В	123/123 (100%)	121 (98%)	2 (2%)	62 58
2	A	13/15 (87%)	12 (92%)	1 (8%)	13 4
All	All	136/138 (99%)	133 (98%)	3 (2%)	52 44

All (3) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	6	ARG
1	В	74	MET
2	A	7	ASP

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (6) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	18	HIS
1	В	19	HIS
1	В	46	HIS
1	В	48	HIS
1	В	143	ASN
2	A	15	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

