



Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Aug 31, 2020 – 10:03 AM BST

PDB ID : 1F5E
Title : STRUCTURE OF TRANSCRIPTIONAL FACTOR ALCR IN COMPLEX WITH A TARGET DNA
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Deposited on : 2000-06-14

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker : 2.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.13

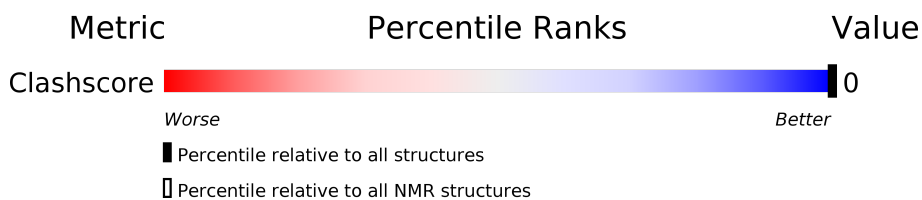
1 Overall quality at a glance [i](#)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

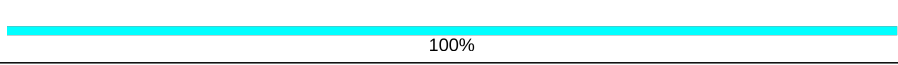
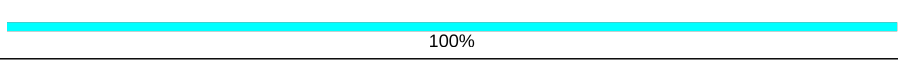
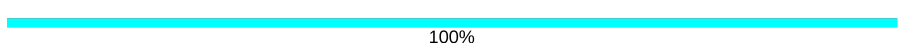
The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	12864

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	10	 100%
2	B	10	 100%
3	P	65	 100%

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 1 models. Identification of well-defined residues and clustering analysis are not possible.

3 Entry composition i

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1648 atoms, of which 710 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a DNA chain called DNA (5'-D(P*CP*GP*TP*GP*CP*GP*GP*AP*TP*C)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace	
			Total	C	H	N	O		P
1	A	10	318	97	112	38	61	10	0

- Molecule 2 is a DNA chain called DNA (5'-D(P*GP*AP*TP*CP*CP*GP*CP*AP*CP*G)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace	
			Total	C	H	N	O		P
2	B	10	315	96	111	39	59	10	0

- Molecule 3 is a protein called ETHANOL REGULON TRANSCRIPTIONAL FACTOR.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace	
			Total	C	H	N	O		S
3	P	65	1010	303	485	113	102	7	0

There are 5 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
P	-1	GLY	-	INSERTION	UNP P21228
P	0	SER	-	INSERTION	UNP P21228
P	61	ASN	ALA	engineered	UNP P21228
P	62	SER	LYS	engineered	UNP P21228
P	63	SER	GLY	engineered	UNP P21228

- Molecule 4 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	
			Total	Zn
4	P	2	2	2

- Molecule 5 is water.

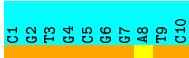
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		
			Total	H	O
5	B	1	3	2	1

4 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

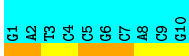
- Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(P*CP*GP*TP*GP*CP*GP*GP*AP*TP*C)-3')

Chain A:  100%




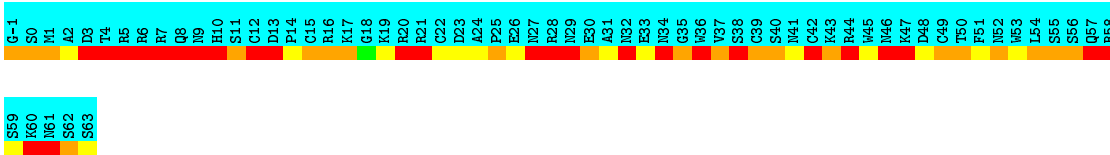
- Molecule 2: DNA (5'-D(P*GP*AP*TP*CP*CP*GP*CP*AP*CP*G)-3')

Chain B:  100%



- Molecule 3: ETHANOL REGULON TRANSCRIPTIONAL FACTOR

Chain P:  100%



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *distance geometry simulated annealing*.

Of the ? calculated structures, 1 were deposited, based on the following criterion: ?.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
DIANA	structure solution	
X-PLOR	refinement	3.1

No chemical shift data was provided. No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

6 Model quality [i](#)

6.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section:
ZN

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	0	0	0	0
2	B	0	0	0	0
3	P	0	0	0	0
5	B	1	2	0	0
All	All	3	2	0	-

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is -.

There are no clashes.

6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
3	P	0	-	-	-	-
All	All	0	-	-	-	-

There are no Ramachandran outliers.

6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
3	P	0	-	-	-
All	All	0	-	-	-

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues

The following chains have linkage breaks:

Mol	Chain	Number of breaks
3	P	13
2	B	1
1	A	1

All chain breaks are listed below:

Model	Chain	Residue-1	Atom-1	Residue-2	Atom-2	Distance (Å)
1	A	9:DT	O3'	10:DC	P	1.38
1	B	6:DG	O3'	7:DC	P	1.38
1	P	58:ARG	C	59:SER	N	1.20
1	P	25:PRO	C	26:GLU	N	1.18
1	P	8:GLN	C	9:ASN	N	1.16
1	P	59:SER	C	60:LYS	N	1.12
1	P	1:MET	C	2:ALA	N	1.07
1	P	3:ASP	C	4:THR	N	1.00
1	P	4:THR	C	5:ARG	N	0.99
1	P	0:SER	C	1:MET	N	0.95
1	P	60:LYS	C	61:ASN	N	0.90
1	P	2:ALA	C	3:ASP	N	0.85
1	P	-1:GLY	C	0:SER	N	0.83
1	P	62:SER	C	63:SER	N	0.76
1	P	61:ASN	C	62:SER	N	0.74

7 Chemical shift validation

No chemical shift data were provided