wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report

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PDB ID	:	1F95
Title	:	SOLUTION STRUCTURE OF DYNEIN LIGHT CHAIN 8 (DLC8) AND BIM PEPTIDE COMPLEX
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Deposited on	:	2000-07-07

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

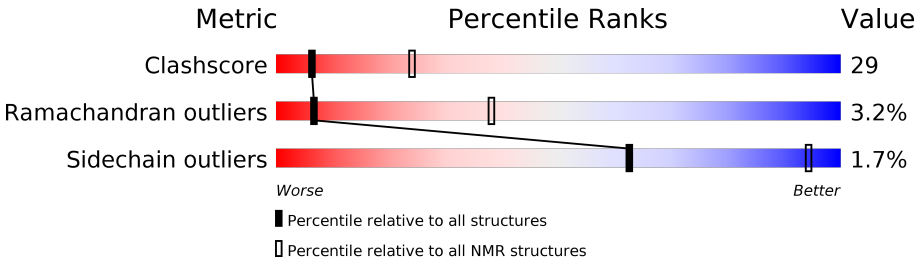
Cyrange	:	Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust	:	Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker	:	2.11
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.11

1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	89	53% 45% .
1	B	89	48% 49% .
2	C	9	78% 22%
2	D	9	89% 11%

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 1 models. Identification of well-defined residues and clustering analysis are not possible.

3 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3156 atoms, of which 1566 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called DYNEIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	89	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			1446	465	718	122	135	6	
1	B	89	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			1446	465	718	122	135	6	

- Molecule 2 is a protein called BCL2-LIKE 11 (APOPTOSIS FACILITATOR).

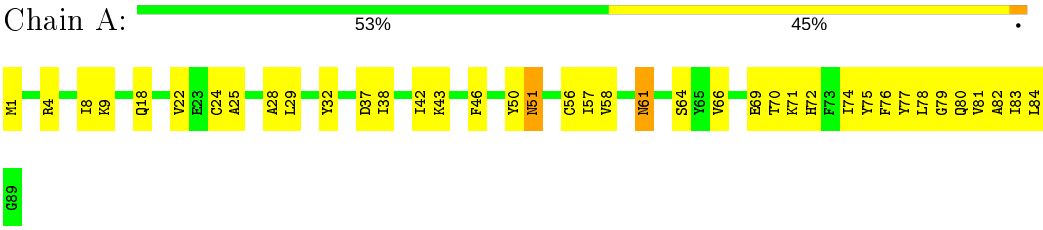
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
2	C	9	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			132	37	65	11	17	2	
2	D	9	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			132	37	65	11	17	2	

4 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

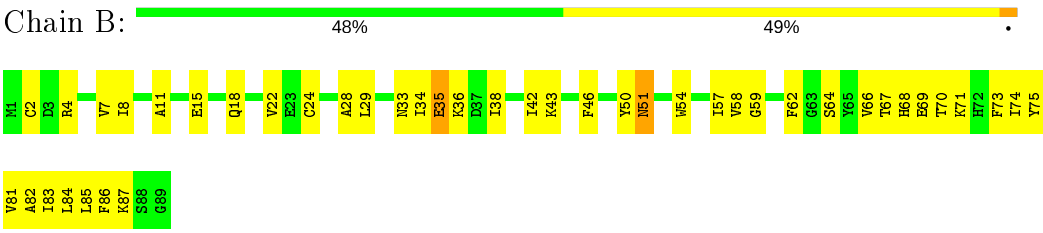
- Molecule 1: DYNEIN

Chain A:



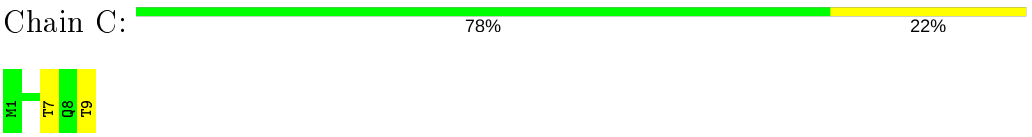
- Molecule 1: DYNEIN

Chain B:



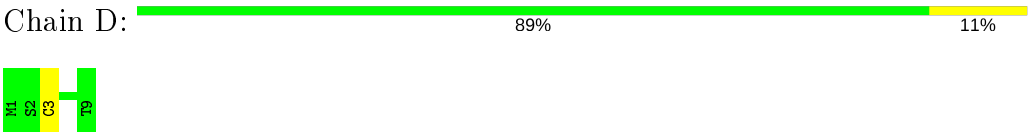
- Molecule 2: BCL2-LIKE 11 (APOPTOSIS FACILITATOR)

Chain C:



- Molecule 2: BCL2-LIKE 11 (APOPTOSIS FACILITATOR)

Chain D:



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *torsion angle dynamics*.

Of the 200 calculated structures, 1 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
X-PLOR	structure solution	3.8
CNS	refinement	1.0

No chemical shift data was provided. No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

6 Model quality

6.1 Standard geometry

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	728	718	714	50
1	B	728	718	714	42
2	C	67	65	65	5
2	D	67	65	65	1
All	All	1590	1566	1558	90

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 29.

5 of 90 clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)
1:A:84:LEU:HD22	2:C:7:THR:HG21	1.06	1.25
1:A:78:LEU:O	1:A:81:VAL:HG22	0.81	1.74
1:B:29:LEU:CD2	1:B:38:ILE:HD13	0.77	2.09
1:B:66:VAL:HG21	1:B:86:PHE:CE2	0.76	2.15
1:B:18:GLN:HB2	1:B:74:ILE:HD12	0.72	1.62

6.3 Torsion angles

6.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR

entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	87/89 (98%)	71 (82%)	14 (16%)	2 (2%)	9 48
1	B	87/89 (98%)	71 (82%)	12 (14%)	4 (5%)	4 27
2	C	7/9 (78%)	4 (57%)	3 (43%)	0 (0%)	100 100
2	D	7/9 (78%)	5 (71%)	2 (29%)	0 (0%)	100 100
All	All	188/196 (96%)	151 (80%)	31 (16%)	6 (3%)	7 38

5 of 6 Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	2	CYS
1	A	51	ASN
1	B	69	GLU
1	B	7	VAL
1	A	69	GLU

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	78/78 (100%)	77 (99%)	1 (1%)	70 96
1	B	78/78 (100%)	76 (97%)	2 (3%)	49 91
2	C	9/9 (100%)	9 (100%)	0 (0%)	100 100
2	D	9/9 (100%)	9 (100%)	0 (0%)	100 100
All	All	174/174 (100%)	171 (98%)	3 (2%)	62 94

All 3 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	35	GLU
1	A	61	ASN
1	B	15	GLU

6.3.3 RNA

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

No chemical shift data were provided