



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Dec 14, 2022 – 08:07 PM EST

PDB ID : 8FBF
Title : Crystal structure of OrfX2 from Clostridium botulinum E1
Authors : Lam, K.H.; Gao, L.
Deposited on : 2022-11-29
Resolution : 1.85 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : 2.31.2
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac : 5.8.0158
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.31.2

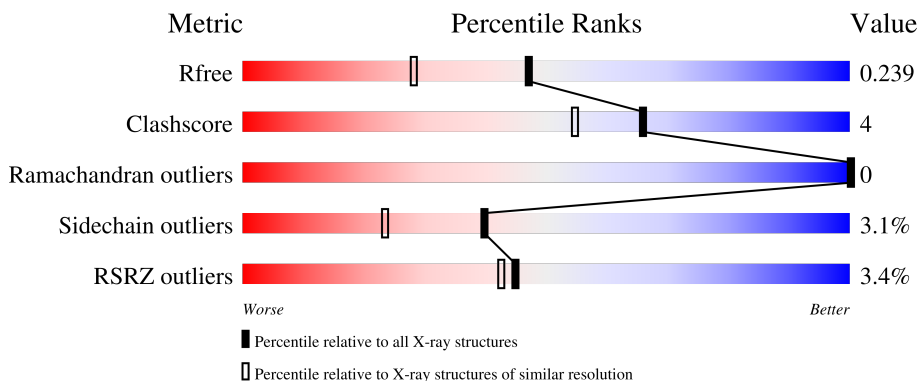
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.85 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	2469 (1.86-1.86)
Clashscore	141614	2625 (1.86-1.86)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2592 (1.86-1.86)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2592 (1.86-1.86)
RSRZ outliers	127900	2436 (1.86-1.86)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	748	 3% 88% 10% ..
1	B	748	 3% 88% 11% .

2 Entry composition [i](#)

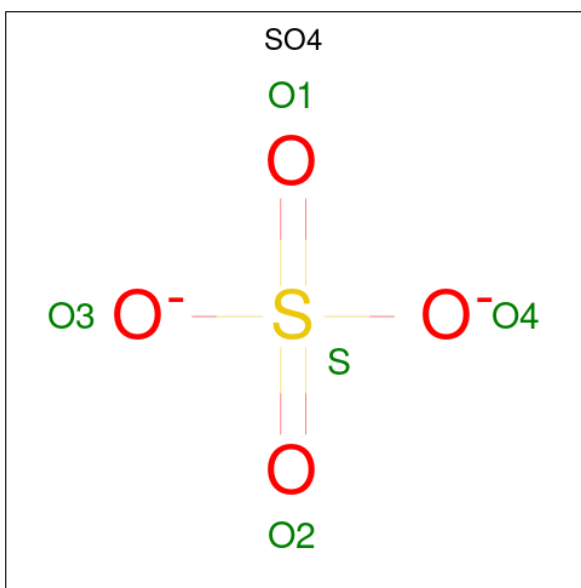
There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 12723 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Neurotoxin complex component Orf-X2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S	Se			
1	A	739	5971	3830	982	1140	7	12	0	11	0
1	B	738	5884	3770	969	1126	7	12	0	3	0

- Molecule 2 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O₄S) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	O	S		
2	A	1	5	4	1	0	0
2	A	1	5	4	1	0	0
2	B	1	5	4	1	0	0
2	B	1	5	4	1	0	0

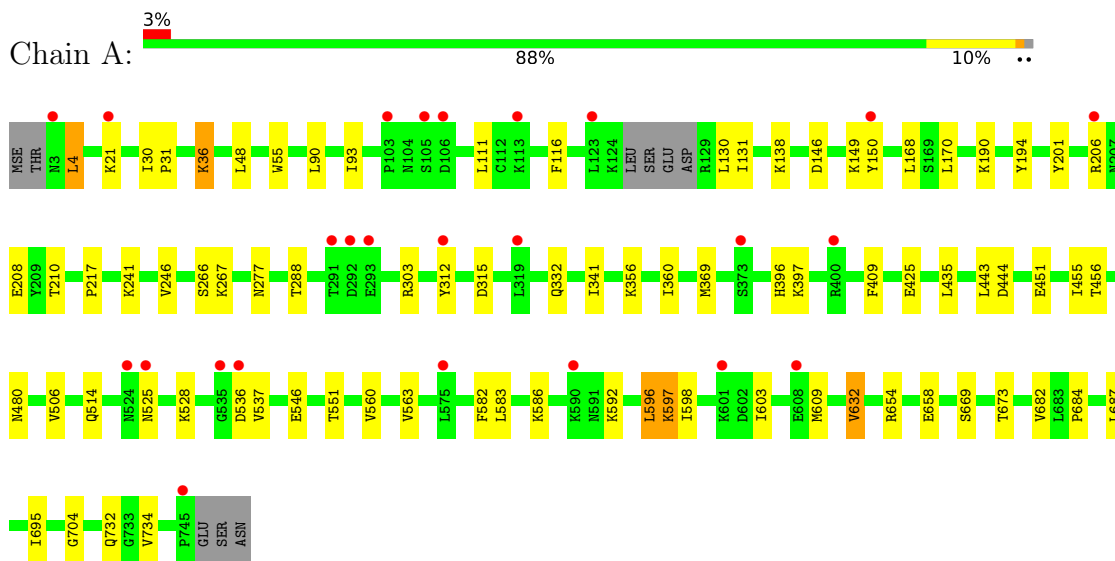
- Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	440	Total 440	O 440	0	0
3	B	408	Total 408	O 408	0	0

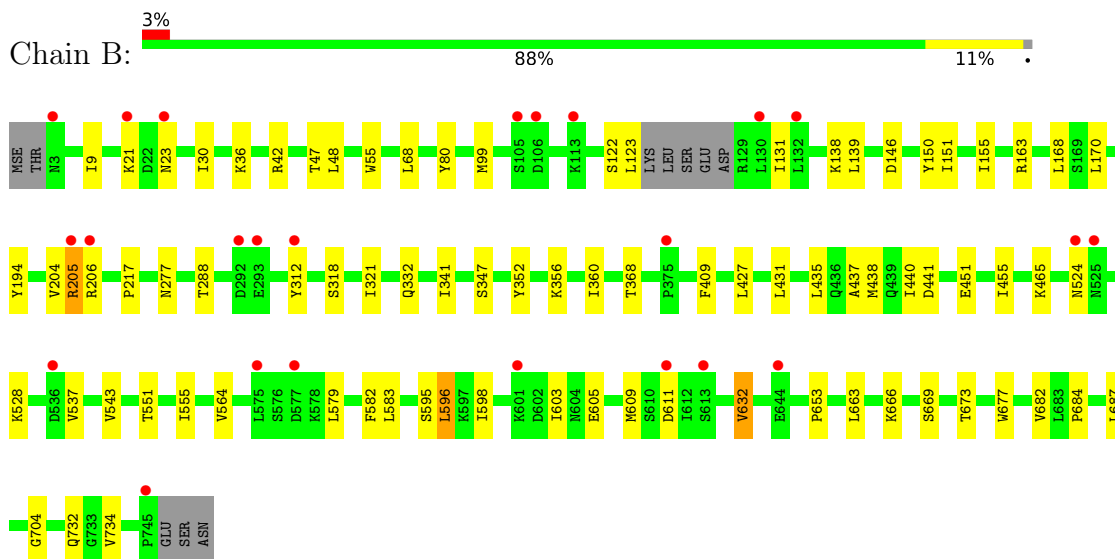
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Neurotoxin complex component Orf-X2



- Molecule 1: Neurotoxin complex component Orf-X2



4 Data and refinement statistics i

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	106.32Å 83.19Å 108.42Å 90.00° 105.77° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	19.89 – 1.85 19.89 – 1.85	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.6 (19.89-1.85) 99.6 (19.89-1.85)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	2.91 (at 1.85Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.15	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.191 , 0.239 0.194 , 0.239	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	7633 reflections (4.94%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	23.3	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.981	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.36 , 47.7	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.56$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.40$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.000 for l,-k,h	Xtrriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	12723	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	35.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 45.63 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 1.2863e-04. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SO4

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.35	0/6078	0.51	0/8212
1	B	0.36	0/5990	0.49	0/8094
All	All	0.36	0/12068	0.50	0/16306

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	5971	0	6003	44	0
1	B	5884	0	5895	51	0
2	A	10	0	0	1	0
2	B	10	0	0	1	0
3	A	440	0	0	3	0
3	B	408	0	0	1	0
All	All	12723	0	11898	94	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

All (94) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash

magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:435:LEU:HA	1:B:438:MSE:HE2	1.66	0.78
1:A:36:LYS:HE3	1:A:146:ASP:OD2	1.92	0.69
1:B:596:LEU:C	1:B:596:LEU:HD23	2.15	0.67
1:B:205:ARG:CG	1:B:205:ARG:HH11	2.07	0.67
1:A:36:LYS:HE2	2:A:801:SO4:O2	1.96	0.66
1:B:36:LYS:HE2	2:B:801:SO4:O3	1.96	0.66
1:A:303:ARG:NH1	3:A:904:HOH:O	2.28	0.65
1:A:210[B]:THR:OG1	1:A:241:LYS:HB3	2.00	0.62
1:B:537:VAL:HG13	1:B:603:ILE:HD13	1.81	0.61
1:A:673:THR:HG21	1:A:687:LEU:HD23	1.86	0.58
1:A:528:LYS:HG2	1:A:704:GLY:HA2	1.86	0.56
1:B:288:THR:HG21	1:B:332:GLN:HA	1.86	0.56
1:A:30[A]:ILE:HG22	1:A:150[A]:TYR:HE2	1.71	0.56
1:B:528:LYS:HG2	1:B:704:GLY:HA2	1.86	0.56
1:A:669:SER:O	1:A:673:THR:HG23	2.06	0.56
1:B:605:GLU:HG2	1:B:609:MSE:HE2	1.88	0.55
1:B:682:VAL:HG12	1:B:684:PRO:HD2	1.89	0.53
1:B:669:SER:O	1:B:673:THR:HG23	2.08	0.53
1:A:312:TYR:HB2	1:A:315:ASP:OD2	2.09	0.53
1:A:682:VAL:HG12	1:A:684:PRO:HD2	1.90	0.52
1:A:30[A]:ILE:HG21	1:A:55:TRP:CD2	2.44	0.52
1:A:597:LYS:HB2	1:A:597:LYS:NZ	2.25	0.52
1:B:435:LEU:HD22	1:B:455:ILE:HG21	1.91	0.52
1:B:131:ILE:HG12	1:B:204:VAL:HG13	1.92	0.52
1:B:48:LEU:HB2	1:B:139:LEU:HD13	1.93	0.51
1:B:30:ILE:HG22	1:B:150:TYR:HE2	1.76	0.51
1:B:205:ARG:CG	1:B:205:ARG:NH1	2.73	0.50
1:A:31:PRO:HD2	1:A:150[A]:TYR:CE2	2.47	0.50
1:B:451:GLU:H	1:B:451:GLU:CD	2.15	0.49
1:A:288:THR:HG21	1:A:332:GLN:HA	1.94	0.49
1:B:318:SER:O	1:B:321:ILE:HG22	2.12	0.49
1:A:514:GLN:OE1	1:A:537:VAL:HG22	2.12	0.48
1:A:396:HIS:HE1	1:A:425:GLU:OE2	1.96	0.48
1:A:266:SER:OG	3:A:901:HOH:O	2.20	0.48
1:A:4:LEU:HD21	1:A:168[A]:LEU:HD13	1.95	0.48
1:B:543:VAL:HG21	1:B:555:ILE:HD13	1.96	0.47
1:A:546:GLU:OE2	1:B:163:ARG:NH2	2.46	0.47
1:B:352:TYR:CE2	1:B:677:TRP:HB2	2.49	0.47
1:A:194:TYR:CZ	1:A:217:PRO:HA	2.50	0.47
1:B:465:LYS:HB3	1:B:653:PRO:HA	1.97	0.47
1:B:673:THR:HG21	1:B:687:LEU:HD23	1.96	0.47

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:9:ILE:HB	1:B:163:ARG:HB2	1.97	0.47
1:B:194:TYR:CZ	1:B:217:PRO:HA	2.50	0.47
1:A:201:TYR:HD1	1:A:210[B]:THR:HG22	1.80	0.47
1:A:168[A]:LEU:HB2	1:A:732:GLN:O	2.14	0.46
1:B:347:SER:HB3	1:B:356:LYS:HE2	1.97	0.46
1:A:435:LEU:HD22	1:A:455:ILE:HG21	1.97	0.46
1:B:30:ILE:HG21	1:B:55:TRP:CE3	2.50	0.46
1:B:36:LYS:HE3	1:B:146:ASP:OD2	2.15	0.46
1:A:451:GLU:H	1:A:451:GLU:CD	2.18	0.45
1:B:30:ILE:HG22	1:B:150:TYR:CE2	2.51	0.45
1:B:427:LEU:HD12	1:B:431:LEU:HD22	1.98	0.45
1:B:564:VAL:HG21	1:B:579:LEU:HD13	1.97	0.45
1:B:30:ILE:HG21	1:B:55:TRP:CD2	2.51	0.45
1:B:341:ILE:HG21	1:B:360:ILE:HG21	1.99	0.45
1:B:168[A]:LEU:HB2	1:B:732:GLN:O	2.17	0.44
1:A:341:ILE:HG21	1:A:360:ILE:HG21	1.98	0.44
1:B:42:ARG:HG3	1:B:312:TYR:CG	2.53	0.44
1:B:583:LEU:HD22	1:B:598:ILE:HD11	1.98	0.44
1:B:68:LEU:HD12	1:B:99:MSE:HE1	2.00	0.44
1:A:592:LYS:NZ	1:A:592:LYS:HB3	2.33	0.44
1:B:47[B]:THR:HG23	1:B:80:TYR:HE2	1.83	0.44
1:B:170:LEU:HG	1:B:734:VAL:HG11	2.00	0.44
1:B:582:PHE:CG	1:B:609:MSE:HE1	2.52	0.43
1:B:596:LEU:HD23	1:B:596:LEU:O	2.18	0.43
1:B:205:ARG:HB2	3:B:989:HOH:O	2.18	0.43
1:A:30[A]:ILE:HG22	1:A:150[A]:TYR:CE2	2.52	0.43
1:A:456:THR:OG1	1:A:480:ASN:HA	2.18	0.43
1:A:111:LEU:HD21	1:A:116:PHE:CZ	2.53	0.43
1:B:437:ALA:O	1:B:666:LYS:HD3	2.19	0.43
1:A:560:VAL:HA	1:A:583:LEU:HD12	2.01	0.43
1:A:168[A]:LEU:HG	1:A:409:PHE:CE1	2.54	0.43
1:A:563:VAL:HG11	1:A:598:ILE:HD11	2.01	0.43
1:B:440:ILE:HD11	1:B:663:LEU:HD13	2.01	0.42
1:A:356:LYS:NZ	3:A:905:HOH:O	2.53	0.42
1:A:632:VAL:HG22	1:A:687:LEU:HD13	2.02	0.42
1:B:205:ARG:HB3	1:B:206:ARG:H	1.67	0.42
1:A:170:LEU:HG	1:A:734:VAL:HG11	2.02	0.42
1:A:654:ARG:HD3	1:A:658:GLU:OE2	2.20	0.42
1:A:596[A]:LEU:HD22	1:A:597:LYS:N	2.34	0.42
1:A:90:LEU:HA	1:A:93:ILE:HD12	2.01	0.41
1:B:131:ILE:HD12	1:B:131:ILE:HA	1.92	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:205:ARG:NH1	1:B:205:ARG:HG2	2.35	0.41
1:A:201:TYR:HD1	1:A:210[B]:THR:CG2	2.33	0.41
1:B:205:ARG:HH11	1:B:205:ARG:HG3	1.83	0.41
1:A:563:VAL:CG1	1:A:598:ILE:HD11	2.50	0.41
1:A:111:LEU:HD21	1:A:116:PHE:HZ	1.85	0.41
1:B:168[A]:LEU:HG	1:B:409:PHE:CE1	2.55	0.41
1:B:632:VAL:HG22	1:B:687:LEU:HD13	2.02	0.41
1:A:586:LYS:HB2	1:A:596[A]:LEU:HD23	2.02	0.41
1:A:201:TYR:HE1	1:A:208:GLU:HB3	1.86	0.40
1:B:582:PHE:CD2	1:B:609:MSE:HE1	2.56	0.40
1:B:151:ILE:O	1:B:155:ILE:HG12	2.21	0.40
1:A:582:PHE:CG	1:A:609:MSE:HE1	2.57	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	746/748 (100%)	736 (99%)	10 (1%)	0	100	100
1	B	737/748 (98%)	726 (98%)	11 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	1483/1496 (99%)	1462 (99%)	21 (1%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was

analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	677/664 (102%)	649 (96%)	28 (4%)	30	13
1	B	665/664 (100%)	650 (98%)	15 (2%)	50	34
All	All	1342/1328 (101%)	1299 (97%)	43 (3%)	40	22

All (43) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	4	LEU
1	A	21	LYS
1	A	36	LYS
1	A	48[A]	LEU
1	A	48[B]	LEU
1	A	130	LEU
1	A	131	ILE
1	A	138	LYS
1	A	149	LYS
1	A	190	LYS
1	A	206	ARG
1	A	246	VAL
1	A	267	LYS
1	A	277	ASN
1	A	369	MSE
1	A	397	LYS
1	A	443	LEU
1	A	444	ASP
1	A	506	VAL
1	A	525	ASN
1	A	536	ASP
1	A	551	THR
1	A	596[A]	LEU
1	A	596[B]	LEU
1	A	597	LYS
1	A	603	ILE
1	A	632	VAL
1	A	695	ILE
1	B	21	LYS
1	B	23	ASN
1	B	122	SER
1	B	123	LEU
1	B	138	LYS
1	B	205	ARG

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	277	ASN
1	B	368	THR
1	B	441	ASP
1	B	524	ASN
1	B	551	THR
1	B	595	SER
1	B	596	LEU
1	B	611	ASP
1	B	632	VAL

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	227	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

4 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	SO4	B	802	-	4,4,4	0.15	0	6,6,6	0.42	0
2	SO4	A	801	-	4,4,4	0.04	0	6,6,6	0.33	0
2	SO4	B	801	-	4,4,4	0.21	0	6,6,6	0.23	0
2	SO4	A	802	-	4,4,4	0.22	0	6,6,6	0.45	0

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

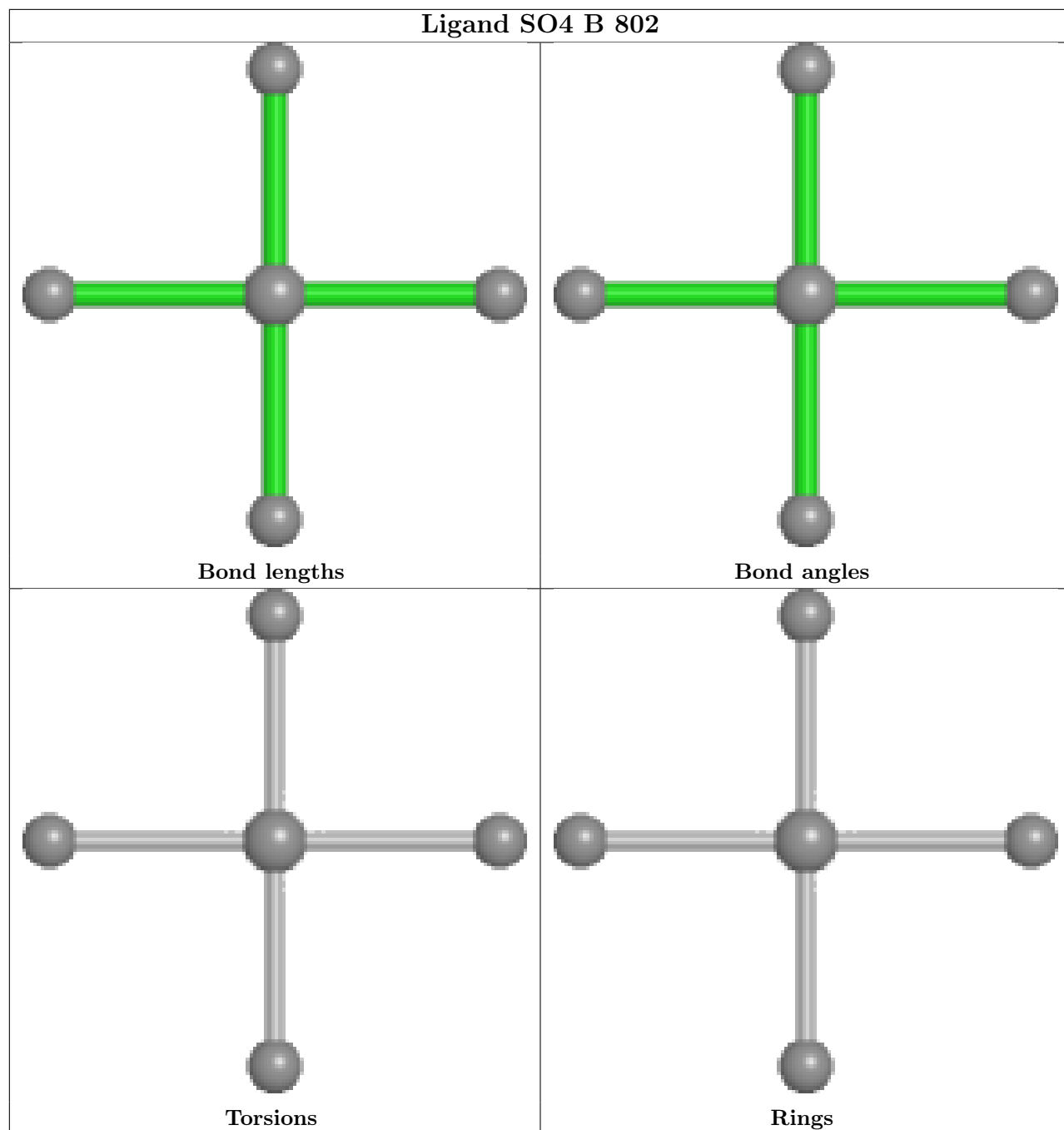
There are no torsion outliers.

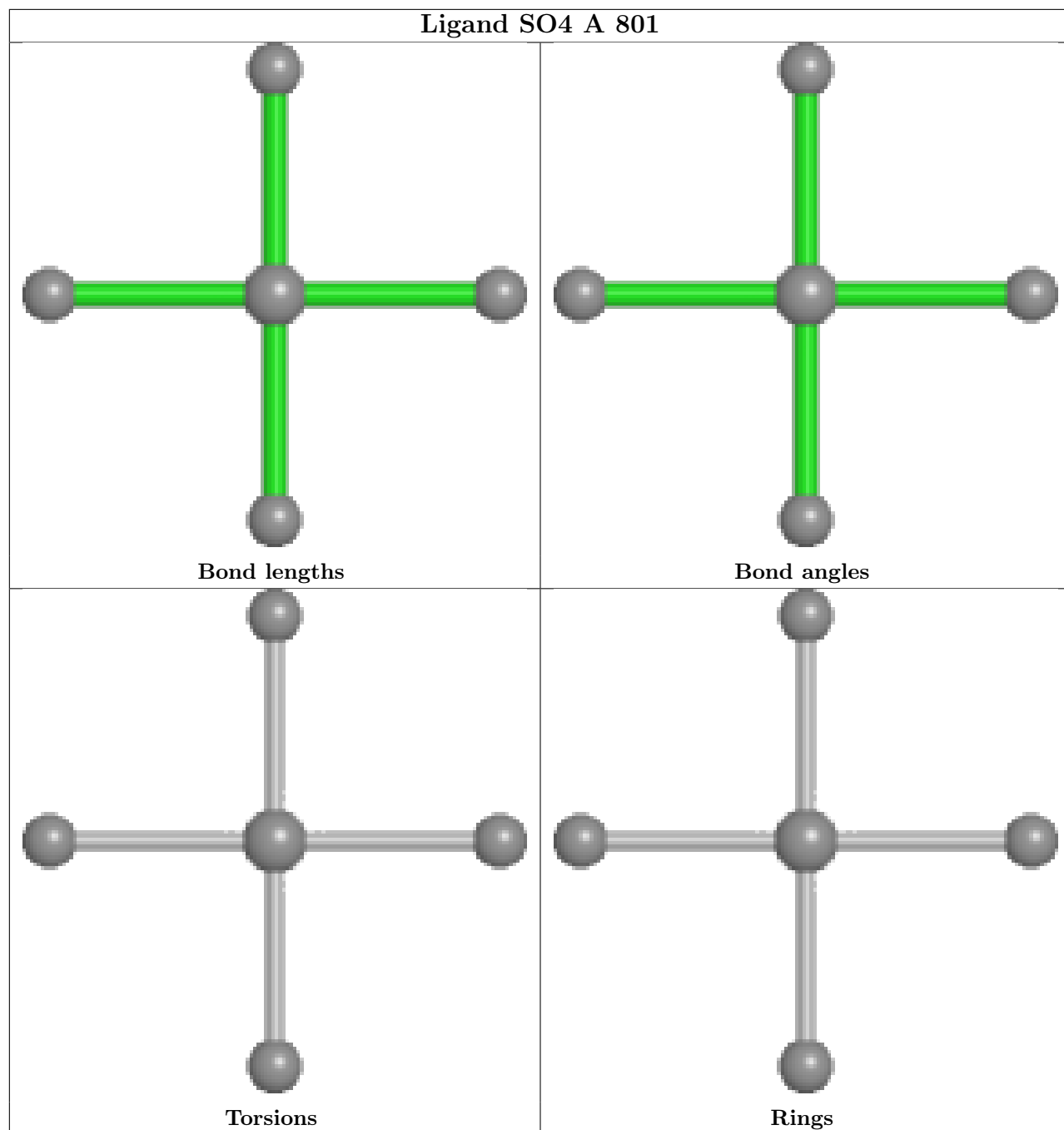
There are no ring outliers.

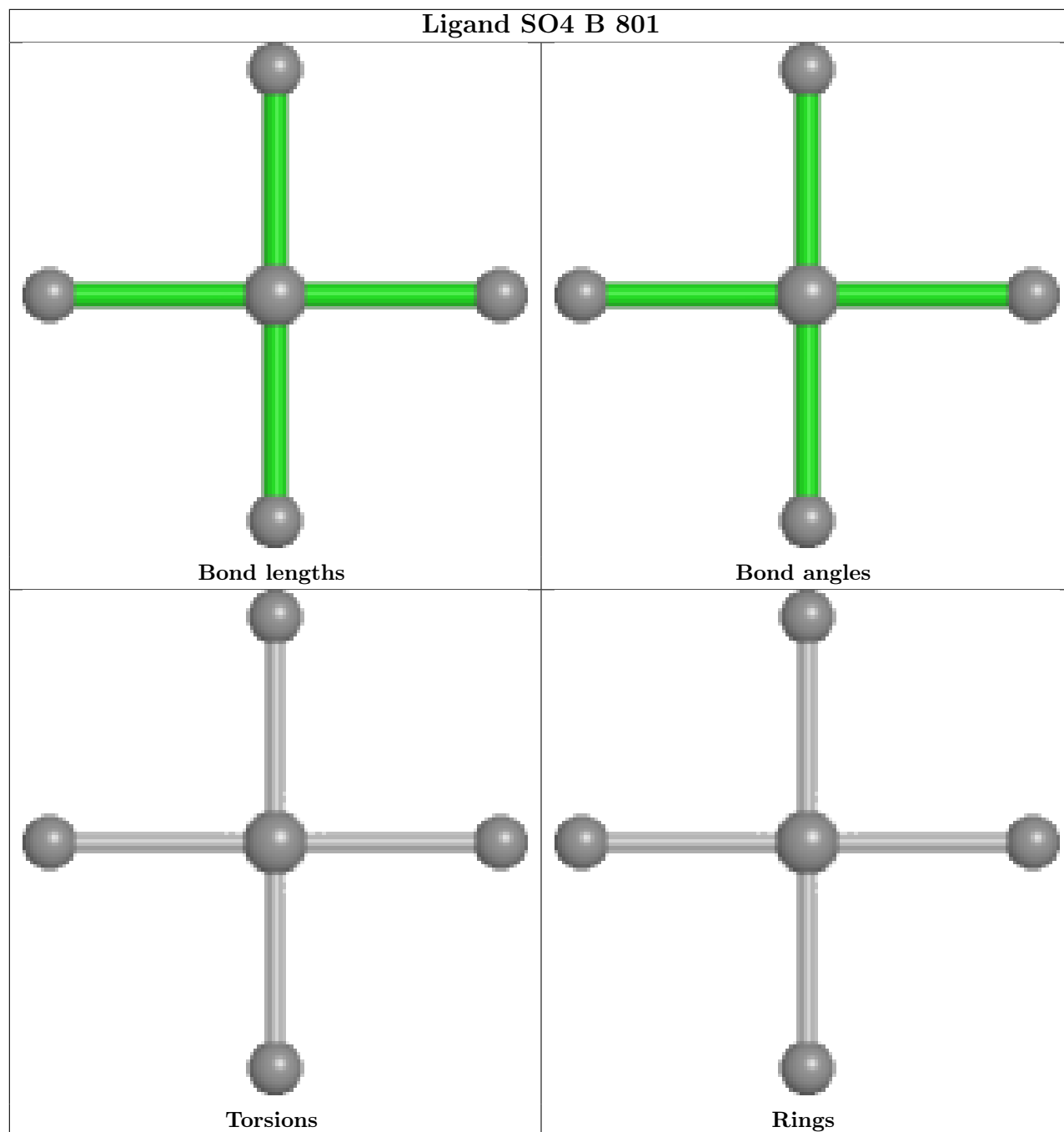
2 monomers are involved in 2 short contacts:

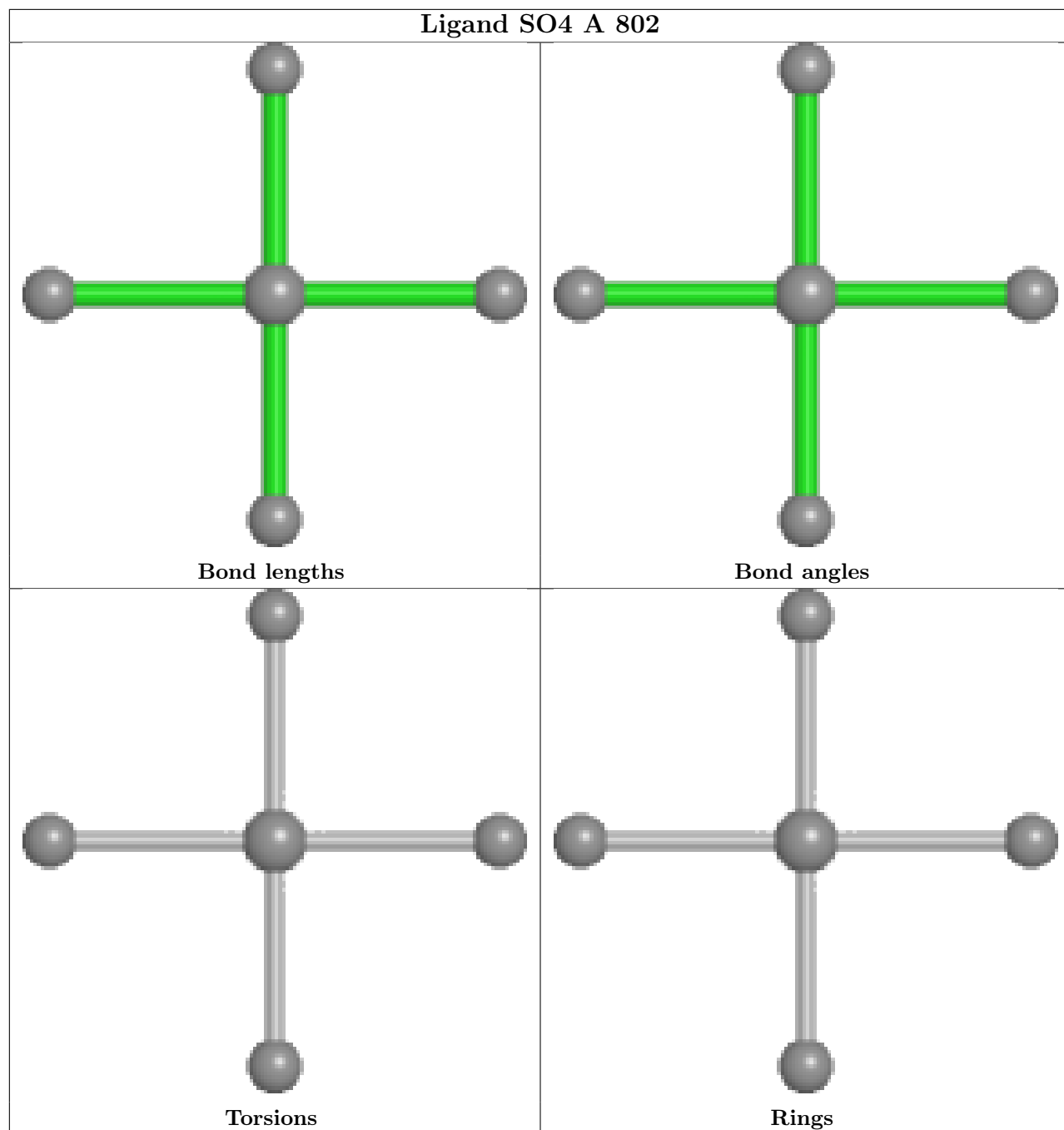
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	801	SO4	1	0
2	B	801	SO4	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.









5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	727/748 (97%)	-0.10	25 (3%) 45 42	18, 32, 55, 80	1 (0%)
1	B	726/748 (97%)	-0.08	24 (3%) 46 44	17, 34, 58, 77	0
All	All	1453/1496 (97%)	-0.09	49 (3%) 45 42	17, 33, 56, 80	1 (0%)

All (49) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	206	ARG	5.6
1	A	113	LYS	4.4
1	A	575	LEU	4.3
1	B	130	LEU	4.2
1	B	206	ARG	4.1
1	A	536	ASP	3.8
1	A	105	SER	3.7
1	B	524	ASN	3.6
1	B	105	SER	3.6
1	A	524	ASN	3.6
1	B	536	ASP	3.5
1	A	535	GLY	3.4
1	A	106	ASP	3.2
1	B	745	PRO	3.2
1	A	292	ASP	3.2
1	B	113	LYS	3.2
1	A	3	ASN	3.2
1	B	575	LEU	3.1
1	B	293	GLU	3.1
1	A	745	PRO	3.1
1	B	3	ASN	3.0
1	A	373	SER	2.8
1	A	150[A]	TYR	2.8
1	B	312	TYR	2.7

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	132	LEU	2.6
1	A	525	ASN	2.6
1	B	23	ASN	2.6
1	B	611	ASP	2.6
1	B	205	ARG	2.6
1	B	601	LYS	2.6
1	B	292	ASP	2.6
1	A	319	LEU	2.5
1	B	106	ASP	2.5
1	B	525	ASN	2.5
1	B	21	LYS	2.4
1	A	312	TYR	2.4
1	A	590	LYS	2.3
1	A	21	LYS	2.3
1	B	375	PRO	2.2
1	A	601	LYS	2.2
1	A	608	GLU	2.2
1	A	400	ARG	2.2
1	B	613	SER	2.2
1	A	293	GLU	2.1
1	B	577	ASP	2.1
1	B	644	GLU	2.1
1	A	103	PRO	2.1
1	A	123	LEU	2.1
1	A	291[A]	THR	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

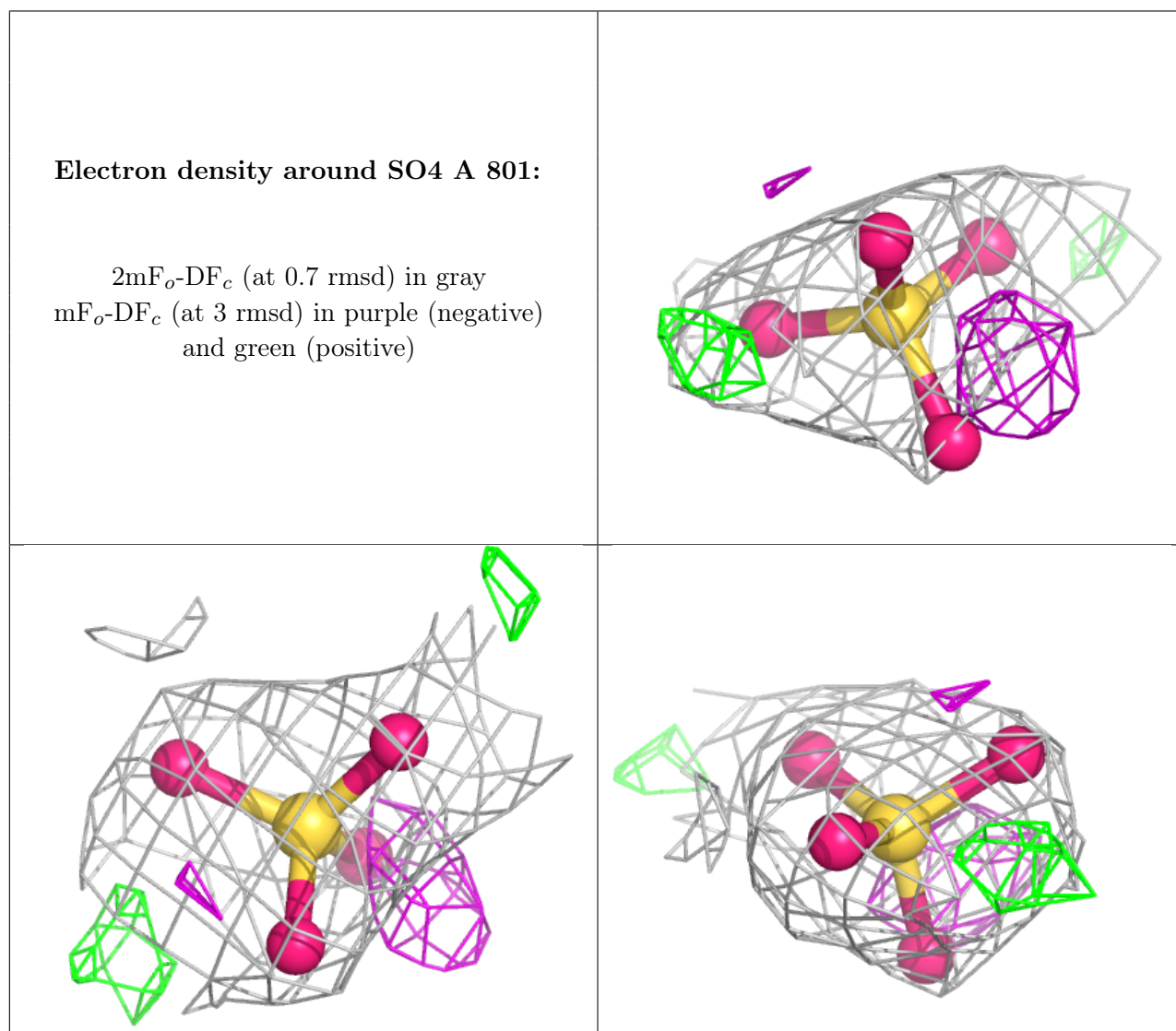
There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

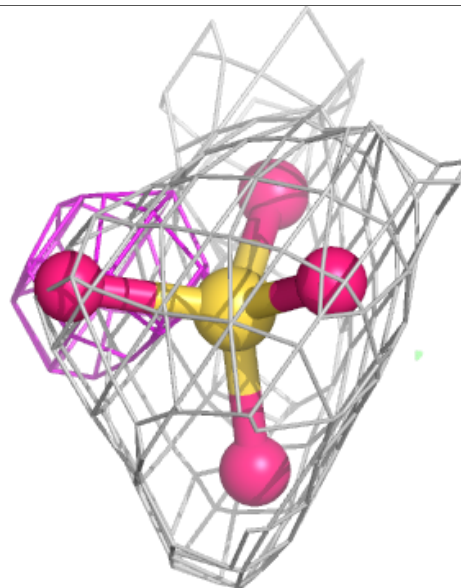
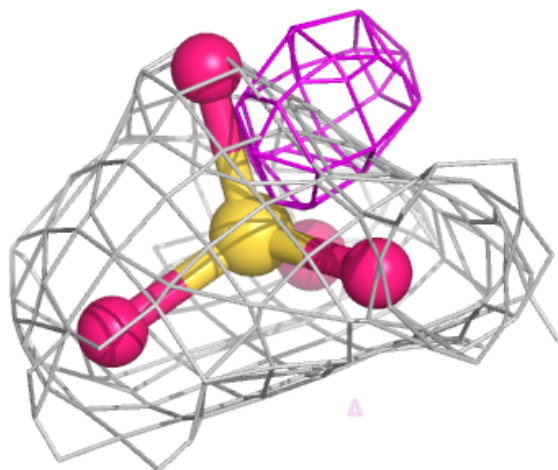
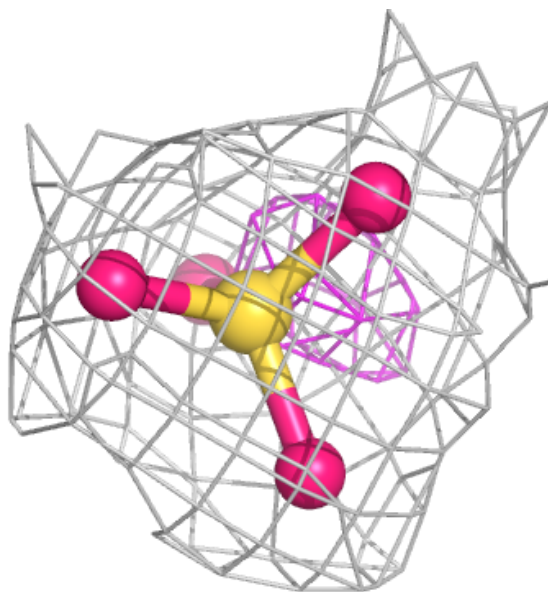
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
2	SO4	A	801	5/5	0.89	0.23	50,50,50,50	5
2	SO4	B	801	5/5	0.93	0.23	47,47,47,47	5
2	SO4	B	802	5/5	0.96	0.15	49,49,49,50	0
2	SO4	A	802	5/5	0.98	0.14	45,46,46,47	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



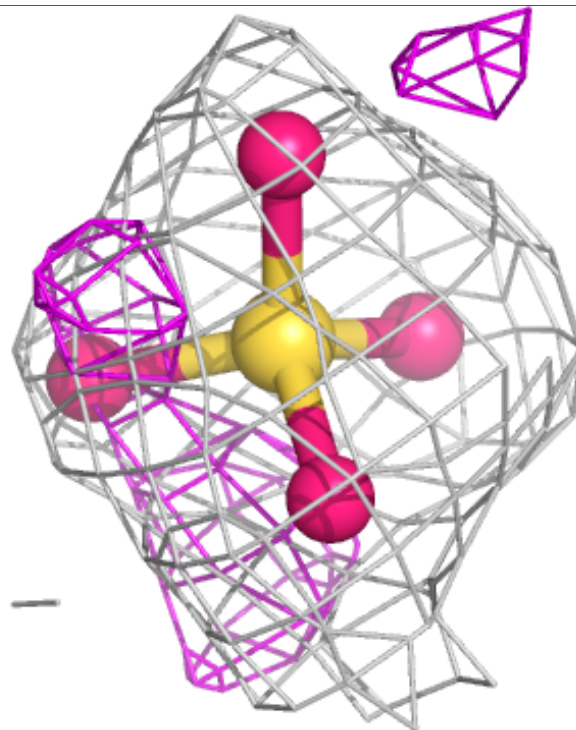
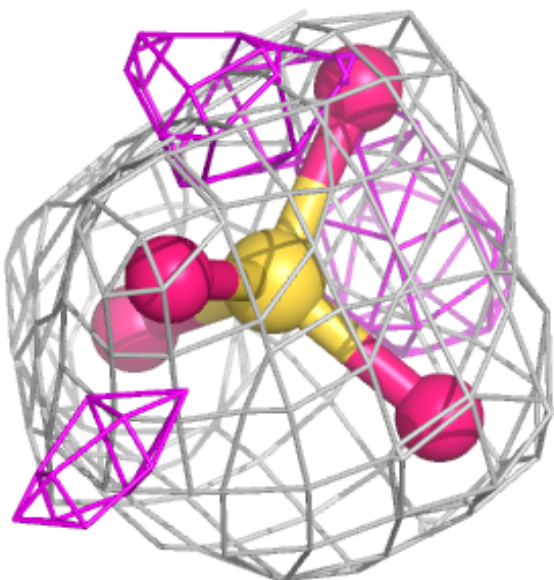
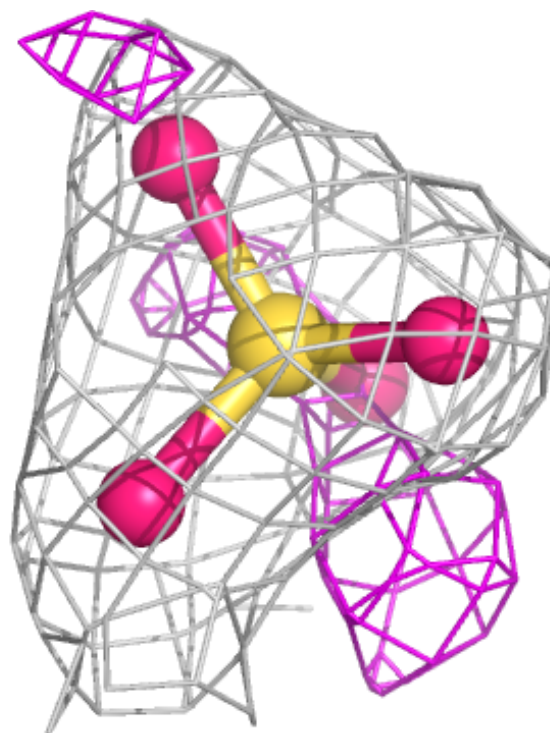
Electron density around SO4 B 801:

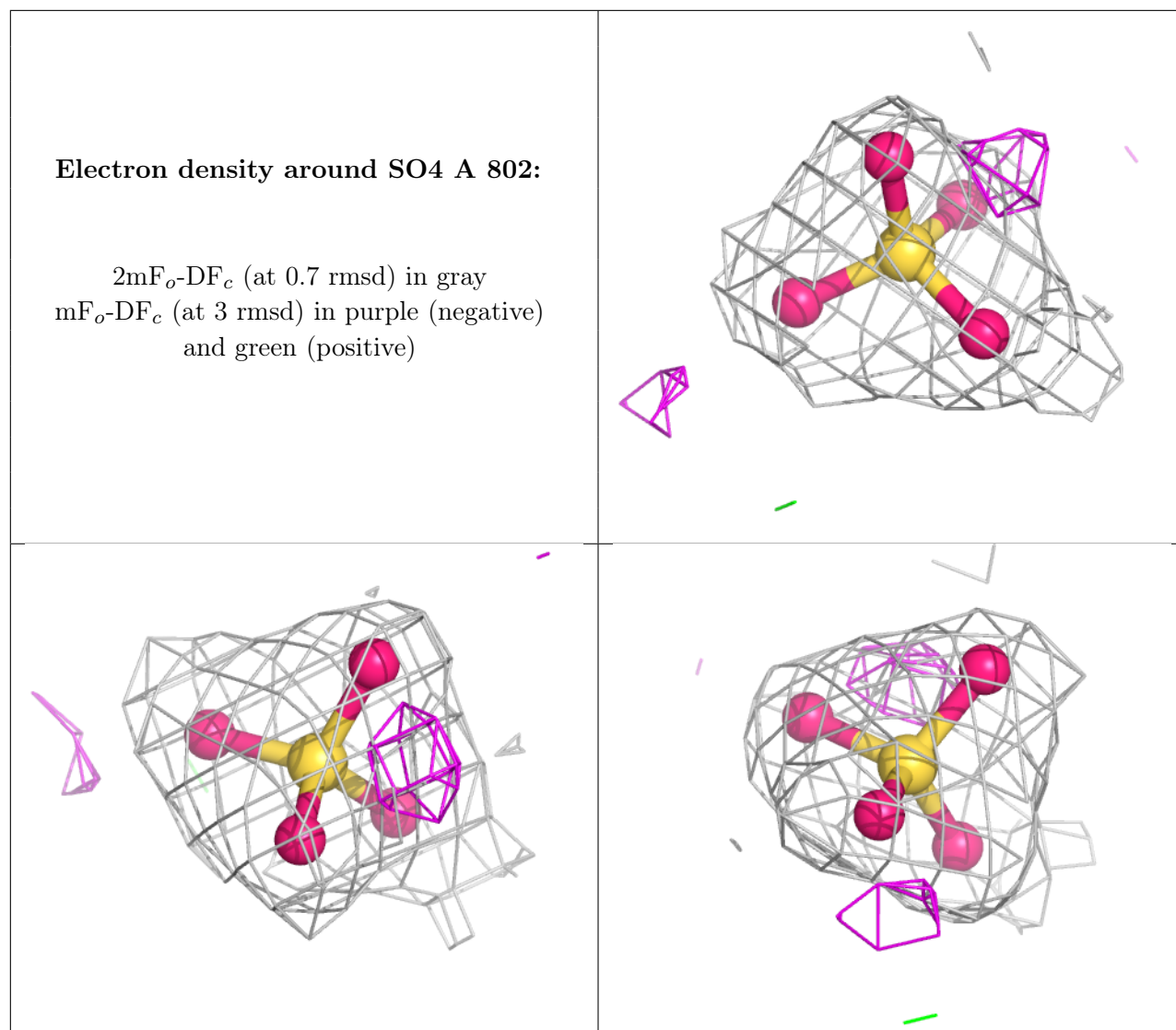
$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



Electron density around SO4 B 802:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)





6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.