

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### Oct 12, 2023 – 06:04 AM EDT

PDB ID	:	8FT6
Title	:	The von Willebrand factor A domain of human capillary morphogenesis gene
		II, flexibly fused to the 1TEL crystallization chaperone, Ala-Ala linker variant,
		SUMO tag-free preparation.
Authors	:	Gajjar, P.L.; Litchfield, C.M.; Callahan, M.; Redd, N.; Doukov, T.; Moody,
		J.D.
Deposited on	:	2023-01-11
Resolution	:	2.62 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467	
Mogul : $1.8.5$ (274361), CSD as541be (2020)	
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13	
EDS : 2.35.1	
buster-report : $1.1.7$ (2018)	
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2	019)
Refmac : 5.8.0158	
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)	
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber $(2001)$	
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)	
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35.1	

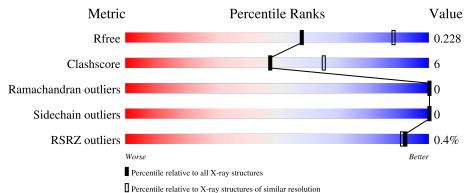


# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.62 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{l} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ (\#\textbf{Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
$R_{free}$	130704	3797 (2.64-2.60)
Clashscore	141614	4168 (2.64-2.60)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	4093 (2.64-2.60)
Sidechain outliers	138945	4093 (2.64-2.60)
RSRZ outliers	127900	3731 (2.64-2.60)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	A	266	85%	11%	•

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	IOD	А	302	-	-	Х	-

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	IOD	А	303	-	-	Х	-



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1920 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Transcription factor ETV6, Anthrax toxin receptor 2 chimera.

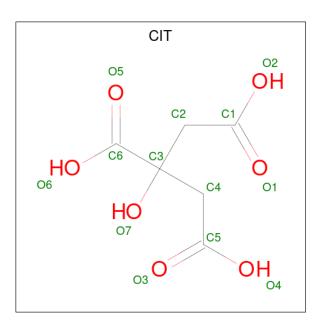
Mol	Chain	Residues		Ate	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	А	255	Total 1868	C 1213	N 308	0 344	${ m S} { m 3}$	0	2	0

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
А	2	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P41212
А	3	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P41212
А	4	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P41212
А	5	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P41212
А	6	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P41212
А	7	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P41212
А	8	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P41212
А	9	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P41212
А	10	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P41212
А	11	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P41212
А	14	ALA	ARG	engineered mutation	UNP P41212
А	77	GLU	VAL	engineered mutation	UNP P41212
А	87	ALA	LYS	engineered mutation	UNP P41212
А	89	ALA	ARG	engineered mutation	UNP P41212
А	91	ALA	ARG	engineered mutation	UNP P58335
А	225	ALA	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP P58335

There are 16 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

• Molecule 2 is CITRIC ACID (three-letter code: CIT) (formula:  $C_6H_8O_7$ ).



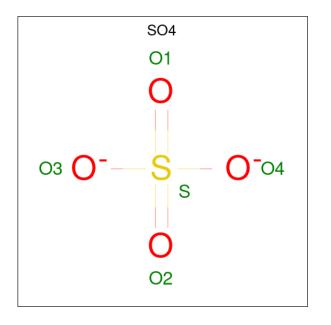


ſ	Mol	Chain	Residues	Ato	oms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
	2	А	1	Total 13	C 6	O 7	0	0

• Molecule 3 is IODIDE ION (three-letter code: IOD) (formula: I) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	А	2	Total I 2 2	0	0

• Molecule 4 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula:  $O_4S$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	
4	А	1	Total 5	0 4	S 1	0	0

• Molecule 5 is water.

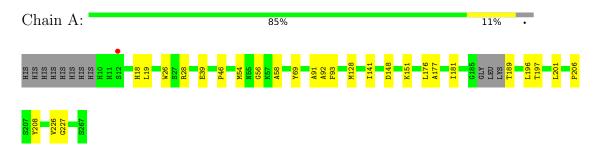
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	А	32	Total         O           32         32	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Transcription factor ETV6, Anthrax toxin receptor 2 chimera





## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 65	Depositor
Cell constants	99.75Å $99.75$ Å $50.13$ Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $120.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	43.19 - 2.62	Depositor
Resolution (A)	86.38 - 2.62	EDS
% Data completeness	99.9 (43.19-2.62)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	$97.9 \ (86.38 - 2.62)$	EDS
R <sub>merge</sub>	0.12	Depositor
R <sub>sym</sub>	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$2.22 (at 2.62 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.20.1_4487	Depositor
D D.	0.205 , $0.234$	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.201 , $0.228$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	400 reflections $(4.58%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	60.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.120	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.34 , 76.1	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L >=0.47, < L^2>=0.30$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.063 for h,-h-k,-l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	1920	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	65.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.37% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: IOD, CIT, SO4  $\,$ 

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
	Mol Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	А	0.28	0/1911	0.42	0/2605	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	1868	0	1708	22	0
2	А	13	0	5	0	0
3	А	2	0	0	7	0
4	А	5	0	0	0	0
5	А	32	0	0	0	0
All	All	1920	0	1713	22	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

All (22) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.



Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:69:TYR:HE2	3:A:302:IOD:I	1.59	1.55
1:A:208:TYR:HE2	3:A:303:IOD:I	1.66	1.47
1:A:69:TYR:CE2	3:A:302:IOD:I	2.39	1.45
1:A:208:TYR:CE2	3:A:303:IOD:I	2.48	1.36
1:A:69:TYR:CD2	3:A:302:IOD:I	2.92	0.91
1:A:208:TYR:CD2	3:A:303:IOD:I	3.04	0.81
1:A:92:ALA:O	1:A:189:THR:HG23	1.94	0.68
1:A:196:LEU:HG	1:A:226:VAL:HB	1.83	0.59
1:A:141:ILE:HG13	1:A:176:LEU:HD13	1.87	0.56
1:A:197:THR:O	1:A:227:GLY:HA2	2.09	0.53
1:A:91:ALA:CB	1:A:128[A]:MET:HG2	2.39	0.52
1:A:201:LEU:HB2	1:A:206:PRO:HG3	1.91	0.51
1:A:93:PHE:HB2	1:A:128[A]:MET:HE3	1.96	0.48
1:A:39:GLU:OE2	1:A:46:PRO:HA	2.15	0.47
1:A:26:TRP:HB2	1:A:56:GLY:HA3	1.97	0.47
1:A:28:ARG:HA	1:A:54:MET:O	2.17	0.45
1:A:148:ASP:OD2	1:A:151:LYS:HG3	2.17	0.44
1:A:177:ALA:O	1:A:181:ILE:HG13	2.19	0.43
1:A:91:ALA:HB1	1:A:128[A]:MET:HG2	2.02	0.42
1:A:54:MET:HB2	1:A:58:ALA:HB3	2.00	0.41
1:A:69:TYR:HD2	3:A:302:IOD:I	2.67	0.41
1:A:18:HIS:CD2	1:A:19:LEU:HG	2.56	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	alysed Favoured All		Outliers	Percentiles		
1	А	253/266~(95%)	244 (96%)	9~(4%)	0	100	100	

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.



#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	А	161/226~(71%)	161 (100%)	0	100 100	

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

Sometimes side chains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such side chains identified.

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Mol Type Chain I		Chain Res		Bond lengths			Bond angles		
IVIOI	101 Type Chain Re	nes	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	
2	CIT	А	301	-	12,12,12	1.03	0	$17,\!17,\!17$	1.66	2 (11%)



Mol	ol Type Chain Res		Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles			
	туре	Unam	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
4	SO4	А	304	-	4,4,4	0.14	0	$6,\!6,\!6$	0.05	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	CIT	А	301	-	-	12/16/16/16	-

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Ζ	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	А	301	CIT	O6-C6-C3	4.33	120.57	113.05
2	А	301	CIT	C3-C4-C5	-2.53	107.69	113.81

There are no chirality outliers.

All (	12)	$\operatorname{torsion}$	outliers	are	listed	below:
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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	А	301	CIT	C2-C3-C4-C5
2	А	301	CIT	O7-C3-C4-C5
2	А	301	CIT	O7-C3-C6-O5
2	А	301	CIT	O7-C3-C6-O6
2	А	301	CIT	C1-C2-C3-O7
2	А	301	CIT	C1-C2-C3-C6
2	А	301	CIT	C6-C3-C4-C5
2	А	301	CIT	C4-C3-C6-O5
2	А	301	CIT	C1-C2-C3-C4
2	А	301	CIT	C4-C3-C6-O6
2	А	301	CIT	C2-C3-C6-O6
2	А	301	CIT	C2-C3-C6-O5

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.



## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	#RSRZ>2	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	А	255/266~(95%)	-0.13	1 (0%) 92 91	43, 65, 91, 200	0

All (1) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	А	12	SER	4.3

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands (i)

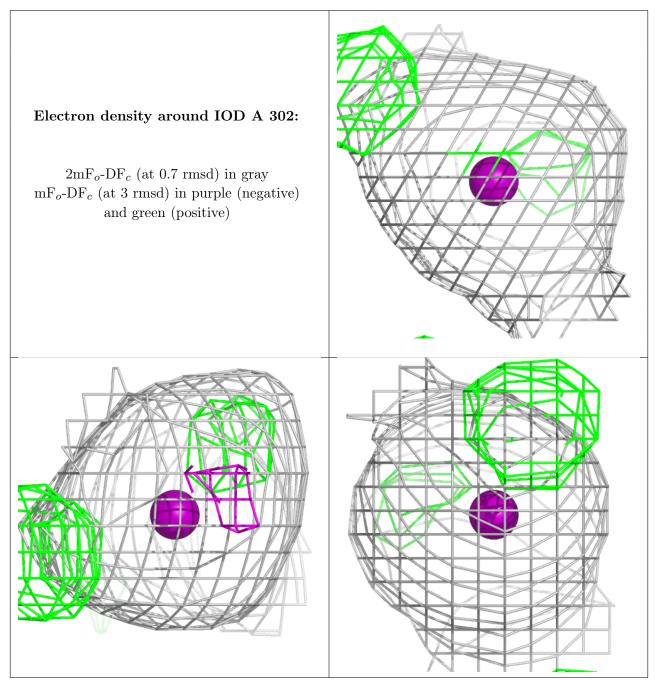
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$B-factors(Å^2)$	Q < 0.9
2	CIT	А	301	13/13	0.73	0.32	75,86,91,100	13
4	SO4	А	304	5/5	0.86	0.19	66,74,76,90	5
3	IOD	А	302	1/1	0.89	0.16	81,81,81,81	1
3	IOD	А	303	1/1	0.99	0.12	59,59,59,59	1

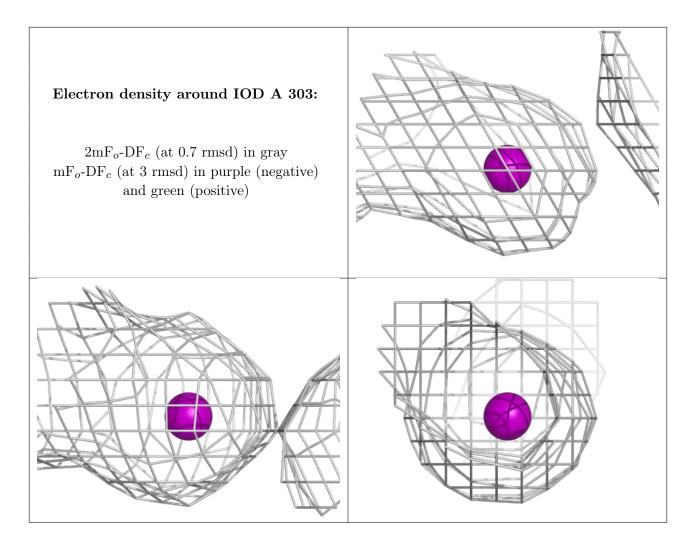
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers



as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.







### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

