

Aug 1, 2023 – 12:45 PM EDT

PDB ID	:	8G0A
EMDB ID	:	EMD-29651
Title	:	Cryo-EM structure of SQ31f-bound Mycobacterium smegmatis ATP synthase
		rotational state 3
Authors	:	Courbon, G.M.; Rubinstein, J.L.
Deposited on	:	2023-01-31
Resolution	:	2.90 Å(reported)
This is	a]	Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

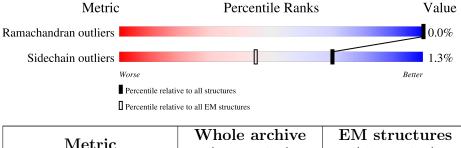
EMDB validation analysis Mogul		0.0.1.dev50 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
buster-report	:	1.1.7(2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
MapQ	:	1.9.9
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.34

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $ELECTRON\ MICROSCOPY$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	${f EM} {f structures} \ (\#{f Entries})$
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion < 40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	А	548	93%	• 6%
1	В	548	92%	7%
1	С	548	93%	• 6%
2	D	475	97%	·
2	Е	475	98%	·
2	F	475	97%	••
3	G	307	90%	• 9%
4	Н	121	96%	• •
5	b	170	7% 6% 77% 6%	17%

Continued on next page...



Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
		0	· ·	
6	d	445	96%	• •
_	- 1	0.0	24%	
7	1	86	94% 	6%
7	2	86	94%	6%
•		00	10%	0 %
7	3	86	93%	• 6%
			22%	
7	4	86	91%	• 6%
7	5	86	28%	C 0/
	0	00	91%	• 6%
7	6	86	93%	• 6%
			23%	
7	7	86	94%	6%
7	8	86	19%	6%
	0	00	94% 	6%
7	9	86	94%	6%
			22%	
8	a	252	92%	• 7%

Continued from previous page...



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 12 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 35630 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf	Trace
1	А	514	Total C N O S 3827 2413 671 733 10	0	0
1	В	507	Total C N O S 3733 2354 660 709 10	0	0
1	С	514	Total C N O S 3797 2403 673 711 10	0	0

• Molecule 1 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit alpha.

• Molecule 2 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit beta.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	AltConf	Trace			
2	D	464	Total 3505	C 2222	N 609	0 661	S 13	0	0
2	Е	464	Total 3508	C 2223	N 609	O 663	S 13	0	0
2	F	464	Total 3527	C 2232	N 609	O 673	S 13	0	0

• Molecule 3 is a protein called ATP synthase gamma chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
3	G	279	Total 2094	C 1322	N 391	O 375	S 6	0	0

• Molecule 4 is a protein called ATP synthase epsilon chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	ms	AltConf	Trace	
4	Ц	117	Total	С	Ν	Ο	0	0
4	11	117	838	531	159	148	0	0

• Molecule 5 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit b.



Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms	AltConf	Trace		
5	b	141	Total 941	C 593	N 177	O 170	S 1	0	0

• Molecule 6 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit b-delta.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
6	d	433	Total 2875	C 1805	N 549	0 518	${ m S} { m 3}$	0	0

• Molecule 7 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit c.

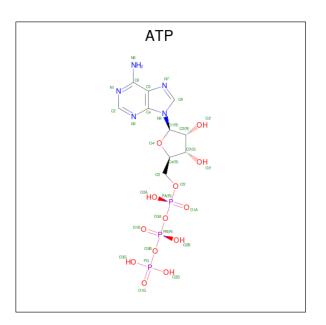
Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	ms			AltConf	Trace
7	2	81	Total	С	Ν	Ο	S	0	0
1	Δ	01	556	368	91	95	2	0	0
7	3	81	Total	С	Ν	Ο	S	0	0
1	5	01	554	367	89	96	2	0	0
7	4	81	Total	С	Ν	Ο	S	0	0
· ·	4	01	556	368	91	95	2	0	0
7	5	81	Total	С	Ν	Ο	S	0	0
· ·	5	01	560	370	92	96	2	0	0
7	6	81	Total	С	Ν	Ο	S	0	0
· ·	0		560	370	92	96	2	0	0
7	7	81	Total	С	Ν	Ο	\mathbf{S}	0	0
· ·	1	01	560	370	92	96	2	0	0
7	8	81	Total	С	Ν	Ο	\mathbf{S}	0	0
· ·	0	01	560	370	92	96	2	0	0
7	9	81	Total	С	Ν	Ο	S	0	0
	1 9	01	556	368	91	95	2	0	0
7	7 1	1 81	Total	С	Ν	Ο	S	0	0
	T	01	556	368	91	95	2	U	U

• Molecule 8 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit a.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace	
8	a	235	Total 1808	C 1223	N 287	O 292	S 6	0	0

• Molecule 9 is ADENOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: ATP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{16}N_5O_{13}P_3$).





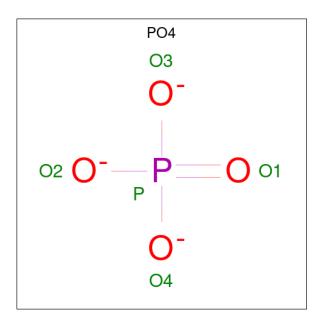
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
9	٨	1	Total	С	Ν	Ο	Р	0
9	A	1	31	10	5	13	3	0
9	D	1	Total	С	Ν	Ο	Р	0
9	D	1	31	10	5	13	3	0
9	С	1	Total	С	Ν	Ο	Р	0
9	C	1	31	10	5	13	3	0
9	E	1	Total	С	Ν	Ο	Р	0
9	Ľ	1	31	10	5	13	3	U

• Molecule 10 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
10	А	1	Total Mg 1 1	0
10	В	1	Total Mg 1 1	0
10	С	1	Total Mg 1 1	0
10	Ε	1	Total Mg 1 1	0

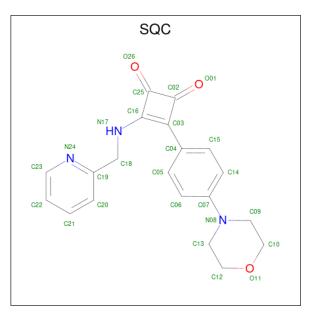
• Molecule 11 is PHOSPHATE ION (three-letter code: PO4) (formula: O_4P).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
11	F	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{O} & \text{I} \\ 5 & 4 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c c} P \\ 1 \end{array} = 0 \end{array}$

• Molecule 12 is 3-[4-(morpholin-4-yl)phenyl]-4-{[(pyridin-2-yl)methyl]amino}cyclobut-3-ene-1,2-dione (three-letter code: SQC) (formula: $C_{20}H_{19}N_3O_3$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



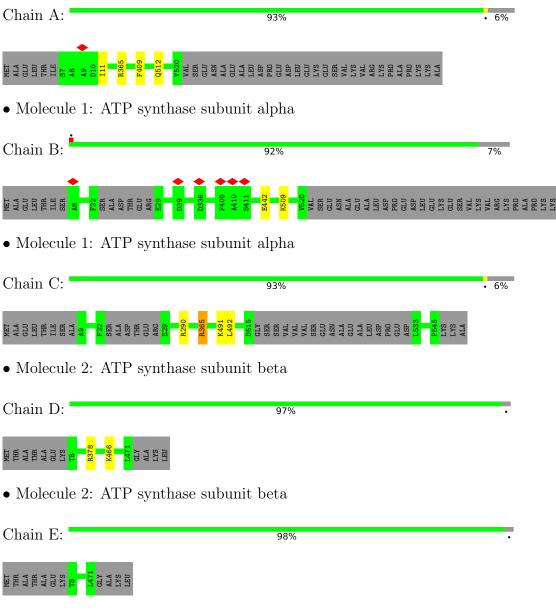
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf
19	1	1	Total	С	Ν	0	0
12	T	1 1	26	20	3	3	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

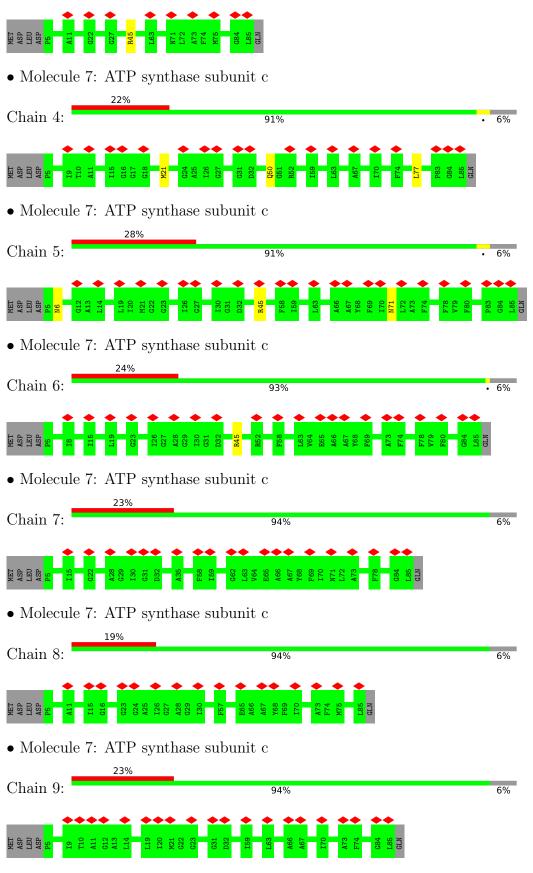
• Molecule 1: ATP synthase subunit alpha



• Molecule 2: ATP synthase subunit beta

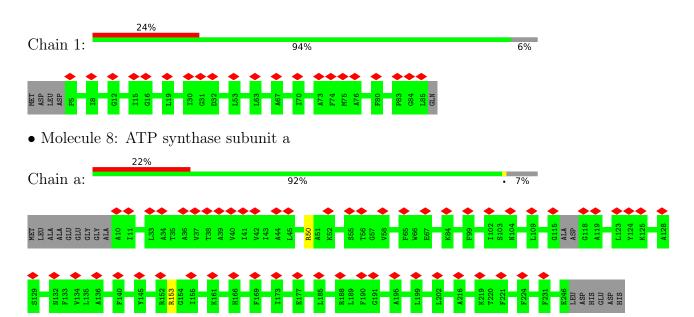


Chain F:	97%		• •	
MET THR ALA ALA ALA ALA CU CU CU CU C C C C C C C C C C C C C	D363 E437 GLY ALA LVS LLVS LLU			
• Molecule 3: ATI	P synthase gamma chain			
Chain G:	90%		• 9%	
MET ALA ALA ALA ALA ALA ALA ALA ASP ASP ASP ASP ASP ASP	ASP ALA ASP ALA ASP ALA ASP ALA ASP ASP ASP ASP ASP ASP ASP ASP ASP AS	ALA GLY SER LYS		
• Molecule 4: ATI	P synthase epsilon chain			
Chain H:	96%			
MET DALA DA DA DA DA T O 119 ASP				
	P synthase subunit b			
Chain b:	77%	6%	17%	
MET GLY GLY GLY SER SER ALA ALA ALA ALA SER SER SER	ALA ALA ALA GLU GLY GLY GLY GLY SER F24 F31 F35 F31 F35 F35 F35 F35 F35 F35 F35 F35 F35 F35	140 141 153 153 858 858 865 865 828 82	185 1108 11108 1115 1133	L144 E145 S146 S157
R158 V162 V164 ASN ASN SER GLY GLY GLN GLN				
• Molecule 6: ATH	P synthase subunit b-delta			
Chain d:	96%		• •	
M1 L8 C10 F11 A12 A15 F16 F16	R27 R31 N32 N32 N132 N132 N157 N157 P116 A11A A11A A11A A11A A11A A11A A11A	K186 R301 L365 L365 ASP ASP		
	P synthase subunit c			
Chain 2:	94%		6%	
MET ASP ASP ASP ASP ASP ASP ASP ASP ASP ASP	130 631 173 172 172 172 173 173 173 173 173 173 173 173 173 173			
	P synthase subunit c			
Chain 3:	93%		• 6%	



• Molecule 7: ATP synthase subunit c







4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	79965	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	TFS KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose $(e^-/\text{\AA}^2)$	54	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	900	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2000	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	FEI FALCON IV (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	2.843	Depositor
Minimum map value	-1.052	Depositor
Average map value	0.001	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.096	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.46	Depositor
Map size (Å)	329.59998, 329.59998, 329.59998	wwPDB
Map dimensions	320, 320, 320	wwPDB
Map angles ($^{\circ}$)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.03, 1.03, 1.03	Depositor



5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MG, SQC, PO4, ATP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bo	ond angles
	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	А	0.35	0/3887	0.53	0/5266
1	В	0.34	0/3790	0.53	0/5137
1	С	0.34	0/3856	0.53	1/5223~(0.0%)
2	D	0.37	0/3570	0.53	0/4845
2	Е	0.38	0/3573	0.54	0/4849
2	F	0.48	0/3592	0.57	0/4873
3	G	0.38	0/2122	0.57	0/2872
4	Н	0.29	0/849	0.59	0/1158
5	b	0.41	0/949	0.56	0/1291
6	d	0.34	0/2900	0.51	0/3963
7	1	0.54	0/567	0.51	0/769
7	2	0.27	0/567	0.45	0/769
7	3	0.36	0/565	0.44	0/767
7	4	0.52	0/567	0.57	0/769
7	5	0.56	0/571	0.56	0/774
7	6	0.41	0/571	0.49	0/774
7	7	0.33	0/571	0.48	0/774
7	8	0.28	0/571	0.46	0/774
7	9	0.39	0/567	0.48	0/769
8	a	0.39	0/1860	0.44	0/2543
All	All	0.38	0/36065	0.53	1/48959~(0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	С	365	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	5.57	123.08	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.



5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

Due to software issues we are unable to calculate clashes - this section is therefore empty.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	А	512/548~(93%)	500~(98%)	11 (2%)	1 (0%)	47	78
1	В	503/548~(92%)	489 (97%)	14 (3%)	0	100	100
1	\mathbf{C}	508/548~(93%)	493 (97%)	15 (3%)	0	100	100
2	D	462/475~(97%)	453 (98%)	9 (2%)	0	100	100
2	Ε	462/475~(97%)	449 (97%)	13 (3%)	0	100	100
2	F	462/475~(97%)	453 (98%)	9(2%)	0	100	100
3	G	273/307~(89%)	270 (99%)	3 (1%)	0	100	100
4	Н	115/121~(95%)	113 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
5	b	139/170~(82%)	136 (98%)	2 (1%)	1 (1%)	22	54
6	d	429/445~(96%)	419 (98%)	10 (2%)	0	100	100
7	1	79/86~(92%)	77~(98%)	2(2%)	0	100	100
7	2	79/86~(92%)	74 (94%)	5 (6%)	0	100	100
7	3	79/86~(92%)	78~(99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
7	4	79/86~(92%)	76~(96%)	3 (4%)	0	100	100
7	5	79/86~(92%)	79 (100%)	0	0	100	100
7	6	79/86~(92%)	78~(99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
7	7	79/86~(92%)	77~(98%)	2(2%)	0	100	100
7	8	79/86~(92%)	77~(98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
7	9	79/86~(92%)	77~(98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
8	a	231/252~(92%)	226 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	4807/5138 (94%)	4694 (98%)	111 (2%)	2(0%)	100	100



All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
5	b	65	ALA
1	А	11	ILE

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent side chain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	А	396/441~(90%)	393~(99%)	3~(1%)	81	94
1	В	377/441~(86%)	375 (100%)	2(0%)	88	96
1	С	383/441~(87%)	379~(99%)	4 (1%)	76	92
2	D	367/388~(95%)	365 (100%)	2(0%)	88	96
2	Ε	368/388~(95%)	368 (100%)	0	100	100
2	F	373/388~(96%)	369~(99%)	4 (1%)	73	92
3	G	202/238~(85%)	200 (99%)	2 (1%)	76	92
4	Н	73/96~(76%)	72~(99%)	1 (1%)	67	89
5	b	75/124~(60%)	66 (88%)	9 (12%)	5	15
6	d	228/347~(66%)	221 (97%)	7(3%)	40	74
7	1	49/56~(88%)	49 (100%)	0	100	100
7	2	49/56~(88%)	49 (100%)	0	100	100
7	3	49/56~(88%)	48 (98%)	1 (2%)	55	82
7	4	49/56~(88%)	46 (94%)	3 (6%)	18	48
7	5	50/56~(89%)	47 (94%)	3 (6%)	19	49
7	6	50/56~(89%)	49 (98%)	1 (2%)	55	82
7	7	50/56~(89%)	50 (100%)	0	100	100
7	8	50/56~(89%)	50 (100%)	0	100	100
7	9	49/56~(88%)	49 (100%)	0	100	100
8	a	184/200~(92%)	182 (99%)	2 (1%)	73	92
All	All	3471/3996~(87%)	3427~(99%)	44 (1%)	70	90



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	365	ARG
1	А	409	PHE
1	А	512	GLN
1	В	442	GLU
1	B B C C C C D D F	509	LYS
1	С	290	ARG
1	С	365	ARG
1	С	491	LYS
1	С	492	LEU
2	D	378	ARG
2	D	466	LYS
2	F	268	THR
2	F	343	PHE
2	F	363	ASP
2	F	437	GLU
3	G	201	ARG
3	G	303	LEU
4	Н	119	GLN
5	b	57	LEU
5	b	59	GLU
5	b	82	GLN
5	b	85	TYR
5	b	108	ARG
5	b	115	ARG
5	b	146	SER
5	b	157	SER
5	b	158	ARG
6	d	31	ARG
6	d	32	ASN
6	d	71	LYS
6	d	72	VAL
6	d	186	LYS
6	d	301	ARG
6	d	385	LEU
7	3	45	ARG
7	4	21	MET
7	4	50	GLN
7	4	77	LEU
7	5	6	ASN
7	5	45	ARG
7	5	71	ASN
7	6	45	ARG
•	Continue		

All (44) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
8	а	50	ARG
8	a	153	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (12) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	С	399	GLN
2	D	97	HIS
2	Е	306	GLN
2	Е	326	HIS
2	Е	425	GLN
6	d	32	ASN
6	d	34	GLN
6	d	104	GLN
7	5	6	ASN
7	6	6	ASN
7	6	71	ASN
7	9	71	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 10 ligands modelled in this entry, 4 are monoatomic - leaving 6 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond



Mol	Turne	Chain	Res	Res Link Bond lengths			ths	Bond angles		
INIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
9	ATP	В	600	10	26,33,33	0.63	0	$31,\!52,\!52$	1.06	2 (6%)
9	ATP	А	600	10	26,33,33	0.65	0	$31,\!52,\!52$	1.07	2 (6%)
9	ATP	Е	600	10	26,33,33	0.64	0	31,52,52	1.05	1 (3%)
12	SQC	1	601	-	28,29,29	1.81	6 (21%)	38,40,40	1.18	2 (5%)
9	ATP	С	600	10	26,33,33	0.67	0	31,52,52	1.05	2 (6%)
11	PO4	F	600	-	4,4,4	1.00	0	$6,\!6,\!6$	0.41	0

length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
9	ATP	В	600	10	-	5/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
9	ATP	А	600	10	-	4/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
9	ATP	Е	600	10	-	7/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
12	SQC	1	601	-	-	3/13/37/37	0/4/4/4
9	ATP	С	600	10	-	10/18/38/38	0/3/3/3

All (6) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
12	1	601	SQC	C16-N17	5.80	1.46	1.33
12	1	601	SQC	C03-C02	3.59	1.53	1.45
12	1	601	SQC	C07-N08	3.12	1.47	1.38
12	1	601	SQC	C16-C25	2.98	1.52	1.47
12	1	601	SQC	C04-C03	2.91	1.55	1.49
12	1	601	SQC	O01-C02	-2.24	1.18	1.23

All (9) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
12	1	601	SQC	C23-N24-C19	2.95	121.46	117.42
9	В	600	ATP	C5-C6-N6	2.28	123.82	120.35
9	Е	600	ATP	C5-C6-N6	2.25	123.76	120.35
9	С	600	ATP	C5-C6-N6	2.21	123.72	120.35

Continued on next page...



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
12	1	601	SQC	C18-C19-N24	2.17	120.46	116.20
9	А	600	ATP	C5-C6-N6	2.14	123.60	120.35
9	А	600	ATP	PB-O3B-PG	2.03	139.79	132.83
9	С	600	ATP	PB-O3B-PG	2.02	139.77	132.83
9	В	600	ATP	PB-O3B-PG	2.01	139.71	132.83

Continued from previous page...

There are no chirality outliers.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
9	А	600	ATP	PB-O3B-PG-O2G
9	А	600	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A
9	В	600	ATP	PB-O3B-PG-O3G
9	С	600	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A
9	Е	600	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A
9	Е	600	ATP	O4'-C4'-C5'-O5'
9	С	600	ATP	O4'-C4'-C5'-O5'
9	С	600	ATP	C3'-C4'-C5'-O5'
9	А	600	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A
9	В	600	ATP	PA-O3A-PB-O2B
9	С	600	ATP	PA-O3A-PB-O2B
9	С	600	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A
9	С	600	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O2A
9	Е	600	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A
9	Е	600	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O2A
9	Е	600	ATP	PG-O3B-PB-O2B
12	1	601	SQC	N17-C18-C19-N24
9	Е	600	ATP	PA-O3A-PB-O3B
9	В	600	ATP	PB-O3B-PG-O1G
9	В	600	ATP	PB-O3B-PG-O2G
9	С	600	ATP	PB-O3B-PG-O3G
12	1	601	SQC	C02-C03-C04-C05
9	С	600	ATP	PG-O3B-PB-O1B
9	С	600	ATP	PG-O3B-PB-O2B
9	С	600	ATP	PA-O3A-PB-O1B
9	Е	600	ATP	PA-O3A-PB-O1B
9	А	600	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O2A
9	В	600	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A
12	1	601	SQC	N17-C18-C19-C20

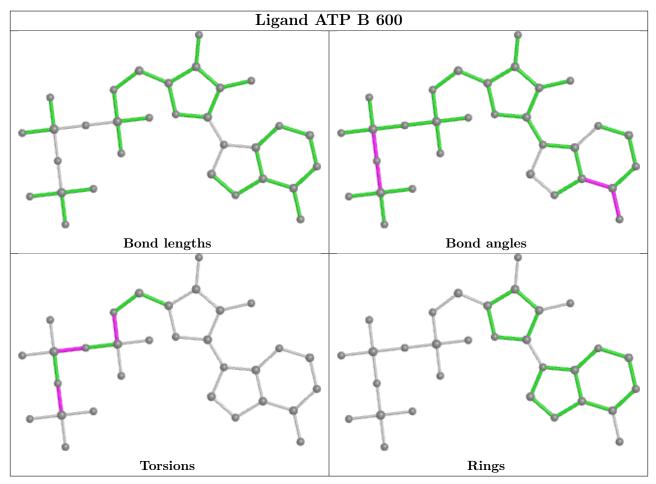
All (29) torsion outliers are listed below:

There are no ring outliers.

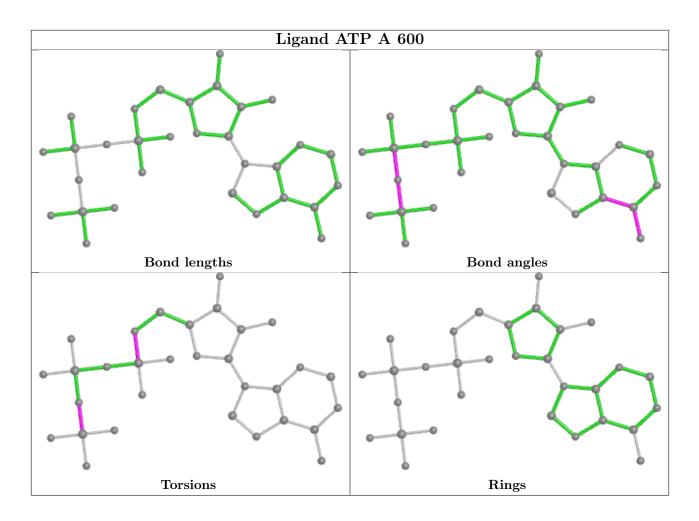
No monomer is involved in short contacts.



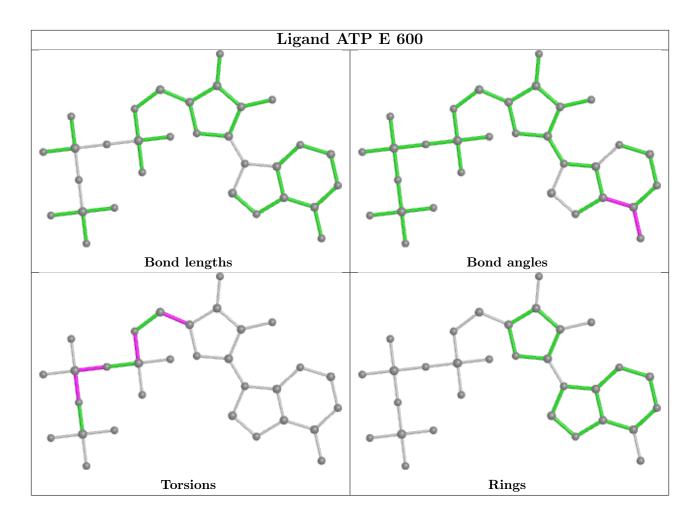
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



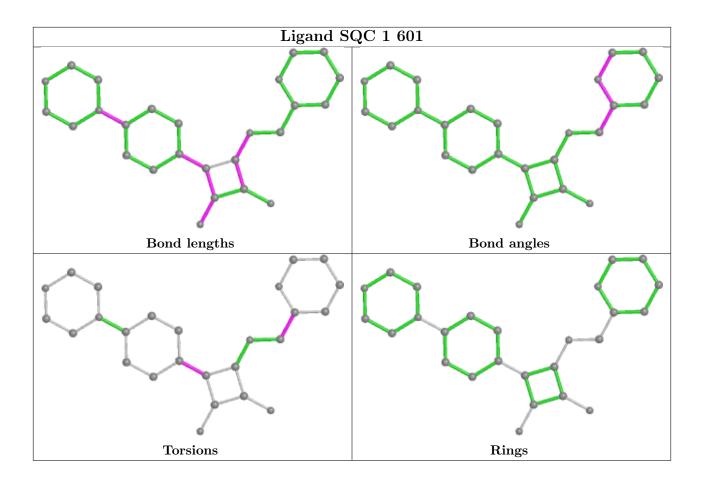




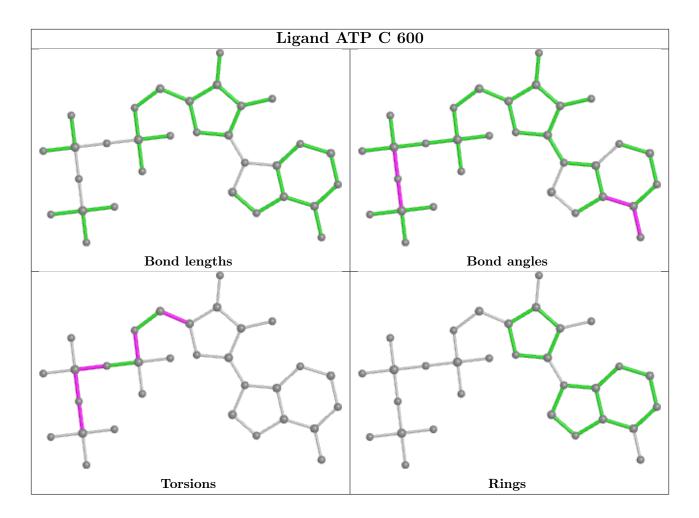












5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



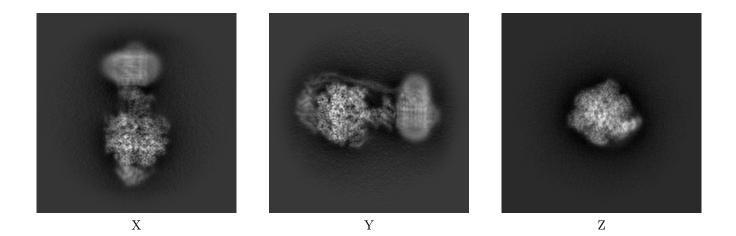
6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-29651. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

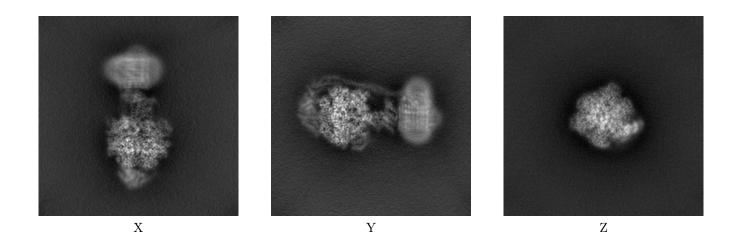
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

6.1.1 Primary map



6.1.2 Raw map

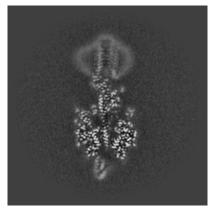


The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

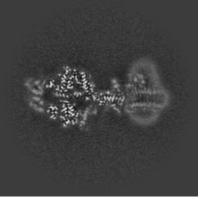


6.2 Central slices (i)

6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 160

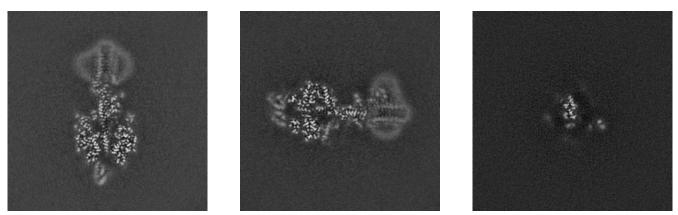


Y Index: 160



Z Index: 160

6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 160

Y Index: 160

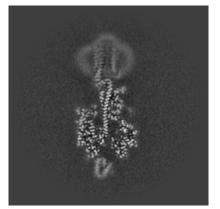
Z Index: 160

The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

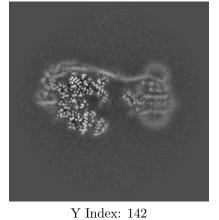


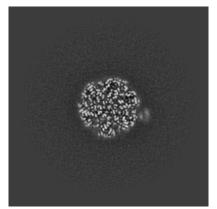
6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

6.3.1 Primary map



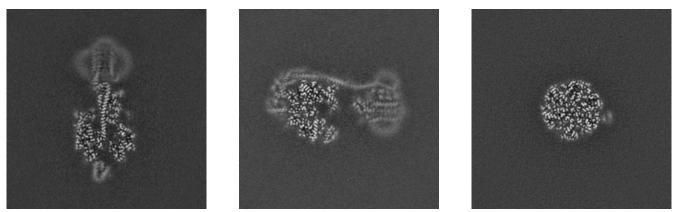
X Index: 157





Z Index: 105

6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 157

Y Index: 142

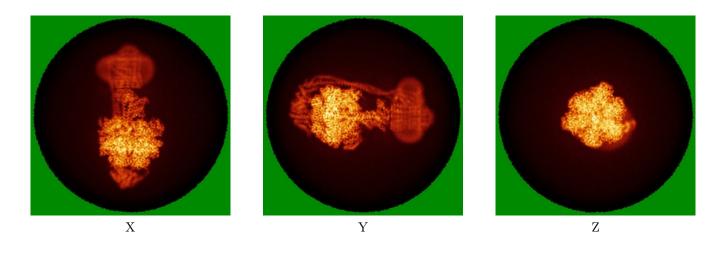


The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

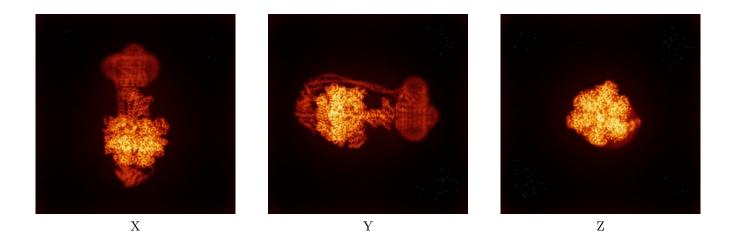


6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) (i)

6.4.1 Primary map



6.4.2 Raw map

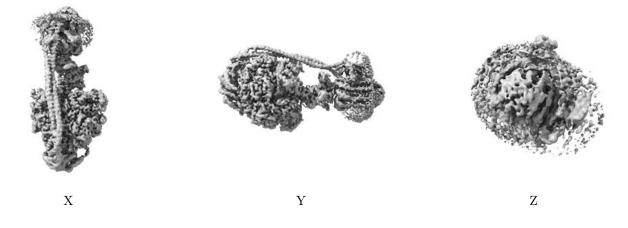


The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.



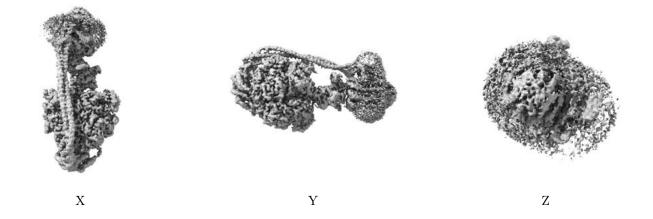
6.5 Orthogonal surface views (i)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.46. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

6.6 Mask visualisation (i)

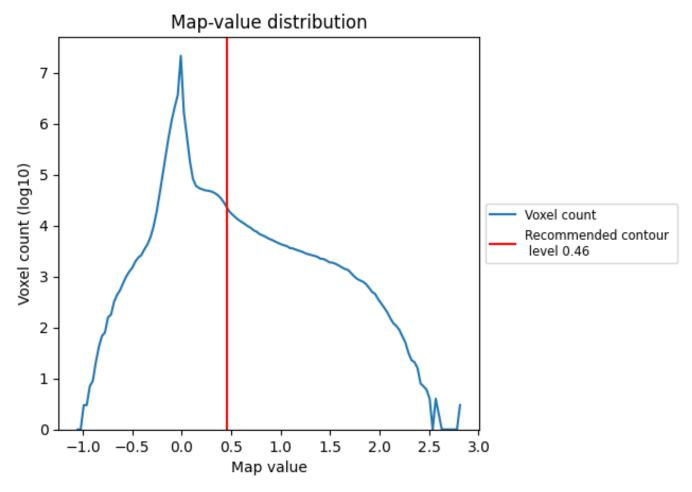
This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.



7 Map analysis (i)

This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

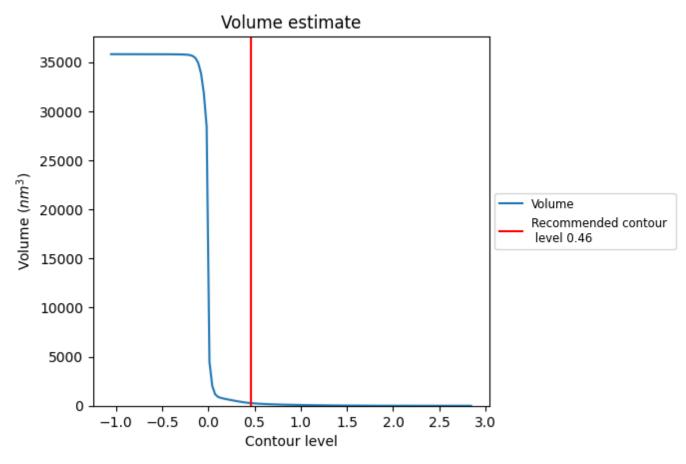
7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.



7.2 Volume estimate (i)

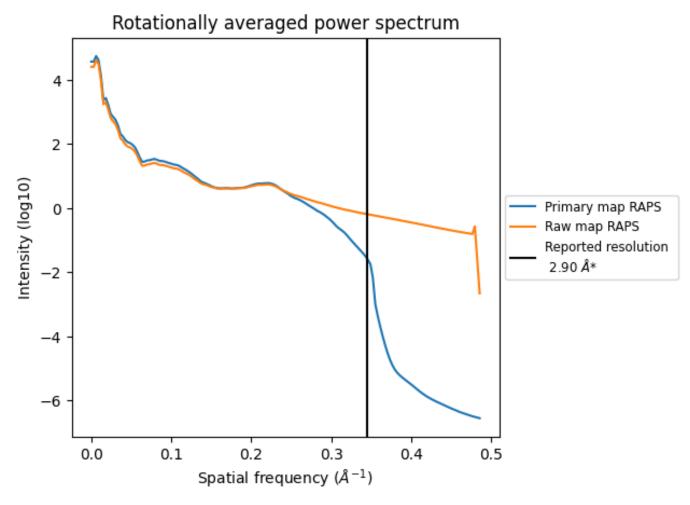


The volume at the recommended contour level is 269 $\rm nm^3;$ this corresponds to an approximate mass of 243 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.



7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)



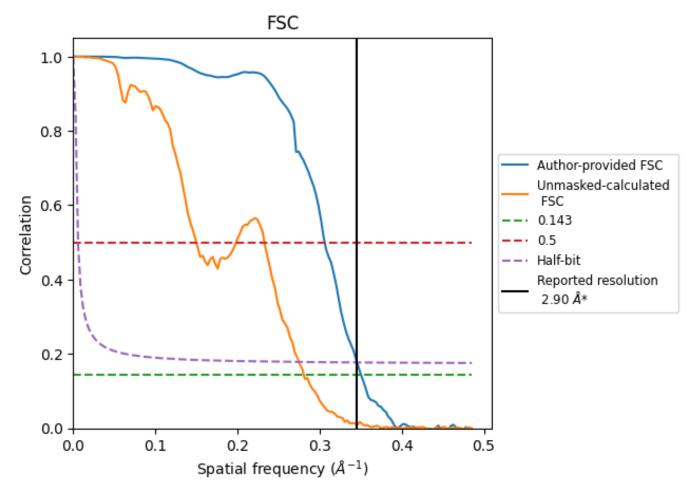
*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.345 ${\rm \AA^{-1}}$



8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC (i)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.345 $\mathrm{\AA^{-1}}$



8.2 Resolution estimates (i)

Resolution estimate (Å)	Estim	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)			
Resolution estimate (A)	0.143	0.5	Half-bit		
Reported by author	2.90	-	-		
Author-provided FSC curve	2.85	3.26	2.89		
Unmasked-calculated*	3.56	6.67	3.64		

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 3.56 differs from the reported value 2.9 by more than 10 %



9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-29651 and PDB model 8G0A. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 8.

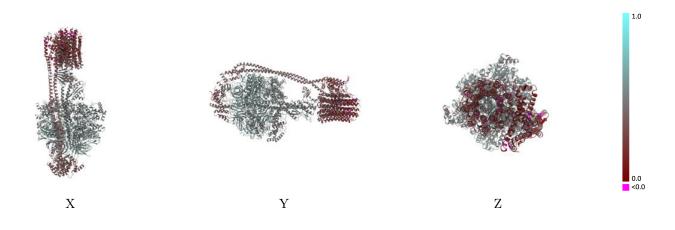
9.1 Map-model overlay (i)



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.46 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

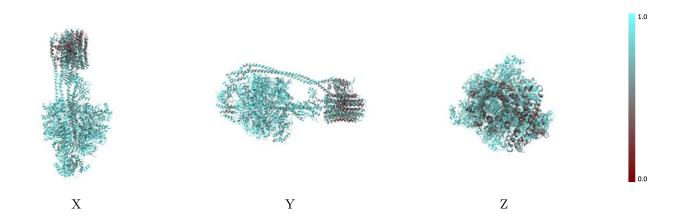


9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

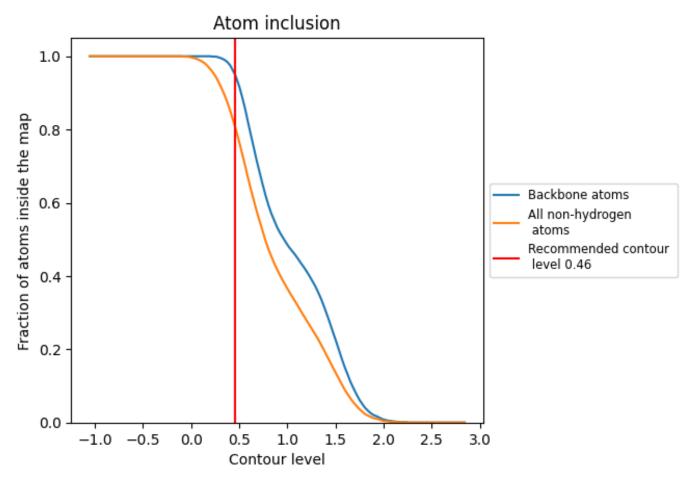
9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.46).



9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 95% of all backbone atoms, 80% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.



1.0

0.0 <0.0

9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.46) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.8050	0.4580
1	0.5530	0.2900
2	0.5990	0.3190
3	0.6280	0.3230
4	0.5530	0.2870
5	0.5510	0.2700
6	0.5780	0.2530
7	0.5660	0.2360
8	0.5600	0.2410
9	0.5320	0.2700
А	0.8760	0.5300
В	0.8630	0.5190
\mathbf{C}	0.8900	0.5290
D	0.8880	0.5340
Ε	0.8840	0.5340
F	0.8740	0.5360
G	0.8660	0.5000
Н	0.8050	0.4620
a	0.5480	0.2370
b	0.7430	0.3510
d	0.7890	0.3710

