

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Dec 13, 2024 – 12:16 AM EST

PDB ID	:	7G3Q
Title	:	Crystal Structure of rat Autotaxin in complex with 2-[(2-tert-butyl-5-chloro-
		$\label{eq:cyanophenoxy} a constraints a constraint a co$
		xamide, i.e. SMILES $Clc1c(C#N)cc(C(C)C)c(c1)OCC1=NC=C(C(=O)N$
		C2CS(=O)(=O)C2)N1C with IC50=0.0049749 microM
Authors	:	Stihle, M.; Benz, J.; Hunziker, D.; Green, L.; Rudolph, M.G.
Deposited on	:	2023-06-05
Resolution	:	1.78  Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
EDS:3.0buster-report:1.1.7 (2018)Percentile statistics:20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)CCP4:9.0.004 (Gargrove)Density-Fitness:1.0.11Ideal geometry (proteins):Engh & Huber (2001)	Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as $543$ be (2022)
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018) Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023) CCP4 : 9.0.004 (Gargrove) Density-Fitness : 1.0.11 Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)	Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.21
Percentile statistics:20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)CCP4:9.0.004 (Gargrove)Density-Fitness:1.0.11Ideal geometry (proteins):Engh & Huber (2001)	EDS	:	3.0
CCP4 : 9.0.004 (Gargrove) Density-Fitness : 1.0.11 Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)	-		
Density-Fitness : 1.0.11 Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)	Percentile statistics	:	20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)	CCP4	:	9.0.004 (Gargrove)
	Density-Fitness	:	1.0.11
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)	Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber $(2001)$
	Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.40	Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.40

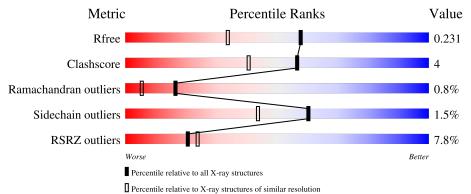


# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.78 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{l} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ (\#\textbf{Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
$R_{free}$	164625	1191 (1.78-1.78)
Clashscore	180529	1282 (1.78-1.78)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	1270 (1.78-1.78)
Sidechain outliers	177891	1270 (1.78-1.78)
RSRZ outliers	164620	1191 (1.78-1.78)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	А	846	7% 82% 11% • 5%
2	В	8	100%



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 10 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7309 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

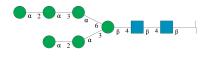
• Molecule 1 is a protein called Isoform 2 of Ectonucleotide pyrophosphatase/phosphodiester ase family member 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Α	toms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	А	804	Total 6653	C 4228	N 1142	O 1229	S 54	0	25	0

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
А	53	ALA	ASN	engineered mutation	UNP Q64610
А	410	ALA	ASN	engineered mutation	UNP Q64610
А	591	THR	ARG	engineered mutation	UNP Q64610
А	863	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q64610
А	864	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q64610
А	865	ARG	-	expression tag	UNP Q64610
А	866	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q64610
А	867	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q64610
А	868	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q64610
А	869	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q64610
А	870	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q64610
А	871	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q64610
А	872	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q64610
А	873	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q64610

There are 14 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

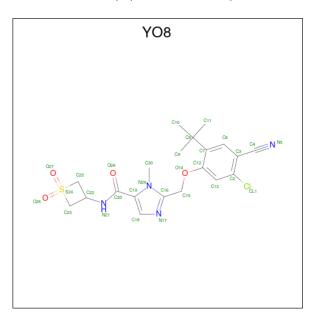
• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyran ose-(1-3)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyra nose-(1-3)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.





[	Mol	Chain	Residues	I	Aton	ns		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
	2	В	8	Total 94	C 52	N 2	O 40	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is 2-[(2-tert-butyl-5-chloro-4-cyanophenoxy)methyl]-N-(1,1-dioxo-1lambda 6 -thietan-3-yl)-1-methyl-1H-imidazole-5-carboxamide (three-letter code: YO8) (formula: C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>23</sub>ClN<sub>4</sub>O<sub>4</sub>S) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues		Α	tom	s			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	А	1	Total 30	C 20		N 4	0 4	S 1	0	0

• Molecule 4 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Ator	$\mathbf{ns}$	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	А	1	Total 1	Zn 1	0	0

• Molecule 5 is SODIUM ION (three-letter code: NA) (formula: Na).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	А	1	Total Na 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 6 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

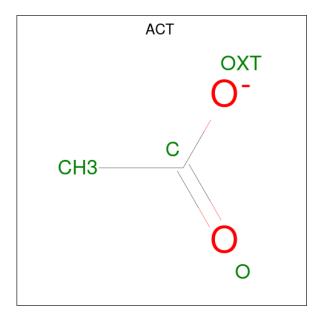


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	2	Total Ca 2 2	0	0

• Molecule 7 is POTASSIUM ION (three-letter code: K) (formula: K).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	А	1	Total K 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 8 is ACETATE ION (three-letter code: ACT) (formula:  $C_2H_3O_2$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} \\ 4 & 2 & 2 \end{array}$	0	0

• Molecule 9 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	А	2	Total Cl 2 2	0	0

• Molecule 10 is water.

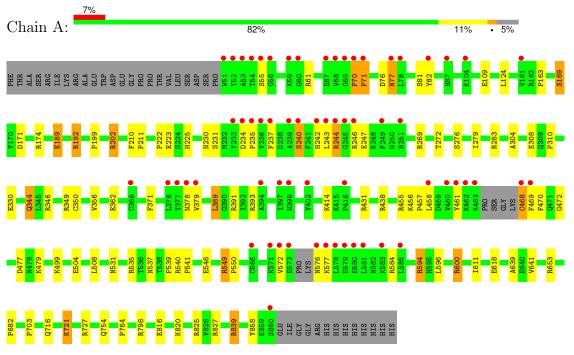
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
10	А	518	Total         O           521         521	0	3



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

 $\bullet$  Molecule 1: Isoform 2 of Ectonucleotide pyrophosphatase/phosphodiesterase family member 2



• Molecule 2: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose e

Chain B:

100%

NAG1 NAG2 BMA3 BMA3 MAN4 MAN5 MAN5 MAN5 MAN8 MAN8



## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants	84.01Å 91.72Å 120.12Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	68.94 - 1.78	Depositor
Resolution (A)	68.94 - 1.78	EDS
% Data completeness	82.3 (68.94-1.78)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	83.0 (68.94-1.78)	EDS
R <sub>merge</sub>	0.10	Depositor
R <sub>sym</sub>	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$2.29 (at 1.77 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0230	Depositor
D D.	0.180 , $0.225$	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.189 , $0.231$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	4395 reflections $(4.88%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	23.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.046	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.32 , $30.7$	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ \langle L  \rangle = 0.50, \langle L^2 \rangle = 0.34$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	7309	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	31.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.61% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ACT, NAG, YO8, BMA, K, MAN, NA, CA, CL, ZN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	А	0.87	9/6889~(0.1%)	0.94	13/9335~(0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	А	0	19

The worst 5 of 9 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	А	546	GLU	CD-OE1	10.34	1.37	1.25
1	А	189	GLU	CD-OE1	7.57	1.33	1.25
1	А	189	GLU	CD-OE2	6.51	1.32	1.25
1	А	308	GLU	CD-OE1	5.64	1.31	1.25
1	А	504	GLU	CD-OE1	5.39	1.31	1.25

The worst 5 of 13 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Ζ	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	А	202	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-8.63	115.99	120.30
1	А	237[A]	PHE	CB-CA-C	-8.34	93.72	110.40
1	А	237[B]	PHE	CB-CA-C	-8.34	93.72	110.40
1	А	349	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-7.16	116.72	120.30
1	А	283	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-5.91	117.35	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 19 planarity outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	А	174	ARG	Sidechain
1	А	192	ARG	Sidechain
1	А	55	SER	Peptide
1	А	61	ARG	Sidechain
1	А	71	PRO	Peptide

#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	6653	0	6450	60	0
2	В	94	0	79	0	0
3	А	30	0	0	0	0
4	А	1	0	0	0	0
5	А	1	0	0	0	0
6	А	2	0	0	0	0
7	А	1	0	0	0	0
8	А	4	0	3	0	0
9	А	2	0	0	1	0
10	А	521	0	0	19	0
All	All	7309	0	6532	60	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

The worst 5 of 60 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:189:GLU:HB2	10:A:1093:HOH:O	1.24	1.35
1:A:192:ARG:HD2	10:A:1008:HOH:O	1.50	1.11
1:A:539[A]:PHE:O	1:A:541:PRO:HD3	1.60	0.99
1:A:272:THR:HG21	10:A:1266:HOH:O	1.68	0.92
1:A:479[A]:LYS:NZ	10:A:1003:HOH:O	2.15	0.80

There are no symmetry-related clashes.



### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	824/846~(97%)	793~(96%)	25~(3%)	6 (1%)	19 7

5 of 6 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	76	ASP
1	А	378	ASN
1	А	109	GLU
1	А	70	PRO
1	А	477	ASP

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	А	753/765~(98%)	741 (98%)	12 (2%)	58 41		

5 of 12 residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	389	LEU
1	А	468	CYS
1	А	721[B]	LYS
1	А	594	ARG
1	А	240	SER

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such



sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	77	ASN
1	А	134	GLN
1	А	436	ASN
1	А	586	HIS
1	А	856	HIS

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

8 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Turne	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	ond leng	ths	Bond angles		
1VIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	NAG	В	1	2,1	14,14,15	0.92	0	17,19,21	1.75	4 (23%)
2	NAG	В	2	2	14,14,15	0.88	0	17,19,21	1.71	2 (11%)
2	BMA	В	3	2	11,11,12	1.55	3 (27%)	$15,\!15,\!17$	3.57	9 (60%)
2	MAN	В	4	2	11,11,12	1.70	3 (27%)	$15,\!15,\!17$	2.70	6 (40%)
2	MAN	В	5	2	11,11,12	1.37	2 (18%)	$15,\!15,\!17$	2.47	7 (46%)
2	MAN	В	6	2	11,11,12	1.30	1 (9%)	$15,\!15,\!17$	1.52	3 (20%)
2	MAN	В	7	2	11,11,12	1.66	2 (18%)	$15,\!15,\!17$	3.44	6 (40%)
2	MAN	В	8	2	11,11,12	1.64	2 (18%)	$15,\!15,\!17$	2.70	6 (40%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the



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	U	J	પ્ર

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	В	1	2,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	В	2	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	BMA	В	3	2	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	MAN	В	4	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	MAN	В	5	2	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	MAN	В	6	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	MAN	В	7	2	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	MAN	В	8	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

The worst 5 of 13 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Ζ	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	В	8	MAN	C2-C3	3.96	1.58	1.52
2	В	7	MAN	C1-C2	3.10	1.59	1.52
2	В	4	MAN	C2-C3	2.84	1.56	1.52
2	В	3	BMA	C2-C3	2.80	1.56	1.52
2	В	3	BMA	O3-C3	2.67	1.49	1.43

The worst 5 of 43 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	В	7	MAN	C1-C2-C3	8.85	122.54	109.64
2	В	3	BMA	C1-O5-C5	8.29	123.30	112.19
2	В	7	MAN	O2-C2-C3	-8.07	93.44	110.15
2	В	4	MAN	C1-O5-C5	7.67	122.46	112.19
2	В	8	MAN	O3-C3-C2	6.97	124.29	110.05

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

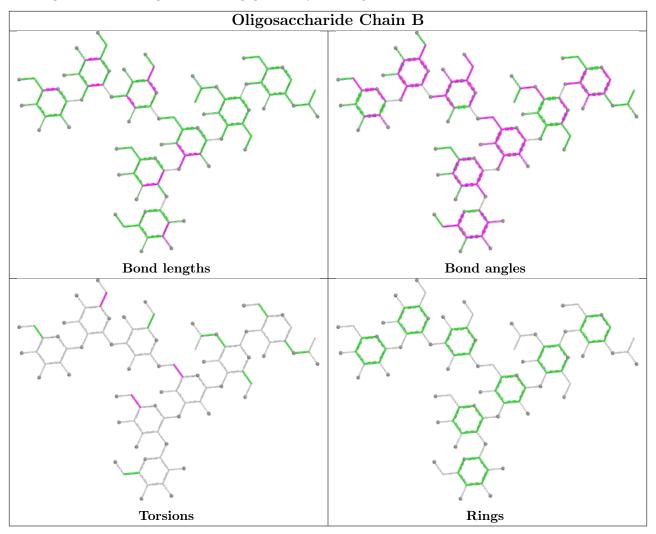
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	В	5	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	В	7	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	В	5	MAN	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	В	3	BMA	C4-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths,





bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 9 ligands modelled in this entry, 7 are monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Mol Type Chain Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles				
	туре	Chain	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
3	YO8	А	901	-	26,32,32	2.64	11 (42%)	33,49,49	1.63	7 (21%)
8	ACT	А	907	-	3,3,3	1.55	1 (33%)	3,3,3	0.89	0



In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	YO8	А	901	-	-	1/16/31/31	0/3/3/3

The worst 5 of 12 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	$\mathrm{Ideal}(\mathrm{\AA})$
3	А	901	YO8	C3-C2	-6.44	1.34	1.40
3	А	901	YO8	C2-CL1	-4.88	1.62	1.73
3	А	901	YO8	C8-C7	-4.81	1.46	1.54
3	А	901	YO8	C30-N29	-4.28	1.40	1.48
3	А	901	YO8	C6-C3	-3.52	1.34	1.39

The worst 5 of 7 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Ζ	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
3	А	901	YO8	C2-C3-C4	4.10	125.43	121.18
3	А	901	YO8	O28-C20-N21	-3.38	116.03	122.47
3	А	901	YO8	C13-C2-CL1	-2.94	113.63	118.45
3	А	901	YO8	C23-C22-N21	-2.76	109.79	116.75
3	А	901	YO8	C6-C3-C2	-2.52	115.75	118.29

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	А	901	YO8	C2-C3-C4-N5

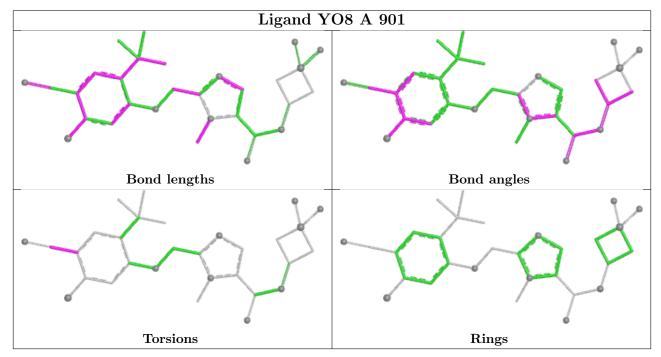
There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and



any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



#### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

#### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

## 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	< <b>RSRZ</b> >	#RSRZ>2	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	А	804/846~(95%)	0.24	63 (7%) 20 24	11, 25, 65, 130	25 (3%)

The worst 5 of 63 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	А	51	TRP	7.2
1	А	578	LEU	6.9
1	А	572	VAL	6.7
1	А	469	PHE	6.6
1	А	68	VAL	6.1

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	MAN	В	7	11/12	0.39	0.19	78,94,99,104	0
2	MAN	В	8	11/12	0.68	0.17	39,82,99,109	0
2	BMA	В	3	11/12	0.69	0.14	54,65,73,80	0
2	MAN	В	5	11/12	0.71	0.17	54,69,79,80	0
2	MAN	В	4	11/12	0.74	0.14	52,64,69,70	0
2	MAN	В	6	11/12	0.88	0.15	34,46,56,60	0
2	NAG	В	2	14/15	0.91	0.09	27,32,41,53	0

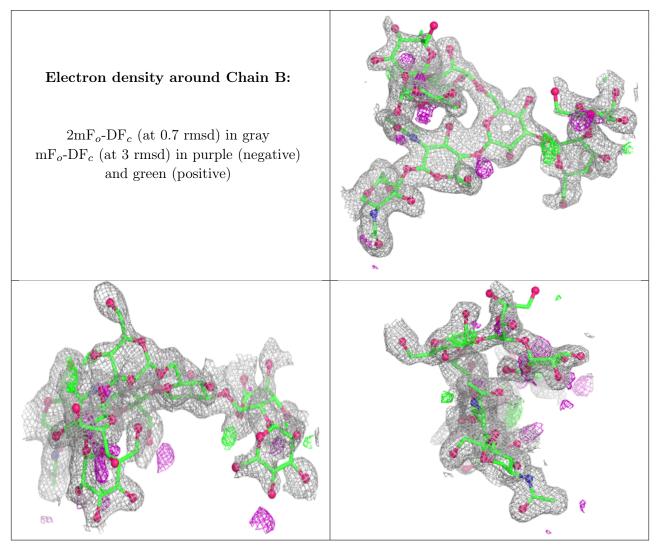
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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	NAG	В	1	14/15	0.96	0.06	14,18,20,22	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
8	ACT	А	907	4/4	0.83	0.18	$35,\!36,\!40,\!44$	0
9	CL	А	908	1/1	0.91	0.12	46,46,46,46	0

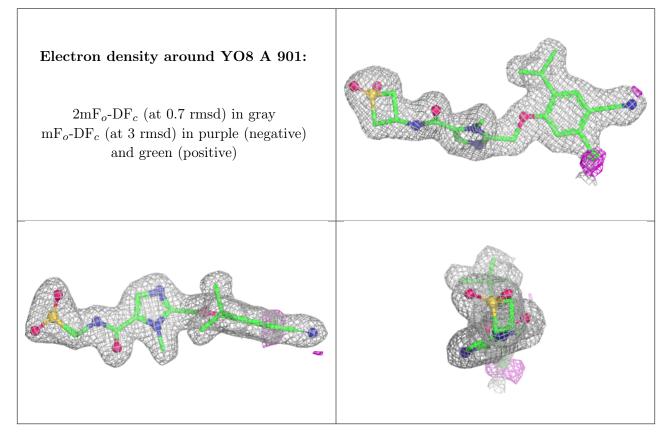
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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
9	CL	А	909	1/1	0.92	0.27	$37,\!37,\!37,\!37$	1
3	YO8	А	901	30/30	0.94	0.08	21,25,50,64	1
5	NA	А	903	1/1	0.95	0.06	34,34,34,34	0
7	Κ	А	905	1/1	0.97	0.05	29,29,29,29	0
6	CA	А	904	1/1	0.99	0.03	$17,\!17,\!17,\!17$	0
6	CA	А	906	1/1	0.99	0.03	29,29,29,29	0
4	ZN	А	902	1/1	0.99	0.02	21,21,21,21	0

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The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

