



## wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Sep 22, 2024 – 07:25 am BST

PDB ID : 9GD2  
EMDB ID : EMD-51244  
Title : Structure of Chd1 bound to a dinucleosome with a dyad-to-dyad distance of 103 bp.  
Authors : Engeholm, M.; Roske, J.J.; Oberbeckmann, E.; Dienemann, C.; Lidschreiber, M.; Cramer, P.; Farnung, L.  
Deposited on : 2024-08-04  
Resolution : 4.20 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

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<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev112  
Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)  
MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)  
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)  
MapQ : 1.9.13  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.38.2

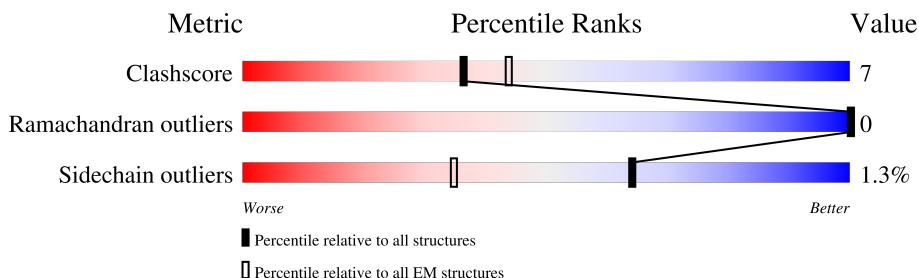
# 1 Overall quality at a glance i

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*ELECTRON MICROSCOPY*

The reported resolution of this entry is 4.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.













Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	210492	15764
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion  $< 40\%$ ). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	136	63% (green), 32% (grey), 5% (yellow), 0% (orange), 0% (red)
1	E	136	65% (green), 32% (grey), 3% (yellow), 0% (orange), 0% (red)
1	K	136	50% (green), 46% (grey), 4% (yellow), 0% (orange), 0% (red)
1	O	136	63% (green), 29% (grey), 7% (yellow), 0% (orange), 0% (red)
2	B	103	68% (green), 24% (grey), 7% (yellow), 0% (orange), 0% (red)
2	F	103	69% (green), 25% (grey), 6% (yellow), 0% (orange), 0% (red)
2	L	103	72% (green), 24% (grey), 2% (yellow), 0% (orange), 2% (red)
2	P	103	61% (green), 22% (grey), 15% (yellow), 0% (orange), 0% (red)

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
3	C	130	 69% 8% 22%
3	G	130	 72% 2% 26%
3	M	130	 75% 5% 21%
3	R	130	 69% 1% 28%
4	D	123	 70% 5% 25%
4	H	123	 67% 7% 26%
4	N	123	 63% 11% 27%
4	Q	123	 69% 5% 26%
5	I	248	 30% 65% 5%
6	J	248	 43% 52% 5%
7	S	1468	 99%
7	T	1468	 98%
7	W	1468	 36% 7% 56%

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 10 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 26638 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Histone H3.2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	A	93	Total 763	C 483	N 143	O 134	S 3	0	0
1	E	93	Total 763	C 483	N 143	O 134	S 3	0	0
1	K	73	Total 592	C 376	N 109	O 104	S 3	0	0
1	O	96	Total 795	C 501	N 154	O 137	S 3	0	0

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	102	ALA	GLY	conflict	UNP P84233
E	102	ALA	GLY	conflict	UNP P84233
K	102	ALA	GLY	conflict	UNP P84233
O	102	ALA	GLY	conflict	UNP P84233

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Histone H4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	B	78	Total 622	C 393	N 120	O 108	S 1	0	0
2	F	77	Total 614	C 389	N 119	O 105	S 1	0	0
2	L	78	Total 626	C 394	N 124	O 107	S 1	0	0
2	P	80	Total 644	C 408	N 125	O 110	S 1	0	0

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Histone H2A type 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O		
3	C	102	786	495	153	138	0	0
3	G	96	742	465	147	130	0	0
3	M	103	795	501	155	139	0	0
3	R	93	719	450	143	126	0	0

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
C	99	ARG	GLY	conflict	UNP P06897
C	123	SER	ALA	conflict	UNP P06897
G	99	ARG	GLY	conflict	UNP P06897
G	123	SER	ALA	conflict	UNP P06897
M	99	ARG	GLY	conflict	UNP P06897
M	123	SER	ALA	conflict	UNP P06897
R	99	ARG	GLY	conflict	UNP P06897
R	123	SER	ALA	conflict	UNP P06897

- Molecule 4 is a protein called Histone H2B 1.1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
4	D	92	721	454	129	136	2	0	0
4	H	91	708	447	125	134	2	0	0
4	N	90	699	441	123	133	2	0	0
4	Q	91	708	447	125	134	2	0	0

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
D	0	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP P02281
D	29	THR	SER	conflict	UNP P02281
H	0	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP P02281
H	29	THR	SER	conflict	UNP P02281
N	0	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP P02281
N	29	THR	SER	conflict	UNP P02281
Q	0	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP P02281

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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
Q	29	THR	SER	conflict	UNP P02281

- Molecule 5 is a DNA chain called DNA (248-MER).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	P		
5	I	237	4828	2293	875	1423	237	0	0

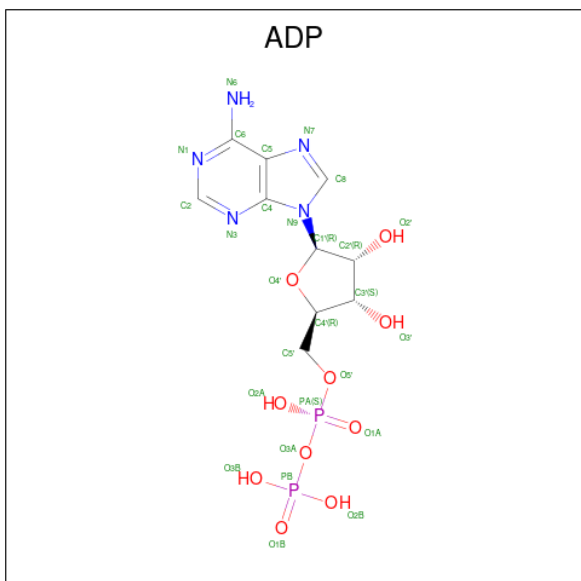
- Molecule 6 is a DNA chain called DNA (248-MER).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	P		
6	J	237	4889	2313	918	1421	237	0	0

- Molecule 7 is a protein called Chromo domain-containing protein 1.

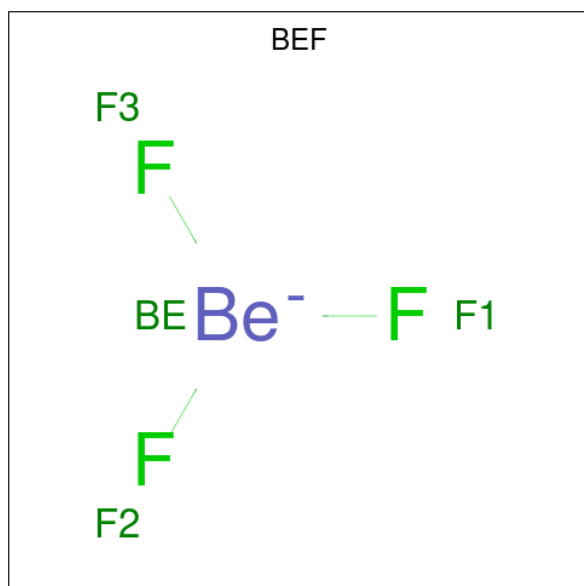
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
7	S	14	122	73	26	23	0	0	
7	T	23	196	119	35	42	0	0	
7	W	641	5274	3348	920	982	24	0	0

- Molecule 8 is ADENOSINE-5'-DIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: ADP) (formula:  $C_{10}H_{15}N_5O_{10}P_2$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	P	
8	W	1	27	10	5	10	2	0

- Molecule 9 is BERYLLIUM TRIFLUORIDE ION (three-letter code: BEF) (formula: BeF<sub>3</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf
			Total	Be	F	
9	W	1	4	1	3	0

- Molecule 10 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

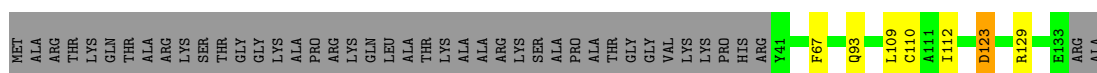
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
			Total	Mg	
10	W	1	1	1	0

### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

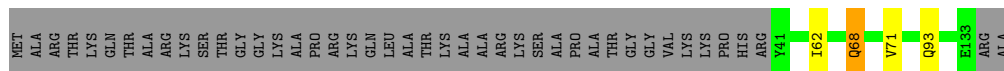
- Molecule 1: Histone H3.2

Chain A:  63% 32%



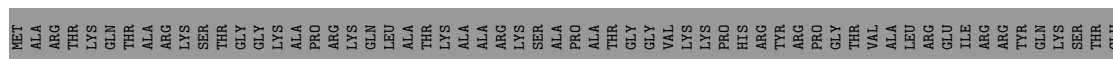
- Molecule 1: Histone H3.2

Chain E:  65% 32%



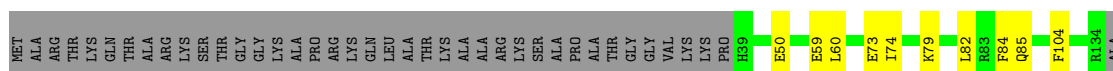
- Molecule 1: Histone H3.2

Chain K:  50% 46%



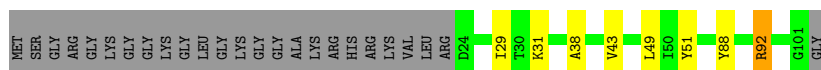
- Molecule 1: Histone H3.2

Chain O:  63% 7% 29%



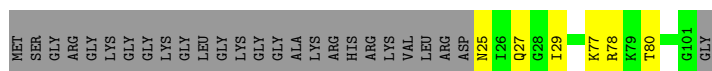
- Molecule 2: Histone H4

Chain B:  68% 7% 24%

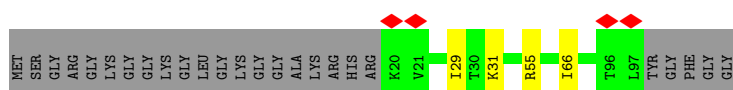


- Molecule 2: Histone H4

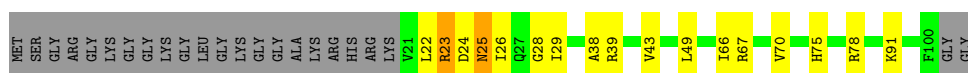




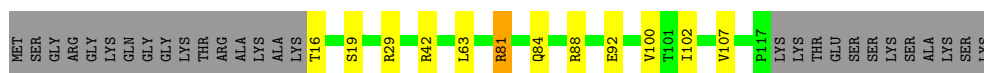
• Molecule 2: Histone H4



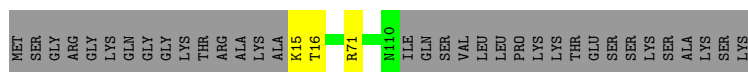
• Molecule 2: Histone H4



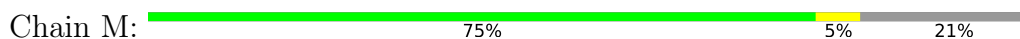
• Molecule 3: Histone H2A type 1



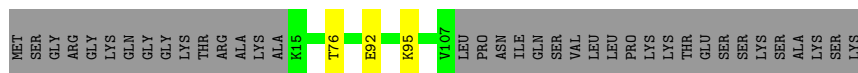
• Molecule 3: Histone H2A type 1



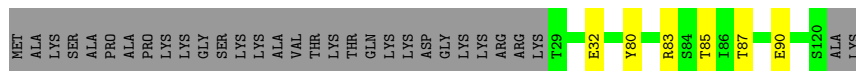
• Molecule 3: Histone H2A type 1



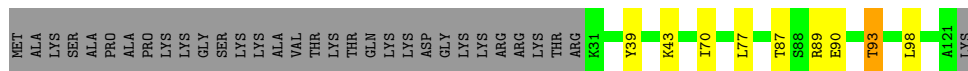
• Molecule 3: Histone H2A type 1



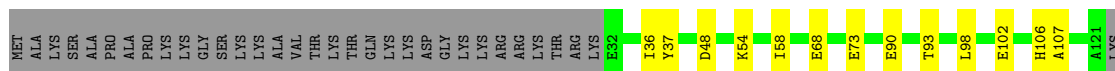
• Molecule 4: Histone H2B 1.1



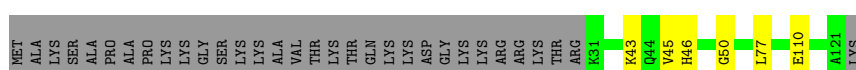
• Molecule 4: Histone H2B 1.1



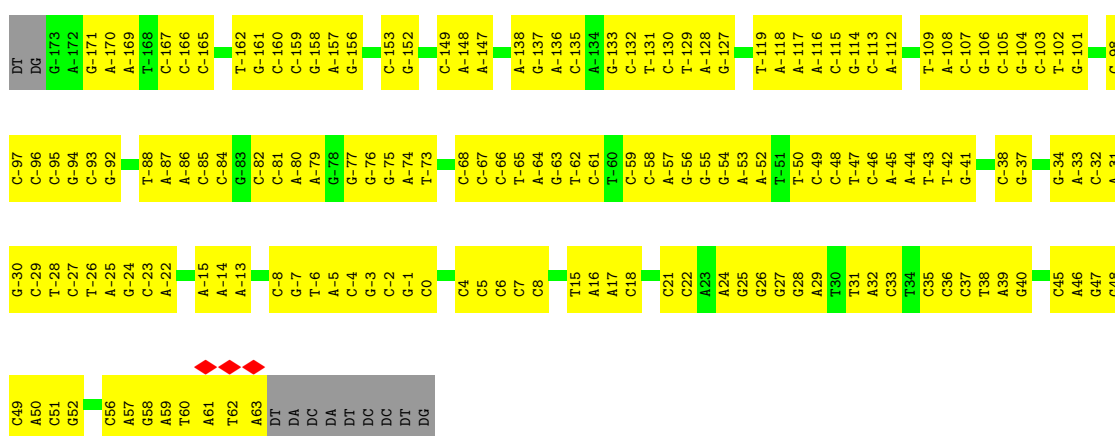
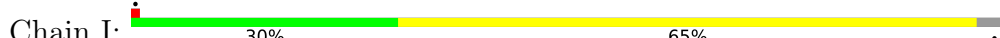
• Molecule 4: Histone H2B 1.1



• Molecule 4: Histone H2B 1.1



• Molecule 5: DNA (248-MER)



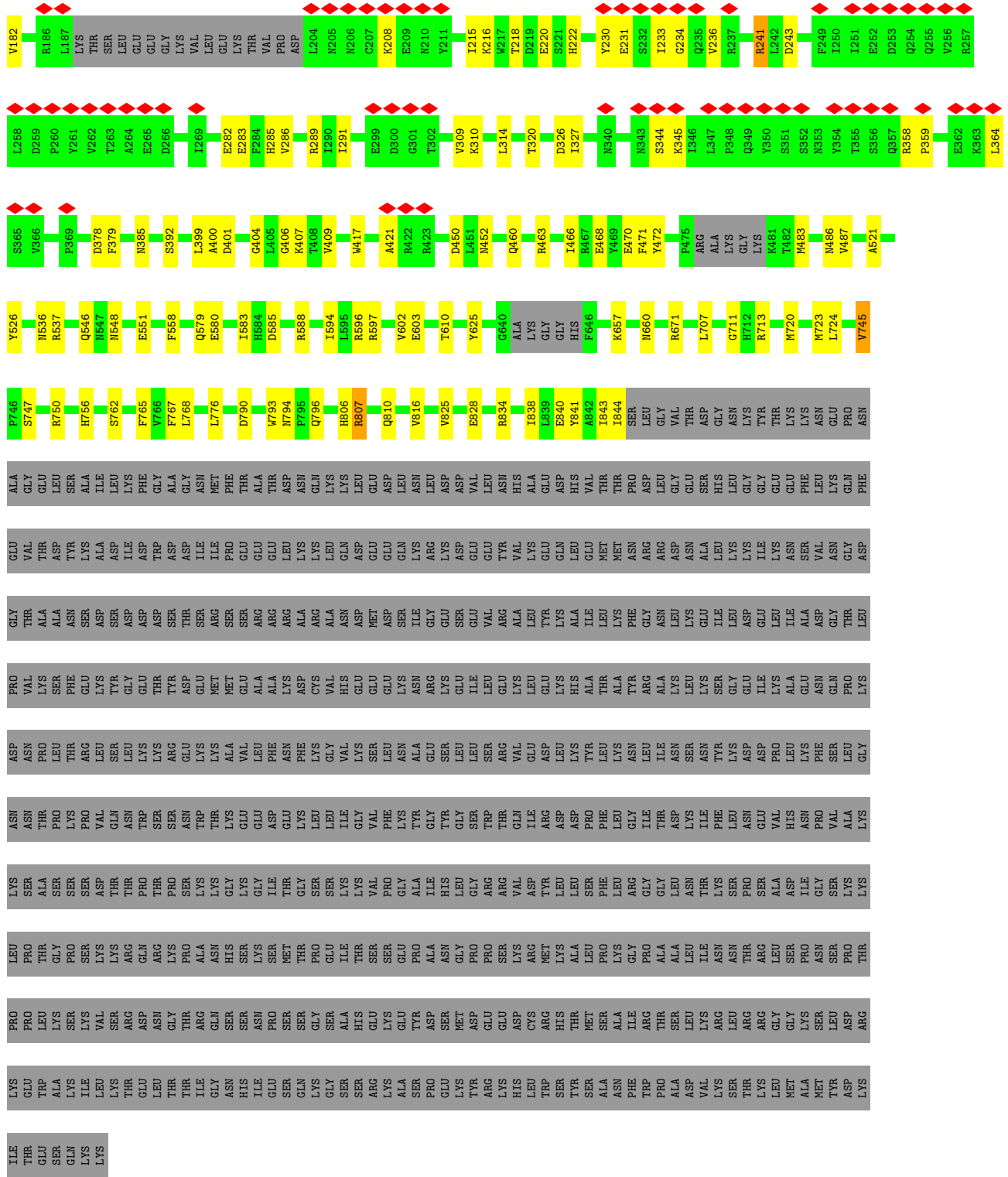
• Molecule 6: DNA (248-MER)











## 4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	22337	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ( $e^-/\text{\AA}^2$ )	57.5	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	500	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2000	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	32.042	Depositor
Minimum map value	-6.536	Depositor
Average map value	0.032	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	1.319	Depositor
Recommended contour level	5	Depositor
Map size (Å)	350.28, 350.28, 350.28	wwPDB
Map dimensions	420, 420, 420	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.834, 0.834, 0.834	Depositor

## 5 Model quality

### 5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MG, ADP, BEF

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.33	0/773	0.58	0/1038
1	E	0.33	0/773	0.59	0/1038
1	K	0.32	0/599	0.55	0/804
1	O	0.31	0/806	0.59	0/1081
2	B	0.37	0/629	0.62	0/843
2	F	0.36	0/621	0.59	0/832
2	L	0.36	0/631	0.61	0/845
2	P	0.31	0/651	0.61	0/873
3	C	0.32	0/796	0.56	0/1077
3	G	0.32	0/751	0.58	0/1013
3	M	0.29	0/805	0.53	0/1088
3	R	0.27	0/727	0.55	0/979
4	D	0.32	0/732	0.48	0/986
4	H	0.34	0/719	0.49	0/969
4	N	0.34	0/710	0.49	0/958
4	Q	0.28	0/719	0.47	0/969
5	I	0.24	0/5409	0.75	0/8338
6	J	0.27	0/5491	0.72	0/8481
7	S	0.26	0/123	0.59	0/164
7	T	0.25	0/198	0.56	0/267
7	W	0.28	0/5377	0.54	0/7255
All	All	0.29	0/28040	0.64	0/39898

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.



## 5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	763	0	800	3	0
1	E	763	0	800	2	0
1	K	592	0	621	2	0
1	O	795	0	833	9	0
2	B	622	0	660	6	0
2	F	614	0	656	4	0
2	L	626	0	682	3	0
2	P	644	0	690	14	0
3	C	786	0	833	9	0
3	G	742	0	784	2	0
3	M	795	0	846	4	0
3	R	719	0	760	2	0
4	D	721	0	742	5	0
4	H	708	0	727	5	0
4	N	699	0	714	9	0
4	Q	708	0	727	5	0
5	I	4828	0	2660	126	0
6	J	4889	0	2659	97	0
7	S	122	0	116	2	0
7	T	196	0	179	1	0
7	W	5274	0	5250	73	0
8	W	27	0	12	3	0
9	W	4	0	0	1	0
10	W	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	26638	0	22751	360	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

The worst 5 of 360 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:C:16:THR:N	3:C:19:SER:HG	1.86	0.74
7:W:486:ASN:OD1	7:W:487:VAL:N	2.24	0.71
7:W:724:LEU:HB3	7:W:768:LEU:HD21	1.73	0.70

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
6:J:150:DA:H2''	6:J:151:DG:C8	2.31	0.66
1:O:50:GLU:OE2	2:P:39:ARG:NE	2.30	0.65

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	91/136 (67%)	87 (96%)	4 (4%)	0	100	100
1	E	91/136 (67%)	91 (100%)	0	0	100	100
1	K	71/136 (52%)	70 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
1	O	94/136 (69%)	93 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
2	B	76/103 (74%)	75 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
2	F	75/103 (73%)	75 (100%)	0	0	100	100
2	L	76/103 (74%)	75 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
2	P	78/103 (76%)	77 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
3	C	100/130 (77%)	99 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
3	G	94/130 (72%)	93 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
3	M	101/130 (78%)	99 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
3	R	91/130 (70%)	89 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
4	D	90/123 (73%)	90 (100%)	0	0	100	100
4	H	89/123 (72%)	89 (100%)	0	0	100	100
4	N	88/123 (72%)	88 (100%)	0	0	100	100
4	Q	89/123 (72%)	87 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
7	S	12/1468 (1%)	12 (100%)	0	0	100	100
7	T	21/1468 (1%)	20 (95%)	1 (5%)	0	100	100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
7	W	633/1468 (43%)	616 (97%)	17 (3%)	0	100	100
All	All	2060/6372 (32%)	2025 (98%)	35 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	81/111 (73%)	78 (96%)	3 (4%)	29	51
1	E	81/111 (73%)	80 (99%)	1 (1%)	67	78
1	K	63/111 (57%)	61 (97%)	2 (3%)	34	55
1	O	84/111 (76%)	83 (99%)	1 (1%)	67	78
2	B	64/79 (81%)	63 (98%)	1 (2%)	58	73
2	F	63/79 (80%)	63 (100%)	0	100	100
2	L	66/79 (84%)	65 (98%)	1 (2%)	60	74
2	P	67/79 (85%)	64 (96%)	3 (4%)	23	47
3	C	81/102 (79%)	79 (98%)	2 (2%)	42	62
3	G	75/102 (74%)	75 (100%)	0	100	100
3	M	82/102 (80%)	82 (100%)	0	100	100
3	R	72/102 (71%)	71 (99%)	1 (1%)	62	75
4	D	79/103 (77%)	79 (100%)	0	100	100
4	H	77/103 (75%)	76 (99%)	1 (1%)	65	76
4	N	76/103 (74%)	76 (100%)	0	100	100
4	Q	77/103 (75%)	76 (99%)	1 (1%)	65	76
7	S	14/1313 (1%)	14 (100%)	0	100	100
7	T	23/1313 (2%)	23 (100%)	0	100	100
7	W	581/1313 (44%)	575 (99%)	6 (1%)	73	81
All	All	1806/5519 (33%)	1783 (99%)	23 (1%)	64	76

5 of 23 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	P	78	ARG
7	W	241	ARG
3	R	95	LYS
7	W	289	ARG
1	E	68	GLN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 7 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
7	W	224	HIS
7	W	574	ASN
7	W	810	GLN
7	W	737	ASN
4	N	81	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
9	BEF	W	1502	8	0,3,3	-	-	-	-	-
8	ADP	W	1501	9,10	24,29,29	0.92	1 (4%)	29,45,45	1.70	5 (17%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
8	ADP	W	1501	9,10	-	4/12/32/32	0/3/3/3

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
8	W	1501	ADP	C5-C4	2.30	1.47	1.40

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
8	W	1501	ADP	PA-O3A-PB	-5.16	115.11	132.83
8	W	1501	ADP	N3-C2-N1	-3.64	122.99	128.68
8	W	1501	ADP	C3'-C2'-C1'	3.08	105.61	100.98
8	W	1501	ADP	C4-C5-N7	-2.32	106.98	109.40
8	W	1501	ADP	O3B-PB-O2B	2.24	116.21	107.64

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

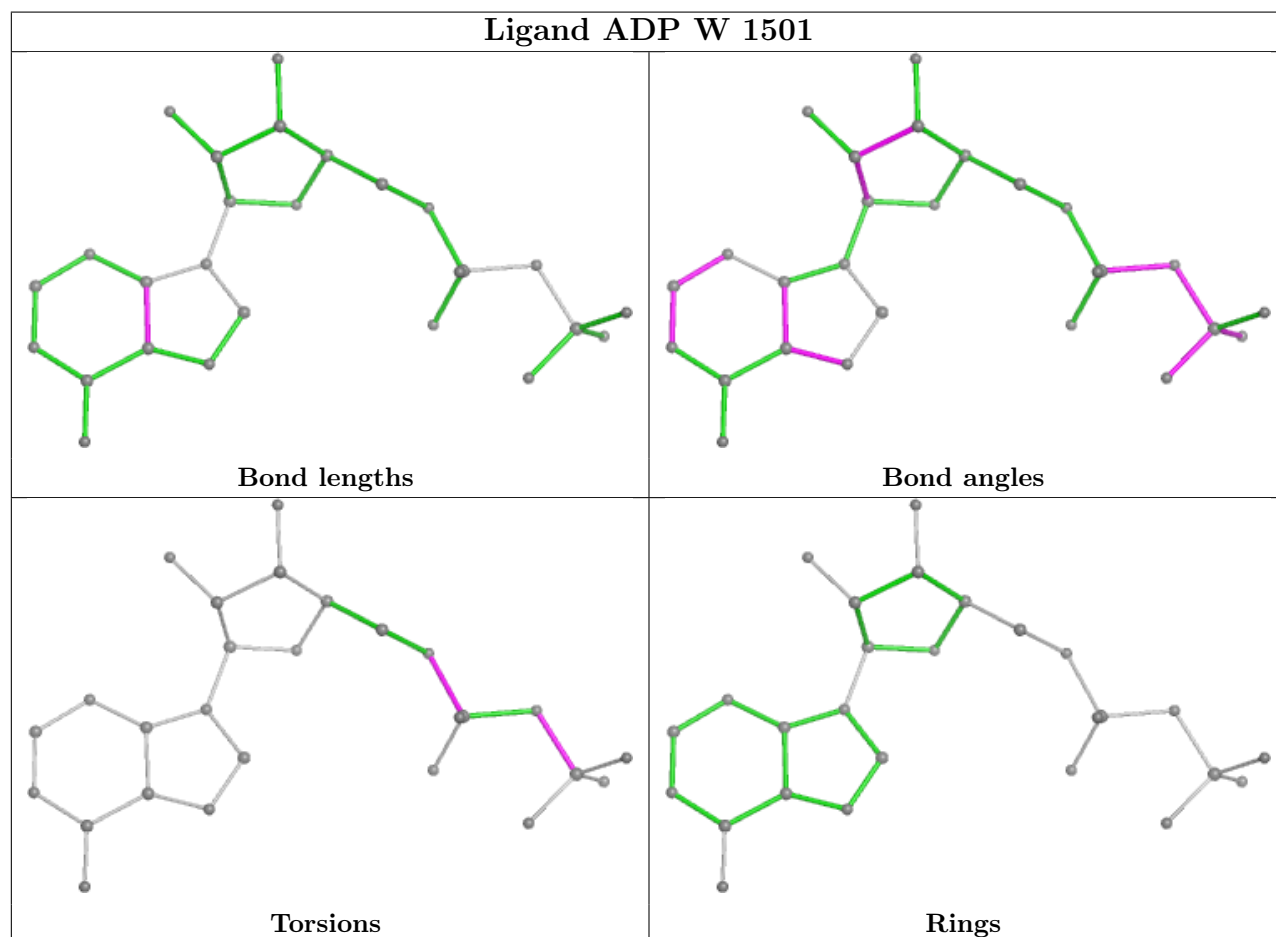
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
8	W	1501	ADP	PA-O3A-PB-O3B
8	W	1501	ADP	C5'-O5'-PA-O2A
8	W	1501	ADP	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A
8	W	1501	ADP	PA-O3A-PB-O2B

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 4 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
9	W	1502	BEF	1	0
8	W	1501	ADP	3	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



## 5.7 Other polymers [\(i\)](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [\(i\)](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

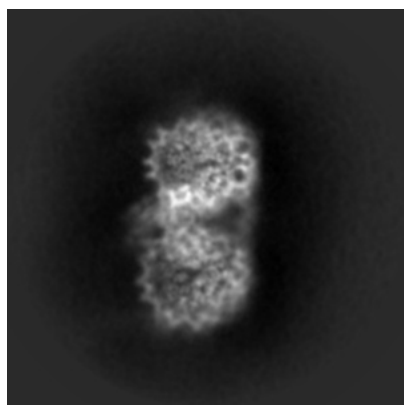
## 6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-51244. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

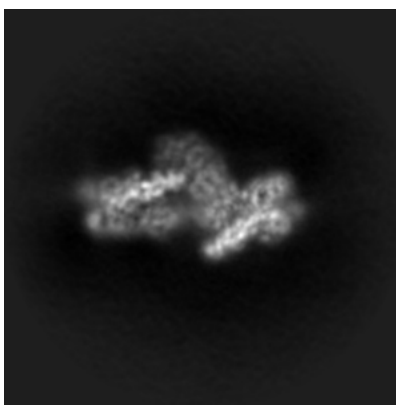
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

### 6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

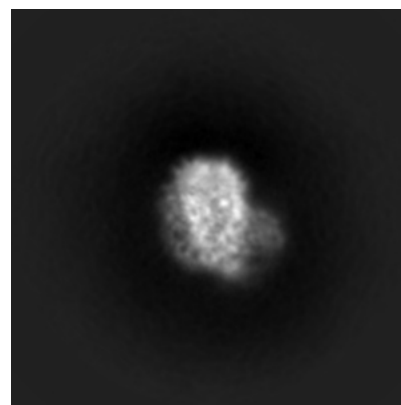
#### 6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y

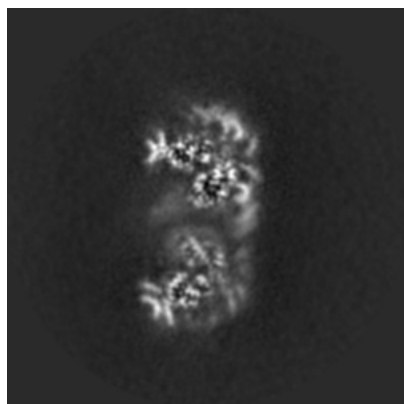


Z

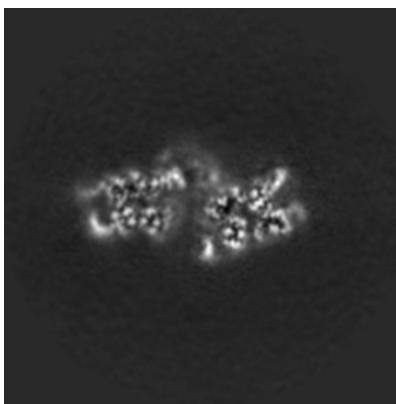
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

### 6.2 Central slices [i](#)

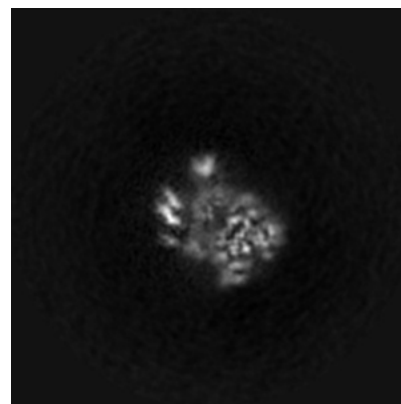
#### 6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 210



Y Index: 210

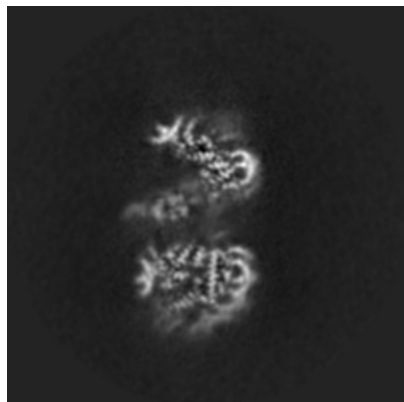


Z Index: 210

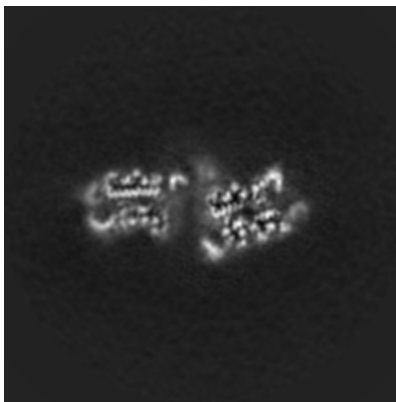
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.3 Largest variance slices [\(i\)](#)

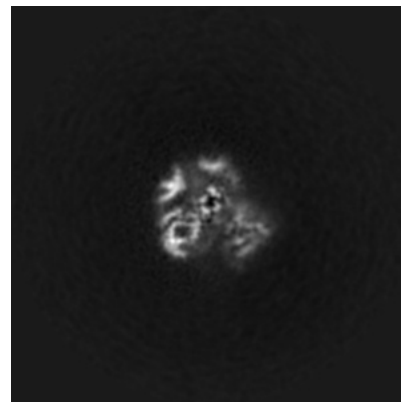
### 6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 224



Y Index: 216

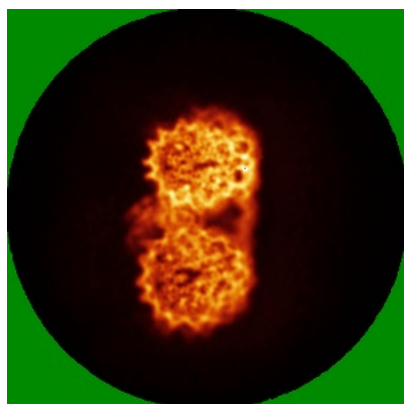


Z Index: 225

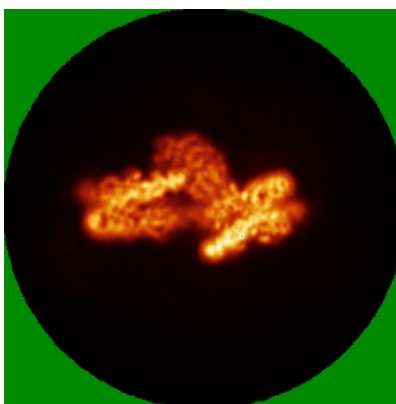
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [\(i\)](#)

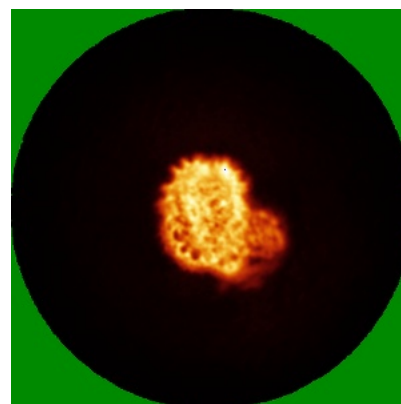
### 6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

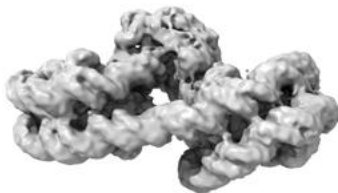


## 6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

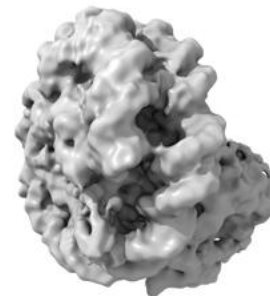
### 6.5.1 Primary map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 5.0. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

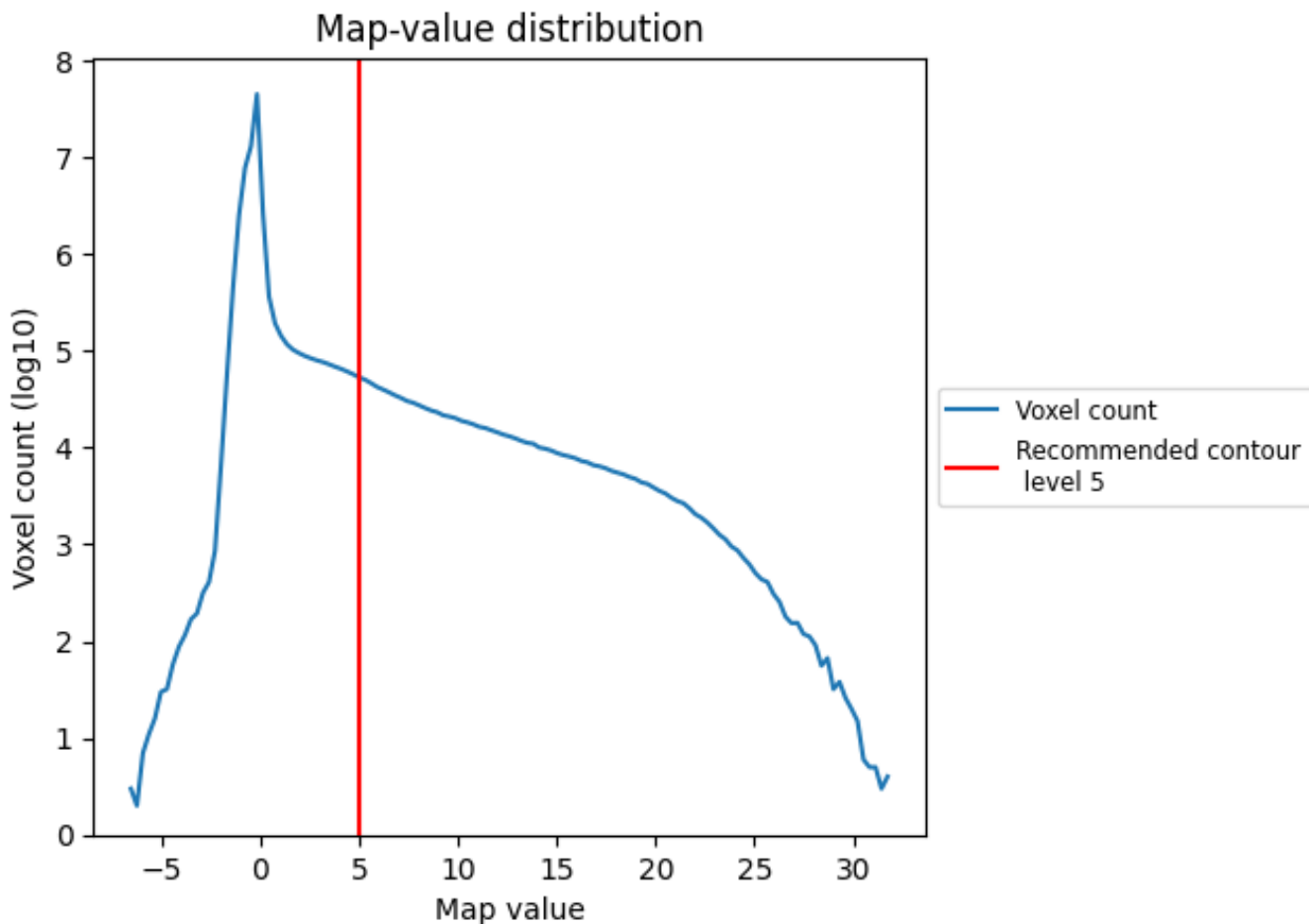
## 6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

## 7 Map analysis [i](#)

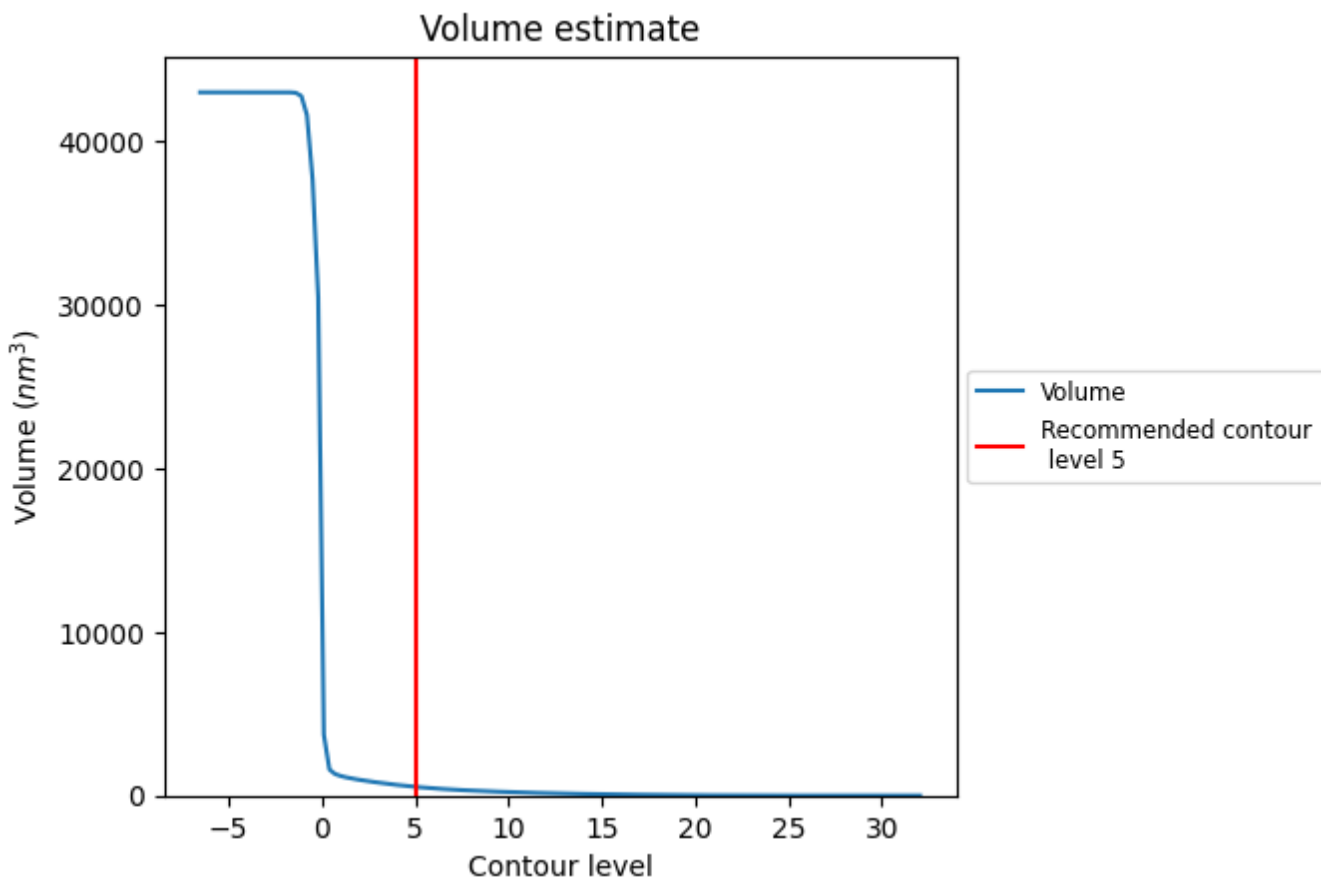
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

### 7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

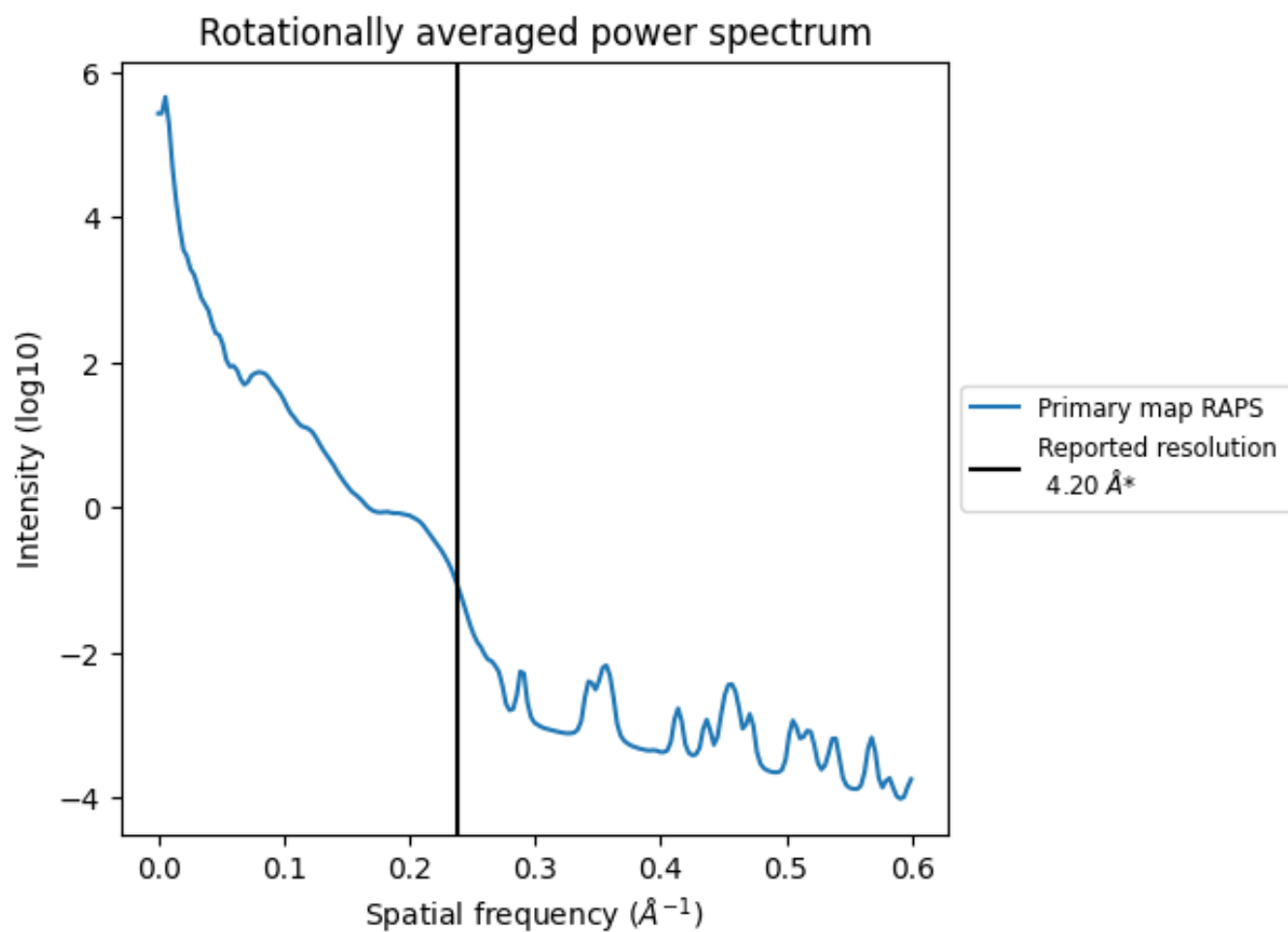
## 7.2 Volume estimate [\(i\)](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 534  $\text{nm}^3$ ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 482 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

### 7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum [i](#)



\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of  $0.238 \text{\AA}^{-1}$

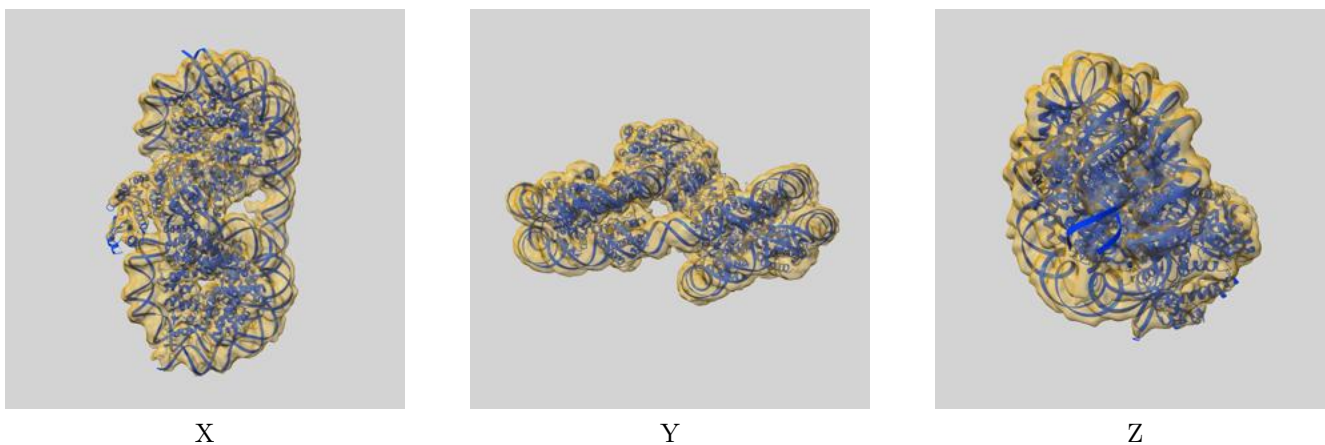
## 8 Fourier-Shell correlation

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

## 9 Map-model fit [i](#)

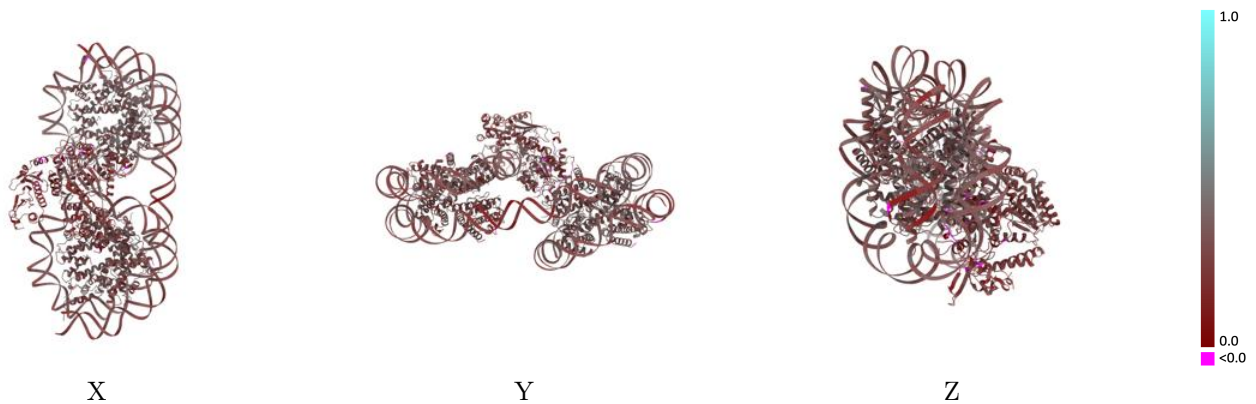
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-51244 and PDB model 9GD2. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 8.

### 9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



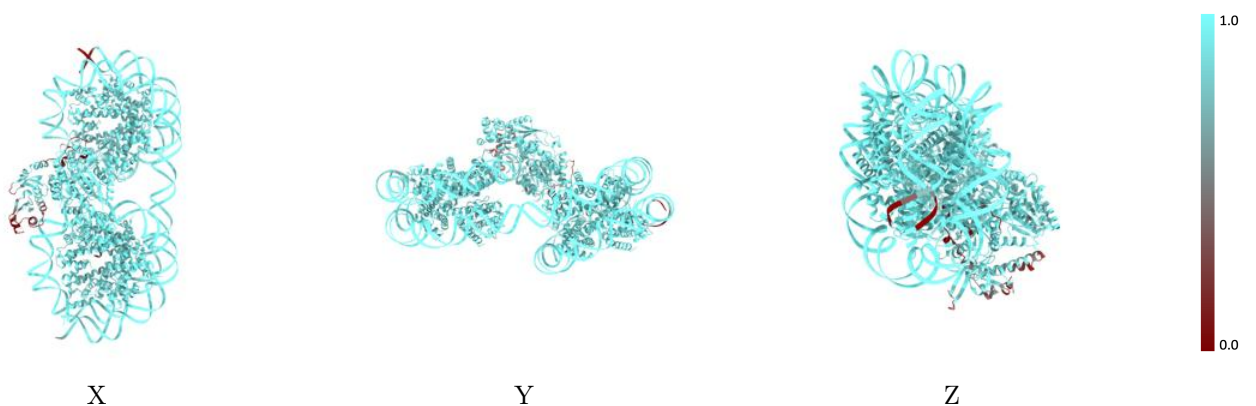
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 5.0 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

## 9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [\(i\)](#)



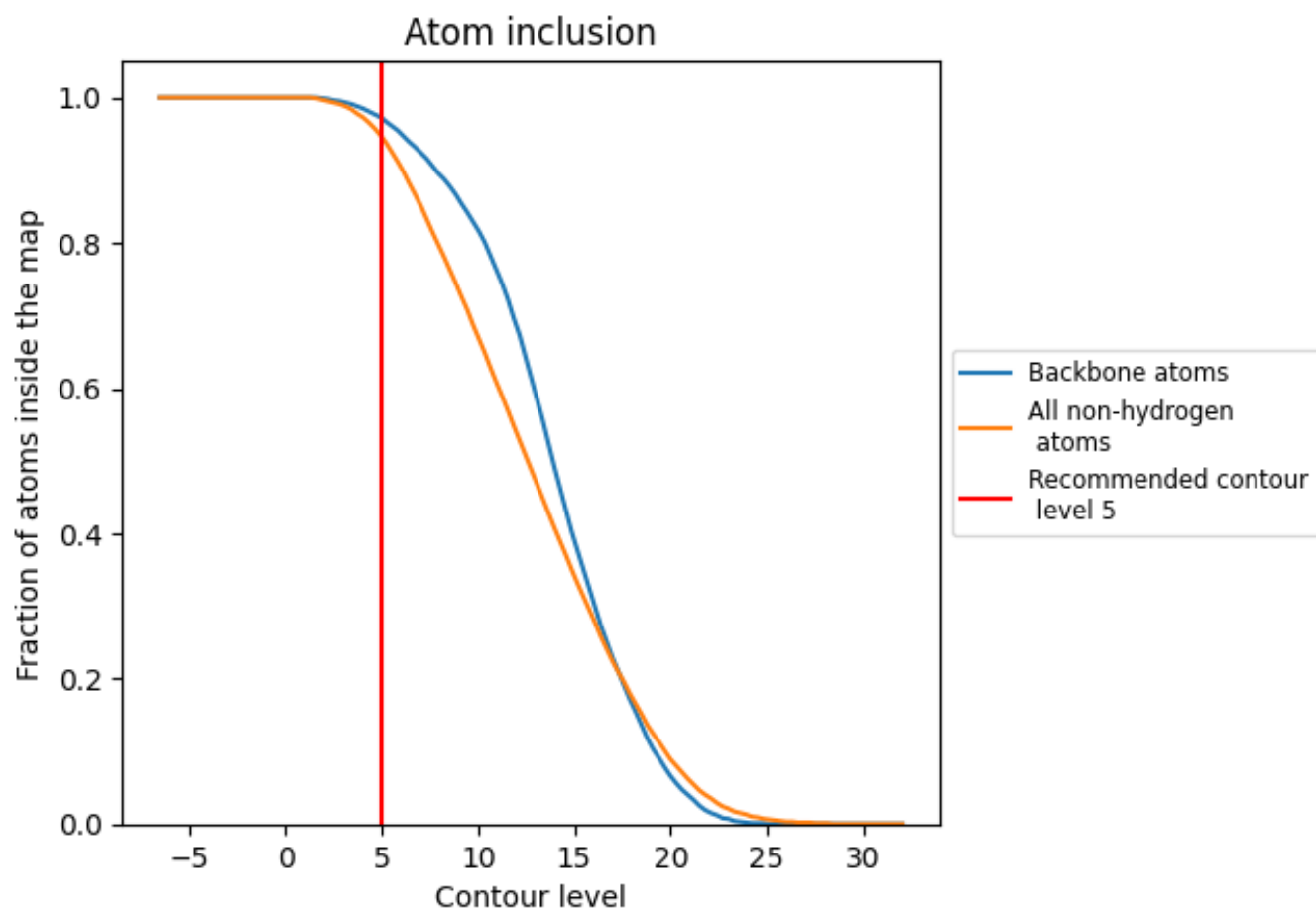
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

## 9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [\(i\)](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (5).

## 9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)















































At the recommended contour level, 97% of all backbone atoms, 95% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.



## 9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (5) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.9460	 0.2950
A	 0.9840	 0.3460
B	 0.9870	 0.3730
C	 0.9670	 0.3490
D	 0.9800	 0.3420
E	 0.9840	 0.3410
F	 0.9920	 0.3640
G	 0.9820	 0.3540
H	 0.9900	 0.3400
I	 0.9760	 0.2950
J	 0.9750	 0.2950
K	 0.9760	 0.3080
L	 0.9180	 0.2820
M	 0.9600	 0.3350
N	 0.9770	 0.3130
O	 0.9620	 0.2990
P	 0.9560	 0.3100
Q	 0.9730	 0.2830
R	 0.9580	 0.2800
S	 0.6840	 0.1570
T	 0.9840	 0.2930
W	 0.8430	 0.2330

