

wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

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PDB ID	:	1GN7
Title	:	NMR STRUCTURE OF AN INTRAMOLECULAR DNA TRIPLEX CON-
		TAINING AN N7-GLYCOSYLATED GUANINE, 8 STRUCTURES
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Deposited on	:	1996-11-22

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker	:	2.26
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)		
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.26

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.

Metric	Percent	tile Ranks	Value
Clashscore			51
Wor	se		Better
Pe	rcentile relative to all structures		
Pe	rcentile relative to all NMR structures		
	Whole archive	NMR archive]

Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f NMR} { m archive} \ (\#{ m Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	12864

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length		Quality of chain
1	٨	20		
	А	32	16%	84%



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 8 models. This entry does not contain polypeptide chains, therefore identification of well-defined residues and clustering analysis are not possible. All residues are included in the validation scores.



3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 1011 atoms, of which 368 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a DNA chain called DNA (5'-D (*AP*GP*AP*GP*AP*GP*AP*CP*CP *CP*CP*TP*CP*TP*CP*TP*CP*TP*CP*TP*AP*TP*AP*TP*CP*TP*GN7*TP*CP* TP*T)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace	
1	Δ	20	Total	С	Η	Ν	0	Р	0
	I A	32	1011	311	368	106	195	31	0



4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D (*AP*GP*AP*GP*AP*GP*AP*AP*CP*CP*CP*CP*TP*TP*CP*TP *CP*TP* CP*TP*AP*TP*AP*TP*CP*TP*GN7*TP*CP*TP*T)-3')

Chain A:	16%		84%
A1 G2 G4 G6 G6 A7	A8 C9 C10 C12 T13 T14 C15 C15 C15	116 117 118 118 120 120 1218 1221 122 1226 1226 1226 1226 1226	

4.2 Residue scores for the first model from the NMR ensemble

No representative models were identified. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D (*AP*GP*AP*GP*AP*GP*AP*AP*CP*CP*CP*CP*TP*TP*CP*TP *CP*TP* CP*TP*AP*TP*AP*TP*CP*TP*GN7*TP*CP*TP*T)-3')

Chain A:	12%	81%	6%
A1 G2 G5 A5 A7 A7	A8 C9 C10 C11 C12 T13	114 115 116 1118 1118 1128 121 125 125 126 127 128 129 123 131 131 131	



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *DISTANCE GEOMETRY SIMULATED ANNEALING*.

Of the 20 calculated structures, 8 were deposited, based on the following criterion: BEST OVER-ALL ENERGY.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
X-PLOR	refinement	3.1
X-PLOR	structure solution	3.1

No chemical shift data was provided.



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ${\rm GN7}$

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain		Bond lengths	Bond angles		
	Chain	RMSZ	$\#Z{>}5$	RMSZ	$\#Z{>}5$	
1	А	4.32 ± 0.12	$129{\pm}6/691$ ($18.7{\pm}$ $0.8\%)$	$5.28 {\pm} 0.14$	$246{\pm}10/1060~(~23.2{\pm}~0.9\%)$	
All	All	4.33	1034/5528~(~18.7%)	5.28	1969/8480~(~23.2%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	А	$0.0{\pm}0.0$	1.5 ± 0.9
All	All	0	12

5 of 200 unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mal	Mol Chain Res		Res Type	Atoms	Z Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Models		
	Ullalli	nes	Type	Atoms		Observeu(A) Idea	Iueai(A)	Worst	Total
1	А	3	DA	C5'-C4'	40.21	1.95	1.51	7	8
1	А	23	DT	C5'-C4'	28.62	1.82	1.51	6	8
1	А	3	DA	C2'-C1'	21.72	1.74	1.52	5	8
1	А	23	DT	C3'-C2'	21.62	1.78	1.52	4	8
1	А	23	DT	C4'-C3'	20.56	1.74	1.53	8	8

5 of 432 unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mal	Chain	Dec	Trune	Atoma	7	Observed ⁽⁰⁾	$Ideal(^{o})$	Mod	dels
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	L	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	Ideal(*)	Worst	Total
1	А	2	DG	O4'-C1'-N9	40.66	136.46	108.00	7	8
1	А	22	DA	O4'-C1'-N9	-35.74	82.98	108.00	1	7
1	А	24	DA	O4'-C1'-N9	35.45	132.82	108.00	5	8

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Mol	Chain	Dec	Turne	Atoma	7	Observed(°)	$Ideal(^{o})$	Mod	dels
	Unain	nes	туре	Atoms		Observed()	Ideal()	Worst	Total
1	А	16	DT	O4'-C1'-N1	35.01	132.51	108.00	7	8
1	А	10	DC	O4'-C1'-N1	30.54	129.38	108.00	5	8

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There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	А	11	DC	Sidechain	6
1	А	3	DA	Sidechain	3
1	А	23	DT	Sidechain	3

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	А	643	368	366	52 ± 5
All	All	5144	2944	2927	415

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 51.

5 of 136 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom 1	Atom 2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Mod	lels
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:A:23:DT:C4'	1:A:23:DT:C5'	1.60	1.79	5	6
1:A:23:DT:C2'	1:A:23:DT:C3'	1.56	1.77	1	3
1:A:3:DA:C4'	1:A:3:DA:C5'	1.51	1.84	5	4
1:A:8:DA:H2"	1:A:9:DC:O4'	0.97	1.58	6	8
1:A:23:DT:C5'	1:A:23:DT:H4'	0.91	1.95	1	6



6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

	Mol	Tuno	Chain	Dog	Link		Bond len	gths
		rybe	Ullaili	nes		Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
	1	GN7	А	28	1	$18,\!24,\!25$	$1.54{\pm}0.11$	3 ± 1 (18±3%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

	Mol	Tuno	Chain	Dog	Link		Bond ang	gles
		Type	Ullaili	nes		Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
	1	GN7	А	28	1	18,35,38	2.78 ± 0.19	4±2 (24±9%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral



centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	GN7	А	28	1	-	$0\pm0,3,21,22$	$0\pm 0,3,3,3$

All unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Moo	dels
	Ullaili	nes	Type	Atoms		Observeu(A)	Iueai(A)	Worst	Total
1	А	28	GN7	C6-N1	4.27	1.40	1.33	8	8
1	А	28	GN7	C4-N9	3.01	1.40	1.34	2	8
1	А	28	GN7	C8-N9	2.74	1.29	1.34	7	8
1	А	28	GN7	C5-C6	2.27	1.45	1.41	7	1
1	А	28	GN7	C2-N1	2.05	1.39	1.35	7	1

5 of 11 unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Turne	Atoma	Z	Observed(°)	$Ideal(^{o})$	Mod	dels
	Chain	nes	Type	Atoms		Observed()	Ideal()	Worst	Total
1	А	28	GN7	C5-C6-N1	9.28	110.74	123.43	5	8
1	А	28	GN7	C2'-C1'-N7	5.38	126.67	114.27	2	2
1	А	28	GN7	C2-N1-C6	5.11	124.04	115.93	3	8
1	А	28	GN7	O3'-C3'-C2'	3.57	98.14	110.90	7	2
1	А	28	GN7	C2'-C3'-C4'	3.39	95.70	102.76	7	2

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.



6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

No chemical shift data were provided

