



# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Apr 27, 2024 – 05:29 pm BST

PDB ID : 1H6P  
Title : Dimerisation domain from human TRF2  
Authors : Chapman, L.; Fairall, L.; Rhodes, D.  
Deposited on : 2001-06-20  
Resolution : 2.20 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Xtrriage (Phenix) : **NOT EXECUTED**  
EDS : **NOT EXECUTED**  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36.2

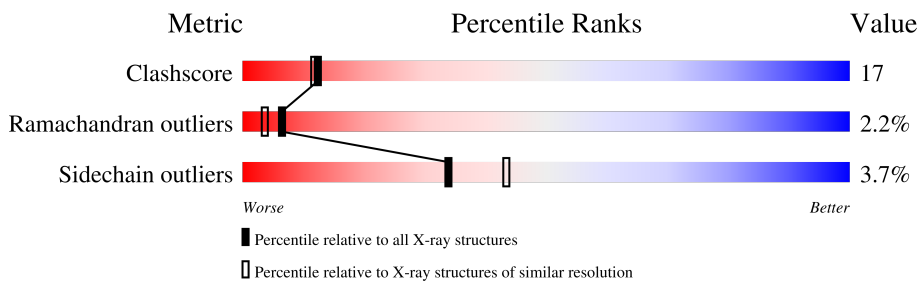
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	141614	5594 (2.20-2.20)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5503 (2.20-2.20)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5504 (2.20-2.20)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ .

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	203	 64% 25% • 7%
1	B	203	 64% 26% • 7%

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3057 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called TELOMERIC REPEAT BINDING FACTOR 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	188	1469	943	253	264	9	0	0	0
1	B	188	1454	928	253	265	8	0	0	0

- Molecule 2 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	Mg	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	77	Total	O	0	0
			77	77		
3	B	56	Total	O	0	0
			56	56		

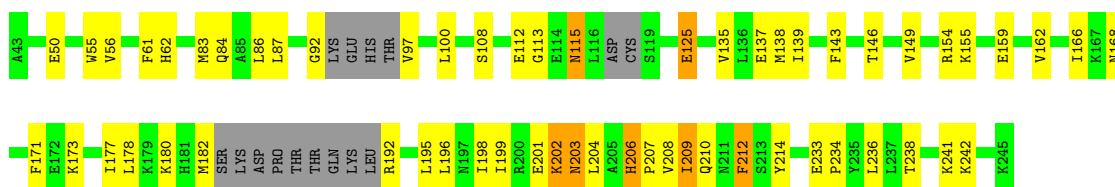
### 3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

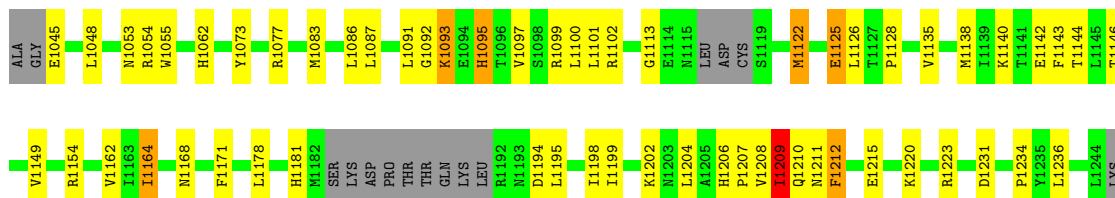
- Molecule 1: TELOMERIC REPEAT BINDING FACTOR 2

Chain A:  64% 25% 7%



- Molecule 1: TELOMERIC REPEAT BINDING FACTOR 2

Chain B:  64% 26% 7%



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Xtrriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	117.04Å 80.28Å 52.82Å 90.00° 101.95° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	23.72 – 2.20	Depositor
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	97.6 (23.72-2.20)	Depositor
$R_{merge}$	0.05	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	0.05	Depositor
Refinement program	CNS 1.0	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.235 , 0.268	Depositor
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtrriage
Total number of atoms	3057	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	42.0	wwPDB-VP

## 5 Model quality

### 5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.37	0/1489	0.55	0/2003
1	B	0.34	0/1476	0.55	0/1992
All	All	0.35	0/2965	0.55	0/3995

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1469	0	1465	48	0
1	B	1454	0	1397	57	0
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
3	A	77	0	0	1	0
3	B	56	0	0	1	0
All	All	3057	0	2862	98	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 17.

The worst 5 of 98 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:208:VAL:O	1:A:209:ILE:HG22	1.77	0.84
1:A:97:VAL:HG23	1:A:100:LEU:H	1.46	0.79
1:B:1055:TRP:HB3	1:B:1236:LEU:HD11	1.66	0.78
1:B:1113:GLY:HA2	1:B:1128:PRO:HB2	1.66	0.78
1:A:84:GLN:HE22	1:B:1122:MET:H	1.35	0.74

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	180/203 (89%)	167 (93%)	9 (5%)	4 (2%)	6	4
1	B	182/203 (90%)	166 (91%)	12 (7%)	4 (2%)	6	4
All	All	362/406 (89%)	333 (92%)	21 (6%)	8 (2%)	6	4

5 of 8 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	202	LYS
1	A	203	ASN
1	A	209	ILE
1	B	1095	HIS
1	B	1209	ILE

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	151/182 (83%)	148 (98%)	3 (2%)	55	69
1	B	144/182 (79%)	136 (94%)	8 (6%)	21	25
All	All	295/364 (81%)	284 (96%)	11 (4%)	34	43

5 of 11 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	1164	ILE
1	B	1209	ILE
1	B	1231	ASP
1	B	1212	PHE
1	B	1122	MET

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 10 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	1181	HIS
1	B	1211	ASN
1	B	1219	GLN
1	A	197	ASN
1	A	203	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 1 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.



There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.4 Ligands

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.5 Other polymers

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.