

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Apr 29, 2024 – 11:50 am BST

PDB ID : 2IU8

Title: Chlamydia trachomatis LpxD with 25mM UDPGlcNAc (Complex I)

Authors: Buetow, L.; Smith, T.K.; Dawson, A.; Fyffe, S.; Hunter, W.N.

Deposited on : 2006-05-30

Resolution : 2.20 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.36.2buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

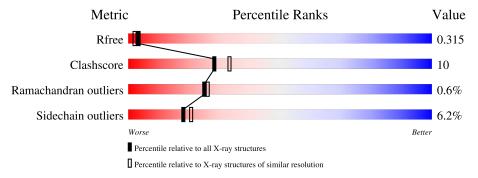
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# { m Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
R_{free}	130704	4898 (2.20-2.20)
Clashscore	141614	5594 (2.20-2.20)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5503 (2.20-2.20)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5504 (2.20-2.20)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain			
1	A	374	73%	17%	•	7%
1	В	374	72%	17%	-	8%
1	С	374	75%	16%	•	7%



2 Entry composition (i)

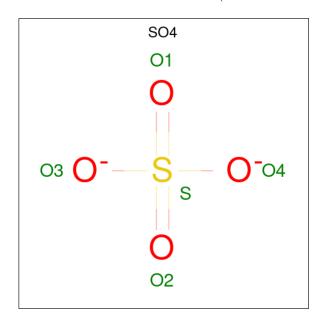
There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 8688 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called UDP-3-O-[3-HYDROXYMYRISTOYL] GLUCOSAMINE N-ACYLTRANSFERASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	346	Total	С	N	О	S	0	12	0
1	Λ	340	2695	1700	485	498	12	U	12	U
1	В	345	Total	С	N	О	S	0	9	0
1	Б	349	2676	1689	479	498	10	0		
1	C	246	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1		346	2680	1693	481	496	10	0	0	

• Molecule 2 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O₄S).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
2	A	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
2	В	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0

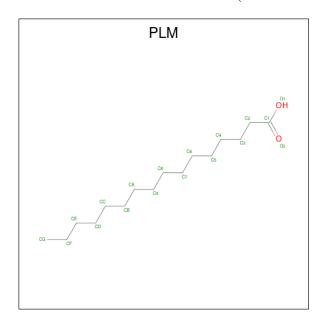
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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	В	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
2	С	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
2	С	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0

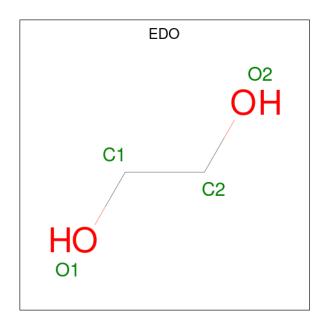
 \bullet Molecule 3 is PALMITIC ACID (three-letter code: PLM) (formula: $\mathrm{C_{16}H_{32}O_2}).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total C O 18 16 2	0	0
3	В	1	Total C O 25 23 2	0	1
3	С	1	Total C O 18 16 2	0	0

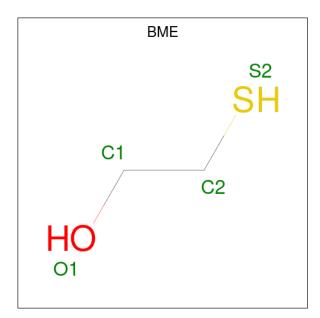
 \bullet Molecule 4 is 1,2-ETHANEDIOL (three-letter code: EDO) (formula: $\mathrm{C_2H_6O_2}).$





Mo	ol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
4		A	1	Total 4	C 2	O 2	0	0

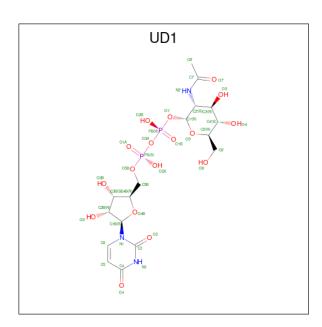
 \bullet Molecule 5 is BETA-MERCAPTOETHANOL (three-letter code: BME) (formula: $\mathrm{C_2H_6OS}).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total 8	C 4	O 2	S 2	0	1

 \bullet Molecule 6 is URIDINE-DIPHOSPHATE-N-ACETYLGLUCOSAMINE (three-letter code: UD1) (formula: $C_{17}H_{27}N_3O_{17}P_2).$





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf		
6	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
0	Б	1	39	17	3	17	2	U	U

• Molecule 7 is water.

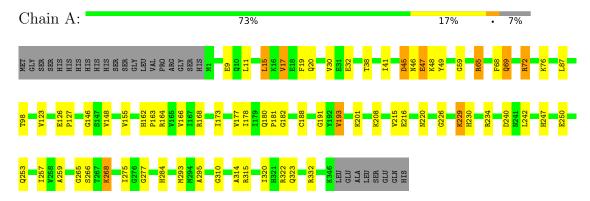
Mol	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	209	Total O 209 209	0	0
7	В	147	Total O 147 147	0	0
7	С	139	Total O 139 139	0	0



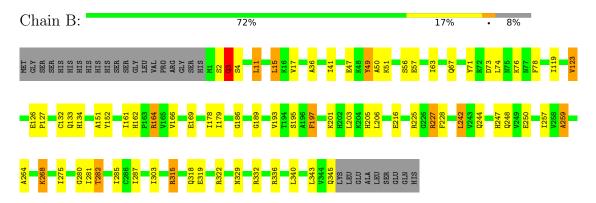
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

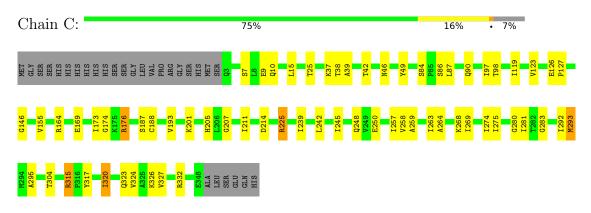
• Molecule 1: UDP-3-O-[3-HYDROXYMYRISTOYL] GLUCOSAMINE N-ACYLTRANSFERASE



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4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 41 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants	98.81Å 98.81Å 283.08Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	50.00 - 2.20	Depositor
rtesolution (A)	49.72 - 2.20	EDS
% Data completeness	90.4 (50.00-2.20)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	90.3 (49.72-2.20)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.08	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.89 (at 2.20Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0005	Depositor
P. P.	0.206 , 0.256	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.273 , 0.315	DCC
R_{free} test set	3302 reflections (5.07%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	48.4	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.292	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.33, 55.4	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L > = 0.49, < L^2> = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	8688	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	61.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.59% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: BME, PLM, EDO, SO4, UD1

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles		
Moi Chain		RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.66	$4/2796 \ (0.1\%)$	0.68	3/3778 (0.1%)	
1	В	0.61	$2/2763 \ (0.1\%)$	0.70	3/3737 (0.1%)	
1	С	0.52	$2/2763 \ (0.1\%)$	0.59	0/3736	
All	All	0.60	8/8322 (0.1%)	0.66	6/11251 (0.1%)	

The worst 5 of 8 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	Observed(A)	Ideal(A)
1	A	47	GLU	CD-OE1	14.81	1.42	1.25
1	A	47	GLU	CD-OE2	14.46	1.41	1.25
1	С	9	GLU	CD-OE2	12.83	1.39	1.25
1	A	47	GLU	CG-CD	9.44	1.66	1.51
1	В	195	SER	CB-OG	9.02	1.53	1.42

The worst 5 of 6 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	45	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-9.38	109.85	118.30
1	A	45	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	7.80	125.32	118.30
1	В	197	PHE	CB-CG-CD2	7.24	125.87	120.80
1	В	197	PHE	CG-CD2-CE2	5.58	126.94	120.80
1	A	47	GLU	CG-CD-OE2	5.57	129.43	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.



5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2695	0	2716	66	0
1	В	2676	0	2694	61	0
1	С	2680	0	2702	52	0
2	A	10	0	0	1	0
2	В	10	0	0	0	0
2	С	10	0	0	1	0
3	A	18	0	31	1	0
3	В	25	0	34	1	0
3	С	18	0	31	8	0
4	A	4	0	6	0	0
5	A	8	0	11	3	0
6	В	39	0	25	6	0
7	A	209	0	0	3	0
7	В	147	0	0	4	0
7	С	139	0	0	4	0
All	All	8688	0	8250	162	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

The worst 5 of 162 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{array}{ll} ext{Interatomic} \ ext{distance} & (ext{Å}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:164[A]:ARG:HD2	1:C:164[A]:ARG:CG	1.74	1.16
1:A:65:ARG:HH11	1:A:65:ARG:HG3	1.18	1.06
1:B:164[B]:ARG:HG2	1:B:164[B]:ARG:HH11	1.11	1.06
1:A:164[A]:ARG:CD	1:C:164[A]:ARG:HG2	1.91	1.01
1:A:164[A]:ARG:HD2	1:C:164[A]:ARG:HG2	0.95	0.94

There are no symmetry-related clashes.



5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed Favoured Allowed		Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	356/374~(95%)	336 (94%)	19 (5%)	1 (0%)	41 46
1	В	352/374 (94%)	333 (95%)	14 (4%)	5 (1%)	11 8
1	С	352/374 (94%)	333 (95%)	19 (5%)	0	100 100
All	All	1060/1122 (94%)	1002 (94%)	52 (5%)	6 (1%)	25 26

5 of 6 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	48	LYS
1	В	3	GLN
1	В	49	TYR
1	В	50	ALA
1	В	197	PHE

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	A	297/309 (96%)	276 (93%)	21 (7%)	14	16
1	В	293/309 (95%)	272 (93%)	21 (7%)	14	15
1	С	293/309 (95%)	277 (94%)	16 (6%)	21	26
All	All	883/927 (95%)	825 (93%)	58 (7%)	18	19

5 of 58 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	73	ASP
1	С	320	ILE
1	В	268	LYS
1	С	315	ARG
1	С	187	SER

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 10 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	247	HIS
1	В	318	GLN
1	С	345	GLN
1	A	345	GLN
1	В	134	HIS

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

14 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).



N / - 1	Т	Clasica	Das	T :1-	Bo	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	gles
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
6	UD1	В	1348	-	38,41,41	1.21	3 (7%)	57,62,62	1.71	11 (19%)
2	SO4	С	1349	-	4,4,4	0.11	0	6,6,6	0.20	0
2	SO4	A	1347	-	4,4,4	0.11	0	6,6,6	0.40	0
2	SO4	В	1346	-	4,4,4	0.15	0	6,6,6	0.11	0
3	PLM	A	1349	-	17,17,17	0.71	0	17,17,17	0.72	0
2	SO4	A	1348	-	4,4,4	0.17	0	6,6,6	0.15	0
5	BME	A	1351[B]	-	3,3,3	0.54	0	1,2,2	0.23	0
2	SO4	В	1347	-	4,4,4	0.18	0	6,6,6	0.23	0
3	PLM	В	1349[B]	-	17,17,17	0.55	0	17,17,17	0.97	1 (5%)
2	SO4	С	1350	-	4,4,4	0.14	0	6,6,6	0.21	0
3	PLM	В	1349[A]	-	17,17,17	0.56	0	17,17,17	0.94	1 (5%)
5	BME	A	1351[A]	-	3,3,3	0.61	0	1,2,2	0.42	0
4	EDO	A	1350	-	3,3,3	0.48	0	2,2,2	0.24	0
3	PLM	С	1351	-	17,17,17	0.60	0	17,17,17	0.73	1 (5%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	UD1	В	1348	_	-	9/26/63/63	0/3/3/3
3	PLM	A	1349	-	-	10/15/15/15	-
5	BME	A	1351[B]	-	-	1/1/1/1	-
3	PLM	В	1349[B]	-	-	13/15/15/15	-
3	PLM	В	1349[A]	-	-	10/15/15/15	-
5	BME	A	1351[A]	-	-	1/1/1/1	-
4	EDO	A	1350	_	-	0/1/1/1	-
3	PLM	С	1351	_	_	9/15/15/15	_

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
6	В	1348	UD1	C2-N1	3.01	1.43	1.38
6	В	1348	UD1	O5'-C1'	2.64	1.48	1.41
6	В	1348	UD1	C6-C5	2.01	1.39	1.35

The worst 5 of 14 bond angle outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
6	В	1348	UD1	C4-N3-C2	-5.04	119.94	126.58
6	В	1348	UD1	PB-O3A-PA	-4.00	119.11	132.83
6	В	1348	UD1	C5-C4-N3	3.72	120.41	114.84
6	В	1348	UD1	N3-C2-N1	3.60	119.67	114.89
6	В	1348	UD1	O4-C4-C5	-3.36	119.25	125.16

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 53 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	A	1351[A]	BME	O1-C1-C2-S2
6	В	1348	UD1	C5B-O5B-PA-O1A
6	В	1348	UD1	C5B-O5B-PA-O2A
6	В	1348	UD1	O5'-C5'-C6'-O6'
6	В	1348	UD1	C4'-C5'-C6'-O6'

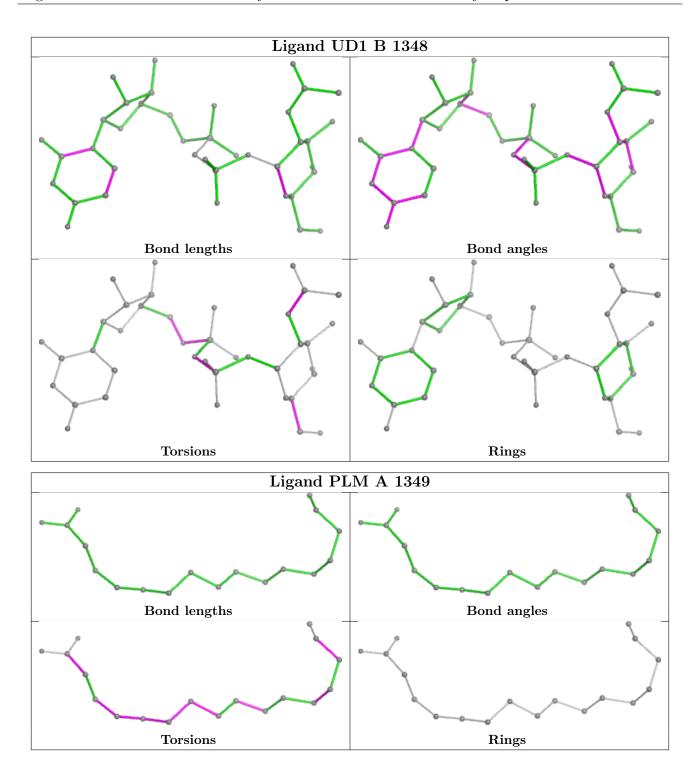
There are no ring outliers.

8 monomers are involved in 21 short contacts:

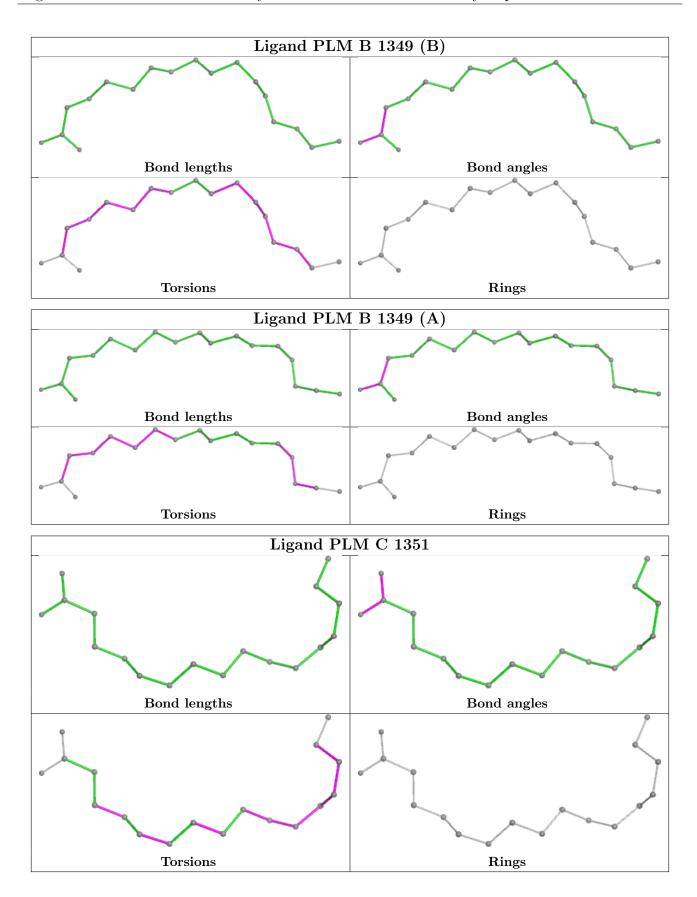
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	В	1348	UD1	6	0
2	A	1347	SO4	1	0
3	A	1349	PLM	1	0
5	A	1351[B]	BME	2	0
3	В	1349[B]	PLM	1	0
2	С	1350	SO4	1	0
5	A	1351[A]	BME	1	0
3	С	1351	PLM	8	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.











5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

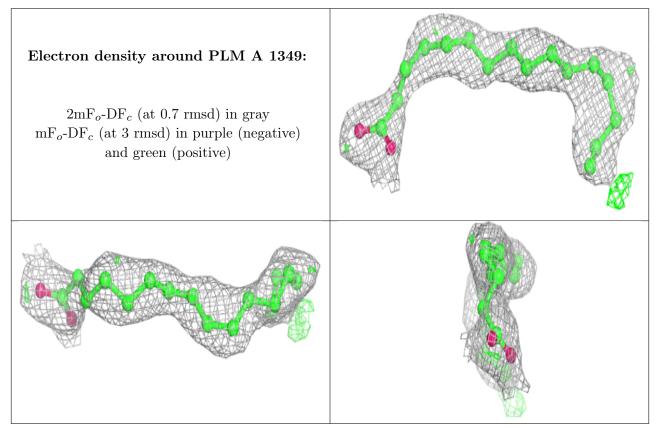
6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



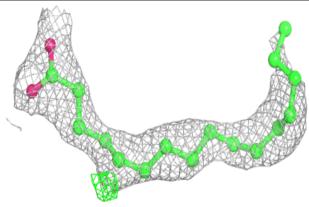


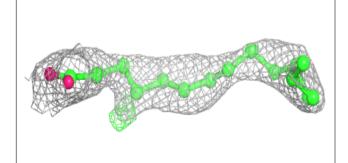
Electron density around PLM B 1349 (A): $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive) Electron density around PLM B 1349 (B): $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray mF_o -DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

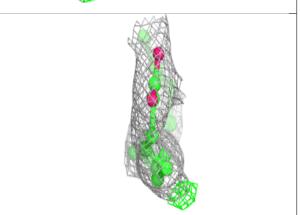


Electron density around PLM C 1351:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

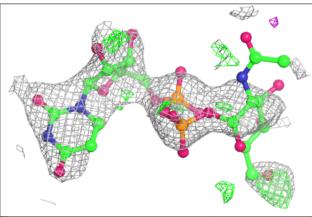


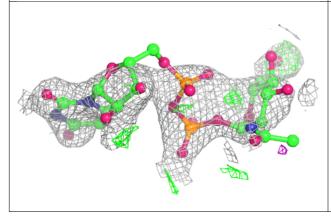


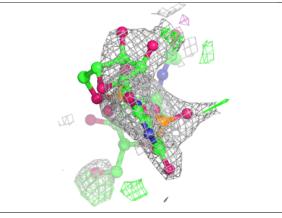


Electron density around UD1 B 1348:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)









6.5 Other polymers (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

