



Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Dec 13, 2023 – 11:56 PM EST

PDB ID : 2JQN
BMRB ID : 15281
Title : Solution NMR structure of CC0527 from *Caulobacter crescentus*. Northeast Structural Genomics Target CCR55
Authors : Aramini, J.M.; Rossi, P.; Moseley, H.N.B.; Wang, D.; Nwosu, C.; Cunningham, K.; Ma, L.; Xiao, R.; Liu, J.; Baran, M.C.; Swapna, G.V.T.; Acton, T.B.; Rost, B.; Montelione, G.T.; Northeast Structural Genomics Consortium (NESG)
Deposited on : 2007-06-05

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references](#) ①) were used in the production of this report:

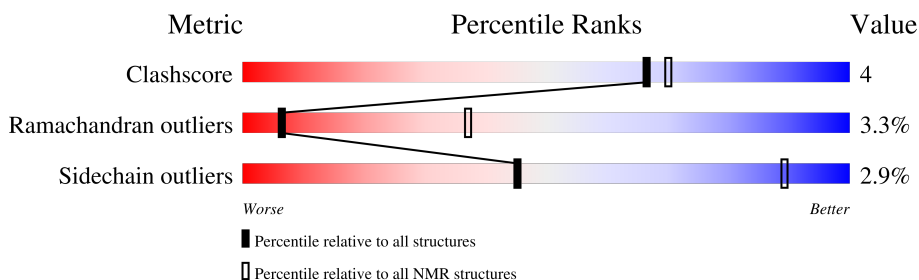
Cyrange : Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust : Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
wwPDB-RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2
BMRB Restraints Analysis : v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 92%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	122	90% • • 5%

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 20 models. Model 10 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:2-A:113 (112)	1.51	10

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters and 13 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	2, 10, 13
2	3, 17
3	18, 20
Single-model clusters	1; 4; 5; 6; 7; 8; 9; 11; 12; 14; 15; 16; 19

3 Entry composition

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 1774 atoms, of which 878 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Hypothetical protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S	
1	A	116	1774	567	878	156	172	1	0

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	115	LEU	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q9AAR9
A	116	GLU	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q9AAR9
A	117	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9AAR9
A	118	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9AAR9
A	119	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9AAR9
A	120	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9AAR9
A	121	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9AAR9
A	122	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9AAR9

4 Residue-property plots

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Hypothetical protein

Chain A:  90% . . 5%




4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1


- Molecule 1: Hypothetical protein

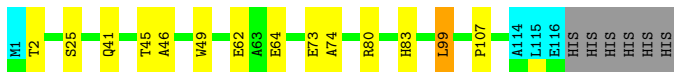
Chain A:  81% 9% . . 5%



4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

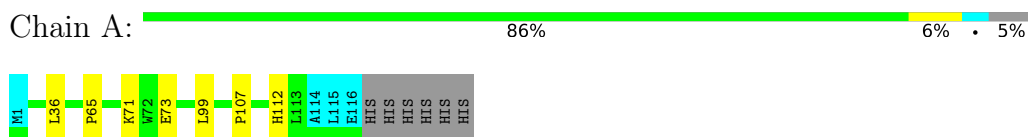
- Molecule 1: Hypothetical protein

Chain A:  80% 11% . . 5%



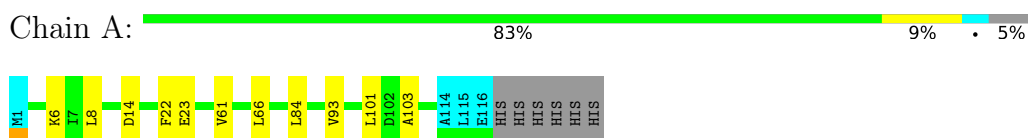
4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

- Molecule 1: Hypothetical protein



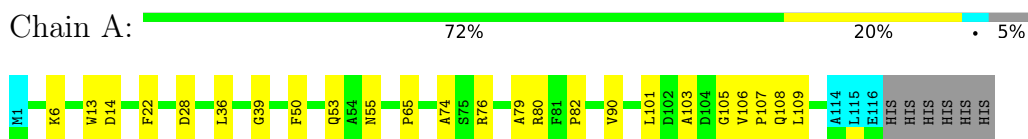
4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

- Molecule 1: Hypothetical protein



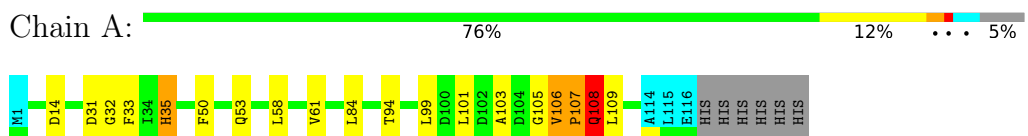
4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

- Molecule 1: Hypothetical protein



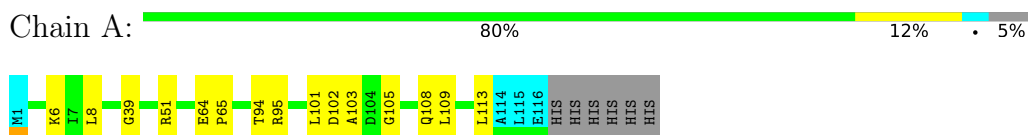
4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

- Molecule 1: Hypothetical protein



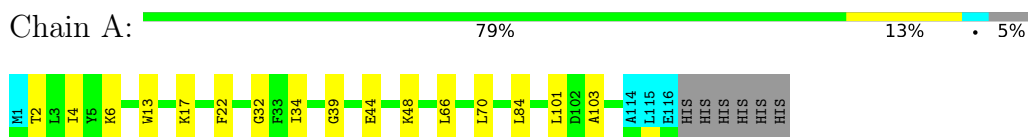
4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: Hypothetical protein



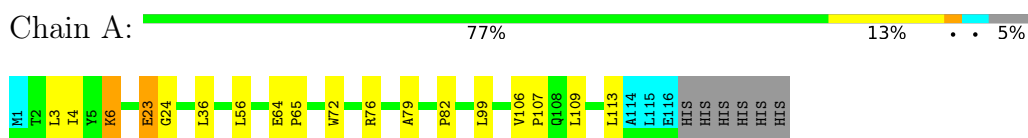
4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

- Molecule 1: Hypothetical protein



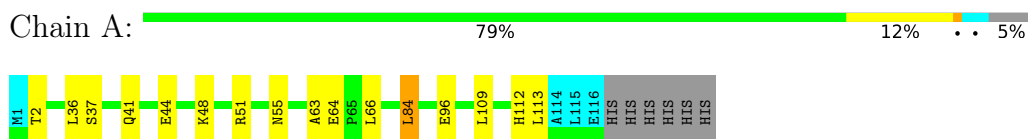
4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

- Molecule 1: Hypothetical protein



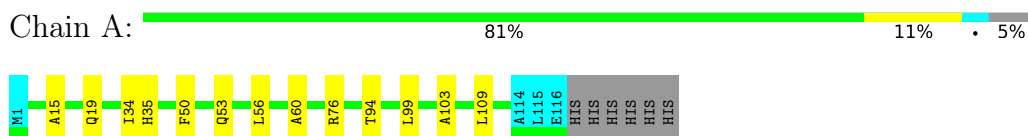
4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10 (medoid)

- Molecule 1: Hypothetical protein



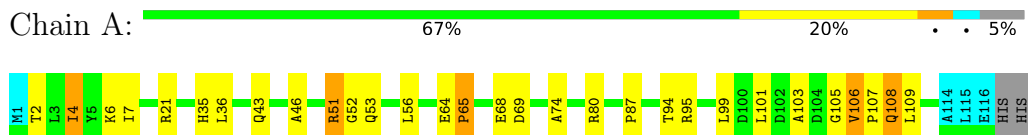
4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

- Molecule 1: Hypothetical protein



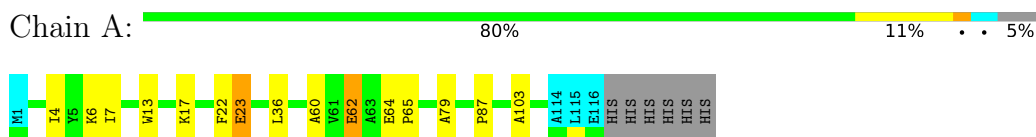
4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

- Molecule 1: Hypothetical protein



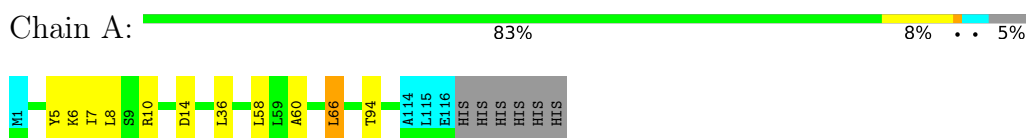
4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

- Molecule 1: Hypothetical protein



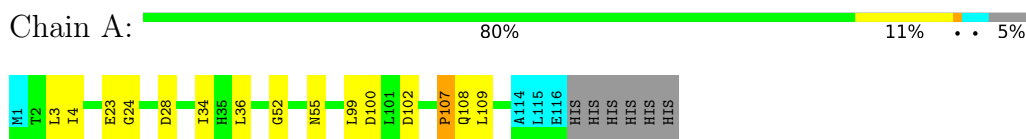
4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

- Molecule 1: Hypothetical protein



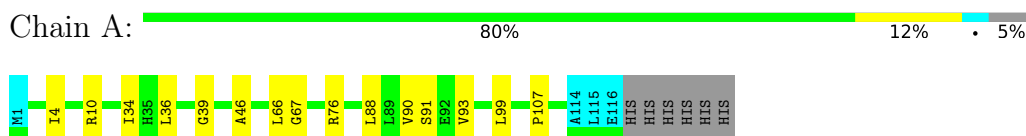
4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

- Molecule 1: Hypothetical protein



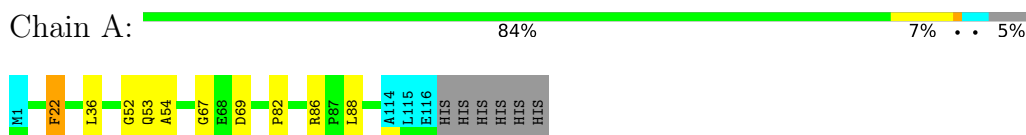
4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

- Molecule 1: Hypothetical protein



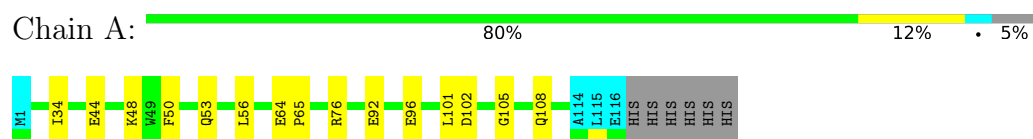
4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

- Molecule 1: Hypothetical protein



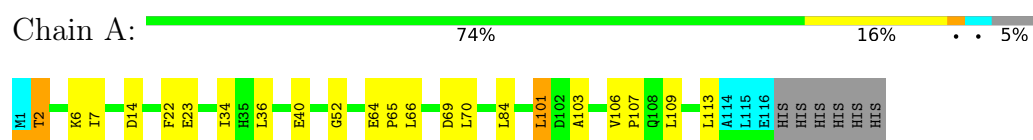
4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

- Molecule 1: Hypothetical protein



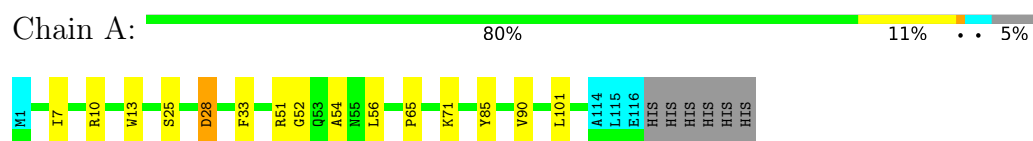
4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

- Molecule 1: Hypothetical protein



4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

- Molecule 1: Hypothetical protein



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
AutoStructure	structure solution	2.1.1
X-PLOR NIH	structure solution	2.11.2
X-PLOR NIH	refinement	2.11.2
CNS	structure solution	1.1
CNS	refinement	1.1

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1437
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1437
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	92%

6 Model quality

6.1 Standard geometry

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	866	845	842	7±4
All	All	17320	16900	16840	137

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:102:ASP:HB2	1:A:108:GLN:HB2	0.69	1.65	15	1
1:A:106:VAL:H	1:A:107:PRO:HD3	0.66	1.50	12	1
1:A:106:VAL:H	1:A:107:PRO:HD2	0.65	1.49	6	1
1:A:46:ALA:HB1	1:A:107:PRO:HG2	0.65	1.69	16	2
1:A:74:ALA:HB2	1:A:80:ARG:HA	0.62	1.72	12	1
1:A:74:ALA:HA	1:A:80:ARG:HA	0.60	1.74	2	2
1:A:5:TYR:HB3	1:A:58:LEU:HD21	0.57	1.75	14	1
1:A:91:SER:HB2	1:A:93:VAL:HG23	0.56	1.77	16	1
1:A:61:VAL:HG22	1:A:93:VAL:HG13	0.55	1.77	4	1
1:A:34:ILE:HD12	1:A:88:LEU:HD13	0.55	1.77	16	1
1:A:108:GLN:NE2	1:A:108:GLN:H	0.55	2.00	12	2
1:A:106:VAL:H	1:A:107:PRO:CD	0.53	2.16	12	1
1:A:61:VAL:HA	1:A:94:THR:OG1	0.53	2.04	6	1
1:A:64:GLU:N	1:A:65:PRO:HD2	0.53	2.19	19	3

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:43:GLN:HG2	1:A:109:LEU:HB2	0.52	1.80	1	1
1:A:99:LEU:HD21	1:A:107:PRO:HB3	0.51	1.81	3	1
1:A:101:LEU:HB3	1:A:105:GLY:HA2	0.51	1.82	6	2
1:A:109:LEU:O	1:A:113:LEU:HG	0.51	2.06	7	4
1:A:106:VAL:N	1:A:107:PRO:HD2	0.50	2.19	6	1
1:A:66:LEU:HD12	1:A:67:GLY:N	0.50	2.21	16	1
1:A:94:THR:HG22	1:A:95:ARG:HD3	0.49	1.83	12	1
1:A:36:LEU:HB2	1:A:82:PRO:HB2	0.49	1.82	17	3
1:A:34:ILE:O	1:A:34:ILE:HG22	0.49	2.08	11	1
1:A:53:GLN:HE21	1:A:56:LEU:HD21	0.49	1.68	12	1
1:A:99:LEU:O	1:A:99:LEU:HD22	0.49	2.07	2	1
1:A:106:VAL:N	1:A:107:PRO:CD	0.49	2.76	12	1
1:A:56:LEU:HD12	1:A:101:LEU:HD21	0.49	1.85	20	1
1:A:7:ILE:HD12	1:A:7:ILE:N	0.48	2.24	14	5
1:A:43:GLN:HB2	1:A:109:LEU:HD22	0.48	1.84	12	1
1:A:44:GLU:HG3	1:A:48:LYS:HE2	0.48	1.84	8	1
1:A:6:LYS:HZ3	1:A:22:PHE:HE2	0.47	1.52	8	1
1:A:88:LEU:HB3	1:A:91:SER:HA	0.47	1.84	16	1
1:A:107:PRO:O	1:A:109:LEU:N	0.47	2.46	6	1
1:A:4:ILE:HG13	1:A:36:LEU:HD13	0.47	1.86	12	1
1:A:22:PHE:O	1:A:23:GLU:HB2	0.47	2.10	13	1
1:A:108:GLN:NE2	1:A:108:GLN:N	0.47	2.62	6	2
1:A:62:GLU:O	1:A:64:GLU:N	0.46	2.48	1	1
1:A:23:GLU:HG2	1:A:24:GLY:H	0.46	1.69	15	1
1:A:58:LEU:HB2	1:A:99:LEU:HD21	0.46	1.86	6	1
1:A:106:VAL:O	1:A:108:GLN:NE2	0.46	2.48	12	1
1:A:22:PHE:CZ	1:A:88:LEU:HD22	0.46	2.46	17	1
1:A:71:LYS:HE3	1:A:73:GLU:HB2	0.46	1.87	3	1
1:A:94:THR:HG22	1:A:95:ARG:HG3	0.46	1.88	7	1
1:A:101:LEU:HD13	1:A:105:GLY:O	0.46	2.11	5	1
1:A:71:LYS:NZ	1:A:85:TYR:OH	0.46	2.43	20	1
1:A:99:LEU:N	1:A:99:LEU:HD23	0.45	2.26	11	2
1:A:4:ILE:HD12	1:A:36:LEU:HD13	0.45	1.88	9	2
1:A:102:ASP:HB2	1:A:108:GLN:HG2	0.45	1.88	18	1
1:A:101:LEU:HD22	1:A:105:GLY:C	0.45	2.32	12	1
1:A:46:ALA:HB1	1:A:107:PRO:HB2	0.45	1.89	1	1
1:A:46:ALA:HB1	1:A:51:ARG:HG2	0.45	1.87	12	1
1:A:73:GLU:HB2	1:A:83:HIS:CE1	0.45	2.47	2	1
1:A:106:VAL:HA	1:A:108:GLN:NE2	0.45	2.27	5	1
1:A:37:SER:OG	1:A:41:GLN:HB2	0.45	2.12	10	1
1:A:6:LYS:HZ3	1:A:36:LEU:HD23	0.45	1.72	9	1

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:51:ARG:HA	1:A:107:PRO:HD3	0.44	1.90	1	1
1:A:66:LEU:HD22	1:A:84:LEU:HD11	0.44	1.89	4	1
1:A:4:ILE:O	1:A:60:ALA:HA	0.44	2.12	13	1
1:A:6:LYS:HE3	1:A:22:PHE:HE2	0.44	1.72	4	1
1:A:44:GLU:O	1:A:48:LYS:HG3	0.44	2.12	10	2
1:A:4:ILE:HG21	1:A:70:LEU:HD11	0.44	1.89	8	1
1:A:2:THR:O	1:A:62:GLU:HA	0.43	2.13	2	1
1:A:23:GLU:HB2	1:A:87:PRO:HA	0.43	1.89	13	1
1:A:21:ARG:NH2	1:A:87:PRO:HG2	0.43	2.27	12	1
1:A:99:LEU:HD11	1:A:107:PRO:HB3	0.43	1.90	16	1
1:A:6:LYS:HE3	1:A:22:PHE:CZ	0.43	2.48	5	1
1:A:44:GLU:HB3	1:A:48:LYS:HE2	0.43	1.89	10	1
1:A:69:ASP:OD2	1:A:86:ARG:HG3	0.43	2.13	17	1
1:A:60:ALA:O	1:A:94:THR:HB	0.43	2.13	11	2
1:A:50:PHE:HB3	1:A:53:GLN:NE2	0.43	2.27	11	1
1:A:5:TYR:HA	1:A:59:LEU:O	0.43	2.14	1	1
1:A:23:GLU:O	1:A:23:GLU:HG2	0.43	2.13	9	1
1:A:50:PHE:HB3	1:A:53:GLN:HE22	0.43	1.73	11	1
1:A:99:LEU:HD23	1:A:99:LEU:H	0.43	1.74	12	1
1:A:4:ILE:HD12	1:A:36:LEU:HD22	0.43	1.91	15	1
1:A:6:LYS:HB2	1:A:36:LEU:HG	0.42	1.91	14	1
1:A:50:PHE:HA	1:A:53:GLN:NE2	0.42	2.30	18	2
1:A:109:LEU:HD12	1:A:109:LEU:N	0.42	2.29	5	1
1:A:8:LEU:N	1:A:8:LEU:HD23	0.42	2.30	4	1
1:A:13:TRP:NE1	1:A:17:LYS:HE3	0.42	2.30	13	1
1:A:6:LYS:NZ	1:A:8:LEU:HB3	0.42	2.29	4	2
1:A:13:TRP:CH2	1:A:90:VAL:HG23	0.42	2.50	5	1
1:A:22:PHE:CD2	1:A:23:GLU:HG3	0.42	2.49	19	1
1:A:13:TRP:NE1	1:A:17:LYS:HE2	0.42	2.30	8	1
1:A:72:TRP:CZ3	1:A:82:PRO:HG3	0.42	2.50	9	1
1:A:53:GLN:HB2	1:A:56:LEU:HD21	0.42	1.90	18	1
1:A:22:PHE:CG	1:A:23:GLU:N	0.42	2.87	13	1
1:A:36:LEU:HD12	1:A:36:LEU:N	0.42	2.30	3	2
1:A:36:LEU:O	1:A:37:SER:HB3	0.41	2.15	10	1
1:A:6:LYS:HZ3	1:A:23:GLU:CD	0.41	2.18	13	1
1:A:50:PHE:HA	1:A:53:GLN:OE1	0.41	2.15	6	1
1:A:102:ASP:HB3	1:A:108:GLN:HE21	0.41	1.75	7	1
1:A:33:PHE:HB3	1:A:84:LEU:O	0.41	2.15	6	1
1:A:6:LYS:NZ	1:A:35:HIS:O	0.41	2.52	12	1
1:A:69:ASP:O	1:A:84:LEU:HD12	0.41	2.16	19	1
1:A:23:GLU:HB3	1:A:34:ILE:HD13	0.41	1.91	19	1

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:15:ALA:O	1:A:19:GLN:HG2	0.41	2.15	11	1
1:A:100:ASP:O	1:A:107:PRO:HA	0.41	2.16	15	1
1:A:6:LYS:HD2	1:A:36:LEU:HG	0.41	1.91	19	1
1:A:101:LEU:HD22	1:A:105:GLY:O	0.41	2.16	18	1
1:A:25:SER:O	1:A:28:ASP:HB3	0.41	2.16	20	1
1:A:45:THR:HG23	1:A:49:TRP:CD1	0.40	2.52	2	1
1:A:66:LEU:H	1:A:66:LEU:HD23	0.40	1.76	8	1
1:A:62:GLU:O	1:A:65:PRO:HD2	0.40	2.16	13	1
1:A:31:ASP:HB3	1:A:35:HIS:CE1	0.40	2.51	6	1
1:A:36:LEU:HD11	1:A:84:LEU:HD12	0.40	1.92	10	1
1:A:51:ARG:HB3	1:A:105:GLY:O	0.40	2.16	12	1
1:A:8:LEU:HD23	1:A:8:LEU:N	0.40	2.31	14	1
1:A:13:TRP:CH2	1:A:90:VAL:HG13	0.40	2.51	20	1
1:A:6:LYS:HE2	1:A:22:PHE:HE2	0.40	1.77	19	1
1:A:52:GLY:HA2	1:A:101:LEU:HD11	0.40	1.93	19	1
1:A:43:GLN:NE2	1:A:109:LEU:HB2	0.40	2.31	12	1
1:A:90:VAL:O	1:A:90:VAL:HG12	0.40	2.16	16	1
1:A:66:LEU:HD12	1:A:70:LEU:HB3	0.40	1.93	19	1

6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	112/122 (92%)	96±4 (85±3%)	13±4 (11±3%)	4±2 (3±2%)	6	37
All	All	2240/2440 (92%)	1914 (85%)	253 (11%)	73 (3%)	6	37

All 25 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	103	ALA	9
1	A	107	PRO	6
1	A	65	PRO	6
1	A	64	GLU	5

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	76	ARG	5
1	A	39	GLY	4
1	A	106	VAL	4
1	A	52	GLY	4
1	A	32	GLY	3
1	A	79	ALA	3
1	A	2	THR	3
1	A	34	ILE	3
1	A	63	ALA	2
1	A	51	ARG	2
1	A	55	ASN	2
1	A	66	LEU	2
1	A	54	ALA	2
1	A	25	SER	1
1	A	108	GLN	1
1	A	101	LEU	1
1	A	24	GLY	1
1	A	35	HIS	1
1	A	23	GLU	1
1	A	99	LEU	1
1	A	67	GLY	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	85/94 (90%)	83±1 (97±1%)	2±1 (3±1%)	45 89
All	All	1700/1880 (90%)	1651 (97%)	49 (3%)	45 89

All 30 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	14	ASP	5
1	A	28	ASP	3
1	A	10	ARG	3
1	A	66	LEU	2

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	112	HIS	2
1	A	23	GLU	2
1	A	101	LEU	2
1	A	108	GLN	2
1	A	51	ARG	2
1	A	84	LEU	2
1	A	3	LEU	2
1	A	56	LEU	2
1	A	96	GLU	2
1	A	109	LEU	2
1	A	41	GLN	1
1	A	99	LEU	1
1	A	55	ASN	1
1	A	35	HIS	1
1	A	6	LYS	1
1	A	4	ILE	1
1	A	68	GLU	1
1	A	69	ASP	1
1	A	62	GLU	1
1	A	64	GLU	1
1	A	22	PHE	1
1	A	53	GLN	1
1	A	92	GLU	1
1	A	2	THR	1
1	A	40	GLU	1
1	A	33	PHE	1

6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation [i](#)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 92% for the well-defined parts and 92% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping [i](#)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1437
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1437
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	4

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing [i](#)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction \pm precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	115	-0.23 ± 0.20	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	106	0.15 ± 0.08	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	114	-0.07 ± 0.15	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
^{15}N	107	0.03 ± 0.34	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments [i](#)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 92%, i.e. 1388 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1501. 0 out of 22 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	550/562 (98%)	224/230 (97%)	222/224 (99%)	104/108 (96%)
Sidechain	748/821 (91%)	507/535 (95%)	229/255 (90%)	12/31 (39%)

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	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Aromatic	90/118 (76%)	45/58 (78%)	42/51 (82%)	3/9 (33%)
Overall	1388/1501 (92%)	776/823 (94%)	493/530 (93%)	119/148 (80%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 92%, i.e. 1437 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1555. 0 out of 23 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Backbone	566/582 (97%)	230/238 (97%)	229/232 (99%)	107/112 (96%)
Sidechain	781/855 (91%)	530/558 (95%)	239/266 (90%)	12/31 (39%)
Aromatic	90/118 (76%)	45/58 (78%)	42/51 (82%)	3/9 (33%)
Overall	1437/1555 (92%)	805/854 (94%)	510/549 (93%)	122/152 (80%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

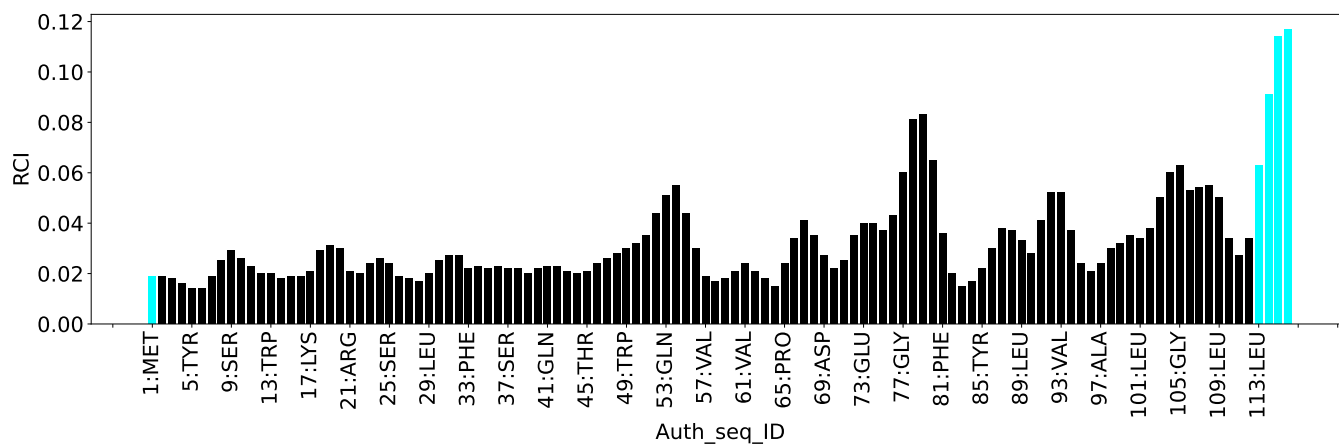
The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	82	PRO	HB3	-0.39	0.25 – 3.76	-6.8
1	A	59	LEU	HD21	-0.74	-0.65 – 2.13	-5.3
1	A	59	LEU	HD22	-0.74	-0.65 – 2.13	-5.3
1	A	59	LEU	HD23	-0.74	-0.65 – 2.13	-5.3

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:



8 NMR restraints analysis

8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	1742
Intra-residue ($ i-j =0$)	628
Sequential ($ i-j =1$)	428
Medium range ($ i-j >1$ and $ i-j <5$)	244
Long range ($ i-j \geq 5$)	376
Inter-chain	0
Hydrogen bond restraints	66
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	108
Number of unmapped restraints	0
Number of restraints per residue	15.2
Number of long range restraints per residue ¹	3.4

¹Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

8.2 Residual restraint violations

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation.

Bins (Å)	Average number of violations per model	Max (Å)
0.1-0.2 (Small)	0.2	0.17
0.2-0.5 (Medium)	None	None
>0.5 (Large)	None	None

8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model [i](#)

Dihedral-angle violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.

Bins (°)	Average number of violations per model	Max (°)
1.0-10.0 (Small)	0.1	2.06
10.0-20.0 (Medium)	None	None
>20.0 (Large)	None	None

9 Distance violation analysis

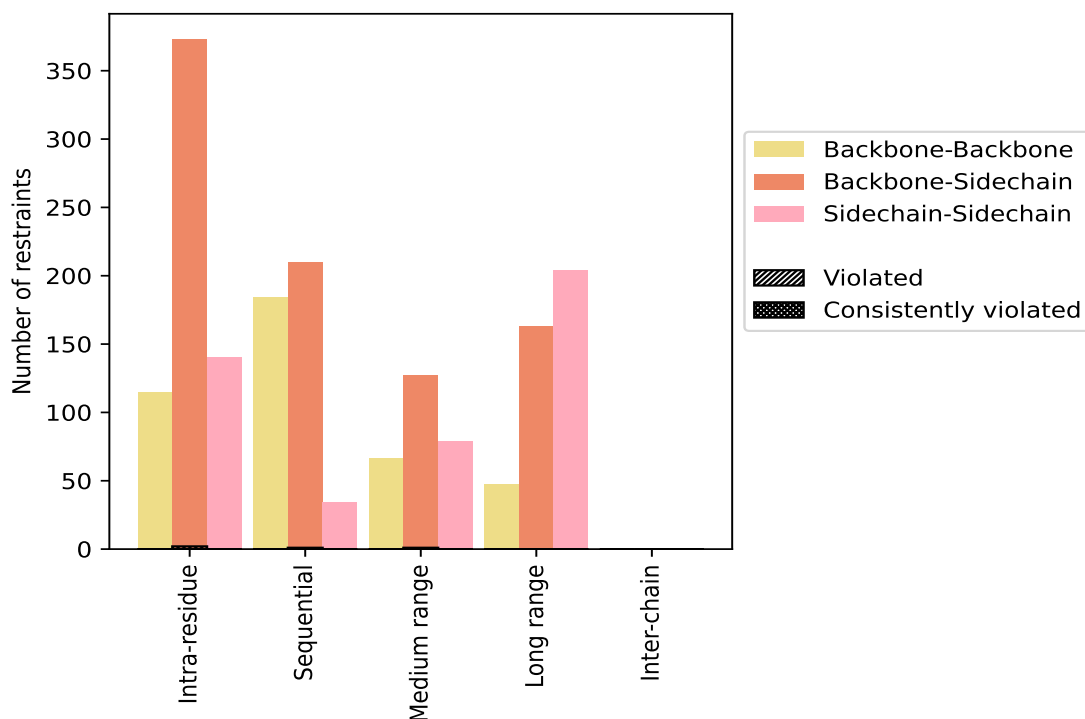
9.1 Summary of distance violations

The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Restrains type	Count	% ¹	Violated ³			Consistently Violated ⁴		
			Count	% ²	% ¹	Count	% ²	% ¹
Intra-residue (i-j =0)	628	36.1	2	0.3	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	115	6.6	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	373	21.4	2	0.5	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	140	8.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sequential (i-j =1)	428	24.6	1	0.2	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	184	10.6	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	210	12.1	1	0.5	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	34	2.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Medium range (i-j >1 & i-j <5)	244	14.0	1	0.4	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	66	3.8	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	99	5.7	1	1.0	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	79	4.5	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Long range (i-j ≥5)	376	21.6	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	47	2.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	125	7.2	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	204	11.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Inter-chain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Hydrogen bond	66	3.8	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Disulfide bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	1742	100.0	4	0.2	0.2	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	412	23.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	873	50.1	4	0.5	0.2	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	457	26.2	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0

¹ percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints, ² percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category, ³ violated in at least one model, ⁴ violated in all the models

9.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of distance restraints and violations [i](#)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfied bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model [i](#)

The following table provides the distance violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Model ID	Number of violations						Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD ⁶ (Å)	Median (Å)
	IR ¹	SQ ²	MR ³	LR ⁴	IC ⁵	Total				
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
11	1	0	0	0	0	1	0.12	0.12	0.0	0.12

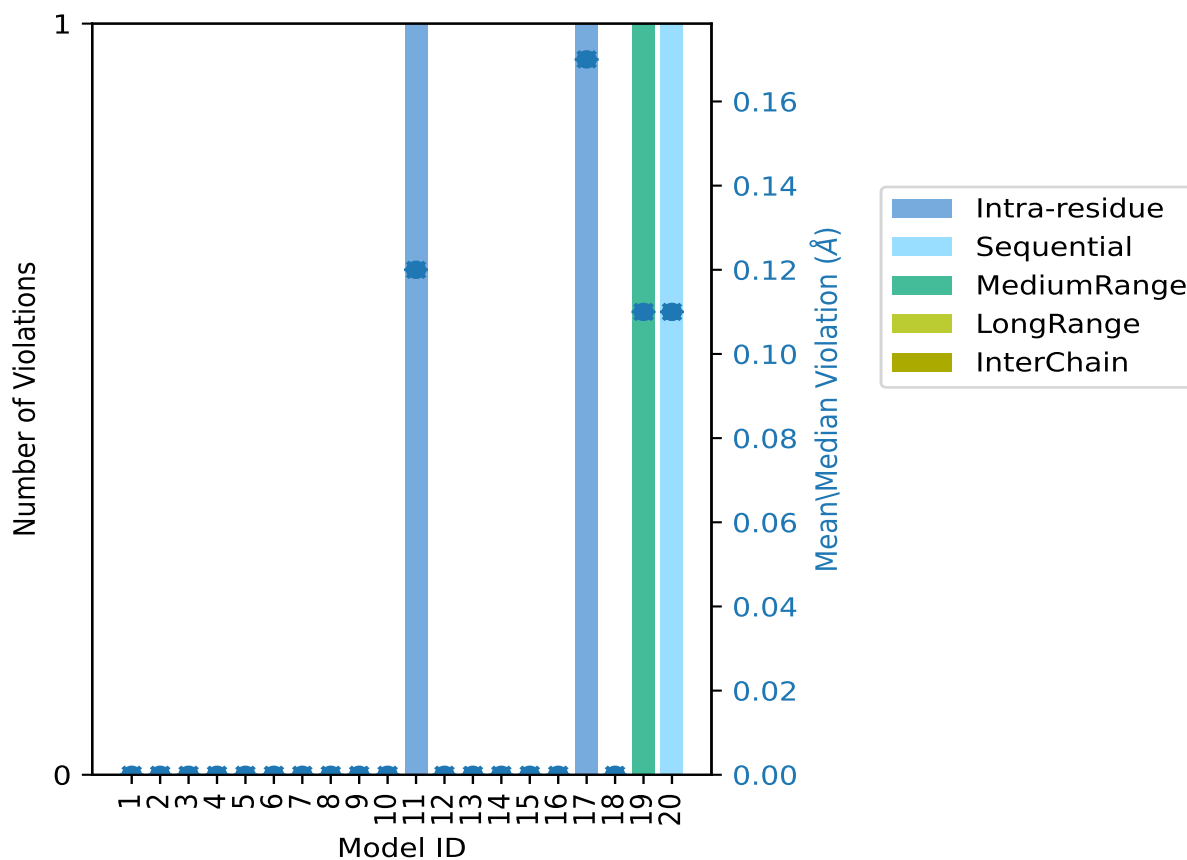
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Model ID	Number of violations						Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD ⁶ (Å)	Median (Å)
	IR ¹	SQ ²	MR ³	LR ⁴	IC ⁵	Total				
12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
17	1	0	0	0	0	1	0.17	0.17	0.0	0.17
18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
19	0	0	1	0	0	1	0.11	0.11	0.0	0.11
20	0	1	0	0	0	1	0.11	0.11	0.0	0.11

¹Intra-residue restraints, ²Sequential restraints, ³Medium range restraints, ⁴Long range restraints, ⁵Inter-chain restraints, ⁶Standard deviation

9.2.1 Bar graph : Distance Violation statistics for each model [i](#)



The mean(dot),median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right

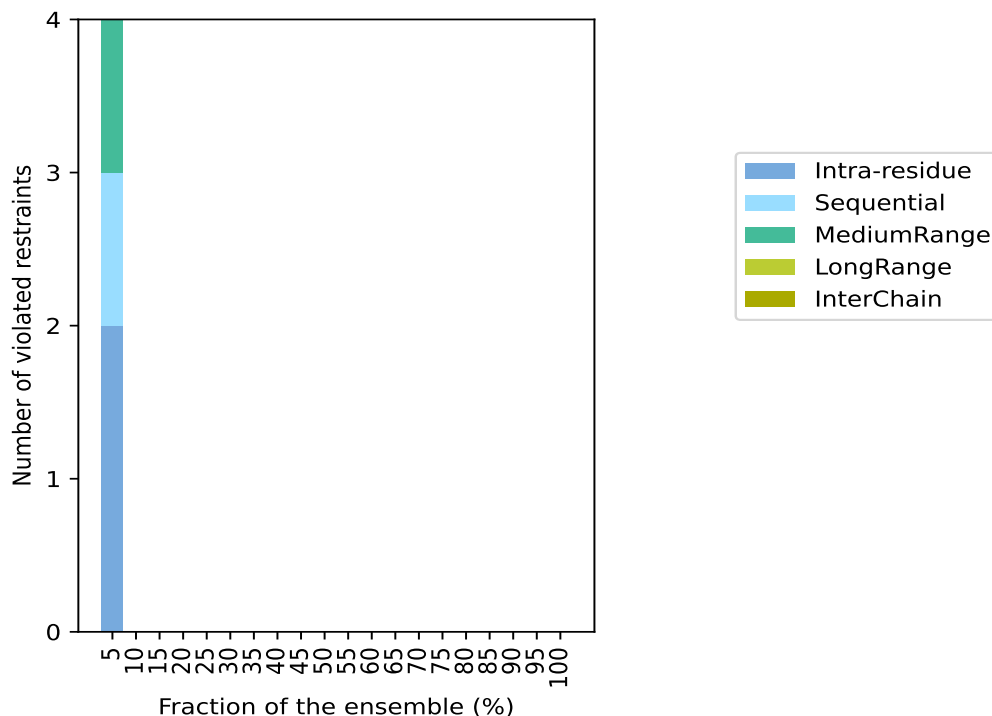
9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble

Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of the ensemble. In total, 1672(IR:626, SQ:427, MR:243, LR:376, IC:0) restraints are not violated in the ensemble.

Number of violated restraints						Fraction of the ensemble	
IR ¹	SQ ²	MR ³	LR ⁴	IC ⁵	Total	Count ⁶	%
2	1	1	0	0	4	1	5.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	2	10.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	3	15.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	4	20.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	5	25.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	6	30.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	7	35.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	8	40.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	9	45.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	10	50.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	11	55.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	12	60.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	13	65.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	14	70.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	15	75.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	16	80.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	17	85.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	18	90.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	19	95.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	20	100.0

¹Intra-residue restraints, ²Sequential restraints, ³Medium range restraints, ⁴Long range restraints, ⁵Inter-chain restraints, ⁶ Number of models with violations

9.3.1 Bar graph : Distance violation statistics for the ensemble [\(i\)](#)



9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble [\(i\)](#)

No violations found

9.5 All violated distance restraints [\(i\)](#)

9.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of distance violations [\(i\)](#)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.

Data insufficient to plot histogram

9.5.2 Table : All distance violations [\(i\)](#)

The following table lists the absolute value of the violation for each restraint in the ensemble sorted by its value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,1107)	1:68:A:GLU:H	1:68:A:GLU:HB2	17	0.17

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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,934)	1:56:A:LEU:H	1:56:A:LEU:HB2	11	0.12
(1,1525)	1:104:A:ASP:H	1:106:A:VAL:HB	19	0.11
(1,1078)	1:65:A:PRO:HD3	1:66:A:LEU:H	20	0.11

10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis [i](#)

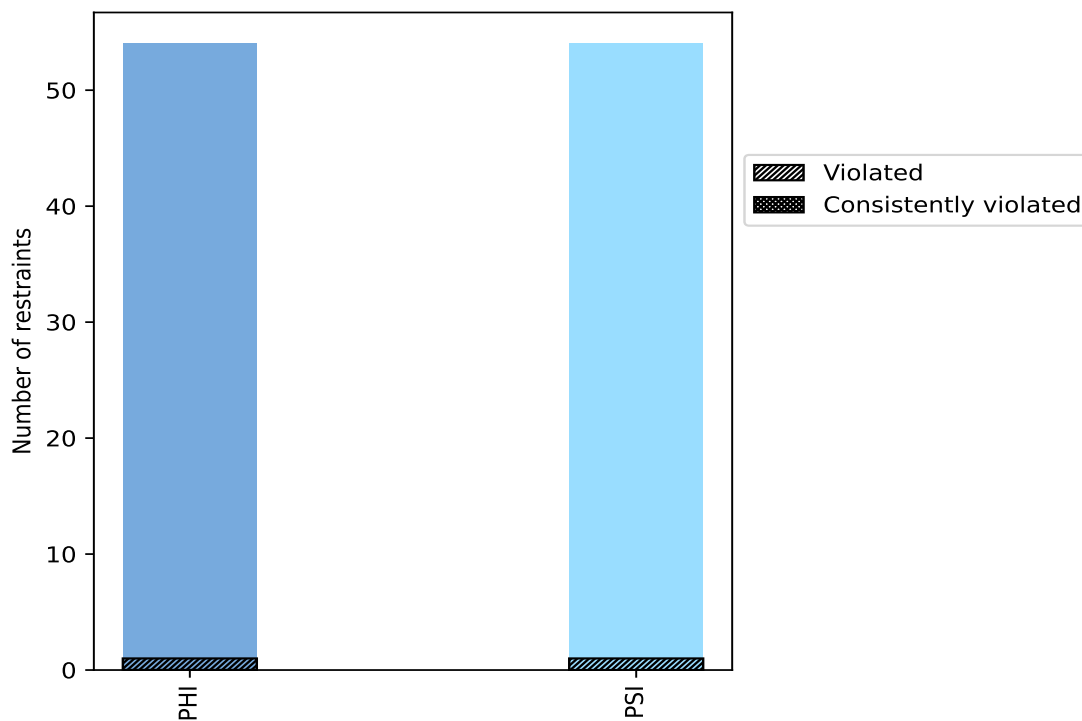
10.1 Summary of dihedral-angle violations [i](#)

The following table provides the summary of dihedral-angle violations in different dihedral-angle types. Violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.

Angle type	Count	% ¹	Violated ³			Consistently Violated ⁴		
			Count	% ²	% ¹	Count	% ²	% ¹
PHI	54	50.0	1	1.9	0.9	0	0.0	0.0
PSI	54	50.0	1	1.9	0.9	0	0.0	0.0
Total	108	100.0	2	1.9	1.9	0	0.0	0.0

¹ percentage calculated with respect to total number of dihedral-angle restraints, ² percentage calculated with respect to number of restraints in a particular dihedral-angle type, ³ violated in at least one model, ⁴ violated in all the models

10.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of dihedral-angles and violations [i](#)



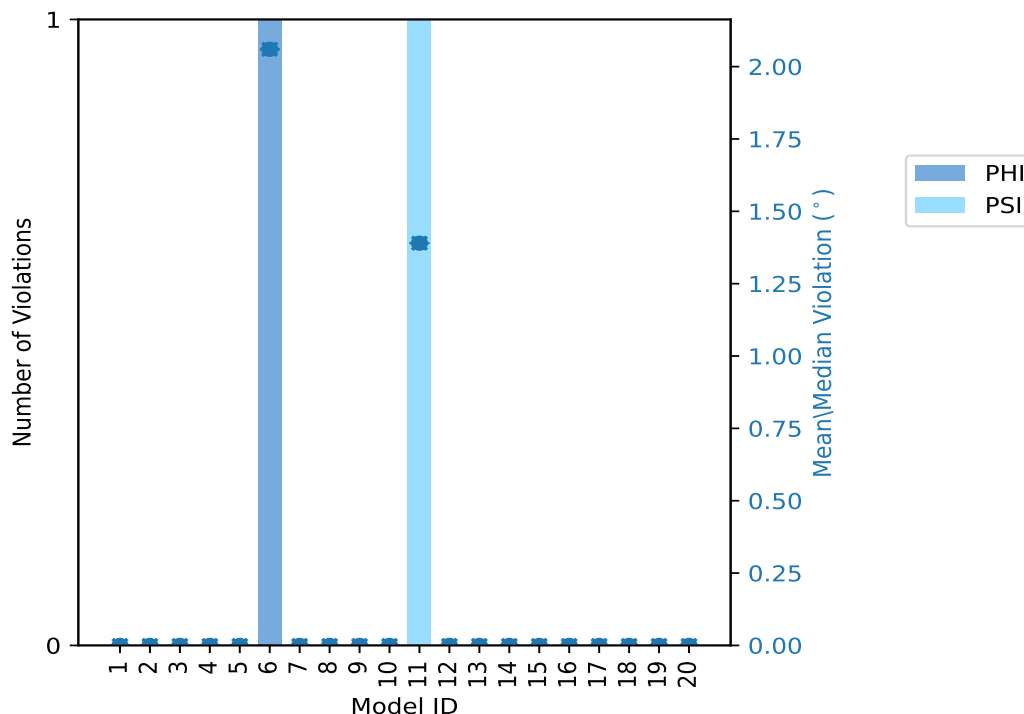
Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories

10.2 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for each model [i](#)

The following table provides the dihedral-angle violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 1° are not included in the statistics.

Model ID	Number of violations			Mean (°)	Max (°)	SD (°)	Median (°)
	PHI	PSI	Total				
1	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
4	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
6	1	0	1	2.06	2.06	0.0	2.06
7	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
8	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
9	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
10	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
11	0	1	1	1.39	1.39	0.0	1.39
12	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
13	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
14	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
15	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
16	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
17	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
18	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
19	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
20	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

10.2.1 Bar graph : Dihedral violation statistics for each model [i](#)



The mean(dot),median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right

10.3 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for the ensemble [i](#)

Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in very few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of ensemble.

Number of violated restraints			Fraction of the ensemble	
PHI	PSI	Total	Count ¹	%
1	1	2	1	5.0
0	0	0	2	10.0
0	0	0	3	15.0
0	0	0	4	20.0
0	0	0	5	25.0
0	0	0	6	30.0
0	0	0	7	35.0
0	0	0	8	40.0
0	0	0	9	45.0
0	0	0	10	50.0
0	0	0	11	55.0

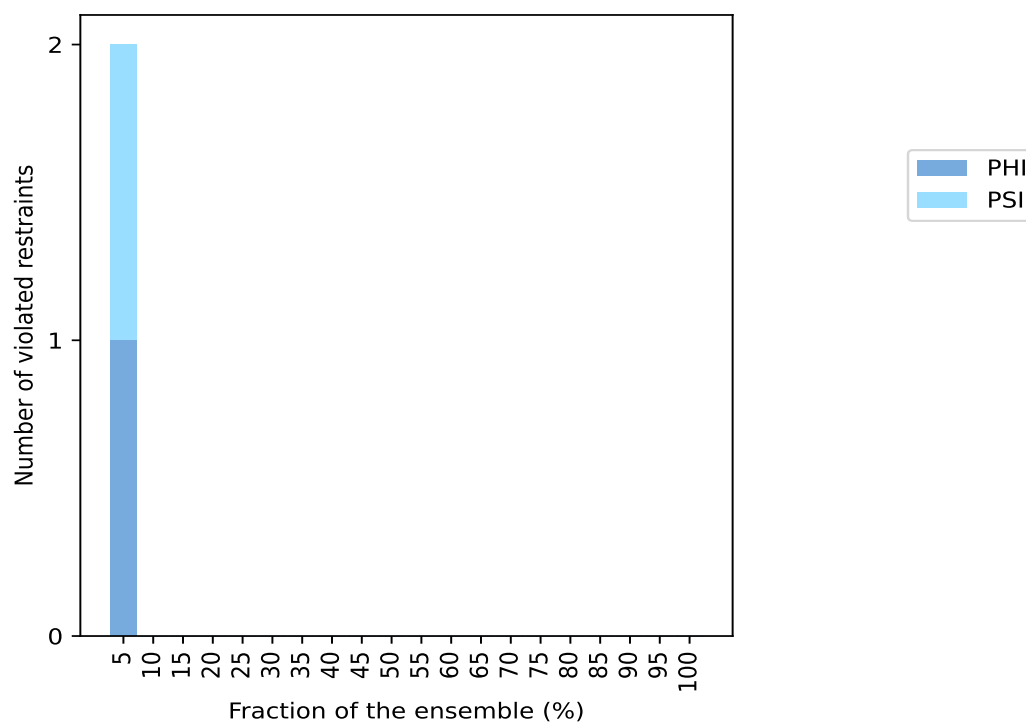
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Number of violated restraints			Fraction of the ensemble	
PHI	PSI	Total	Count ¹	%
0	0	0	12	60.0
0	0	0	13	65.0
0	0	0	14	70.0
0	0	0	15	75.0
0	0	0	16	80.0
0	0	0	17	85.0
0	0	0	18	90.0
0	0	0	19	95.0
0	0	0	20	100.0

¹ Number of models with violations

10.3.1 Bar graph : Dihedral-angle Violation statistics for the ensemble [i](#)



10.4 Most violated dihedral-angle restraints in the ensemble [i](#)

No violations found

10.5 All violated dihedral-angle restraints

10.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of violations

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.

Data insufficient to plot histogram

10.5.2 Table: All violated dihedral-angle restraints

The following table lists the absolute value of the violation for each restraint in the ensemble sorted by its value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Atom-3	Atom-4	Model ID	Violation (°)
(1,101)	1:108:A:GLN:C	1:109:A:LEU:N	1:109:A:LEU:CA	1:109:A:LEU:C	6	2.06
(1,102)	1:109:A:LEU:N	1:109:A:LEU:CA	1:109:A:LEU:C	1:110:A:GLY:N	11	1.39