

Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

Jun 11, 2024 – 06:54 PM EDT

PDB ID : 2JVF BMRB ID : 15478

Title: Solution structure of M7, a computationally-designed artificial protein

Authors: Stordeur, C.; Dalluege, R.; Birkenmeier, O.; Wienk, H.; Rudolph, R.; Lange,

C.; Luecke, C.

Deposited on : 2007-09-19

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

wwPDB-RCI : v 1n 11 5 13 A (Berjanski et al., 2005)

PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)

wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

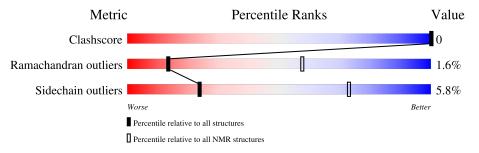
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 62%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	NMR archive		
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$		
Clashscore	158937	12864		
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451		
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428		

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	A	96	86%	8% •••



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 7 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues						
Well-defined core Residue range (total) Backbone RMSD (Å) Medoid mode						
1	A:1-A:92 (92)	0.93	7			

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters and 1 single-model cluster was found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20
2	3, 12
3	5, 15
Single-model clusters	14



3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 1541 atoms, of which 793 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called de novo protein M7.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace	
1	Λ	0.4	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0
$\begin{array}{ c c c c } \hline 1 & A & \end{array}$	94	1541	464	793	138	145	1	U	

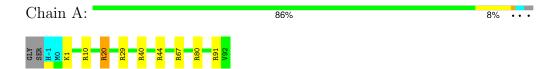


4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: de novo protein M7

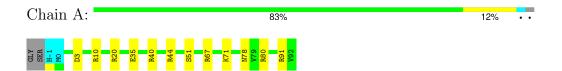


4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

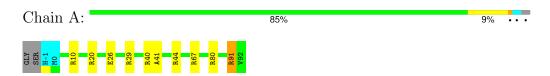
Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

• Molecule 1: de novo protein M7



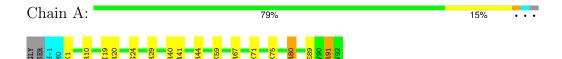
4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2





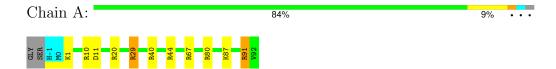
4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

• Molecule 1: de novo protein M7



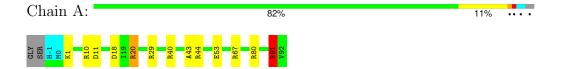
4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

• Molecule 1: de novo protein M7



4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

• Molecule 1: de novo protein M7

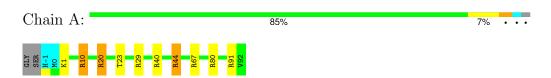


4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

• Molecule 1: de novo protein M7



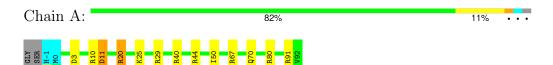
4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7 (medoid)





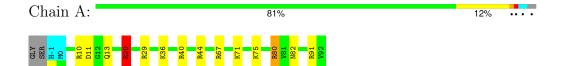
4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

• Molecule 1: de novo protein M7



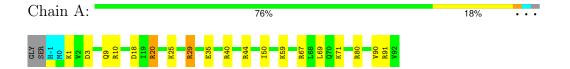
4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

• Molecule 1: de novo protein M7



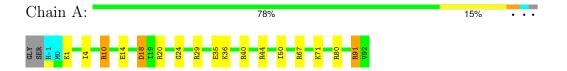
4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

• Molecule 1: de novo protein M7

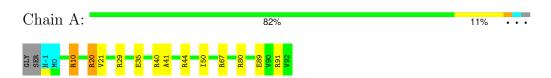


4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

• Molecule 1: de novo protein M7



4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12





4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

• Molecule 1: de novo protein M7



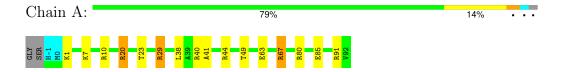
4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

• Molecule 1: de novo protein M7



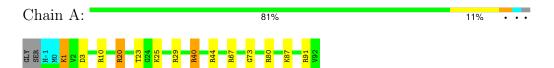
4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

• Molecule 1: de novo protein M7

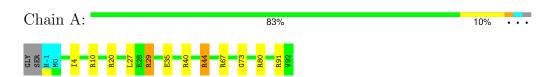


4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

• Molecule 1: de novo protein M7



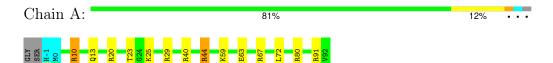
4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17





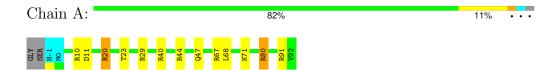
4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

• Molecule 1: de novo protein M7

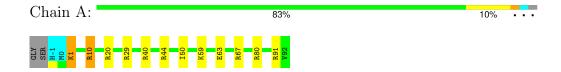


4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

• Molecule 1: de novo protein M7



4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20





5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: torsion angle dynamics.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: $target\ function$.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
DYANA	structure solution	1.5
Discover	refinement	2000

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	839
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	839
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	62%



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Chair	Chain	Е	Sond lengths	Bond angles		
	Chain	RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5	
1	A	1.14 ± 0.01	$0\pm0/730~(~0.0\pm~0.0\%)$	1.45 ± 0.03	$10\pm1/978~(~1.1\pm~0.1\%)$	
All	All	1.14	0/14600 (0.0%)	1.45	209/19560 (1.1%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	0.0 ± 0.0	0.8 ± 0.7
All	All	0	17

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Iol Chain F		Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$	Mod	dels
IVIOI	Chain	nes	Type	Atoms		Observed()	ideai()	Worst	Total		
1	A	20	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	10.91	125.75	120.30	10	20		
1	A	91	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	10.46	125.53	120.30	1	20		
1	A	10	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	10.17	125.39	120.30	7	20		
1	A	29	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	10.03	125.31	120.30	9	18		
1	A	40	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	9.96	125.28	120.30	6	20		
1	A	80	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	9.72	125.16	120.30	10	20		
1	A	44	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	9.35	124.97	120.30	8	20		
1	A	67	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	9.14	124.87	120.30	18	20		
1	A	91	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-8.48	116.06	120.30	7	13		
1	A	29	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-8.46	116.07	120.30	15	5		
1	A	20	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-7.54	116.53	120.30	16	8		
1	A	10	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.89	116.86	120.30	19	7		
1	A	44	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.83	116.89	120.30	9	7		
1	A	67	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.69	116.95	120.30	9	2		
1	A	80	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.86	117.37	120.30	3	3		

Continued on next page...



Continued	trom	mmoninonic	maaa
COHABABACA		DIEUIUU	DUIUE
0 0 1000100000			

Mol	Mol Chain Res		Thain Bog Type Atoms		$oxed{Z} oxed{\mathrm{Observed}}({}^o)$	$\mathrm{Ideal}(^{o})$	Models		
IVIOI	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	toms Z Observed()		ideai()	Worst	Total
1	A	51	SER	N-CA-CB	-5.81	101.79	110.50	1	1
1	A	40	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.41	117.60	120.30	2	3
1	A	1	LYS	CB-CA-C	5.33	121.05	110.40	16	1
1	A	4	ILE	CA-CB-CG1	5.14	120.76	111.00	17	1

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	20	ARG	Sidechain	6
1	A	91	ARG	Sidechain	3
1	A	80	ARG	Sidechain	2
1	A	29	ARG	Sidechain	2
1	A	44	ARG	Sidechain	1
1	A	18	ASP	Peptide	1
1	A	1	LYS	Peptide	1
1	A	40	ARG	Sidechain	1

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	730	777	777	0±0
All	All	14600	15540	15540	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 0.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance (Å)	Models	
Atom-1	Atom-2		Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:A:69:LEU:HD22	1:A:90:VAL:HG11	0.45	1.89	10	1



6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	A	91/96 (95%)	81±2 (89±2%)	9±2 (10±2%)	1±1 (2±1%)	13	57
All	All	1820/1920 (95%)	1614 (89%)	177 (10%)	29 (2%)	13	57

All 12 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	41	ALA	5
1	A	1	LYS	5
1	A	23	THR	5
1	A	11	ASP	3
1	A	24	GLY	2
1	A	25	LYS	2
1	A	73	GLY	2
1	A	26	GLU	1
1	A	43	ALA	1
1	A	2	VAL	1
1	A	21	VAL	1
1	A	27	LEU	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	79/82 (96%)	74±3 (94±3%)	5±3 (6±3%)	24 73
All	All	1580/1640 (96%)	1488 (94%)	92 (6%)	24 73

All 37 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	71	LYS	6
1	A	1	LYS	6
1	A	10	ARG	6
1	A	50	ILE	6
1	A	35	GLU	5
1	A	91	ARG	5
1	A	3	ASP	4
1	A	59	LYS	4
1	A	20	ARG	4
1	A	11	ASP	3
1	A	29	ARG	3
1	A	18	ASP	3
1	A	13	GLN	3
1	A	44	ARG	3
1	A	63	GLU	3
1	A	75	LYS	2
1	A	89	GLU	2
1	A	87	LYS	2
1	A	25	LYS	2
1	A	36	LYS	2
1	A	4	ILE	2
1	A	78	ASN	1
1	A	19	ILE	1
1	A	53	GLU	1
1	A	70	GLN	1
1	A	82	ASN	1
1	A	9	GLN	1
1	A	14	GLU	1
1	A	7	LYS	1
1	A	38	LEU	1
1	A	49	THR	1
1	A	67	ARG	1
1	A	85	GLU	1
1	A	72	LEU	1
1	A	47	GLN	1
1	A	68	LEU	1
1	A	80	ARG	1

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 62% for the well-defined parts and 62% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: assigned_chem_shift_list_1

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	839
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	839
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction \pm precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\mathrm{C}_{\alpha}$	0		None (insufficient data)
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	0		None (insufficient data)
¹³ C′	0		None (insufficient data)
^{15}N	93	-0.93 ± 0.22	Should be applied

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 62%, i.e. 824 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1332. 0 out of 18 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Backbone	281/465~(60%)	189/189 (100%)	0/184 (0%)	92/92 (100%)
Sidechain	539/858~(63%)	521/553 (94%)	0/263~(0%)	18/42 (43%)

Continued on next page...



Continued from previous page...

	Total	$^{1}\mathbf{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Aromatic	4/9 (44%)	4/4 (100%)	0/5 (0%)	0/0 (%)
Overall	824/1332 (62%)	714/746 (96%)	0/452 (0%)	110/134 (82%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 62%, i.e. 839 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1362. 0 out of 18 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}{ m H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Backbone	285/475~(60%)	192/193~(99%)	0/188 (0%)	93/94 (99%)
Sidechain	548/871 (63%)	530/562 (94%)	0/267~(0%)	18/42 (43%)
Aromatic	6/16~(38%)	6/8~(75%)	$0/7 \ (0\%)$	0/1 (0%)
Overall	839/1362 (62%)	728/763~(95%)	0/462 (0%)	111/137 (81%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports random coil index values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

