

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### Apr 2, 2024 – 01:45 PM JST

PDB ID : 8K7F

Title : Crystal structure of human lysosomal alpha-galactosidase A in complex with

(2R,3S,4R,5R)-2,5-bis(hydroxymethyl)pyrrolidine-3,4-diol

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Deposited on : 2023-07-26

Resolution : 1.98 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

 $Mol Probity \quad : \quad 4.02b\text{--}467$ 

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.36

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

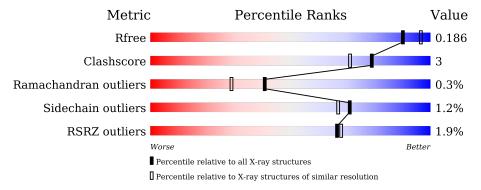
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.98 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries},\ {\rm resolution\ range}({\rm \AA})) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	11647 (2.00-1.96)
Clashscore	141614	1014 (1.98-1.98)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1006 (1.98-1.98)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1006 (1.98-1.98)
RSRZ outliers	127900	11410 (2.00-1.96)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	A	398	91%			7%	•	
1	В	398	3%			10%		
2	С	4	50%	50%				
2	Е	4	75%		25%			
3	D	2	100%				_	



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7126 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Alpha-galactosidase A.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	Δ	390	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1		550	3122	1988	534	574	26			
1	P	392	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	Б	392	3139	1998	537	577	27	U		

• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-mannopyranos e-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	С	4	Total 50	C 28			0	0	0
		,	Total					0	
2	2 E	4	50	28	2	20	0	0	0

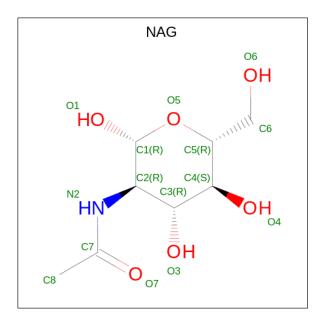
• Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-a cetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
3	D	2	Total 28	C 16	N 2	O 10	0	0	0

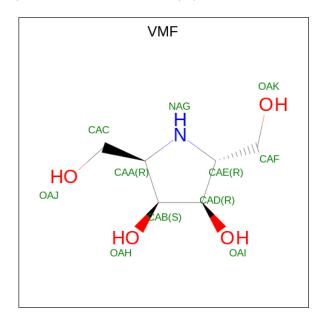
• Molecule 4 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula:  $C_8H_{15}NO_6$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0	0
4	В	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0	0
4	В	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0	0

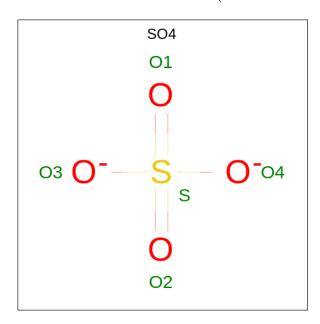
• Molecule 5 is  $(2 \{R\},3 \{R\},4 \{S\},5 \{R\})-2,5$ -bis(hydroxymethyl)pyrrolidine-3,4-diol (three-letter code: VMF) (formula:  $C_6H_{13}NO_4$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total C N 11 6 1		0	0
5	В	1	Total C N 11 6 1	O 4	0	0

 $\bullet$  Molecule 6 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula:  $\mathrm{O_4S}).$ 



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
6	В	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0

#### • Molecule 7 is water.

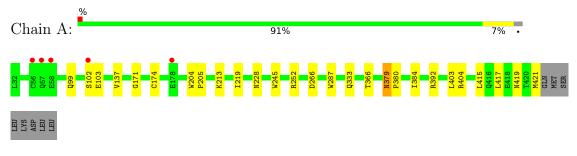
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	373	Total O 373 373	0	0
7	В	290	Total O 290 290	0	0



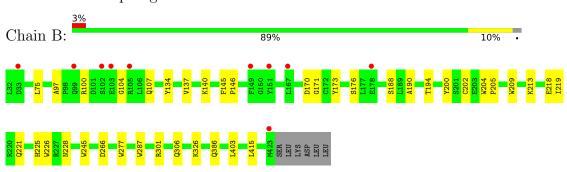
## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.





• Molecule 1: Alpha-galactosidase A



• Molecule 2: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



• Molecule 2: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



• Molecule 3: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



Chain D: 100%





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 32 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	90.61Å 90.61Å 216.66Å	Donositon
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $120.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	29.66 - 1.98	Depositor
Resolution (A)	29.66 - 1.98	EDS
% Data completeness	80.8 (29.66-1.98)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	71.0 (29.66-1.98)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.07	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	8.32 (at 1.98Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.19.2_4158	Depositor
D.D.	0.155 , 0.191	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.156 , $0.186$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1641 reflections (3.08%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	21.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.010	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.35, 54.0	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L > = 0.48, < L^2> = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.032 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	7126	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(\mathring{A}^2)$	32.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.74% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAG, VMF, SO4, MAN, BMA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.37	0/3209	0.61	0/4358	
1	В	0.35	0/3226	0.59	0/4380	
All	All	0.36	0/6435	0.60	0/8738	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3122	0	2981	15	0
1	В	3139	0	2998	20	0
2	С	50	0	43	0	0
2	Е	50	0	43	0	0
3	D	28	0	25	0	0
4	A	14	0	13	1	0
4	В	28	0	26	0	0
5	A	11	0	0	0	0
5	В	11	0	0	0	0
6	A	5	0	0	0	0
6	В	5	0	0	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
7	A	373	0	0	2	0
7	В	290	0	0	0	0
All	All	7126	0	6129	35	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

All (35) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

A + 1	A 4 a 2	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${\rm distance}(\mathring{\rm A})$	overlap (Å)
1:B:205:PRO:HG3	1:B:219:ILE:HD13	1.67	0.76
1:A:213:LYS:NZ	7:A:602:HOH:O	2.26	0.69
1:A:205:PRO:HG3	1:A:219:ILE:HD13	1.73	0.69
1:A:379:ASN:HD22	1:A:380:PRO:HA	1.58	0.68
1:A:419:ASN:OD1	1:A:421:MET:HG2	2.00	0.62
1:B:137:VAL:HG12	1:B:171:GLY:HA2	1.83	0.61
1:B:277:TRP:CZ3	1:B:306:GLN:HG2	2.38	0.59
1:A:102:SER:OG	1:A:103:GLU:OE2	2.21	0.58
1:B:228:ASN:HB3	1:B:245:TRP:CH2	2.40	0.57
1:B:204:TRP:HB3	1:B:205:PRO:HD3	1.88	0.56
1:B:209:TRP:CZ3	1:B:213:LYS:HD3	2.42	0.55
1:A:228:ASN:HB3	1:A:245:TRP:CH2	2.42	0.54
1:B:145:PHE:HB3	1:B:146:PRO:HD2	1.91	0.52
1:A:204:TRP:HB3	1:A:205:PRO:HD3	1.92	0.52
1:A:366:THR:HG22	1:A:404:ARG:HG3	1.92	0.52
1:B:140:LYS:HB2	1:B:173:TYR:CD2	2.45	0.52
1:A:174:CYS:HA	4:A:501:NAG:H81	1.93	0.49
1:A:213:LYS:HD2	1:A:252:ARG:NH2	2.28	0.49
1:B:209:TRP:HZ3	1:B:213:LYS:HD3	1.78	0.48
1:A:137:VAL:HG12	1:A:171:GLY:HA2	1.96	0.48
1:B:218:GLU:O	1:B:221:GLN:HB2	2.15	0.47
1:B:190:ALA:O	1:B:194:THR:HG23	2.16	0.45
1:A:403:LEU:HD21	1:A:415:LEU:CD1	2.47	0.45
1:A:99:GLN:HG2	7:A:858:HOH:O	2.16	0.44
1:B:403:LEU:HD21	1:B:415:LEU:HD13	1.99	0.44
1:B:100:ARG:HD3	1:B:104:GLY:O	2.17	0.44
1:B:202:CYS:O	1:B:226:TRP:HA	2.18	0.44
1:B:403:LEU:HD21	1:B:415:LEU:CD1	2.49	0.43
1:A:366:THR:HA	1:A:403:LEU:O	2.20	0.42
1:A:384:ILE:HG12	1:A:417:LEU:HG	2.02	0.42
1:B:75:LEU:CD1	1:B:301:ARG:HG2	2.49	0.42

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
		$\operatorname{distance}\left(\mathrm{\AA}\right)$	overlap (Å)
1:B:97:ALA:HB3	1:B:107:GLN:HG3	2.02	0.41
1:B:188:SER:HB2	1:B:200:TYR:CE2	2.55	0.41
1:B:386:GLN:HA	1:B:415:LEU:HD23	2.02	0.41
1:B:134:TYR:CE2	1:B:170:ASP:HB2	2.57	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured Allowed		Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	388/398 (98%)	378 (97%)	9 (2%)	1 (0%)	41 29		
1	В	390/398 (98%)	381 (98%)	8 (2%)	1 (0%)	41 29		
All	All	778/796 (98%)	759 (98%)	17 (2%)	2 (0%)	41 29		

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	266	ASP
1	В	266	ASP

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

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	v	1 0			
Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	331/339 (98%)	327 (99%)	4 (1%)	71 67
1	В	333/339 (98%)	329 (99%)	4 (1%)	71 67
All	All	664/678 (98%)	656 (99%)	8 (1%)	71 67

All (8) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	287	TRP
1	A	333	GLN
1	A	379	ASN
1	A	392	ARG
1	В	176	SER
1	В	225	HIS
1	В	287	TRP
1	В	326	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	379	ASN
1	В	221	GLN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

10 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The



Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type Chain Res Link			Вс	ond leng	ths	Bond angles			
MIOI	туре	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	NAG	С	1	1,2	14,14,15	0.45	0	17,19,21	0.36	0
2	NAG	С	2	2	14,14,15	0.33	0	17,19,21	0.62	0
2	BMA	С	3	2	11,11,12	1.05	1 (9%)	15,15,17	1.36	1 (6%)
2	MAN	С	4	2	11,11,12	1.09	1 (9%)	15,15,17	1.12	2 (13%)
3	NAG	D	1	3,1	14,14,15	0.44	0	17,19,21	0.75	0
3	NAG	D	2	3	14,14,15	0.54	0	17,19,21	0.42	0
2	NAG	Е	1	1,2	14,14,15	0.24	0	17,19,21	0.54	0
2	NAG	Е	2	2	14,14,15	0.49	0	17,19,21	0.49	0
2	BMA	Е	3	2	11,11,12	0.66	0	15,15,17	0.75	0
2	MAN	Е	4	2	11,11,12	0.97	1 (9%)	15,15,17	1.02	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	С	1	1,2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	С	2	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	BMA	С	3	2	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	MAN	С	4	2	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	D	1	3,1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	D	2	3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	Ε	1	1,2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	${ m E}$	2	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	BMA	Ε	3	2	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	MAN	Е	4	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$Ideal(\AA)$
2	С	4	MAN	C1-C2	2.84	1.58	1.52
2	С	3	BMA	C4-C5	2.26	1.57	1.53
2	Е	4	MAN	C4-C3	2.08	1.57	1.52

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^{o})$
2	С	3	BMA	C1-C2-C3	-3.76	105.04	109.67
2	С	4	MAN	C1-O5-C5	2.20	115.17	112.19
2	С	4	MAN	C1-C2-C3	2.16	112.33	109.67

There are no chirality outliers.

All (11) torsion outliers are listed below:

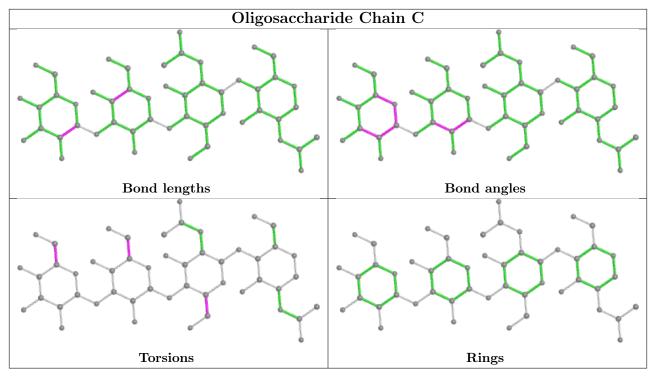
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	С	4	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	С	3	BMA	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	С	4	MAN	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	С	3	BMA	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	Е	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	Е	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	D	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	D	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	Е	3	BMA	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	С	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	С	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

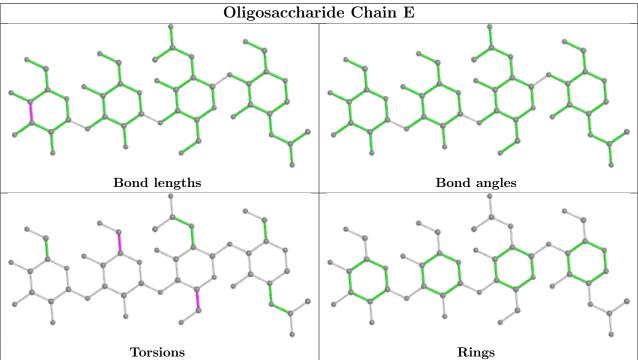
There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

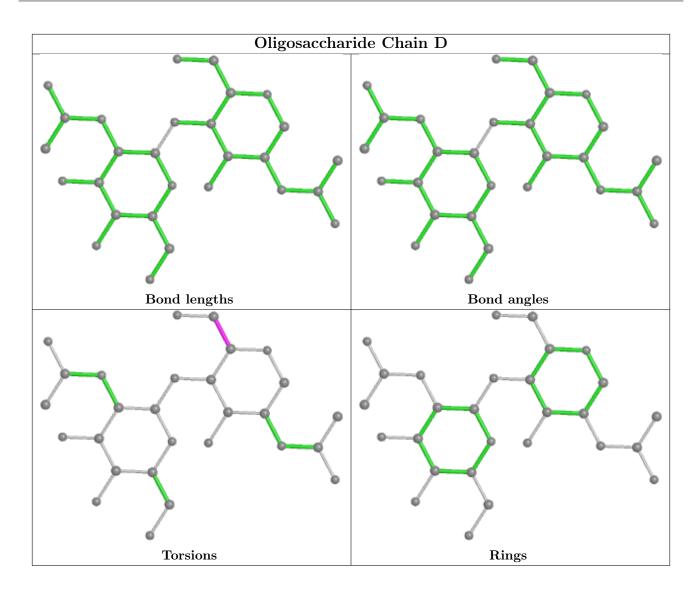
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.











## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

7 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Type		Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Mol Type Chain I	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	
6	SO4	В	504	-	4,4,4	0.13	0	6,6,6	0.12	0
6	SO4	A	503	-	4,4,4	0.13	0	6,6,6	0.09	0
4	NAG	В	501	1	14,14,15	0.38	0	17,19,21	0.38	0



Mol	Trino	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
Mol Type	Chain	nes	Les Lillk	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	
5	VMF	A	502	-	11,11,11	0.41	0	12,15,15	1.34	1 (8%)
4	NAG	В	502	1	14,14,15	0.57	0	17,19,21	0.52	0
4	NAG	A	501	1	14,14,15	0.68	0	17,19,21	0.60	0
5	VMF	В	503	-	11,11,11	0.71	0	12,15,15	1.30	1 (8%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	NAG	В	501	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	VMF	A	502	-	-	0/4/20/20	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	В	502	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	A	501	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	VMF	В	503	-	-	0/4/20/20	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
5	В	503	VMF	CAC-CAA-CAB	-2.69	108.92	113.67
5	A	502	VMF	CAD-CAB-CAA	-2.65	98.35	102.55

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	501	NAG	1	0

## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.



# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	390/398 (97%)	-0.47	5 (1%) 77 78	11, 23, 44, 74	0
1	В	392/398~(98%)	-0.19	10 (2%) 56 58	11, 31, 62, 99	0
All	All	782/796 (98%)	-0.33	15 (1%) 66 68	11, 26, 56, 99	0

All (15) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	58	GLU	4.2
1	В	103	GLU	3.9
1	В	423	MET	3.5
1	В	102	SER	3.5
1	В	149	PHE	3.2
1	В	99	GLN	3.2
1	A	57	GLN	2.9
1	В	167	LEU	2.8
1	В	151	TYR	2.7
1	A	102	SER	2.5
1	В	33	ASP	2.3
1	A	178	GLU	2.2
1	В	105	ARG	2.2
1	В	178	GLU	2.2
1	A	56	CYS	2.1

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

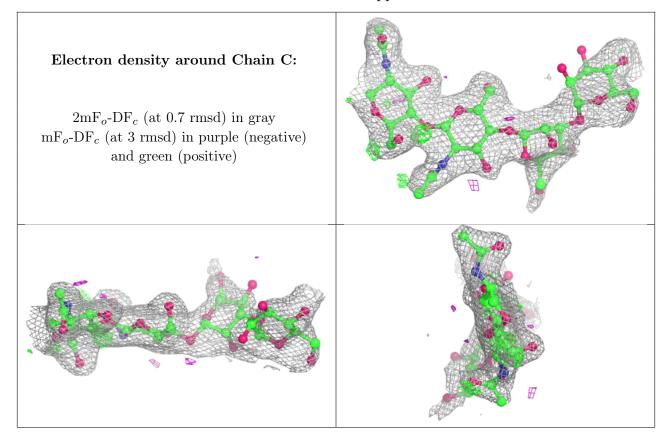


## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
2	MAN	С	4	11/12	0.56	0.36	95,101,108,109	0
2	BMA	Е	3	11/12	0.76	0.29	85,91,102,111	0
3	NAG	D	2	14/15	0.79	0.35	77,84,88,92	0
2	MAN	Е	4	11/12	0.81	0.23	74,85,95,98	0
2	BMA	С	3	11/12	0.81	0.34	76,88,99,105	0
2	NAG	Е	1	14/15	0.91	0.13	38,49,61,63	0
2	NAG	Е	2	14/15	0.93	0.21	60,68,79,82	0
2	NAG	С	1	14/15	0.94	0.09	29,36,43,44	0
3	NAG	D	1	14/15	0.95	0.19	44,58,72,77	0
2	NAG	С	2	14/15	0.96	0.14	32,49,61,68	0

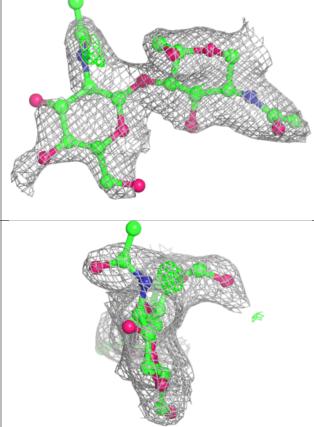
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

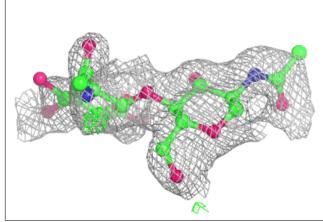




# Electron density around Chain E: $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${ m mF}_o{ m -DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive) Electron density around Chain D:

 $2 {
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  ${
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)







# 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
4	NAG	В	501	14/15	0.68	0.32	77,97,103,103	0
4	NAG	A	501	14/15	0.85	0.20	47,63,70,72	0
4	NAG	В	502	14/15	0.89	0.28	75,82,88,92	0
5	VMF	В	503	11/11	0.96	0.11	25,32,38,39	0
5	VMF	A	502	11/11	0.98	0.09	17,24,26,27	0
6	SO4	В	504	5/5	0.98	0.11	49,52,62,70	0
6	SO4	A	503	5/5	0.99	0.06	38,40,54,56	0

# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

