



# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 5, 2026 – 08:55 PM UTC

PDB ID : 9K7E / pdb\_00009k7e  
Title : Crystal structure of T2R-TTL-taccalonolide Y8 complex  
Authors : Yu, Q.W.; Wang, Y.X.  
Deposited on : 2024-10-23  
Resolution : 2.45 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0  
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 2.0  
EDS : 3.0  
Buster-report : wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)  
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)  
CCP4 : 9.0.010 (Gargrove)  
Density-Fitness : 1.0.12  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

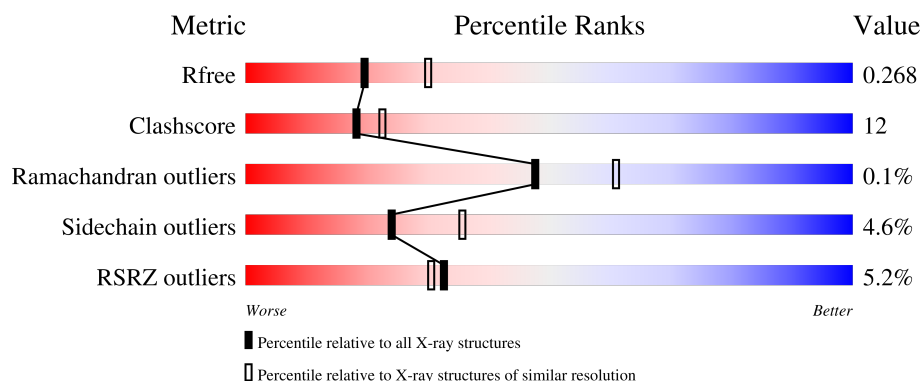
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.45 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.




Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	180053	1190 (2.46-2.46)
Clashscore	190562	1229 (2.46-2.46)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	1218 (2.46-2.46)
Sidechain outliers	187428	1218 (2.46-2.46)
RSRZ outliers	180081	1190 (2.46-2.46)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	440	<div> <div>2%</div> <div>76%</div> <div>22%</div> <div>..</div> </div>
1	C	440	<div> <div>%</div> <div>81%</div> <div>18%</div> <div>.</div> </div>
2	B	431	<div> <div>3%</div> <div>80%</div> <div>18%</div> <div>..</div> </div>
2	D	431	<div> <div>6%</div> <div>65%</div> <div>30%</div> <div>..</div> </div>
3	E	143	<div> <div>6%</div> <div>65%</div> <div>16%</div> <div>15%</div> </div>

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
4	F	380	 A horizontal bar chart showing the quality of chain F. The bar is divided into four segments: red (13%), green (58%), yellow (26%), and grey (14%). The segments are labeled with their respective percentages: 13%, 58%, 26%, and 14%. A small black dot is visible on the yellow segment.

## 2 Entry composition

There are 12 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 17393 atoms, of which 33 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Detyrosinated tubulin alpha-1B chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	437	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3405	2154	580	649	22			
1	C	440	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3433	2172	583	656	22			

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Tubulin beta-2B chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	427	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3351	2104	572	649	26			
2	D	421	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3300	2076	559	638	27			

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Stathmin-4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	E	121	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1000	617	181	197	5			

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
E	3	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP P63043
E	4	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP P63043

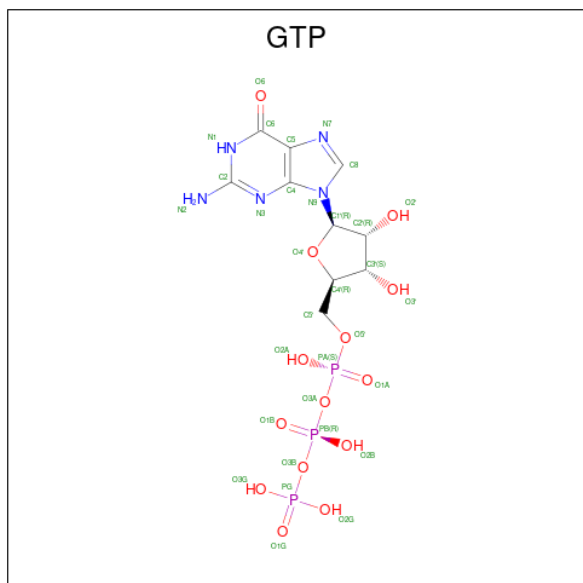
- Molecule 4 is a protein called Tubulin-tyrosine ligase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	F	326	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2658	1708	453	483	14			

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
F	379	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A8C9FGJ1
F	380	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A8C9FGJ1

- Molecule 5 is GUANOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (CCD ID: GTP) (formula:  $C_{10}H_{16}N_5O_{14}P_3$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total	C	N	O	P	32	0
			32	10	5	14	3		
5	C	1	Total	C	N	O	P	32	0
			32	10	5	14	3		

- Molecule 6 is CALCIUM ION (CCD ID: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total	Ca	1	0
			1	1		
6	C	1	Total	Ca	1	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 7 is MAGNESIUM ION (CCD ID: MG) (formula: Mg).

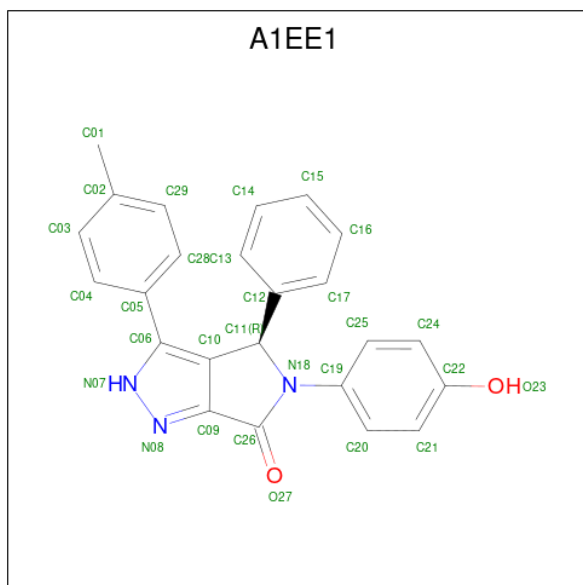
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	1	Total	Mg	1	0
			1	1		
7	B	1	Total	Mg	1	0
			1	1		

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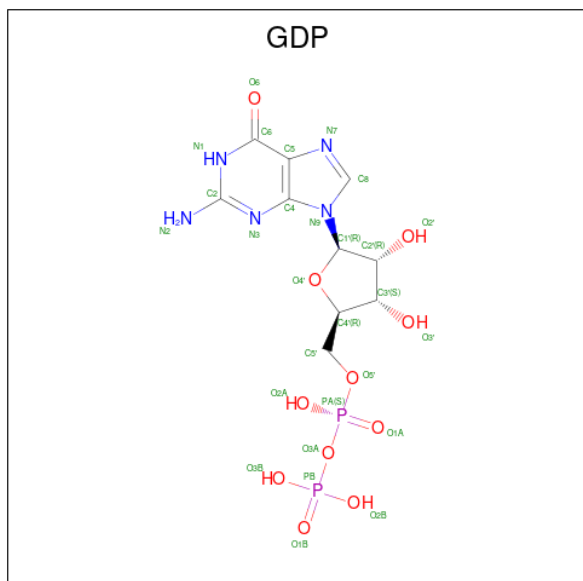
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	C	1	Total	Mg	1	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 8 is (4 {R})-5-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-3-(4-methylphenyl)-4-phenyl-2,4-dihydropyrrolo [3,4-c]pyrazol-6-one (CCD ID: A1EE1) (formula:  $C_{24}H_{19}N_3O_2$ ).



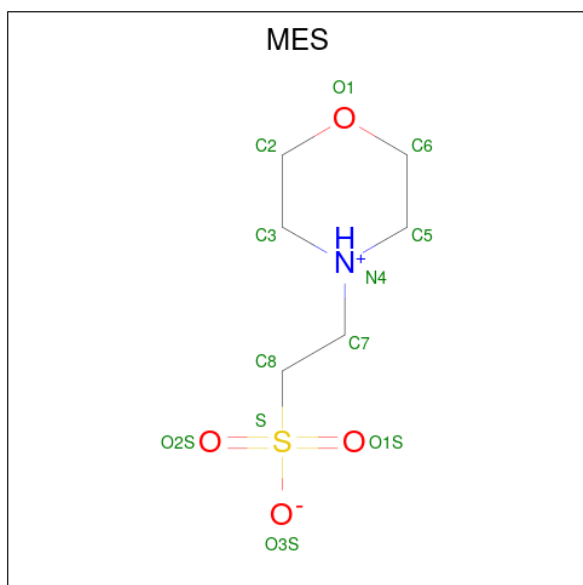
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	B	1	Total	C	H	N	O	0	0
			48	24	19	3	2		

- Molecule 9 is GUANOSINE-5'-DIPHOSPHATE (CCD ID: GDP) (formula:  $C_{10}H_{15}N_5O_{11}P_2$ ).



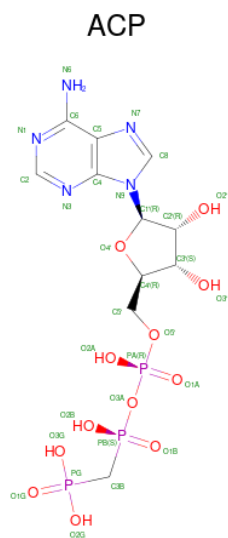
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	B	1	Total	C	N	O	P	28	0
			28	10	5	11	2		
9	D	1	Total	C	N	O	P	28	0
			28	10	5	11	2		

- Molecule 10 is 2-(N-MORPHOLINO)-ETHANESULFONIC ACID (CCD ID: MES) (formula: C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>13</sub>NO<sub>4</sub>S).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
10	B	1	Total	C	N	O	S	12	0
			12	6	1	4	1		
10	B	1	Total	C	N	O	S	12	0
			12	6	1	4	1		

- Molecule 11 is PHOSPHOMETHYLPHOSPHONIC ACID ADENYLATE ESTER (CCD ID: ACP) (formula: C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>18</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>12</sub>P<sub>3</sub>) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	
11	F	1	Total	C	H	N	O	P	45	0
			45	11	14	5	12	3		

- Molecule 12 is water.

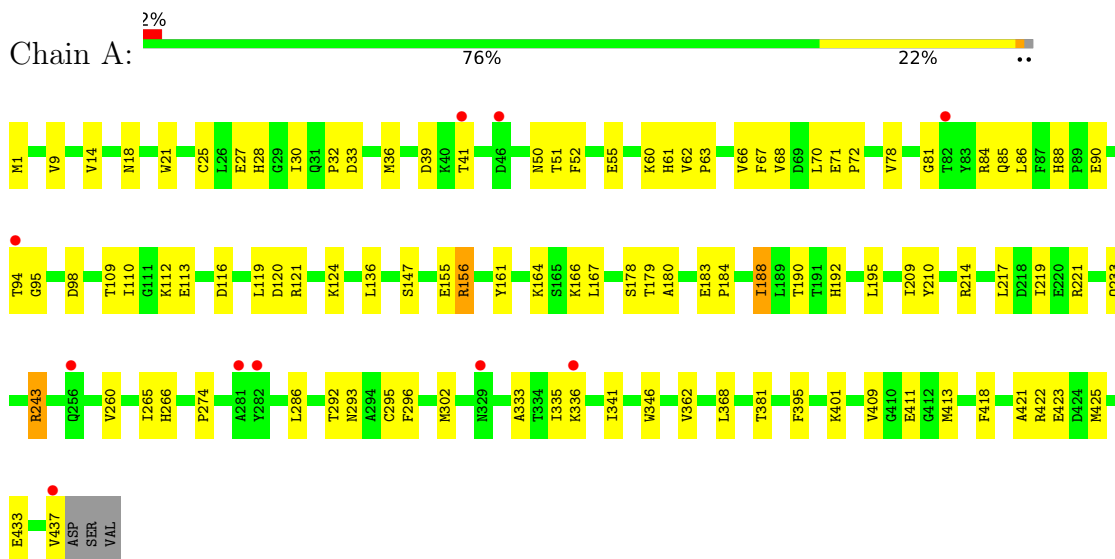
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
12	B	4	Total O 4 4	0	0



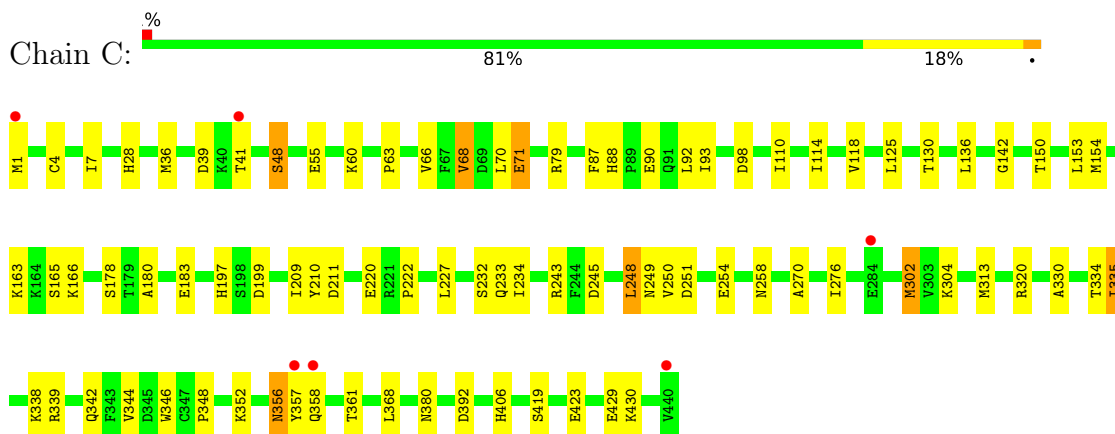
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

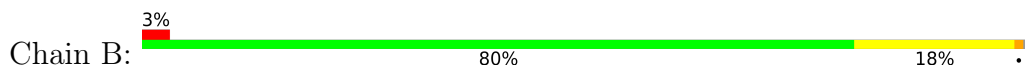
- Molecule 1: Detyrosinated tubulin alpha-1B chain

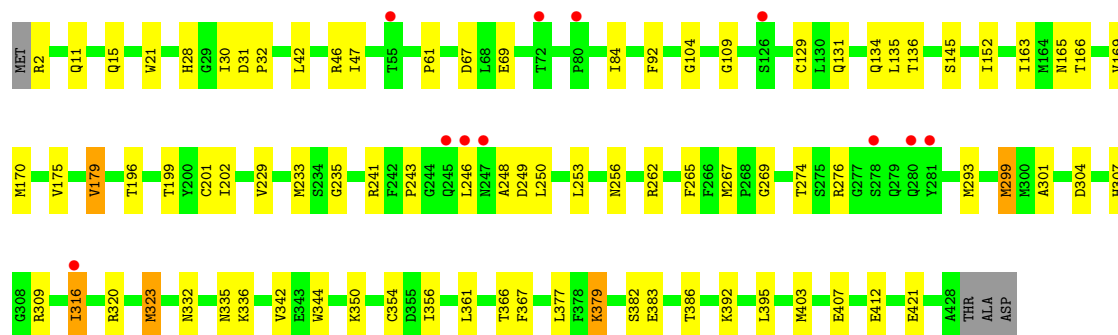


- Molecule 1: Detyrosinated tubulin alpha-1B chain

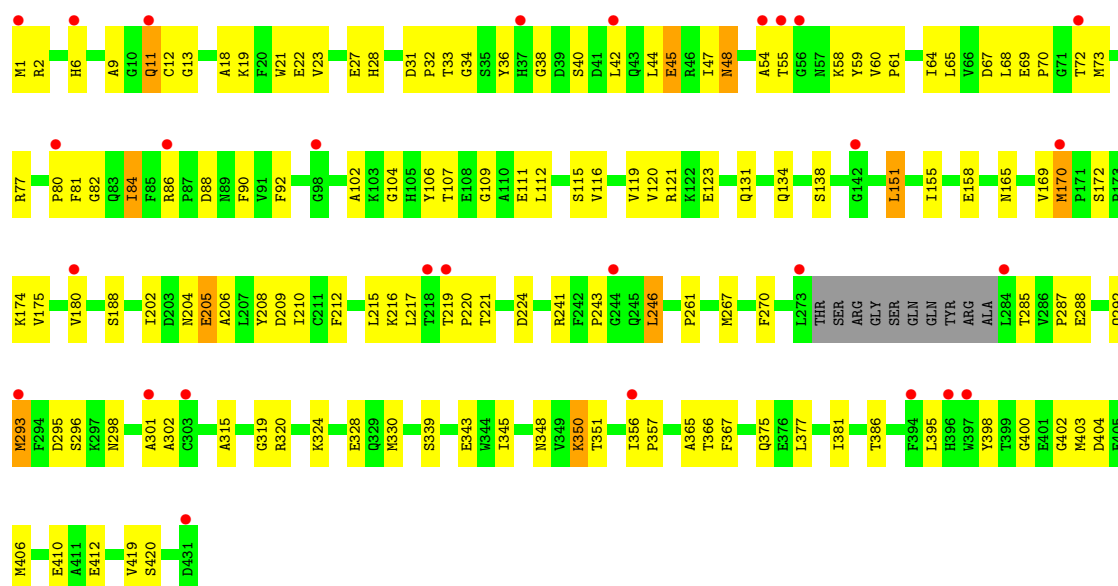


- Molecule 2: Tubulin beta-2B chain

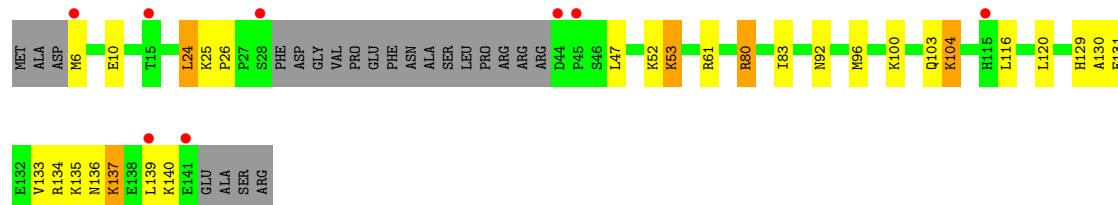




• Molecule 2: Tubulin beta-2B chain

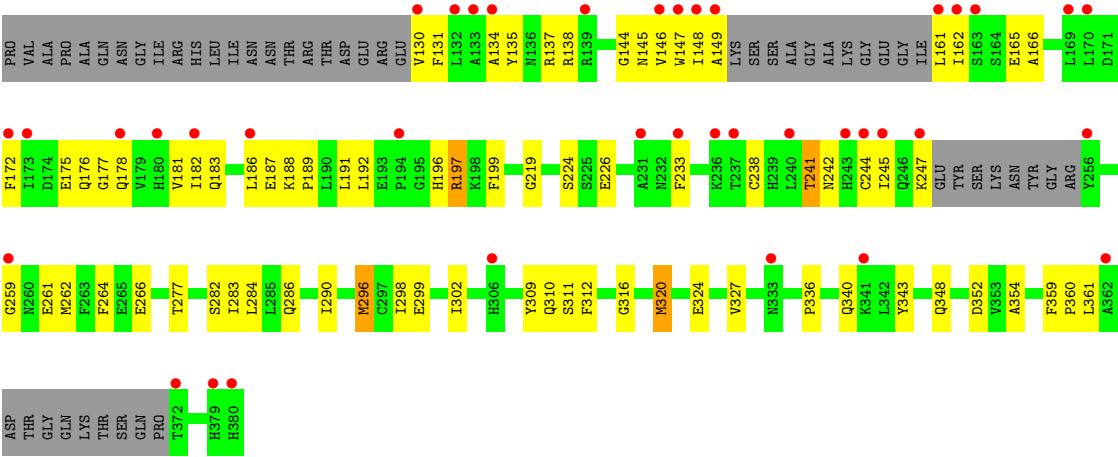


• Molecule 3: Stathmin-4



• Molecule 4: Tubulin-tyrosine ligase





## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	104.83Å 157.19Å 181.65Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	52.43 – 2.45 52.43 – 2.45	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	100.0 (52.43-2.45) 99.9 (52.43-2.45)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	1.94 (at 2.45Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (1.21_5207: ???)	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.214 , 0.267 0.214 , 0.268	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2000 reflections (1.81%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	52.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.159	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.33 , 41.7	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.51$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.34$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	17393	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	65.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 2.52% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CA, ACP, GTP, GDP, MG, MES, A1EE1

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.37	0/3482	0.53	0/4728
1	C	0.45	0/3511	0.61	0/4768
2	B	0.43	0/3426	0.55	0/4643
2	D	0.29	0/3373	0.47	0/4570
3	E	0.40	0/1008	0.52	0/1337
4	F	0.28	0/2719	0.43	0/3678
All	All	0.37	0/17519	0.53	0/23724

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
2	D	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
2	D	55	THR	Peptide

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within

the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3405	0	3313	84	0
1	C	3433	0	3337	53	0
2	B	3351	0	3216	66	0
2	D	3300	0	3175	130	0
3	E	1000	0	1018	22	0
4	F	2658	0	2609	78	0
5	A	32	0	12	0	0
5	C	32	0	12	0	0
6	A	1	0	0	0	0
6	C	1	0	0	0	0
7	A	1	0	0	0	0
7	B	1	0	0	0	0
7	C	1	0	0	0	0
8	B	29	19	0	5	0
9	B	28	0	12	0	0
9	D	28	0	12	0	0
10	B	24	0	26	0	0
11	F	31	14	14	0	0
12	B	4	0	0	2	0
All	All	17360	33	16756	410	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 12.

The worst 5 of 410 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:D:267:MET:HG3	2:D:301:ALA:HB3	1.40	1.02
1:A:336:LYS:HD2	3:E:24:LEU:HD23	1.45	0.98
1:C:249:ASN:OD1	1:C:356:ASN:ND2	1.98	0.95
2:D:60:VAL:HG11	2:D:86:ARG:HG3	1.49	0.94
4:F:186:LEU:HD12	4:F:320:MET:HG2	1.56	0.86

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	435/440 (99%)	418 (96%)	17 (4%)	0	100	100
1	C	438/440 (100%)	423 (97%)	15 (3%)	0	100	100
2	B	425/431 (99%)	413 (97%)	12 (3%)	0	100	100
2	D	417/431 (97%)	399 (96%)	17 (4%)	1 (0%)	43	54
3	E	117/143 (82%)	114 (97%)	3 (3%)	0	100	100
4	F	316/380 (83%)	299 (95%)	16 (5%)	1 (0%)	36	45
All	All	2148/2265 (95%)	2066 (96%)	80 (4%)	2 (0%)	48	61

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
4	F	102	PRO
2	D	11	GLN

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	366/371 (99%)	359 (98%)	7 (2%)	50	64
1	C	370/371 (100%)	355 (96%)	15 (4%)	27	40
2	B	367/372 (99%)	354 (96%)	13 (4%)	32	46
2	D	362/372 (97%)	344 (95%)	18 (5%)	22	32
3	E	109/127 (86%)	97 (89%)	12 (11%)	6	5

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
4	F	290/338 (86%)	269 (93%)	21 (7%)	13	17
All	All	1864/1951 (96%)	1778 (95%)	86 (5%)	24	36

5 of 86 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	E	80	ARG
4	F	32	LYS
3	E	104	LYS
4	F	1	MET
4	F	88	SER

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 25 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	D	48	ASN
4	F	26	GLN
4	F	379	HIS
2	D	329	GLN
4	F	145	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 13 ligands modelled in this entry, 5 are monoatomic - leaving 8 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and



the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
9	GDP	B	502	-	29,30,30	1.17	3 (10%)	45,47,47	1.77	7 (15%)
10	MES	B	503	-	12,12,12	1.15	1 (8%)	15,16,16	0.67	0
5	GTP	C	501	7	33,34,34	0.98	2 (6%)	50,54,54	1.57	9 (18%)
9	GDP	D	501	-	29,30,30	1.17	4 (13%)	45,47,47	1.77	7 (15%)
11	ACP	F	401	-	31,33,33	2.01	2 (6%)	47,52,52	0.96	3 (6%)
5	GTP	A	501	7	33,34,34	0.98	1 (3%)	50,54,54	1.57	9 (18%)
10	MES	B	504	-	12,12,12	1.14	1 (8%)	15,16,16	0.67	0
8	A1EE1	B	501	-	33,33,33	1.92	6 (18%)	45,48,48	2.99	16 (35%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
9	GDP	B	502	-	-	3/16/32/32	0/3/3/3
10	MES	B	503	-	-	0/6/14/14	0/1/1/1
5	GTP	C	501	7	-	6/22/38/38	0/3/3/3
9	GDP	D	501	-	-	2/16/32/32	0/3/3/3
11	ACP	F	401	-	-	1/19/38/38	0/3/3/3
5	GTP	A	501	7	-	8/22/38/38	0/3/3/3
10	MES	B	504	-	-	0/6/14/14	0/1/1/1
8	A1EE1	B	501	-	-	0/12/28/28	0/5/5/5

The worst 5 of 20 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
11	F	401	ACP	PB-O3A	10.09	1.69	1.58
8	B	501	A1EE1	C26-N18	6.06	1.44	1.37
8	B	501	A1EE1	C09-C26	4.39	1.55	1.45
8	B	501	A1EE1	C05-C06	-4.16	1.41	1.47
8	B	501	A1EE1	C11-N18	-3.94	1.43	1.47

The worst 5 of 51 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
8	B	501	A1EE1	C10-C11-N18	9.74	109.06	101.99
8	B	501	A1EE1	C12-C11-N18	-6.76	105.14	112.79
8	B	501	A1EE1	C05-C06-N07	6.38	129.32	121.23
9	B	502	GDP	C5-C4-N3	-6.15	118.60	128.39
9	D	501	GDP	C5-C4-N3	-6.00	118.84	128.39

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 20 torsion outliers are listed below:

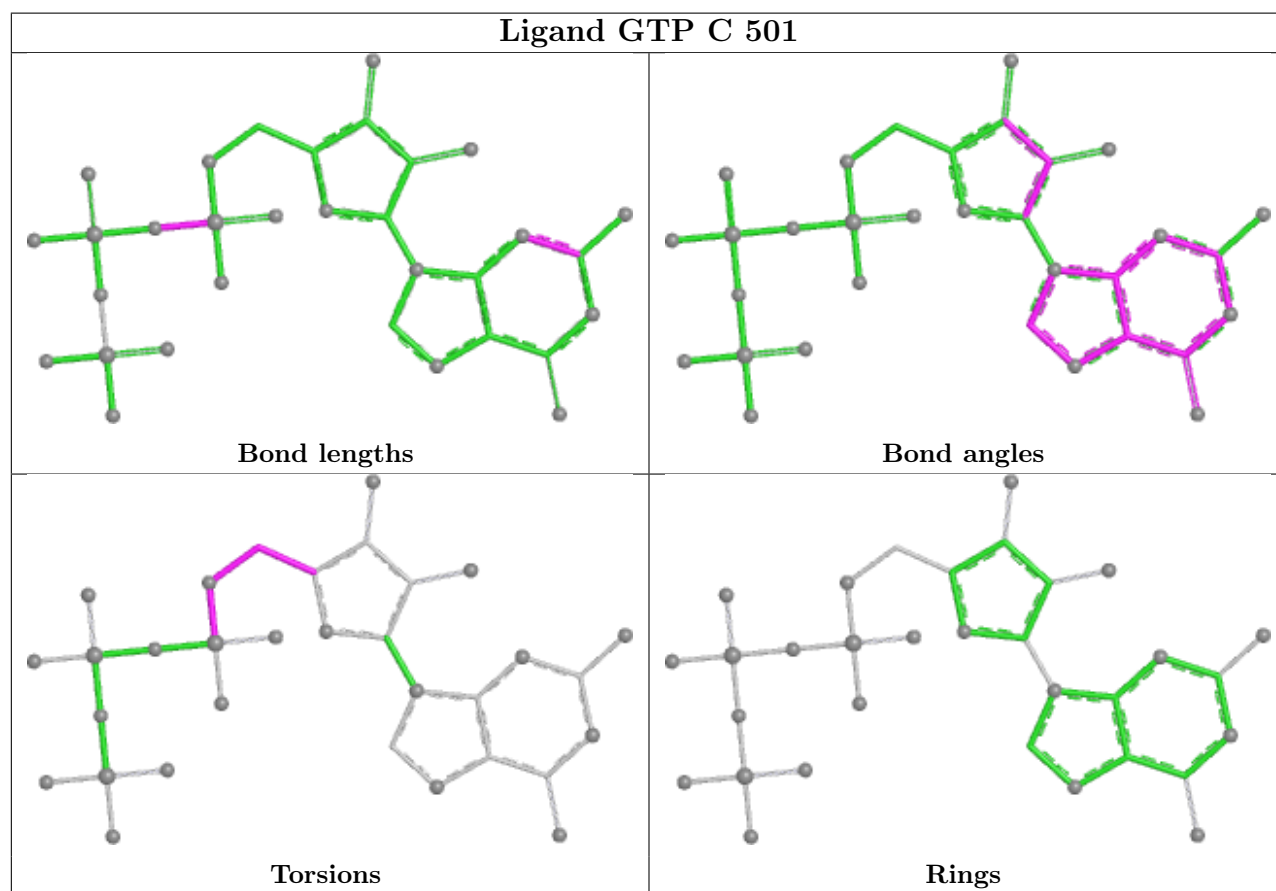
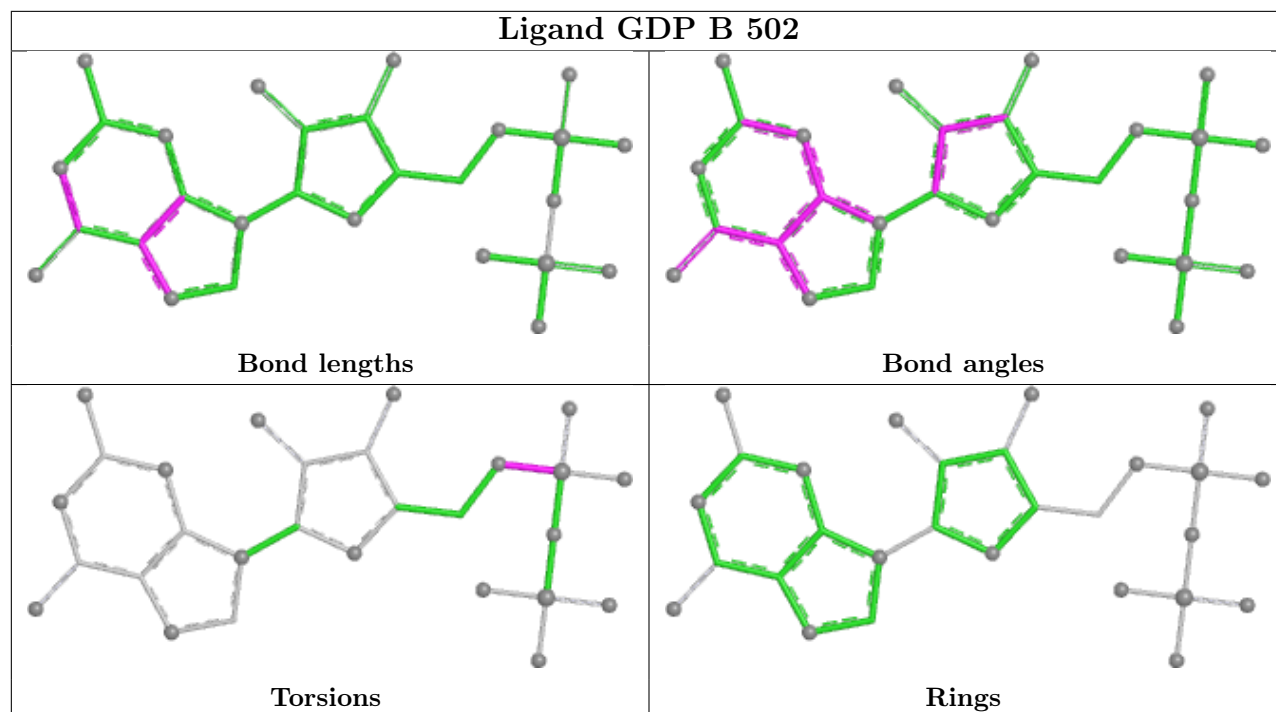
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	A	501	GTP	PB-O3B-PG-O2G
5	A	501	GTP	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A
5	A	501	GTP	C5'-O5'-PA-O2A
5	C	501	GTP	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A
5	C	501	GTP	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A

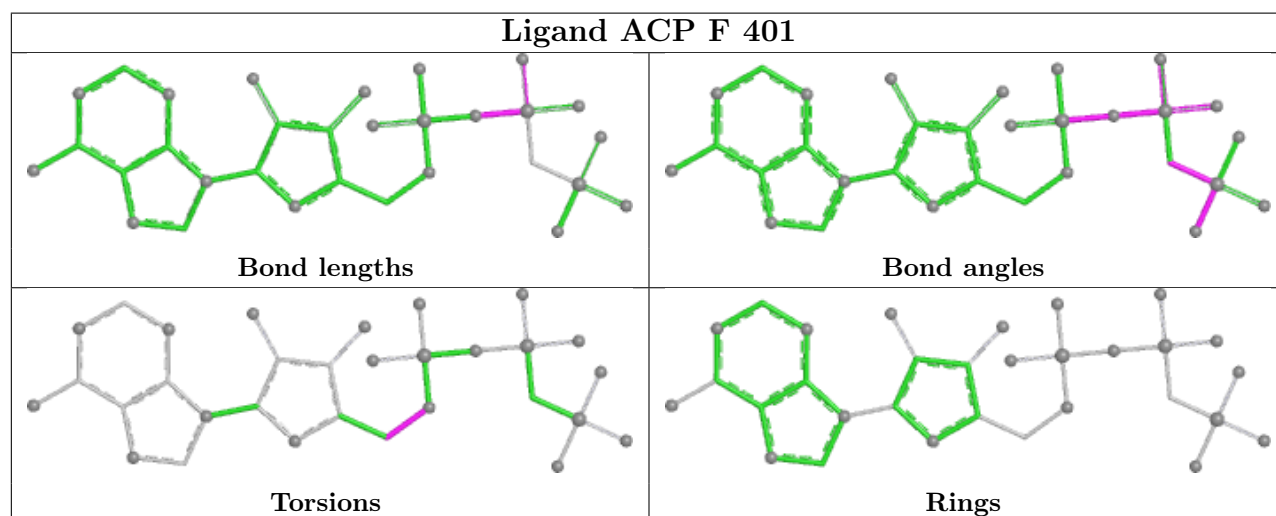
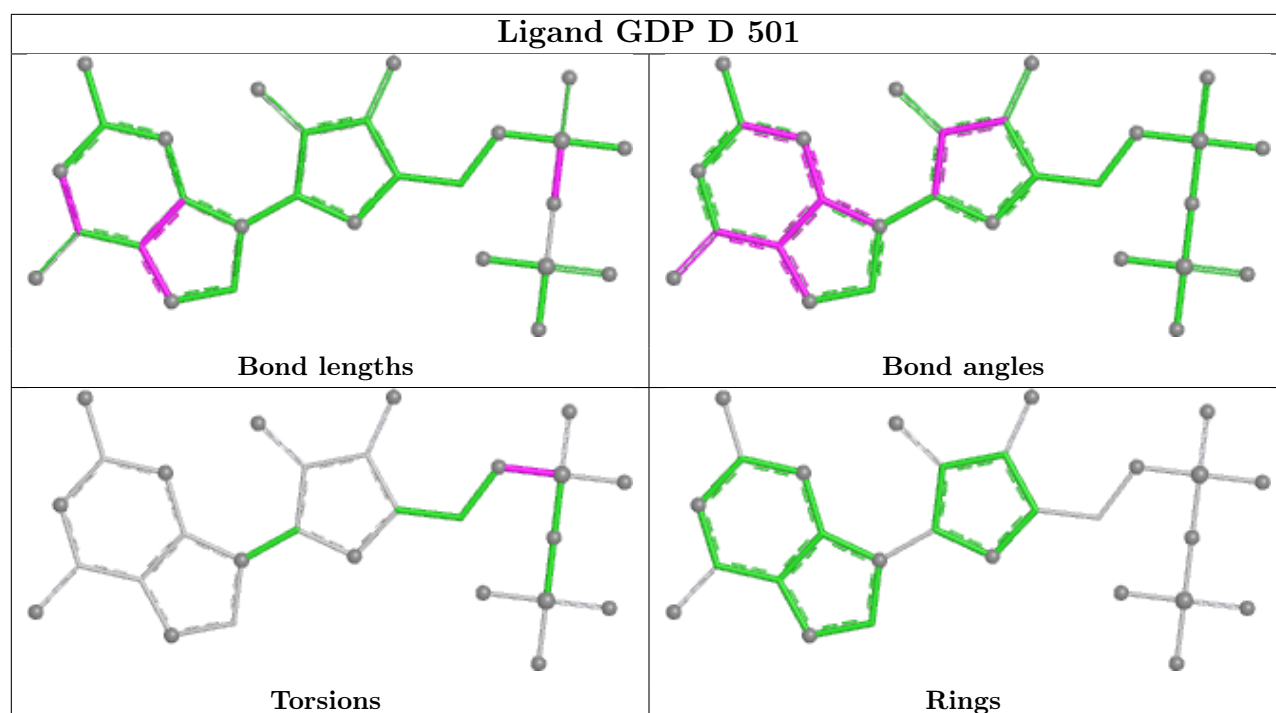
There are no ring outliers.

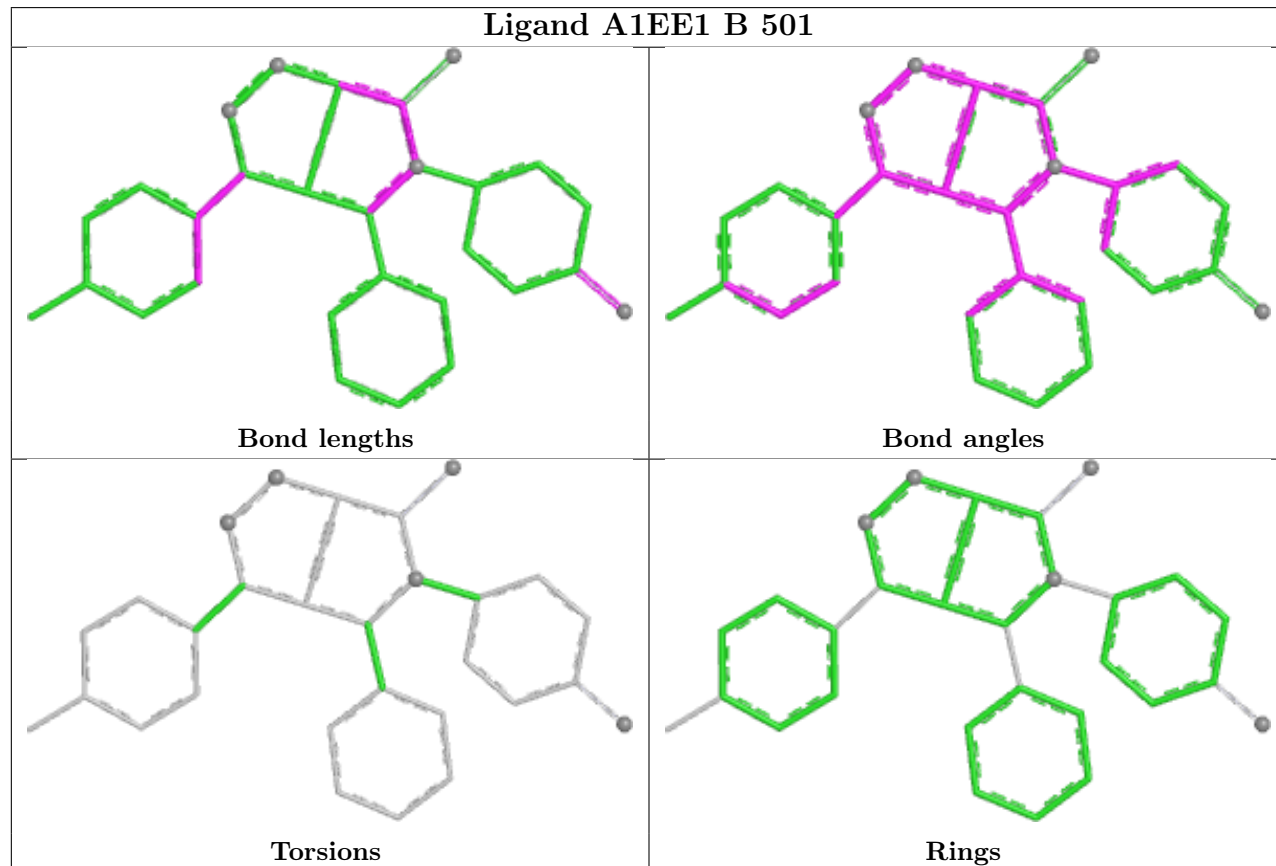
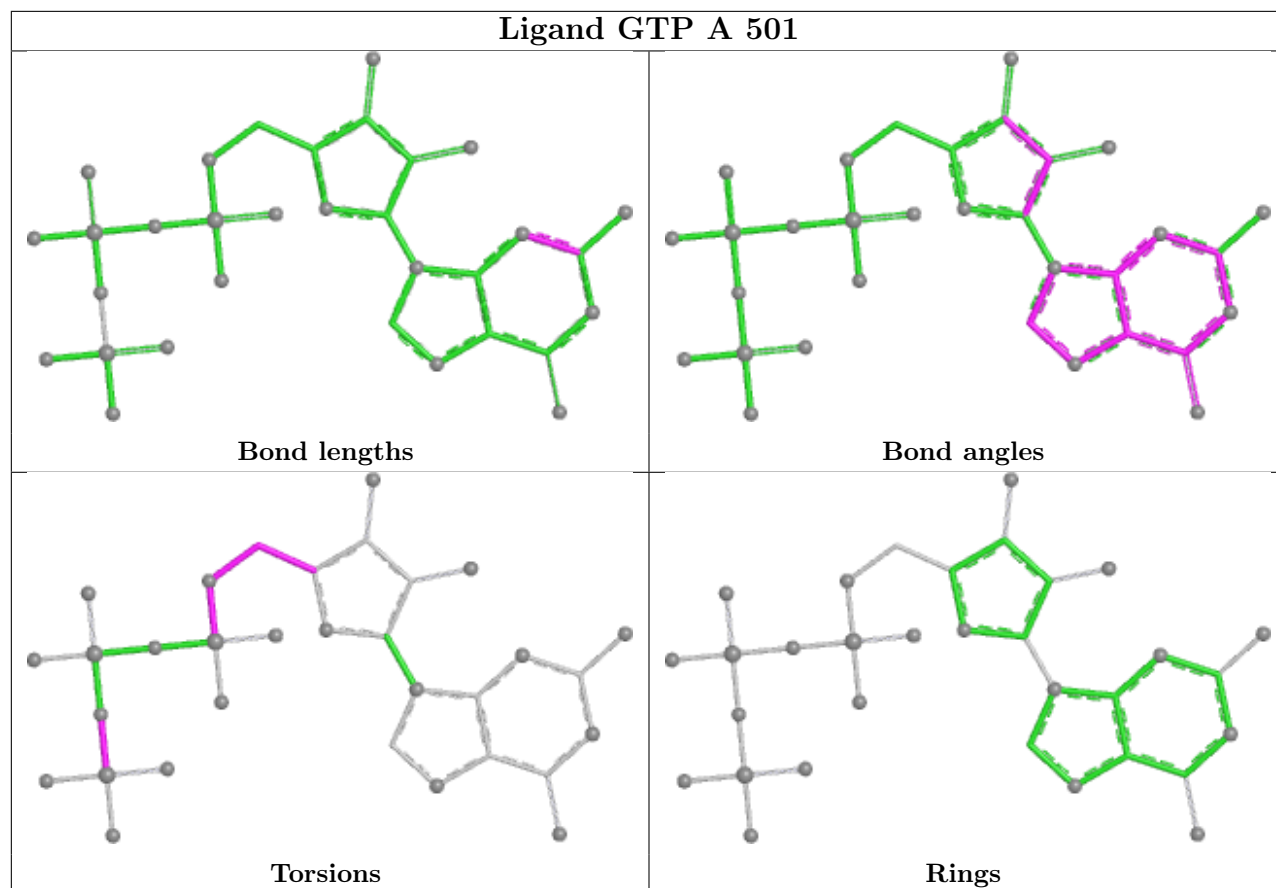
1 monomer is involved in 5 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
8	B	501	A1EE1	5	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.







## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	437/440 (99%)	0.20	10 (2%) 61 63	41, 58, 90, 108	0
1	C	440/440 (100%)	-0.09	6 (1%) 73 75	31, 46, 68, 90	0
2	B	427/431 (99%)	0.14	11 (2%) 57 58	35, 53, 87, 139	0
2	D	421/431 (97%)	0.63	28 (6%) 24 21	45, 74, 107, 144	0
3	E	121/143 (84%)	0.65	8 (6%) 24 22	47, 66, 100, 121	0
4	F	326/380 (85%)	0.91	49 (15%) 5 4	52, 84, 144, 167	0
All	All	2172/2265 (95%)	0.34	112 (5%) 33 30	31, 61, 109, 167	0

The worst 5 of 112 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
4	F	161	LEU	4.7
4	F	173	ILE	4.4
4	F	372	THR	4.4
4	F	149	ALA	4.4
2	D	397	TRP	4.4

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

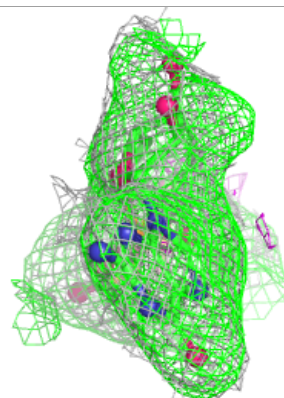
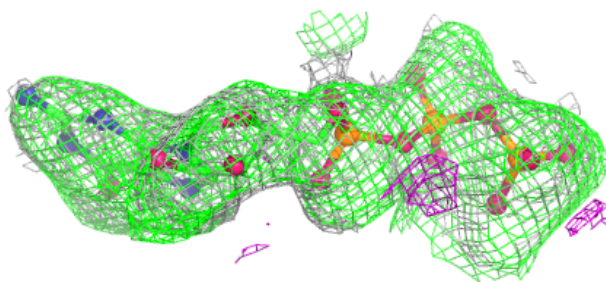
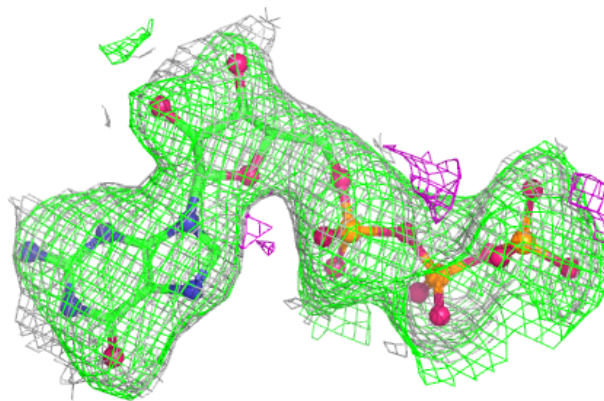
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
5	GTP	A	501	32/32	-	-	45,47,49,50	32
5	GTP	C	501	32/32	-	-	37,39,41,44	32
6	CA	A	502	1/1	-	-	88,88,88,88	1
6	CA	C	502	1/1	-	-	64,64,64,64	1
7	MG	A	503	1/1	-	-	51,51,51,51	1
7	MG	B	505	1/1	-	-	45,45,45,45	1
7	MG	C	503	1/1	-	-	41,41,41,41	1
8	A1EE1	B	501	29/29	0.83	0.15	51,60,74,77	0
9	GDP	B	502	28/28	-	-	38,42,44,45	28
9	GDP	D	501	28/28	-	-	76,81,85,86	28
10	MES	B	503	12/12	-	-	47,49,51,51	12
10	MES	B	504	12/12	-	-	60,62,64,64	12
11	ACP	F	401	31/31	-	-	94,109,136,138	45

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

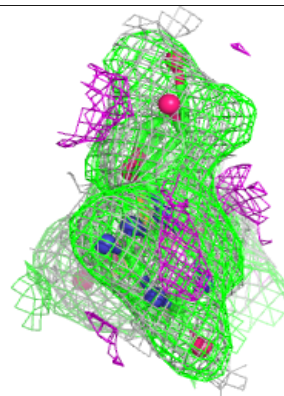
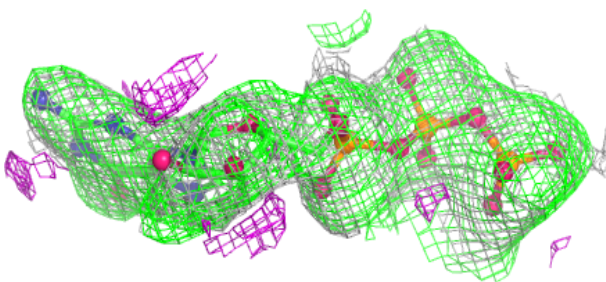
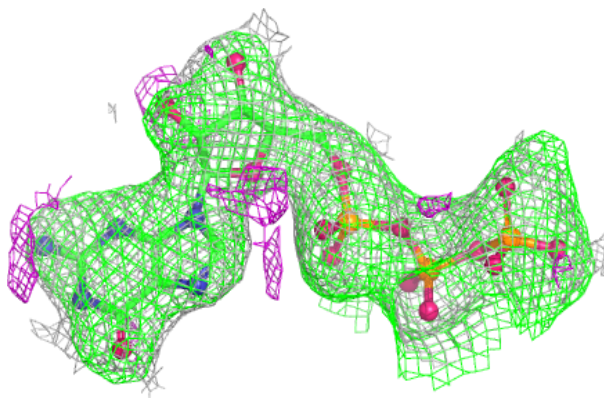


**Electron density around GTP A 501:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)

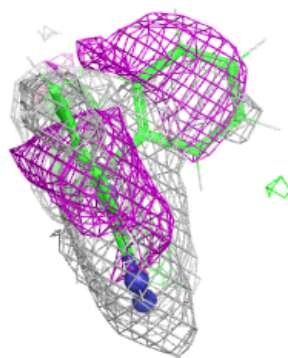
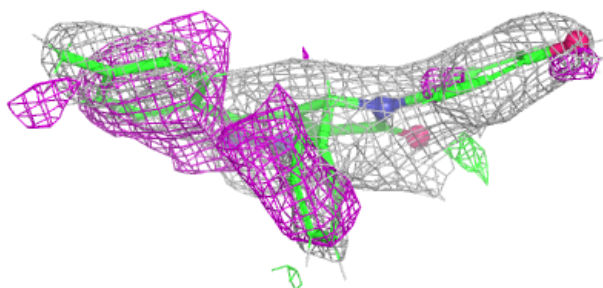
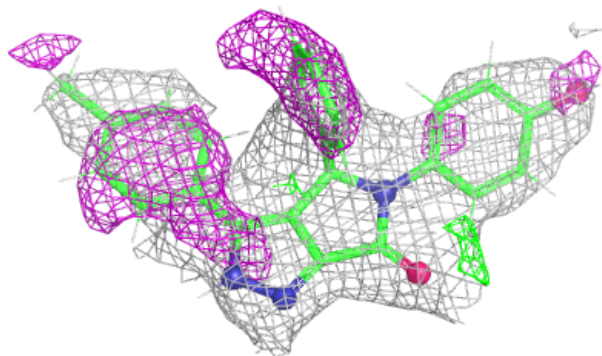
**Electron density around GTP C 501:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)

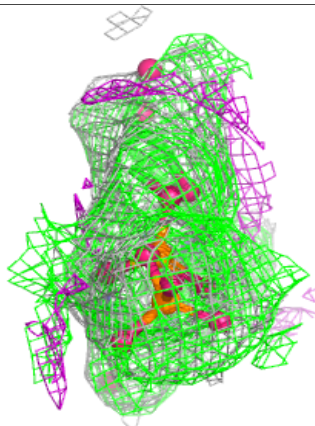
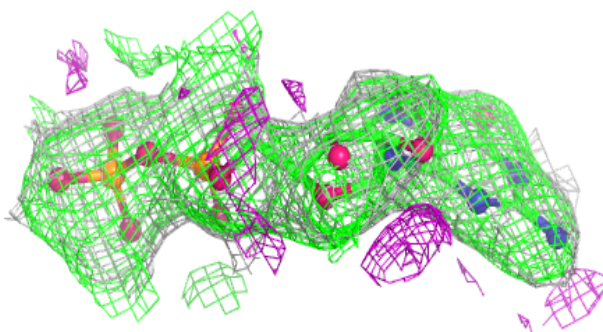
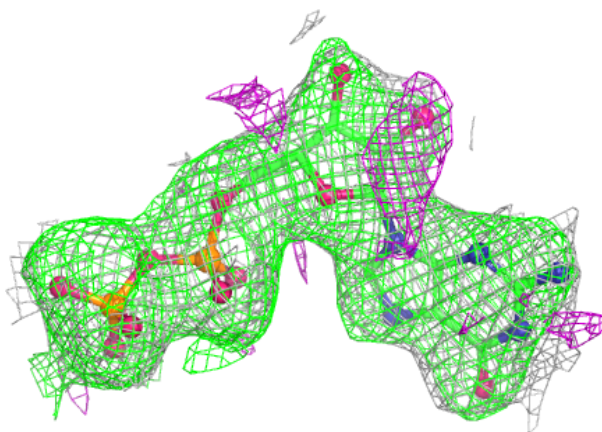


**Electron density around A1EE1 B 501:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)

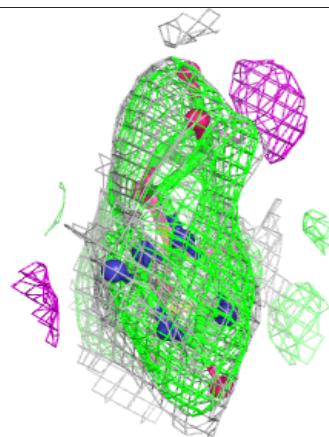
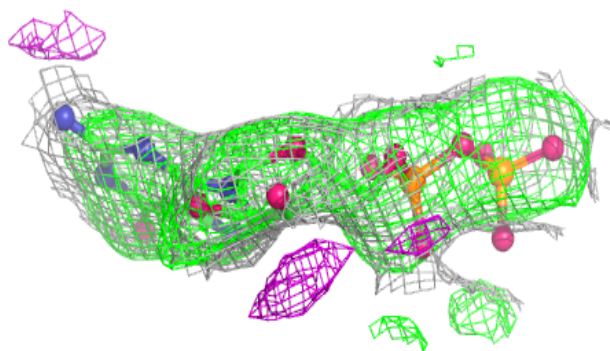
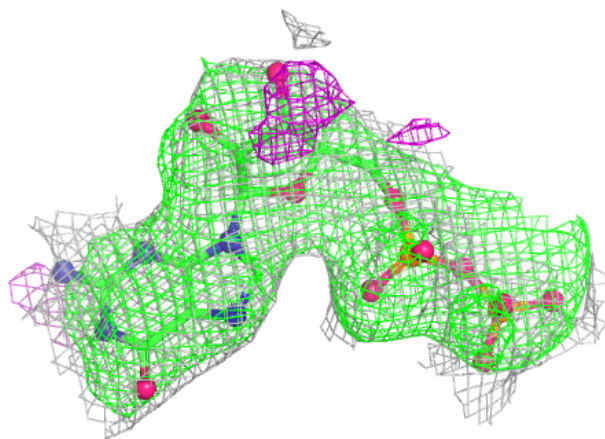
**Electron density around GDP B 502:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)

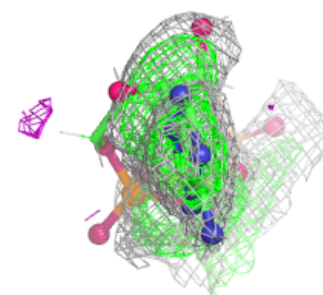
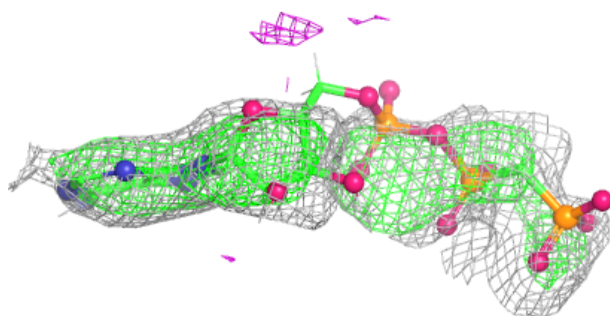
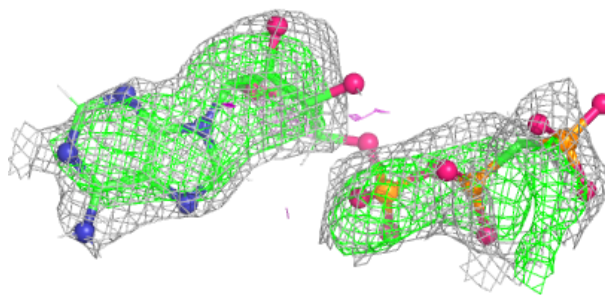


**Electron density around GDP D 501:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)

**Electron density around ACP F 401:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)





## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.