Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report

Feb 17, 2018 – 03:49 am GMT

PDB ID : 2KR0
Title : Solution structure of the proteasome ubiquitin receptor Rpn13
Authors : Chen, X.; Lee, B.; Finley, D.; Walters, K.J.
Deposited on : 2009-11-25

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
with specific help available everywhere you see the symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references) were used in the production of this report:

- Cyrange : Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
- NmrClust : Kelley et al. (1996)
- MolProbity : 4.02b-467
- Percentile statistics : 20171227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2017)
- RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
- PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
- ShiftChecker : trunk30686
- Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
- Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
- Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : trunk30686
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*SOLUTION NMR*

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Metric</th>
<th>Percentile Ranks</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Clashscore</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ramachandran outliers</td>
<td></td>
<td>1.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sidechain outliers</td>
<td></td>
<td>3.0%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

![Graphic showing percentiles for validation metrics]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Metric</th>
<th>Whole archive (#Entries)</th>
<th>NMR archive (#Entries)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Clashscore</td>
<td>136279</td>
<td>12091</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ramachandran outliers</td>
<td>132675</td>
<td>10835</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sidechain outliers</td>
<td>132484</td>
<td>10811</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for $>3$, $2$, $1$ and $0$ types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $<5%$

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mol</th>
<th>Chain</th>
<th>Length</th>
<th>Quality of chain</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>411</td>
<td>![Quality of chain diagram]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 31 models. Model 4 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: lowest energy.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Well-defined (core) protein residues</th>
<th>Backbone RMSD (Å)</th>
<th>Medoid model</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Well-defined core</td>
<td>Residue range (total)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A:22-A:131, A:286-A:385 (210)</td>
<td>0.51</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 4 clusters and 1 single-model cluster was found.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cluster number</th>
<th>Models</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>2, 6, 8, 11, 12, 13, 15, 17, 19, 22, 23, 27, 29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>3, 4, 5, 9, 10, 18, 25, 26, 28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>7, 16, 21, 24, 30, 31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>1, 14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Single-model clusters</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3 Entry composition

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 5853 atoms, of which 2901 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Proteasomal ubiquitin receptor ADRM1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mol</th>
<th>Chain</th>
<th>Residues</th>
<th>Atoms</th>
<th>Trace</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>407</td>
<td>Total C H N O S</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5853 1825 2901 506 604 17</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chain</th>
<th>Residue</th>
<th>Modelled</th>
<th>Actual</th>
<th>Comment</th>
<th>Reference</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>-3</td>
<td>GLY</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>EXPRESSION TAG</td>
<td>UNP Q16186</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>-2</td>
<td>PRO</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>EXPRESSION TAG</td>
<td>UNP Q16186</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>-1</td>
<td>GLY</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>EXPRESSION TAG</td>
<td>UNP Q16186</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>SER</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>EXPRESSION TAG</td>
<td>UNP Q16186</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4 Residue-property plots

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Proteasomal ubiquitin receptor ADRM1

Chain A:

4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

- Molecule 1: Proteasomal ubiquitin receptor ADRM1

Chain A:
4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

- Molecule 1: Proteasomal ubiquitin receptor ADRM1

Chain A:

4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

- Molecule 1: Proteasomal ubiquitin receptor ADRM1

Chain A:

4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4 (medoid)

- Molecule 1: Proteasomal ubiquitin receptor ADRM1

Chain A:
4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

- Molecule 1: Proteasomal ubiquitin receptor ADRM1

Chain A:

4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

- Molecule 1: Proteasomal ubiquitin receptor ADRM1

Chain A:
4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: Proteasomal ubiquitin receptor ADRM1

Chain A:

4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

- Molecule 1: Proteasomal ubiquitin receptor ADRM1

Chain A:

4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

- Molecule 1: Proteasomal ubiquitin receptor ADRM1

Chain A:
4.2.10  Score per residue for model 10

- Molecule 1: Proteasomal ubiquitin receptor ADRM1

Chain A:

4.2.11  Score per residue for model 11

- Molecule 1: Proteasomal ubiquitin receptor ADRM1

Chain A:

4.2.12  Score per residue for model 12

- Molecule 1: Proteasomal ubiquitin receptor ADRM1

Chain A:
4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

- Molecule 1: Proteasomal ubiquitin receptor ADRM1

Chain A:

4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

- Molecule 1: Proteasomal ubiquitin receptor ADRM1

Chain A:
4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

- Molecule 1: Proteasomal ubiquitin receptor ADRM1

Chain A:

4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

- Molecule 1: Proteasomal ubiquitin receptor ADRM1

Chain A:

4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

- Molecule 1: Proteasomal ubiquitin receptor ADRM1

Chain A:
4.2.18  Score per residue for model 18

• Molecule 1: Proteasomal ubiquitin receptor ADRM1

Chain A:

4.2.19  Score per residue for model 19

• Molecule 1: Proteasomal ubiquitin receptor ADRM1

Chain A:

4.2.20  Score per residue for model 20

• Molecule 1: Proteasomal ubiquitin receptor ADRM1

Chain A:
4.2.21 Score per residue for model 21

- Molecule 1: Proteasomal ubiquitin receptor ADRM1

Chain A:

4.2.22 Score per residue for model 22

- Molecule 1: Proteasomal ubiquitin receptor ADRM1

Chain A:
4.2.23  Score per residue for model 23

- Molecule 1: Proteasomal ubiquitin receptor ADRM1

Chain A:

4.2.24  Score per residue for model 24

- Molecule 1: Proteasomal ubiquitin receptor ADRM1

Chain A:

4.2.25  Score per residue for model 25

- Molecule 1: Proteasomal ubiquitin receptor ADRM1

Chain A:
4.2.26  Score per residue for model 26

- Molecule 1: Proteasomal ubiquitin receptor ADRM1

Chain A:

4.2.27  Score per residue for model 27

- Molecule 1: Proteasomal ubiquitin receptor ADRM1

Chain A:

4.2.28  Score per residue for model 28

- Molecule 1: Proteasomal ubiquitin receptor ADRM1

Chain A:
4.2.29  Score per residue for model 29

- Molecule 1: Proteasomal ubiquitin receptor ADRM1

Chain A:

4.2.30  Score per residue for model 30

- Molecule 1: Proteasomal ubiquitin receptor ADRM1

Chain A:
4.2.31 Score per residue for model 31

- Molecule 1: Proteasomal ubiquitin receptor ADRM1

Chain A:
5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 50 calculated structures, 31 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Software name</th>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Version</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>X-PLOR NIH</td>
<td>refinement</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>X-PLOR NIH</td>
<td>structure solution</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

No chemical shift data was provided. No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.
6 Model quality

6.1 Standard geometry

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mol</th>
<th>Chain</th>
<th>Bond lengths</th>
<th></th>
<th>Bond angles</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>RMSZ</td>
<td>#Z&gt;5</td>
<td>RMSZ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>0.71±0.00</td>
<td>0/1676 (0.0±0.0%)</td>
<td>0.97±0.01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All</td>
<td>All</td>
<td>0.71</td>
<td>0/51956 (0.0%)</td>
<td>0.97</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mol</th>
<th>Chain</th>
<th>Chirality</th>
<th>Planarity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>0.0±0.0</td>
<td>0.1±0.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All</td>
<td>All</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mol</th>
<th>Chain</th>
<th>Res</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Atoms</th>
<th>Z</th>
<th>Observed(°)</th>
<th>Ideal(°)</th>
<th>Models</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>ARG</td>
<td>NE-CZ-NH2</td>
<td>-8.45</td>
<td>116.07</td>
<td>120.30</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>122</td>
<td>ARG</td>
<td>NE-CZ-NH2</td>
<td>-7.79</td>
<td>116.40</td>
<td>120.30</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>ARG</td>
<td>NE-CZ-NH1</td>
<td>6.72</td>
<td>123.66</td>
<td>120.30</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>309</td>
<td>ARG</td>
<td>NE-CZ-NH2</td>
<td>-6.53</td>
<td>117.03</td>
<td>120.30</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>92</td>
<td>ARG</td>
<td>NE-CZ-NH2</td>
<td>-6.26</td>
<td>117.17</td>
<td>120.30</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>84</td>
<td>ARG</td>
<td>NE-CZ-NH1</td>
<td>5.72</td>
<td>123.16</td>
<td>120.30</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>122</td>
<td>ARG</td>
<td>NE-CZ-NH1</td>
<td>5.23</td>
<td>122.92</td>
<td>120.30</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>104</td>
<td>ARG</td>
<td>CD-NE-CZ</td>
<td>5.12</td>
<td>130.76</td>
<td>123.60</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>316</td>
<td>SER</td>
<td>CB-CA-C</td>
<td>5.07</td>
<td>119.73</td>
<td>110.10</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.
### 6.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mol</th>
<th>Chain</th>
<th>Non-H</th>
<th>H(model)</th>
<th>H(added)</th>
<th>Clashes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>1640</td>
<td>1615</td>
<td>1615</td>
<td>0±0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All</td>
<td>All</td>
<td>50840</td>
<td>50065</td>
<td>50065</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 0.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Atom-1</th>
<th>Atom-2</th>
<th>Clash(Å)</th>
<th>Distance(Å)</th>
<th>Models</th>
<th>Models</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1:A:333:SER:H</td>
<td>1:A:334:PRO:HD2</td>
<td>0.45</td>
<td>1.72</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 6.3 Torsion angles

#### 6.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mol</th>
<th>Chain</th>
<th>Analysed</th>
<th>Favoured</th>
<th>Allowed</th>
<th>Outliers</th>
<th>Percentiles</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>210/411 (51%)</td>
<td>199±2 (95±1%)</td>
<td>8±2 (4±1%)</td>
<td>4±1 (2±0%)</td>
<td>14/57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All</td>
<td>All</td>
<td>6510/12741 (51%)</td>
<td>6157 (95%)</td>
<td>243 (4%)</td>
<td>110 (2%)</td>
<td>14/57</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

All 11 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mol</th>
<th>Chain</th>
<th>Res</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Models (Total)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>353</td>
<td>GLY</td>
<td>31</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Continued on next page...
Continued from previous page...

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mol</th>
<th>Chain</th>
<th>Res</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Models (Total)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>333</td>
<td>SER</td>
<td>31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>316</td>
<td>SER</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>286</td>
<td>VAL</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>SER</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>112</td>
<td>PRO</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>77</td>
<td>PRO</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>102</td>
<td>SER</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>332</td>
<td>THR</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>287</td>
<td>ASP</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>321</td>
<td>PRO</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6.3.2 Protein sidechains

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mol</th>
<th>Chain</th>
<th>Analysed</th>
<th>Rotameric</th>
<th>Outliers</th>
<th>Percentiles</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>179/324 (55%)</td>
<td>174±2 (97±1%)</td>
<td>5±2 (3±1%)</td>
<td>48 89</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All</td>
<td>All</td>
<td>5549/10044 (55%)</td>
<td>5381 (97%)</td>
<td>168 (3%)</td>
<td>48 89</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

All 38 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mol</th>
<th>Chain</th>
<th>Res</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Models (Total)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>72</td>
<td>ASP</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>320</td>
<td>LEU</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>356</td>
<td>MET</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>358</td>
<td>GLN</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>340</td>
<td>LEU</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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6.3.3 RNA

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry

There are no ligands in this entry.
6.7 Other polymers

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.
7 Chemical shift validation

No chemical shift data were provided