

Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

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PDB ID	:	2L12
BMRB ID	:	17072
Title	:	Solution NMR structure of the chromobox protein 7 with H3K9me3
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		(SGC)
Deposited on	:	2010-07-22

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

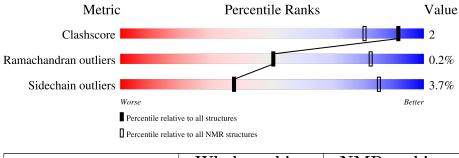
Percentile statistics wwPDB-RCI PANAV wwPDB-ShiftChecker Ideal geometry (proteins)	: : : :	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 80%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	NMR archive $(\#Futrics)$
	(#Entries)	$(\# { m Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	А	56		88%	• 11%		
2	В	15	27%	73%			



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 9 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues								
Well-defined core	Well-defined core Residue range (total) Backbone RMSD (Å) Medoid model							
1	A:3-A:52, B:5-B:8 (54)	0.67	9					

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 4 clusters and 9 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	4, 9, 17, 20
2	1, 16, 18
3	8, 10
4	2, 5
Single-model clusters	3; 6; 7; 11; 12; 13; 14; 15; 19



3 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1208 atoms, of which 614 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Chromobox homolog 7.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace	
1	٨	56	Total	С	Η	Ν	0	S	0
1	А	A 56	968	313	486	82	86	1	U

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Histone H3.

Ι	Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace
	2	В	15	Total 240	C 66	Н 128	N 25	O 21	0



4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

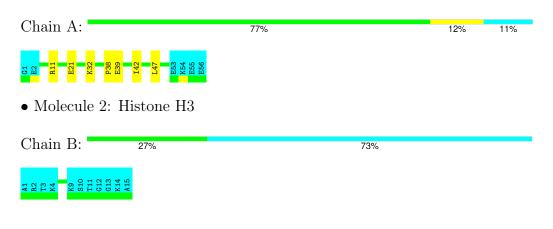
• Molecule 1: Chromobox homolog 7

Chain A:	88%	•	11%
01 82 85 853 856 856 856 856			
• Molecule 2: Histone H3			
Chain B: 27%	73%		
A1 73 73 73 711 711 711 715 715 715			

4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1





4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

• Molecule 1: Chromobox homolog 7

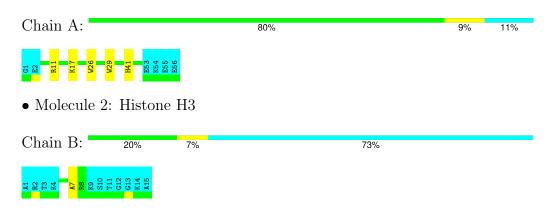
Chain A:	89%	11%
G1 853 855 855 855		
• Molecule 2: Histone H3		
Chain B: 27%	73%	
A1 713 711 711 711 711 711 713 715 715 715		

4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

• Molecule 1: Chromobox homolog 7

Chain A:	82%		7%	11%
61 11 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12				
• Molecule 2: Histone H3				
Chain B: 13% 13%		73%		
A1 T8 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 1 7 7 1 7 7 1 7 7 1 7 8 10 7 7 1 7 8 10 7 7 17 8 10 7 7 7 7 8 10 7 7 7 8 10 7 7 7 7 8 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7				

4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4





4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

• Molecule 1: Chromobox homolog 7

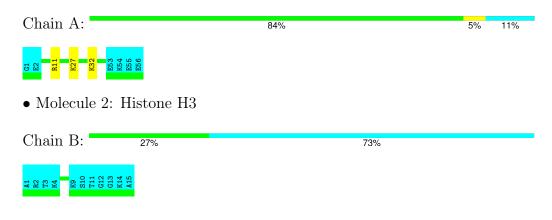
Chain A:	88%		•	11%
61 H41 E53 K64 K63 K64 K63				
• Molecule 2: Histone H3				
Chain B: 20% 7%		73%		
A1 R2 R3 R4 R4 R13 R14 A15 A15				

4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

• Molecule 1: Chromobox homolog 7

Chain A:		77%		12%	11%
61 F5 W26	640 142 142 142 143 143 143 143 143 143 143 143 143 143				
• Molecule 2	: Histone H3				
Chain B:	20% 7%		73%		
A1 R2 K4 Q5 K9 S10 S10	111 612 613 613 115 115				

4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7





4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

• Molecule 1: Chromobox homolog 7

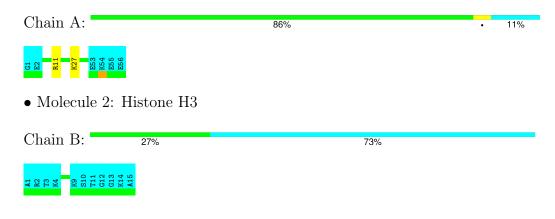
Chain A:	86%	•	11%
61 E2 E40 E53 E55 E56 E56			
• Molecule 2: Histone H3			
Chain B: 20% 7%	73%		
A1 R2 K4 K14 C13 C13 C13 C13 C13 A15 A15			

4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9 (medoid)

• Molecule 1: Chromobox homolog 7

Chain A:	79%		11%	11%
81 77 77 81 81 853 853 853 855 855 855 855				
• Molecule 2: Histone H3				
Chain B: 13% 13%		73%		
A1 R2 73 74 75 76 810 810 612 612 612 612 612 715				

4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10





4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

• Molecule 1: Chromobox homolog 7

Chain A:	82%		7%	11%
G1 E2 E3 E53 E53 E55 E55				
• Molecule 2: Histone H3				
Chain B: 27%		73%		
A1 R2 R4 R4 850 C13 C13 C13 C13 A15				

4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

• Molecule 1: Chromobox homolog 7

Chain A:	82%		7%	11%
61 82 82 82 853 855 855 855 855				
• Molecule 2: Histone H3				
Chain B: 27%		73%		
A1 R82 K4 S10 S10 G13 A15 A15				

4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

Chain A:	89%	11%
G1 E53 E55 E56 E56		
• Molecule 2: Histone H3		
Chain B: 27%	73%	
A1 R2 K1 K1 C1 C1 C1 C1 C1 C1 C1 C1 C1 C1 C1 C1 C1		



4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

• Molecule 1: Chromobox homolog 7

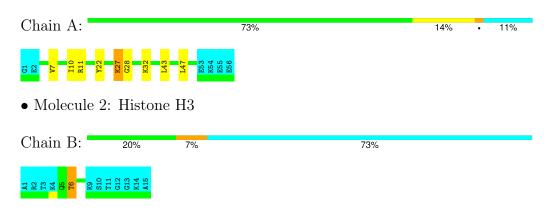
Chain A:			86%		•	11%
61 143 143 143 143 143 143 143 143 143 14	E55 E55 E56					
• Molecul	e 2: Histone	H3				
Chain B:	20%	7%		73%		
A1 T3 K4 K9 K9	510 612 613 814 A15					

4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

• Molecule 1: Chromobox homolog 7

Chain A:			86%		••	11%
G1 E2 K25 H41 E53 K54 E53 E55	1 20					
• Molecule 2:	Histone	H3				
Chain B:	20%	7%		73%		
A1 K4 K4 K4 K4 R8 K9 S10 S10 S10	G12 G13 K14 A15					

4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16





4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

• Molecule 1: Chromobox homolog 7

Chain A:	77%		12%	11%
61 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82				
• Molecule 2: Histone H3				
Chain B: 13% 13%		73%		
A1 173 776 776 711 711 711 711 711 711 711 711				

4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

• Molecule 1: Chromobox homolog 7

Chain A:	84%	5%	11%
G1 E2 E39 E39 L43	853 855 855 856		
• Molecule 2	2: Histone H3		
Chain B:	27% 73%		
A1 R2 T3 K4 K4 S10 S110 G12	613 K14 A15		
4.2.19 Sc	ore per residue for model 19		
• Molecule 1	: Chromobox homolog 7		
Chain A:	86%	·	11%

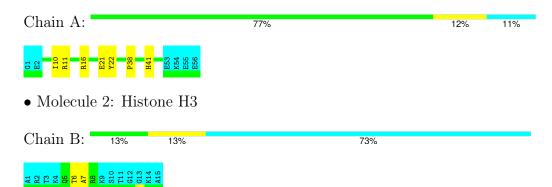


• Molecule 2: Histone H3

Chain B:	27%	73%
A1 R2 K4 K9 612 613 A15 A15		



4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20





5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *molecular dynamics*.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure solution	
CNS	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	736
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	702
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	34
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	80%



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: M3L

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	А	432	444	443	1 ± 1
2	В	32	33	33	1±1
All	All	9280	9540	9520	29

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Mod	dels
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:A:10:ILE:HD12	1:A:22:TYR:HB3	0.56	1.76	16	2
1:A:40:GLU:HG2	2:B:8:ARG:HH22	0.49	1.67	8	1
1:A:26:TRP:HB2	1:A:29:TRP:HB2	0.49	1.84	4	3
1:A:41:HIS:CD2	2:B:7:ALA:HB1	0.48	2.43	17	4
1:A:21:GLU:HA	1:A:38:PRO:HA	0.44	1.88	1	2
1:A:42:ILE:HG23	1:A:47:LEU:HD23	0.44	1.90	1	3
1:A:24:VAL:HG21	1:A:41:HIS:NE2	0.44	2.26	17	3
1:A:41:HIS:ND1	2:B:7:ALA:HB1	0.44	2.28	15	1
1:A:7:VAL:HG21	1:A:47:LEU:HD13	0.43	1.90	9	2
1:A:41:HIS:HD2	2:B:7:ALA:HB1	0.42	1.73	20	1
1:A:43:LEU:HD12	2:B:6:THR:HB	0.42	1.92	6	2

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Moo	lels
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:A:43:LEU:HD11	2:B:8:ARG:HG3	0.41	1.91	14	1
1:A:5:PHE:HB2	1:A:26:TRP:CE3	0.41	2.51	6	1
1:A:46:ARG:HB2	2:B:5:GLN:HE21	0.41	1.75	9	1
1:A:43:LEU:HD11	2:B:6:THR:HB	0.41	1.92	16	1
1:A:27:LYS:HD3	1:A:28:GLY:N	0.40	2.31	16	1

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6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentil	\mathbf{es}
1	А	50/56~(89%)	$47 \pm 1 (94 \pm 3\%)$	$3\pm1~(6\pm2\%)$	0±0 (0±0%)	54 85	,
2	В	4/15~(27%)	4 ± 0 (90 $\pm12\%$)	0 ± 0 (9±12%)	0±0 (1±5%)	16 63	
All	All	1080/1420~(76%)	1015~(94%)	63~(6%)	2~(0%)	50 82	

All 2 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	27	LYS	1
2	В	6	THR	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent side chain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the side chain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed Rotameric		Outliers	Percer	ntiles
1	А	46/51~(90%)	$44 \pm 1 (96 \pm 2\%)$	$2\pm1~(4\pm2\%)$	38	86
2	В	3/9~(33%)	3 ± 0 (95 $\pm12\%$)	$0\pm0~(5\pm12\%)$	28	77
All	All	980/1200 (82%)	944 (96%)	36 (4%)	37	85



2L	12
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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	11	ARG	14
1	А	39	GLU	4
1	А	27	LYS	4
1	А	32	LYS	3
2	В	5	GLN	2
1	А	17	LYS	2
1	А	25	LYS	2
1	А	40	GLU	1
1	А	41	HIS	1
2	В	6	THR	1
1	А	43	LEU	1
1	А	16	ARG	1

All 12 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Typo	Chain	Dec	Tiple		Bond leng	ths
IVIOI	туре	Chain	nes	Link	Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	M3L	В	9	2	10,11,12	1.02 ± 0.08	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.



Mal	Turne	Chain	Dec	Tink		Bond angles		
	Type	Unam	nes		Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2	
2	M3L	В	9	2	9,14,16	0.23 ± 0.04	0±0 (0±0%)	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	M3L	В	9	2	-	$0\pm 0, 9, 10, 12$	-

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 80% for the well-defined parts and 70% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: assigned_chem_shift_list_1

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	736
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	702
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	34
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	4

The following assigned chemical shifts were not mapped to the molecules present in the coordinate file.

• No matching atom found in the structure. All 34 occurrences are reported below.

List ID	Chain	Chain Res '	Type Atom	Shift Data			
LISt ID	Cham	nes	Type	Atom	Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	UNMAPPED	3	THR	HA	3.99	0.0300	1
1	UNMAPPED	3	THR	HG21	1.2	0.0300	1
1	UNMAPPED	3	THR	HG22	1.2	0.0300	1
1	UNMAPPED	3	THR	HG23	1.2	0.0300	1
1	UNMAPPED	5	GLN	HA	4.28	0.0300	1
1	UNMAPPED	5	GLN	HB2	1.88	0.0300	2
1	UNMAPPED	5	GLN	HB3	1.86	0.0300	2
1	UNMAPPED	5	GLN	HE21	6.74	0.0300	2
1	UNMAPPED	5	GLN	HG2	2.27	0.0300	2
1	UNMAPPED	5	GLN	HG3	1.97	0.0300	2
1	UNMAPPED	6	THR	HA	4.07	0.0300	1
1	UNMAPPED	6	THR	HB	4.18	0.0300	1
1	UNMAPPED	6	THR	HG21	1.08	0.0300	1
1	UNMAPPED	6	THR	HG22	1.08	0.0300	1

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List ID Chain		Res Type		Atom	Shift Data		
LISU ID	Chan	nes	Type	Atom	Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	UNMAPPED	6	THR	HG23	1.08	0.0300	1
1	UNMAPPED	7	ALA	HA	3.89	0.0300	1
1	UNMAPPED	7	ALA	HB1	1.35	0.0300	1
1	UNMAPPED	7	ALA	HB2	1.35	0.0300	1
1	UNMAPPED	7	ALA	HB3	1.35	0.0300	1
1	UNMAPPED	8	ARG	HA	4.3	0.0300	1
1	UNMAPPED	8	ARG	HB2	1.75	0.0300	2
1	UNMAPPED	8	ARG	HB3	1.67	0.0300	2
1	UNMAPPED	8	ARG	HD2	3.09	0.0300	2
1	UNMAPPED	8	ARG	HD3	3.09	0.0300	2
1	UNMAPPED	8	ARG	HG2	1.54	0.0300	2
1	UNMAPPED	8	ARG	HG3	1.54	0.0300	2
1	UNMAPPED	9	M3L	HA	4.22	0.0300	1
1	UNMAPPED	9	M3L	HD2	1.56	0.0300	2
1	UNMAPPED	9	M3L	HD3	1.56	0.0300	2
1	UNMAPPED	9	M3L	HE2	2.87	0.0300	2
1	UNMAPPED	9	M3L	HE3	2.87	0.0300	2
1	UNMAPPED	10	SER	HA	4.43	0.0300	1
1	UNMAPPED	10	SER	HB2	3.77	0.0300	2
1	UNMAPPED	10	SER	HB3	3.79	0.0300	2

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7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	${\rm Correction}\pm{\rm precision},ppm$	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	54	0.10 ± 0.18	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	52	0.10 ± 0.24	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C'$	42	0.34 ± 0.27	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
^{15}N	42	0.11 ± 0.69	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 80%, i.e. 653 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 817. 0 out of 9 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	15 N
Backbone	217/264 (82%)	90/106~(85%)	89/108~(82%)	38/50~(76%)

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	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	15 N
Sidechain	376/472~(80%)	255/304~(84%)	121/144 (84%)	0/24~(0%)
Aromatic	60/81 (74%)	34/39~(87%)	24/37~(65%)	2/5~(40%)
Overall	653/817~(80%)	379/449~(84%)	234/289~(81%)	40/79~(51%)

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The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 70%, i.e. 702 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1008. 0 out of 9 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathbf{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Backbone	236/347~(68%)	98/141~(70%)	96/140~(69%)	42/66~(64%)
Sidechain	406/580~(70%)	275/371 (74%)	131/179~(73%)	0/30~(0%)
Aromatic	60/81~(74%)	34/39~(87%)	24/37~(65%)	2/5~(40%)
Overall	702/1008~(70%)	407/551~(74%)	251/356~(71%)	44/101 (44%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

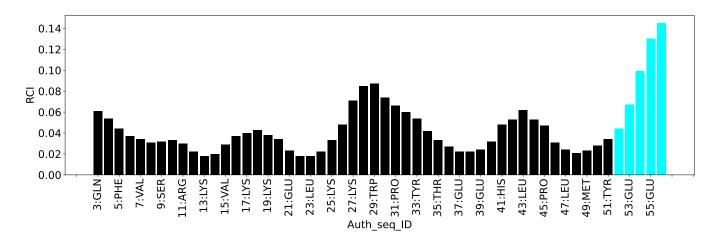
List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	А	23	LEU	HB3	-1.51	-0.26 - 3.31	-8.5
1	А	24	VAL	HG21	-0.91	-0.58 - 2.19	-6.2
1	А	24	VAL	HG22	-0.91	-0.58 - 2.19	-6.2
1	А	24	VAL	HG23	-0.91	-0.58 - 2.19	-6.2

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:





Random coil index (RCI) for chain UNMAPPED:



