



Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Nov 27, 2022 – 10:39 PM EST

PDB ID : 7L30
EMDB ID : EMD-23147
Title : Binjari virus (BinJV)
Authors : Hardy, J.M.; Venugopal, H.V.; Newton, N.D.; Watterson, D.; Coulibaly, F.J.
Deposited on : 2020-12-17
Resolution : 4.40 Å(reported)
Based on initial models : 4B03, 6CO8, 5O6V

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

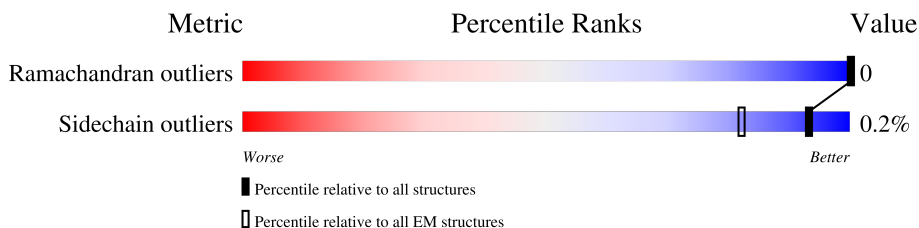
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev43
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
MapQ : 1.9.9
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.31.2

1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 4.40 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	497	 8% 98%
1	B	497	 8% 99%
1	C	497	 7% 98%
2	a	169	 21% 83% 17%
2	b	169	 10% 89% 11%
2	c	169	 14% 85% 15%

2 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 13354 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Envelope protein E.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	A	490	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3508	2216	609	660	23		
1	B	490	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3465	2183	603	659	20		
1	C	488	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3439	2162	597	658	22		

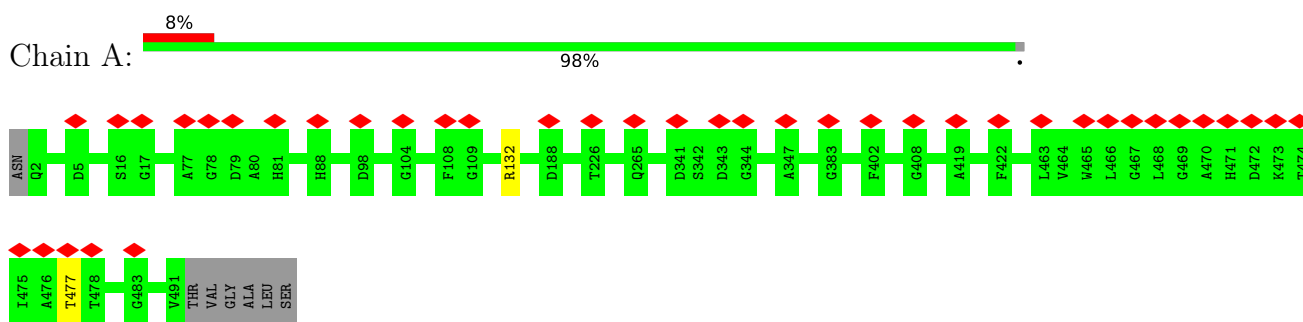
- Molecule 2 is a protein called prM protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	a	140	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			944	587	178	173	6		
2	b	150	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1021	639	187	188	7		
2	c	144	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			977	615	177	178	7		

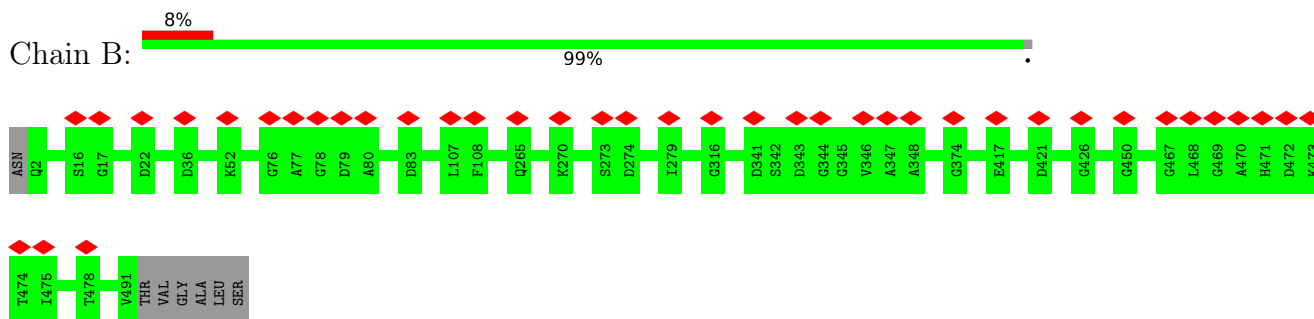
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

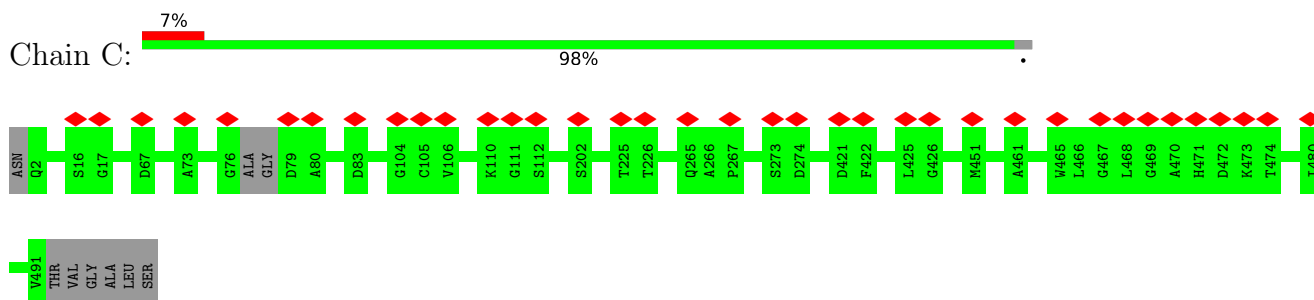
- Molecule 1: Envelope protein E



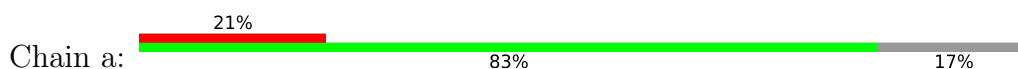
- Molecule 1: Envelope protein E

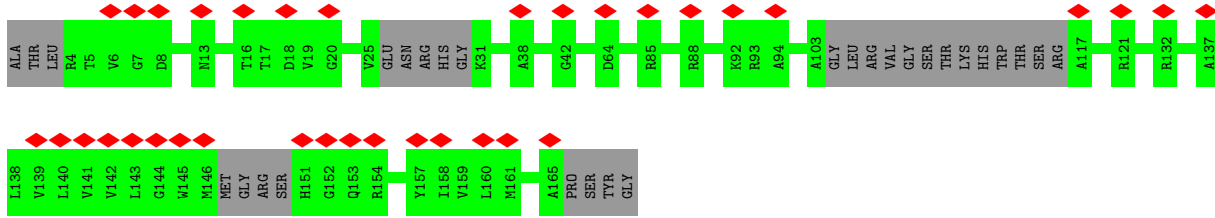


- Molecule 1: Envelope protein E

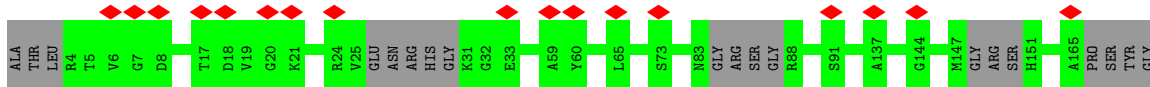
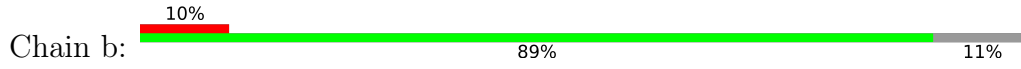


- Molecule 2: prM protein

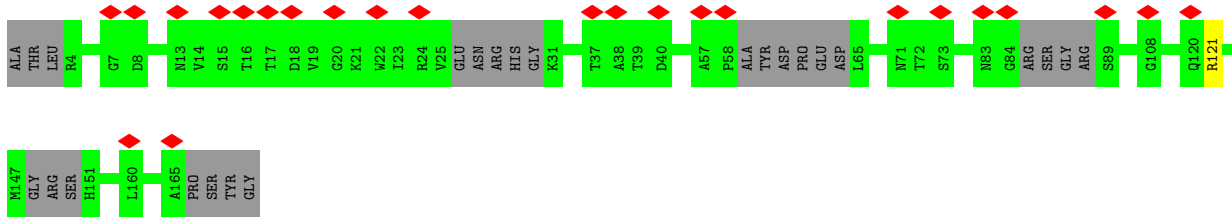
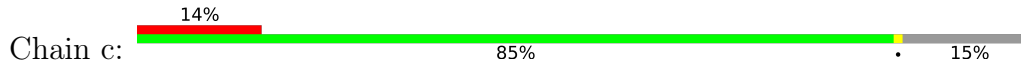




• Molecule 2: prM protein



• Molecule 2: prM protein



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, I	Depositor
Number of particles used	26038	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	43.2768	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	100	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	4300	Depositor
Magnification	105000	Depositor
Image detector	GATAN K2 QUANTUM (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.120	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.062	Depositor
Average map value	0.001	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.008	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.027	Depositor
Map size (Å)	686.08, 686.08, 686.08	wwPDB
Map dimensions	512, 512, 512	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.34, 1.34, 1.34	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.40	0/3585	0.52	0/4884
1	B	0.40	0/3542	0.52	0/4836
1	C	0.41	0/3511	0.52	0/4789
2	a	0.28	0/965	0.43	0/1325
2	b	0.30	0/1044	0.47	0/1433
2	c	0.31	0/998	0.46	0/1369
All	All	0.38	0/13645	0.50	0/18636

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

Due to software issues we are unable to calculate clashes - this section is therefore empty.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	488/497 (98%)	458 (94%)	30 (6%)	0	100 100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	B	488/497 (98%)	449 (92%)	39 (8%)	0	100	100
1	C	484/497 (97%)	434 (90%)	50 (10%)	0	100	100
2	a	132/169 (78%)	122 (92%)	10 (8%)	0	100	100
2	b	142/169 (84%)	136 (96%)	6 (4%)	0	100	100
2	c	134/169 (79%)	131 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	1868/1998 (94%)	1730 (93%)	138 (7%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	334/399 (84%)	332 (99%)	2 (1%)	86	92
1	B	320/399 (80%)	320 (100%)	0	100	100
1	C	318/399 (80%)	318 (100%)	0	100	100
2	a	74/142 (52%)	74 (100%)	0	100	100
2	b	81/142 (57%)	81 (100%)	0	100	100
2	c	79/142 (56%)	78 (99%)	1 (1%)	69	82
All	All	1206/1623 (74%)	1203 (100%)	3 (0%)	93	96

All (3) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	132	ARG
1	A	477	THR
2	c	121	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (6) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	97	ASN
1	B	134	ASN
1	B	361	GLN
1	C	62	GLN
1	C	97	ASN
1	C	134	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

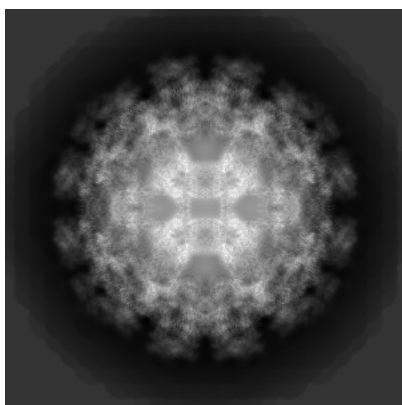
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-23147. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

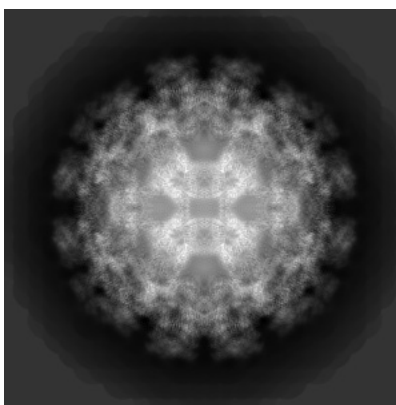
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

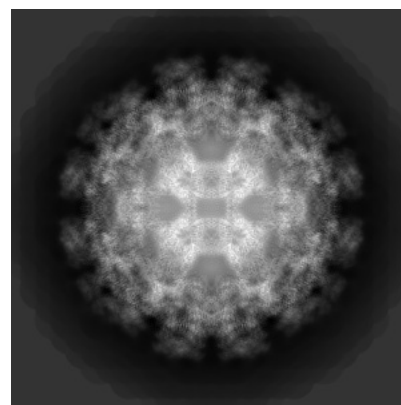
6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y

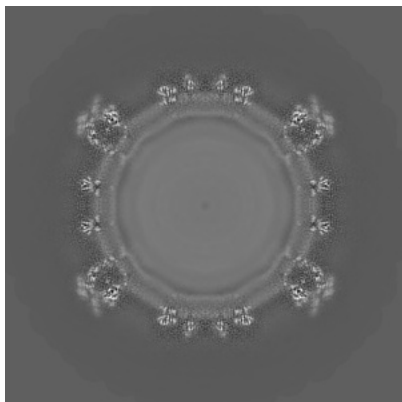


Z

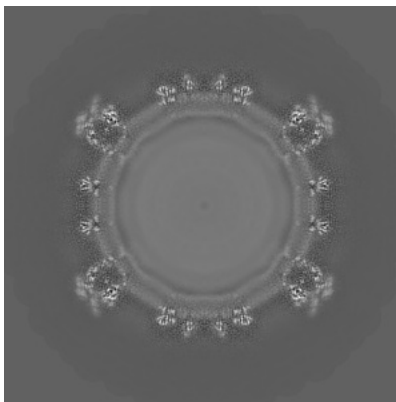
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

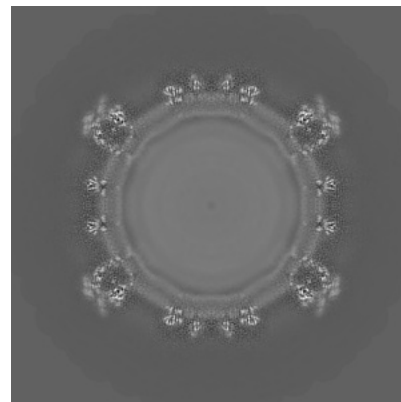
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 256



Y Index: 256

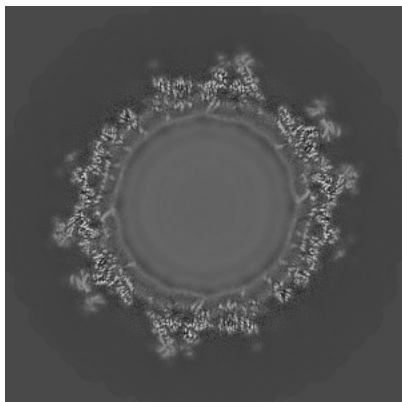


Z Index: 256

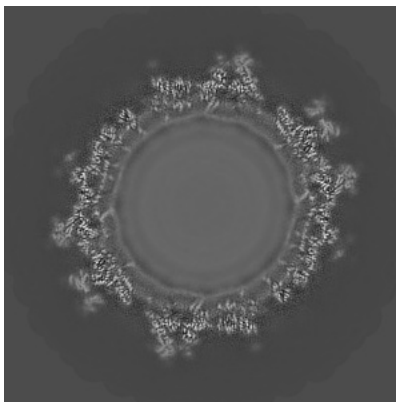
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

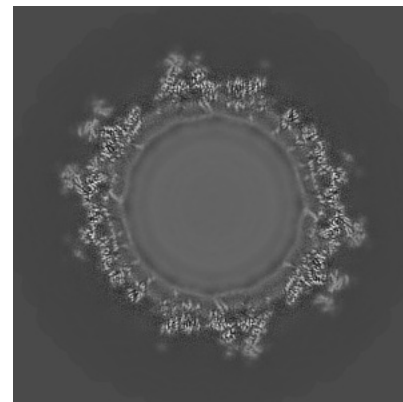
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 278



Y Index: 278

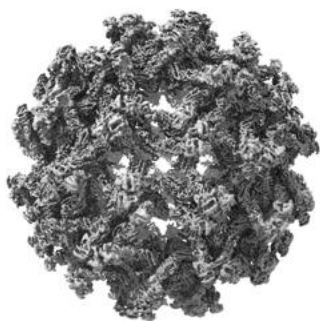


Z Index: 234

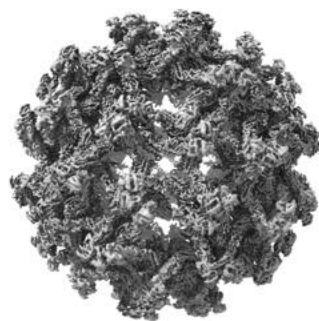
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

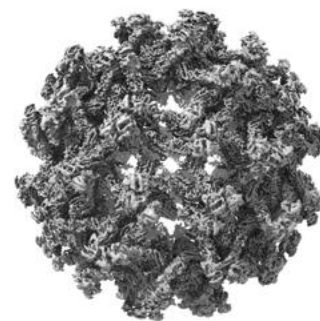
6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.027. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

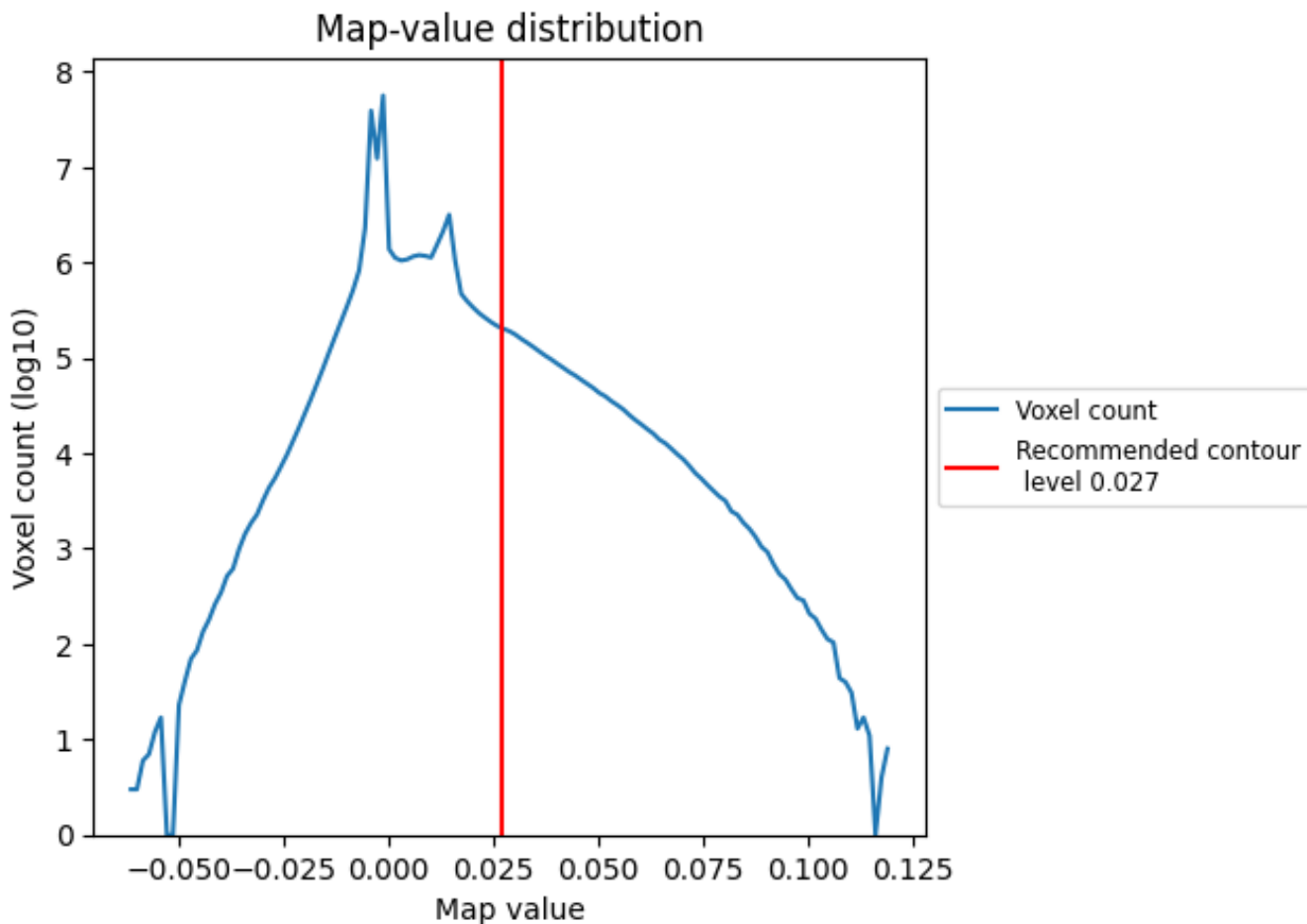
6.5 Mask visualisation

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

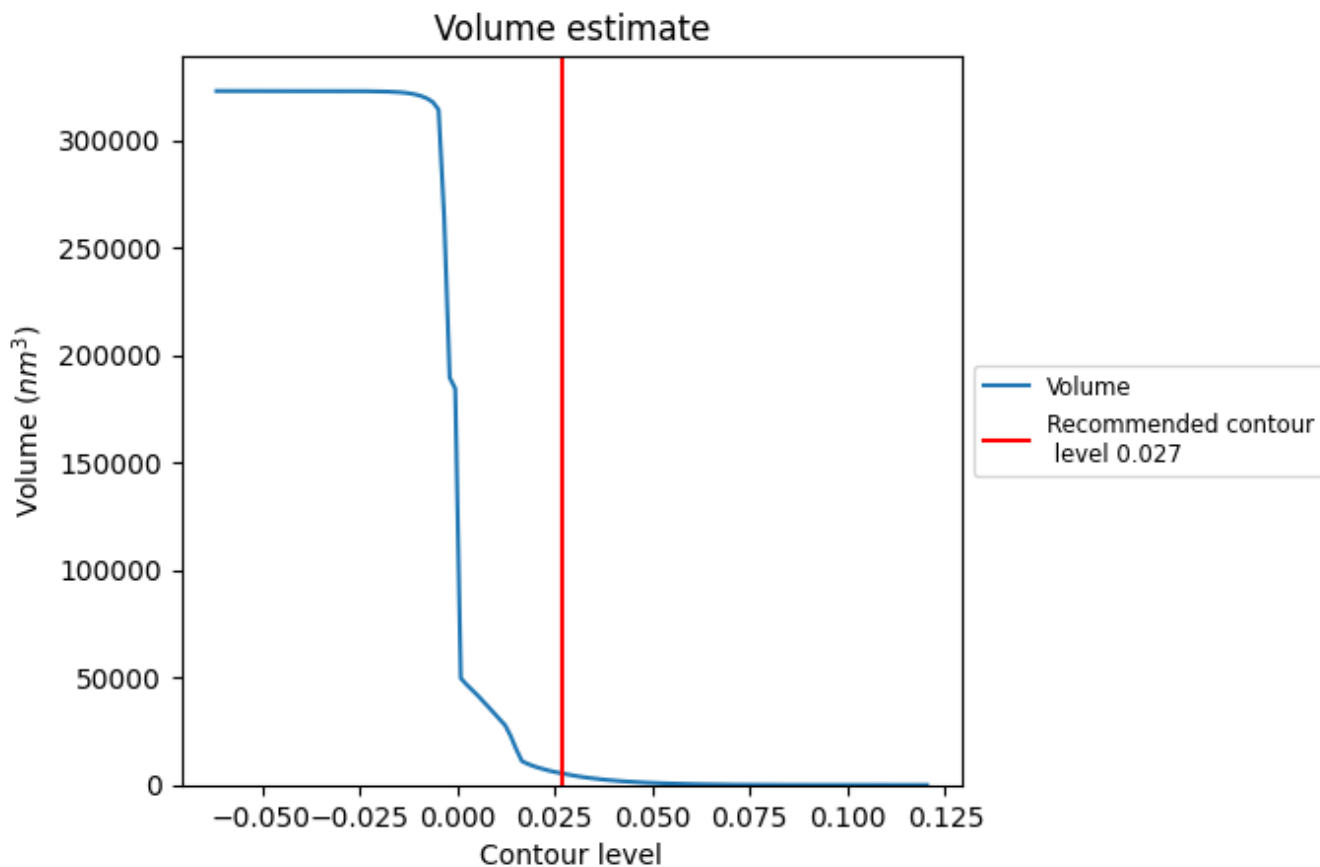
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

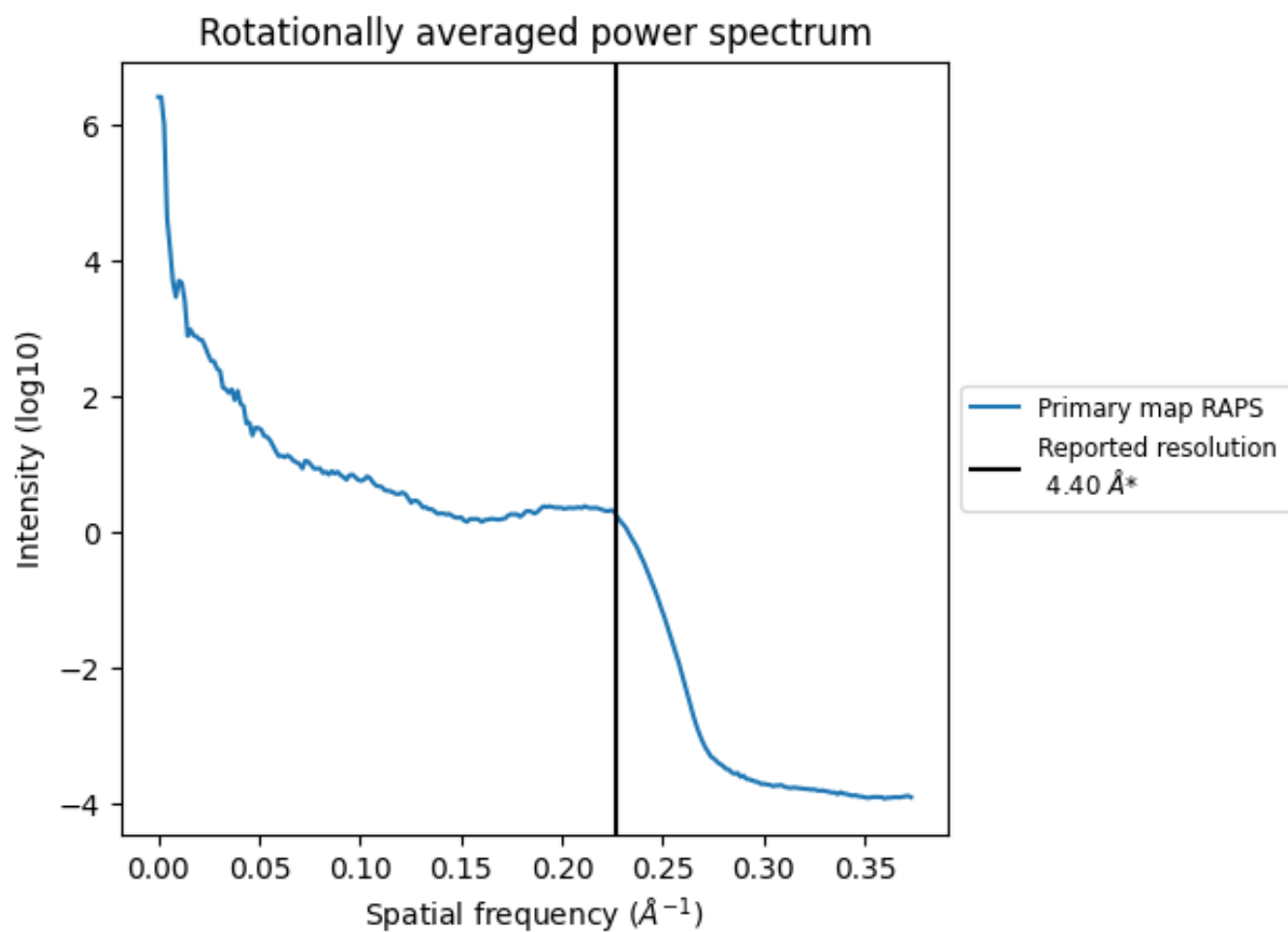
7.2 Volume estimate [\(i\)](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 5316 nm^3 ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 4802 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum i



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.227 Å⁻¹

8 Fourier-Shell correlation

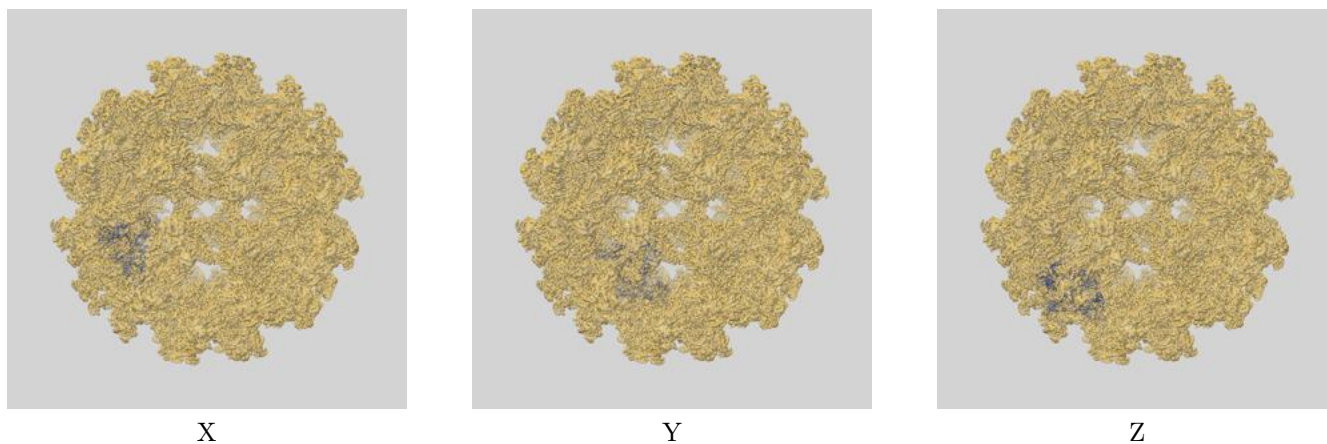
This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

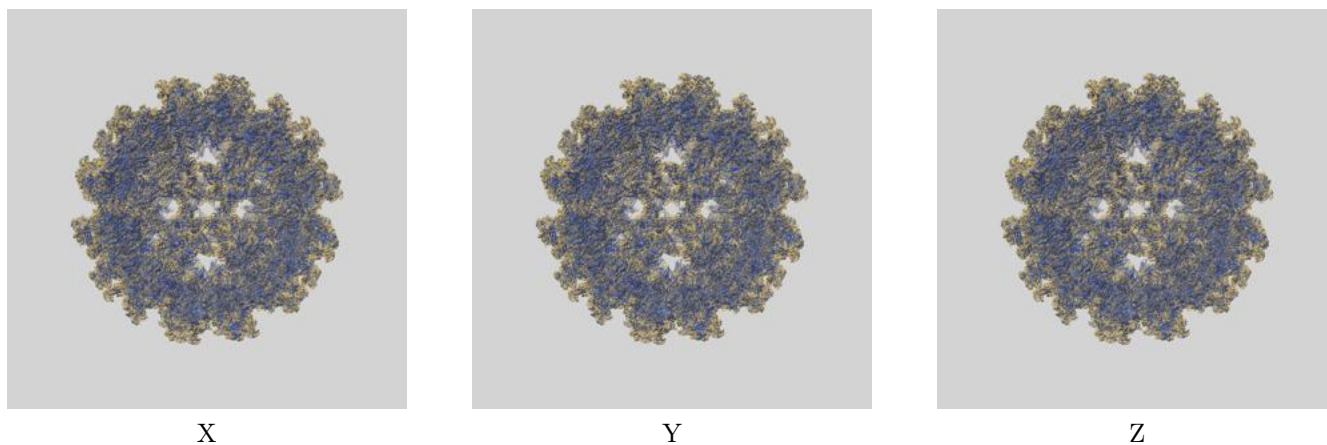
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-23147 and PDB model 7L30. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 4.

9.1 Map-model overlays

9.1.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)

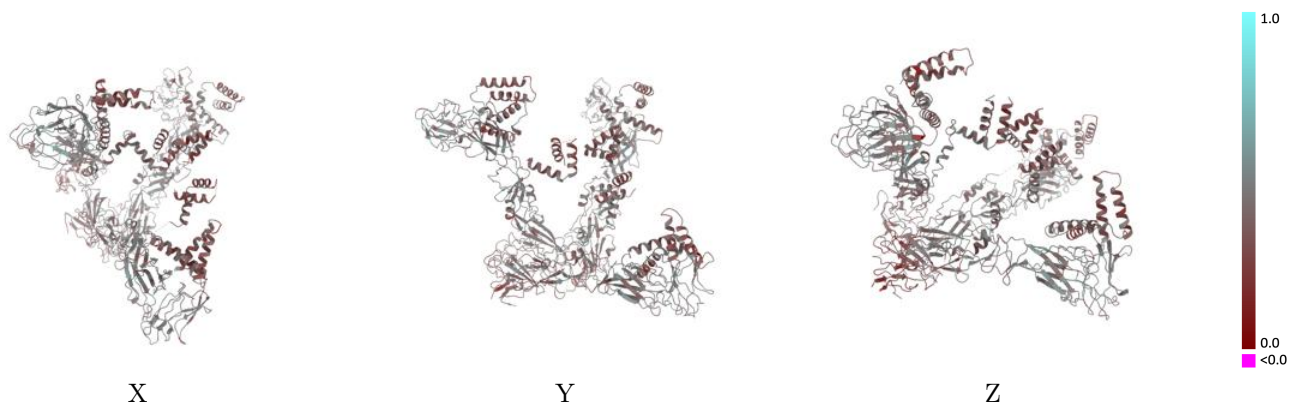


9.1.2 Map-model assembly overlay [i](#)



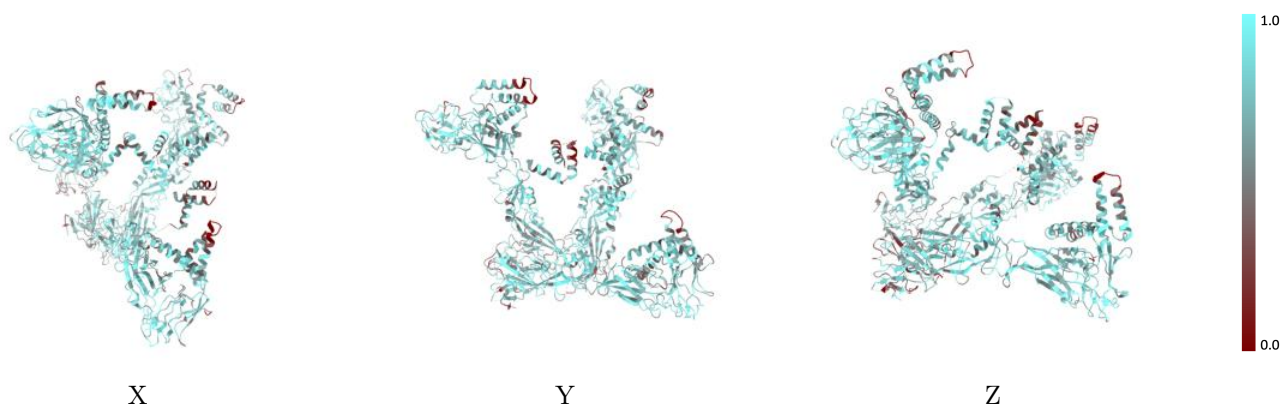
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.027 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [\(i\)](#)



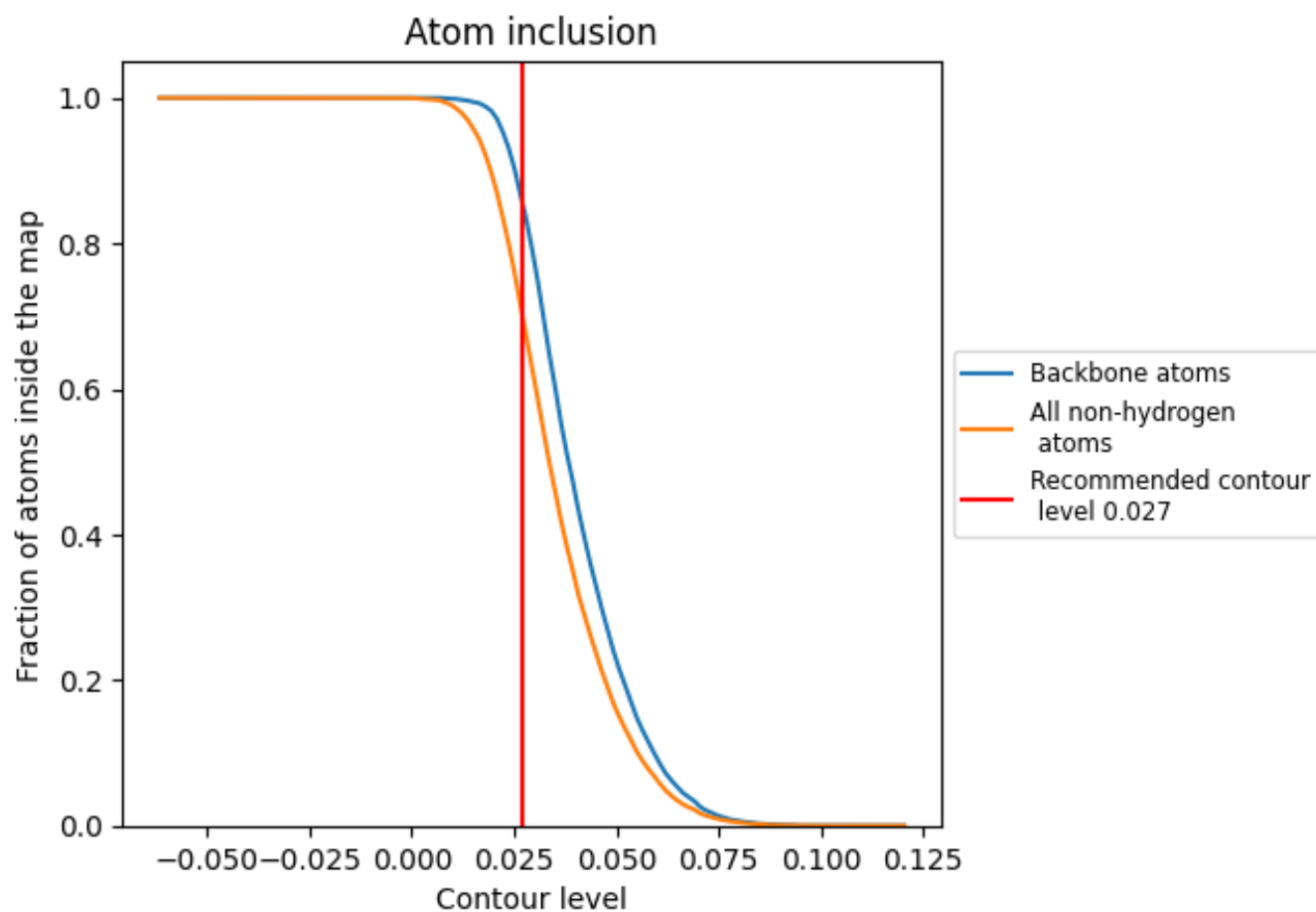
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [\(i\)](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.027).















9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 86% of all backbone atoms, 70% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary [i](#)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.027) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.7032	 0.4180
A	 0.7144	 0.4330
B	 0.7238	 0.4280
C	 0.7368	 0.4350
a	 0.5817	 0.3750
b	 0.6704	 0.3750
c	 0.6205	 0.3530

