

wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Dec 24, 2024 – 02:39 PM EST

PDB ID	:	2L8N
BMRB ID	:	17419
Title	:	NMR structure of the cytidine repressor DNA binding domain in presence of operator half-site DNA
Authors Deposited on		Moody, C.L.; Tretyachenko-Ladokhina, V.; Senear, D.F.; Cocco, M.J. 2011-01-20

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

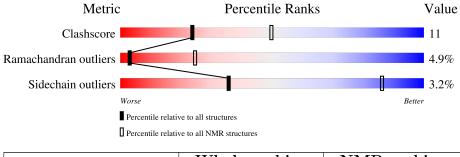
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
wwPDB-RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
BMRB Restraints Analysis	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.40

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 71%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive}\ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f NMR} { m archive} \ (\#{ m Entries})$
Clashscore	210492	14027
Ramachandran outliers	207382	12486
Sidechain outliers	206894	12463

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	А	67	54%	7%	•	6%	30%	



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 11 models. Model 11 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues						
Well-defined core	Well-defined core Residue range (total) Backbone RMSD (Å) Medoid model					
1	A:10-A:52 (43)	0.68	11			

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 2 clusters and 1 single-model cluster was found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 4, 6, 7, 10, 11
2	3, 8, 9
Single-model clusters	5



3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 727 atoms, of which 376 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Transcriptional repressor CytR.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace	
1	٨	47	Total	С	Η	Ν	Ο	S	0
	A	47	727	216	376	67	66	2	0

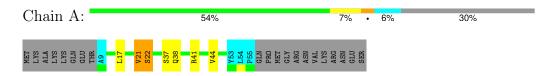


4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Transcriptional repressor CytR



4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 11. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

• Molecule 1: Transcriptional repressor CytR

Chain A:	51%	9% • 6%	30%
MET LYS ALA LYS LYS CLN GLN GLU AI O 11	D14 V15 V15 X20 X21 X20 X21 X21 X23 X21 X23 X23 X53 C54 C54 C55 C55 C55 C55 C55 C55 C55 C55	PRO MET ARG ASN VAL LYS ASN ASN ASN SER	



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 50 calculated structures, 11 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
X-PLOR NIH	refinement	
VNMR	structure solution	
NMRPipe	structure solution	
ANALYSIS - CCPN	structure solution	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	603
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	454
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	149
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	71%



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	А	319	344	344	7 ± 2
All	All	3509	3784	3784	78

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 11.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models		
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total	
1:A:37:SER:O	1:A:41:ARG:N	0.57	2.37	4	11	
1:A:35:LYS:N	1:A:35:LYS:CD	0.53	2.71	8	1	
1:A:28:ARG:O	1:A:32:ASN:N	0.52	2.42	2	2	
1:A:44:VAL:O	1:A:48:ALA:N	0.51	2.43	2	4	
1:A:30:LEU:HD12	1:A:30:LEU:N	0.51	2.21	2	2	

5 of 36 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Pe	erc	entiles
1	А	43/67~(64%)	38 ± 1 (87±3%)	$3\pm1~(8\pm2\%)$	$2\pm1 (5\pm1\%)$		3	24
All	All	473/737~(64%)	413 (87%)	37~(8%)	23~(5%)		3	24

All 4 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	22	SER	11
1	А	21	VAL	10
1	А	30	LEU	1
1	А	34	ASP	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed Rotameric		Outliers	Percentiles		
1	А	34/55~(62%)	$33 \pm 1 (97 \pm 3\%)$	$1\pm1 (3\pm3\%)$	36	86	
All	All	374/605~(62%)	362~(97%)	12 (3%)	36	86	

5 of 8 unique residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	17	LEU	4
1	А	41	ARG	2
1	А	21	VAL	1
1	А	22	SER	1
1	А	34	ASP	1

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 71% for the well-defined parts and 72% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: assigned_chem_shift_list_1

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	603
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	454
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	149
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

The following assigned chemical shifts were not mapped to the molecules present in the coordinate file.

• No matching atom found in the structure. First 5 (of 149) occurrences are reported below.

List ID	Chain	Dec	Trune	Atom		Shift Data	
	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	А	2	LYS	CA	56.4808	•	1
1	А	2	LYS	CB	33.2612	•	1
1	А	3	ALA	Н	8.3759		1
1	А	3	ALA	HA	4.378	•	1
1	А	3	ALA	HB1	1.4162		•
1	А	3	ALA	HB2	1.4162	•	•
1	А	3	ALA	HB3	1.4162	•	•
1	А	3	ALA	CA	52.346	•	1
1	А	3	ALA	CB	19.6097	•	1
1	А	3	ALA	Ν	126.1333	•	1
1	А	4	LYS	Н	8.2816	•	1
1	А	4	LYS	CA	56.2606		1
1	А	4	LYS	CB	33.3463		1
1	А	4	LYS	Ν	121.32	· ·	1



List ID	Chain	Res	Type	Atom		Shift Data	
					Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	A	5	LYS	Н	8.3559		1
1	A	5	LYS	CA	56.4255		1
1	А	5	LYS	CB	33.2387		1
1	А	5	LYS	N	123.2627		1
1	А	6	GLN	Н	8.4244	•	1
1	А	6	GLN	HA	4.3464	•	1
1	А	6	GLN	HB2	2.0634	•	
1	A	6	GLN	HB3	2.1344	•	•
1	А	6	GLN	HG2	2.423	•	
1	А	6	GLN	HG3	2.423	•	•
1	А	6	GLN	CA	56.0064	•	1
1	А	6	GLN	CB	29.7147		1
1	A	6	GLN	CG	33.7464		1
1	A	6	GLN	N	122.0811		1
1	A	7	GLU	Н	8.5469		1
1	A	7	GLU	HA	4.4033		1
1	A	7	GLU	HB2	2.0076		
1	A	7	GLU	HB3	2.1444		
1	A	7	GLU	HG2	2.327	•	
1	A	7	GLU	HG3	2.327	•	
1	A	7	GLU	CA	56.8527	•	1
1	A	7	GLU	CB	30.4222		1
1	A	7	GLU	CG	36.3866		1
1	A	7	GLU	N	122.5524		1
1	A	8	THR	Н	8.09		1
1	A	8	THR	HA	4.4082		1
1	A	8	THR	HB	4.2943		1
1	A	8	THR	HG21	1.2598		
1	A	8	THR	HG22	1.2598		
1	A	8	THR	HG23	1.2598		
1	A	8	THR	CA	61.3682	•	1
1	A	8	THR	CB	70.2225		1
1	A	8	THR	CG2	21.7074		1
1	A	8	THR	N	114.864		1
1	A	56	GLN	H	8.5063	•	1
1	A	56	GLN	HA	4.6181		1
1	A	56	GLN	HB2	1.9717		
1	A	56	GLN	HB3	2.1396	•	•
1	A	56	GLN	HG2	2.4437	•	•
1	A	56	GLN	HG3	2.4437	•	•
1	A	56	GLN	HE21	6.8594	•	•



List ID	Chain	Dec	Turne	Atom		Shift Data	
List ID	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	А	56	GLN	CA	53.6697		1
1	А	56	GLN	CB	29.1753		1
1	A	56	GLN	CG	33.2954		1
1	А	56	GLN	Ν	121.523	•	1
1	A	57	PRO	HA	4.468		1
1	A	57	PRO	HB2	1.9608	•	•
1	A	57	PRO	HB3	2.3392		
1	A	57	PRO	HG2	2.0595		
1	A	57	PRO	HG3	2.0829		
1	A	57	PRO	HD2	3.6999		
1	A	57	PRO	HD3	3.7281		
1	A	57	PRO	CA	63.4954		1
1	A	57	PRO	CB	31.962		1
1	A	57	PRO	CG	28.0885		1
1	A	57	PRO	CD	50.5656		1
1	A	58	MET	Н	8.4291		1
1	A	58	MET	HA	4.5254	•	1
1	A	58	MET	HB2	2.0995	•	
1	A	58	MET	HB3	2.1668		
1	A	58	MET	HG2	2.6377		
1	A	58	MET	HG3	2.6966		
1	A	58	MET	HE1	0.9553		
1	A	58	MET	HE2	0.9553		
1	A	58	MET	HE3	0.9553		
1	A	58	MET	CA	55.7476		1
1	A	58	MET	CB	33.2079	•	1
1	A	58	MET	CG	32.0467		1
1	A	58	MET	N	120.2457		1
1	A	59	GLY	Н	8.3868		1
1	A	59	GLY	HA2	4.0029		
1	A	59	GLY	HA3	4.0029		
1	A	59	GLY	CA	45.5484		1
1	A	59	GLY	N	109.8508		1
1	A	60	ARG	Н	8.1936		1
1	A	60	ARG	HA	4.3597		1
1	A	60	ARG	HB2	1.7982	· ·	<u>-</u>
1	A	60	ARG	HB3	1.8819	•	•
1	A	60	ARG	HG2	1.6575	•	•
1	A	60	ARG	HG2 HG3	1.6865	•	•
1	A	60	ARG	HD2	3.2585	•	•
1	A	60	ARG	HD3	3.2585	•	



	d from pr			A 4		Shift Data	
List ID	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	A	60	ARG	CA	56.3717	•	1
1	A	60	ARG	CB	30.8592		1
1	A	60	ARG	N	120.2487		1
1	A	61	ASN	Н	8.5094		1
1	A	61	ASN	HA	4.7591		1
1	A	61	ASN	HB2	2.8013		•
1	A	61	ASN	HB3	2.8851		
1	A	61	ASN	CA	53.4535		1
1	A	61	ASN	CB	38.973		1
1	A	61	ASN	N	119.5324		1
1	A	62	VAL	Н	7.9053	•	1
1	A	62	VAL	HA	4.1399	•	1
1	A	62	VAL	HB	2.1196		1
1	A	62	VAL	HG11	0.932	•	
1	A	62	VAL	HG12	0.932		
1	A	62	VAL	HG13	0.932		
1	A	62	VAL	CA	62.3503		1
1	A	62	VAL	CB	32.8521		1
1	A	62	VAL	CG1	21.5386		
1	A	62	VAL	CG2	21.5386	•	
1	A	62	VAL	N	120.0893	•	1
1	A	63	LYS	Н	8.3311		1
1	A	63	LYS	HA	4.3714		1
1	A	63	LYS	HB2	1.7884		
1	A	63	LYS	HB3	1.8695		
1	A	63	LYS	HG2	1.4693		
1	A	63	LYS	HG3	1.5101		
1	A	63	LYS	HD2	1.7508		
1	A	63	LYS	HD3	1.7508		
1	A	63	LYS	CA	56.3005		1
1	A	63	LYS	CB	32.9944	•	1
1	A	63	LYS	N	125.1308		1
1	A	64	ARG	Н	8.3473		1
1	A	64	ARG	HA	4.3759		1
1	A	64	ARG	CA	56.1167		1
1	A	64	ARG	CB	31.0832		1
1	A	64	ARG	N	122.7721		1
1	A	65	ASN	Н	8.4899		1
1	A	65	ASN	CA	53.4787		1
1	A	65	ASN	CB	39.0579	· ·	1
1	A	65	ASN	N	120.1232		1



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List ID	Chain	Res	Type	Atom		Shift Data			
	Ullaill	nes	туре	Atom	Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity		
1	А	66	GLU	Н	8.3461	•	1		
1	А	66	GLU	HA	4.4157	•	1		
1	А	66	GLU	CA	56.6788	•	1		
1	А	66	GLU	CB	30.5799		1		
1	А	66	GLU	Ν	121.679	•	1		
1	А	67	SER	Н	7.9331		1		
1	А	67	SER	HA	4.3055	•	1		
1	А	67	SER	HB2	3.8635	•	•		
1	А	67	SER	HB3	3.8842	•	•		
1	А	67	SER	CA	60.1037	•	1		
1	А	67	SER	CB	65.0112	•	1		
1	А	67	SER	Ν	122.1271	•	1		

Continued from provide and

7.1.2Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	${\rm Correction}\pm{\rm precision},ppm$	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	66	-0.47 ± 0.16	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	64	0.01 ± 0.16	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C'$	0		None (insufficient data)
¹⁵ N	62	0.83 ± 0.78	None needed (imprecise)

7.1.3Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 71%, i.e. 409 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 577. 0 out of 8 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Backbone	170/214 (79%)	85/86~(99%)	43/86~(50%)	42/42~(100%)
Sidechain	239/363~(66%)	172/236~(73%)	67/107~(63%)	0/20~(0%)
Overall	409/577 (71%)	257/322~(80%)	110/193~(57%)	42/62~(68%)

7.1.4Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

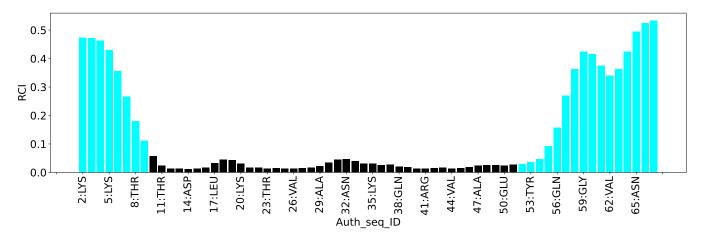
There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.



7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (1)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:





8 NMR restraints analysis (i)

8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints (i)

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	555
Intra-residue (i-j =0)	232
Sequential (i-j =1)	190
Medium range ($ i-j >1$ and $ i-j <5$)	94
Long range $(i-j \ge 5)$	39
Inter-chain	0
Hydrogen bond restraints	0
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	0
Number of unmapped restraints	0
Number of restraints per residue	8.3
Number of long range restraints per residue ¹	0.6

¹Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

8.2 Residual restraint violations (i)

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model (i)

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation.

Bins (Å)	Average number of violations per model	Max (Å)
0.1-0.2 (Small)	16.0	0.2
0.2-0.5 (Medium)	0.4	0.24
>0.5 (Large)	None	None



8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model (i)

Dihedral-angle violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation. There are no dihedral-angle violations



9 Distance violation analysis (i)

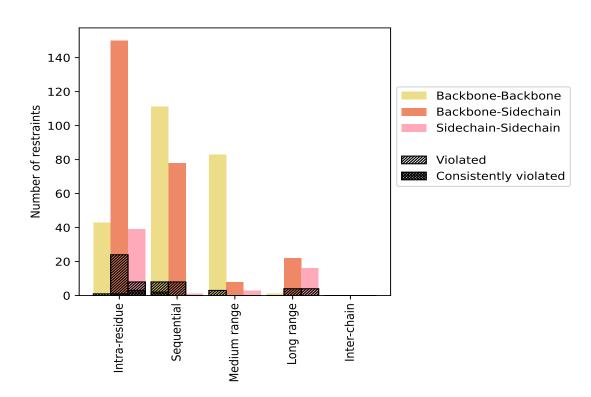
9.1 Summary of distance violations (i)

The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Destroints tome	Count	$\%^1$	Vi	olated	3	Consis	tently	\vee Violated ⁴
Restraints type	Count	701	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$
Intra-residue (i-j =0)	232	41.8	33	14.2	5.9	4	1.7	0.7
Backbone-Backbone	43	7.7	1	2.3	0.2	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	150	27.0	24	16.0	4.3	1	0.7	0.2
Sidechain-Sidechain	39	7.0	8	20.5	1.4	3	7.7	0.5
Sequential (i-j =1)	190	34.2	16	8.4	2.9	2	1.1	0.4
Backbone-Backbone	111	20.0	8	7.2	1.4	2	1.8	0.4
Backbone-Sidechain	78	14.1	8	10.3	1.4	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	1	0.2	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Medium range ($ i-j > 1 \& i-j < 5$)	94	16.9	3	3.2	0.5	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	83	15.0	3	3.6	0.5	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	8	1.4	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	3	0.5	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Long range $(i-j \ge 5)$	39	7.0	8	20.5	1.4	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	1	0.2	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	22	4.0	4	18.2	0.7	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	16	2.9	4	25.0	0.7	0	0.0	0.0
Inter-chain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Hydrogen bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Disulfide bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	555	100.0	60	10.8	10.8	6	1.1	1.1
Backbone-Backbone	238	42.9	12	5.0	2.2	2	0.8	0.4
Backbone-Sidechain	258	46.5	36	14.0	6.5	1	0.4	0.2
Sidechain-Sidechain	59	10.6	12	20.3	2.2	3	5.1	0.5

 1 percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints, 2 percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category, 3 violated in at least one model, 4 violated in all the models





9.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of distance restraints and violations (i)

Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfied bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model (i)

The following table provides the distance violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 0.1 Å

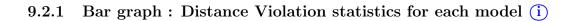
are not included in the statistics.

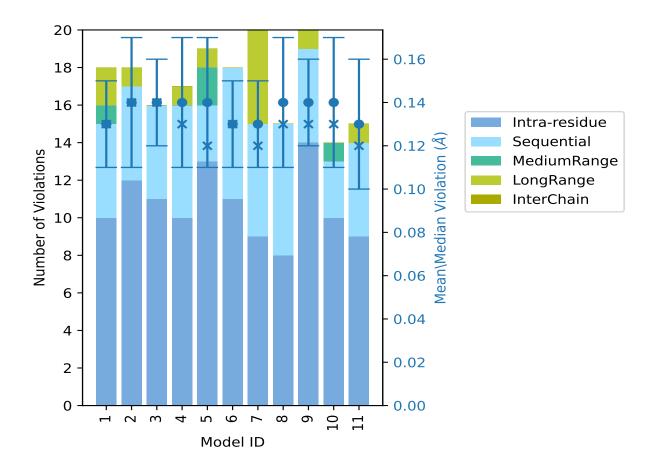
Model ID		Nun	nber o	f viola	ations	5	Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD^{6} (Å)	Median (Å)
Model ID	IR^1	SQ^2	MR^3	LR ⁴	IC ⁵	Total	Mean (A)	Max (A)	$SD^{*}(A)$	Median (A)
1	10	5	1	2	0	18	0.13	0.19	0.02	0.13
2	12	5	0	1	0	18	0.14	0.22	0.03	0.14
3	11	5	0	0	0	16	0.14	0.18	0.02	0.14
4	10	6	0	1	0	17	0.14	0.24	0.03	0.13
5	13	3	2	1	0	19	0.14	0.21	0.03	0.12
6	11	7	0	0	0	18	0.13	0.19	0.02	0.13
7	9	6	0	5	0	20	0.13	0.19	0.02	0.12
8	8	7	0	0	0	15	0.14	0.22	0.03	0.13
9	14	5	0	1	0	20	0.14	0.2	0.02	0.13
10	10	3	1	0	0	14	0.14	0.19	0.03	0.13



-	Model ID	IR^1	$\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{Nun}\\ \mathrm{SQ}^2 \end{array}$	nber o MR ³		tions IC ⁵	Total	Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	\mathbf{SD}^{6} (Å)	Median (Å)
	11	9	5	0	1	0	15	0.13	0.19	0.03	0.12

¹Intra-residue restraints, ²Sequential restraints, ³Medium range restraints, ⁴Long range restraints, ⁵Inter-chain restraints, ⁶Standard deviation





The mean(dot), median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right

9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

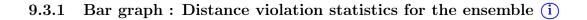
Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of the ensemble. In total, 495(IR:199, SQ:174, MR:91, LR:31, IC:0) restraints are not violated in the ensemble.

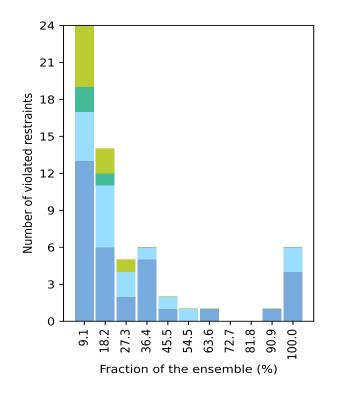


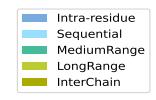
2I	J8N

Nu	mber	of vio	lated	Fraction of the ensemble			
IR^1	SQ^2	MR^3	LR^4	IC^5	Total	Count^6	%
13	4	2	5	0	24	1	9.1
6	5	1	2	0	14	2	18.2
2	2	0	1	0	5	3	27.3
5	1	0	0	0	6	4	36.4
1	1	0	0	0	2	5	45.5
0	1	0	0	0	1	6	54.5
1	0	0	0	0	1	7	63.6
0	0	0	0	0	0	8	72.7
0	0	0	0	0	0	9	81.8
1	0	0	0	0	1	10	90.9
4	2	0	0	0	6	11	100.0

 1 Intra-residue restraints, 2 Sequential restraints, 3 Medium range restraints, 4 Long range restraints, 5 Inter-chain restraints, 6 Number of models with violations





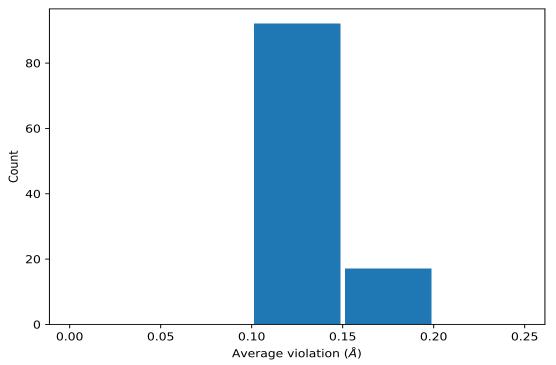




9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble (i)

9.4.1 Histogram : Distribution of mean distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models in the ensemble



9.4.2 Table: Most violated distance restraints (i)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violations for the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by number of violated models and the mean violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	\mathbf{Models}^1	Mean (Å)	SD^1 (Å)	Median (Å)
(1,386)	1:20:A:LYS:HB2	1:20:A:LYS:HG2	11	0.19	0.0	0.19
(1,386)	1:20:A:LYS:HB2	1:20:A:LYS:HG3	11	0.19	0.0	0.19
(1,386)	1:20:A:LYS:HB3	1:20:A:LYS:HG2	11	0.19	0.0	0.19
(1,386)	1:20:A:LYS:HB3	1:20:A:LYS:HG3	11	0.19	0.0	0.19
(1,467)	1:39:A:ALA:HB1	1:39:A:ALA:HA	11	0.15	0.0	0.15
(1,467)	1:39:A:ALA:HB2	1:39:A:ALA:HA	11	0.15	0.0	0.15
(1,467)	1:39:A:ALA:HB3	1:39:A:ALA:HA	11	0.15	0.0	0.15
(1,363)	1:17:A:LEU:HG	1:17:A:LEU:HD21	11	0.14	0.01	0.14
(1,363)	1:17:A:LEU:HG	1:17:A:LEU:HD22	11	0.14	0.01	0.14



Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	\mathbf{Models}^1	Mean (Å)	SD^1 (Å)	Median (Å)
(1,363)	1:17:A:LEU:HG	1:17:A:LEU:HD23	11	0.14	0.01	0.14
(1,222)	1:22:A:SER:H	1:21:A:VAL:HA	11	0.13	0.01	0.13
(1,553)	1:55:A:PRO:HB2	1:55:A:PRO:HG2	11	0.12	0.0	0.12
(1,553)	1:55:A:PRO:HB2	1:55:A:PRO:HG3	11	0.12	0.0	0.12
(1,553)	1:55:A:PRO:HB3	1:55:A:PRO:HG2	11	0.12	0.0	0.12
(1,553)	1:55:A:PRO:HB3	1:55:A:PRO:HG3	11	0.12	0.0	0.12
(1,107)	1:37:A:SER:H	1:38:A:GLN:H	11	0.12	0.01	0.12
(1,492)	1:45:A:GLU:H	1:45:A:GLU:HB2	10	0.13	0.01	0.12
(1,492)	1:45:A:GLU:H	1:45:A:GLU:HB3	10	0.13	0.01	0.12
(1,436)	1:30:A:LEU:HB2	1:30:A:LEU:HD11	7	0.16	0.03	0.17
(1,436)	1:30:A:LEU:HB2	1:30:A:LEU:HD12	7	0.16	0.03	0.17
(1,436)	1:30:A:LEU:HB2	1:30:A:LEU:HD13	7	0.16	0.03	0.17
(1,436)	1:30:A:LEU:HB3	1:30:A:LEU:HD11	7	0.16	0.03	0.17
(1,436)	1:30:A:LEU:HB3	1:30:A:LEU:HD12	7	0.16	0.03	0.17
(1,436)	1:30:A:LEU:HB3	1:30:A:LEU:HD13	7	0.16	0.03	0.17
(1,195)	1:14:A:ASP:H	1:15:A:VAL:HG11	6	0.13	0.01	0.13
(1,195)	1:14:A:ASP:H	1:15:A:VAL:HG12	6	0.13	0.01	0.13
(1,195)	1:14:A:ASP:H	1:15:A:VAL:HG13	6	0.13	0.01	0.13
(1,220)	1:21:A:VAL:H	1:20:A:LYS:HD2	5	0.16	0.05	0.14

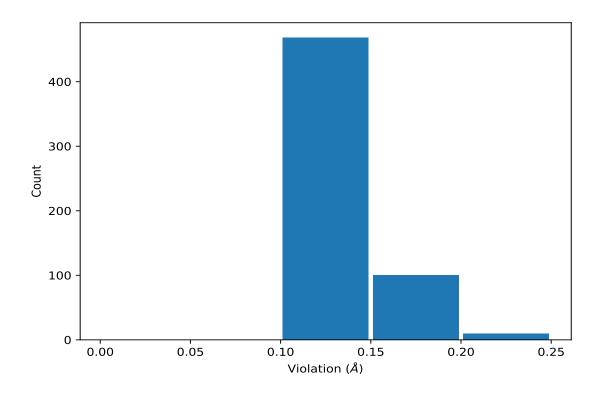
¹Number of violated models, ²Standard deviation

9.5 All violated distance restraints (i)

9.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.





9.5.2 Table : All distance violations (i)

The following table provides the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by the violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,220)	1:21:A:VAL:H	1:20:A:LYS:HD2	4	0.24
(1,220)	1:21:A:VAL:H	1:20:A:LYS:HD3	4	0.24
(1,518)	1:50:A:GLU:H	1:50:A:GLU:HG2	2	0.22
(1,518)	1:50:A:GLU:H	1:50:A:GLU:HG3	2	0.22
(1,518)	1:50:A:GLU:H	1:50:A:GLU:HG2	8	0.22
(1,518)	1:50:A:GLU:H	1:50:A:GLU:HG3	8	0.22
(1,103)	1:35:A:LYS:HA	1:37:A:SER:H	5	0.21
(1,26)	1:25:A:THR:HG21	1:36:A:VAL:HB	9	0.2
(1,26)	1:25:A:THR:HG22	1:36:A:VAL:HB	9	0.2
(1,26)	1:25:A:THR:HG23	1:36:A:VAL:HB	9	0.2
(1,386)	1:20:A:LYS:HB2	1:20:A:LYS:HG2	1	0.19
(1,386)	1:20:A:LYS:HB2	1:20:A:LYS:HG3	1	0.19
(1,386)	1:20:A:LYS:HB3	1:20:A:LYS:HG2	1	0.19
(1,386)	1:20:A:LYS:HB3	1:20:A:LYS:HG3	1	0.19
(1,386)	1:20:A:LYS:HB2	1:20:A:LYS:HG2	2	0.19
(1,386)	1:20:A:LYS:HB2	1:20:A:LYS:HG3	2	0.19
(1,386)	1:20:A:LYS:HB3	1:20:A:LYS:HG2	2	0.19



Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,386)	1:20:A:LYS:HB3	1:20:A:LYS:HG3	2	0.19
(1,386)	1:20:A:LYS:HB2	1:20:A:LYS:HG2	4	0.19
(1,386)	1:20:A:LYS:HB2	1:20:A:LYS:HG3	4	0.19
(1,386)	1:20:A:LYS:HB3	1:20:A:LYS:HG2	4	0.19
(1,386)	1:20:A:LYS:HB3	1:20:A:LYS:HG3	4	0.19
(1,386)	1:20:A:LYS:HB2	1:20:A:LYS:HG2	5	0.19
(1,386)	1:20:A:LYS:HB2	1:20:A:LYS:HG3	5	0.19
(1,386)	1:20:A:LYS:HB3	1:20:A:LYS:HG2	5	0.19
(1,386)	1:20:A:LYS:HB3	1:20:A:LYS:HG3	5	0.19
(1,386)	1:20:A:LYS:HB2	1:20:A:LYS:HG2	6	0.19



10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis (i)

No dihedral-angle restraints found

