



Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Dec 24, 2024 – 08:45 PM EST

PDB ID : 2M7X
BMRB ID : 19216
Title : Structural and Functional Analysis of Transmembrane Segment IV of the Salt Tolerance Protein Sod2
Authors : Ullah, A.; Kemp, G.; Lee, B.; Alves, C.; Young, H.; Sykes, B.D.; Fliegel, L.
Deposited on : 2013-05-02

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
wwPDB-RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2
BMRB Restraints Analysis : v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.40

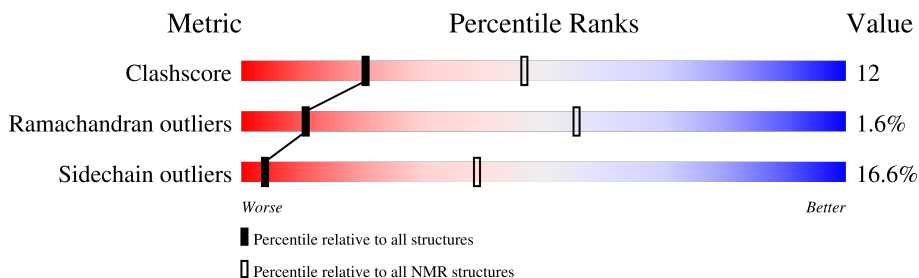
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 50%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	210492	14027
Ramachandran outliers	207382	12486
Sidechain outliers	206894	12463

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	38	

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 25 models. Model 16 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:132-A:141 (10)	0.81	16

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 4 clusters and 1 single-model cluster was found.

Cluster number	Models
1	5, 6, 7, 8, 11, 12, 14, 19, 21, 24
2	1, 2, 3, 4, 13, 16, 20, 22, 25
3	9, 10, 23
4	15, 17
Single-model clusters	18

3 Entry composition

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 446 atoms, of which 231 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Na(+)/H(+) antiporter.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S	
1	A	30	446	143	231	32	39	1	0

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

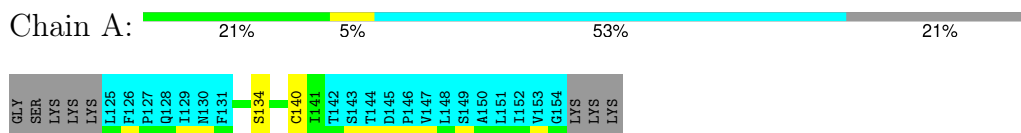
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	120	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P36606
A	121	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P36606
A	122	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P36606
A	123	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P36606
A	124	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P36606
A	155	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P36606
A	156	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P36606
A	157	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P36606

4 Residue-property plots [i](#)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Na(+)/H(+) antiporter

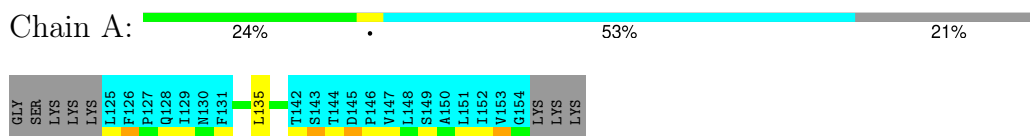


4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

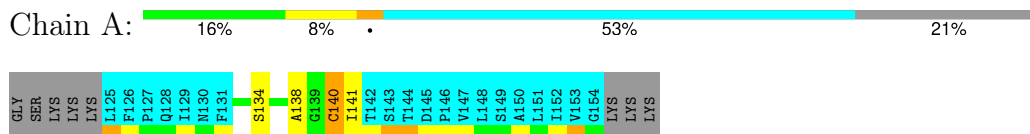
4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

- Molecule 1: Na(+)/H(+) antiporter



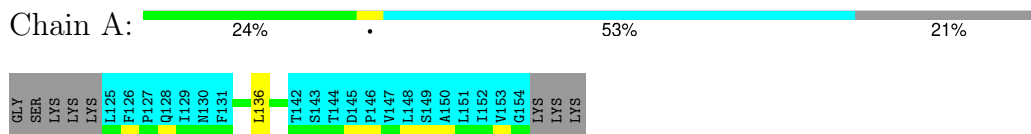
4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

- Molecule 1: Na(+)/H(+) antiporter



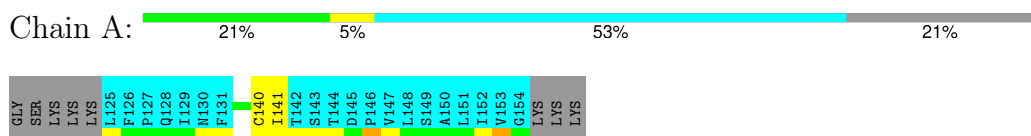
4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

- Molecule 1: Na(+)/H(+) antiporter



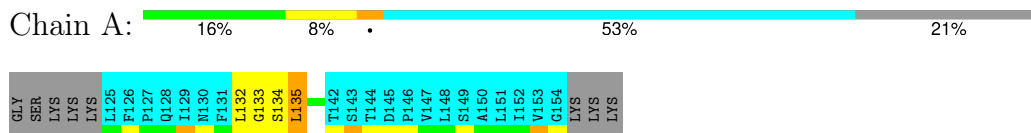
4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

- Molecule 1: Na(+)/H(+) antiporter



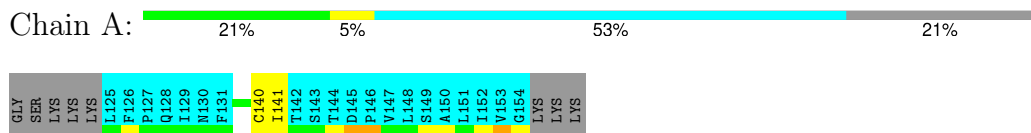
4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

- Molecule 1: Na(+)/H(+) antiporter



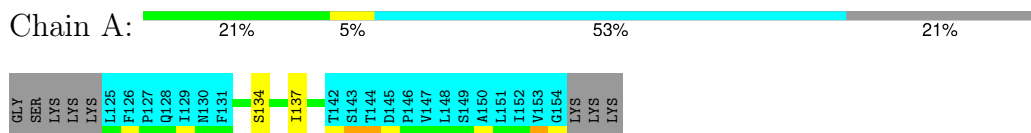
4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

- Molecule 1: Na(+)/H(+) antiporter



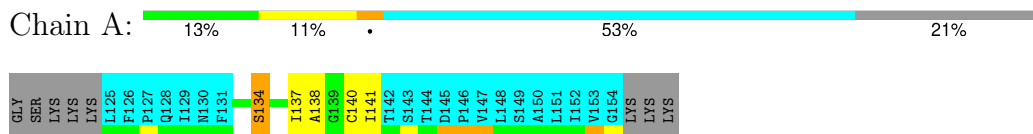
4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: Na(+)/H(+) antiporter



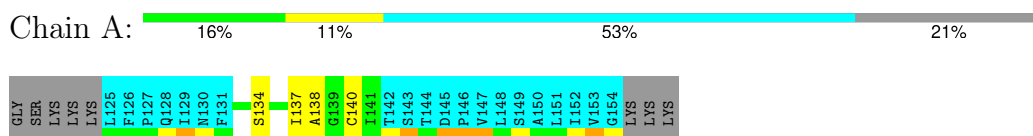
4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

- Molecule 1: Na(+)/H(+) antiporter



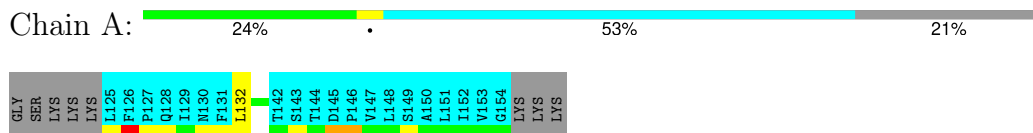
4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

- Molecule 1: Na(+)/H(+) antiporter



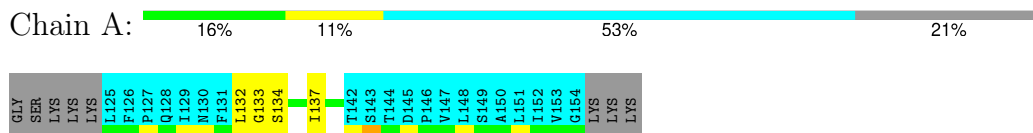
4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

- Molecule 1: Na(+)/H(+) antiporter



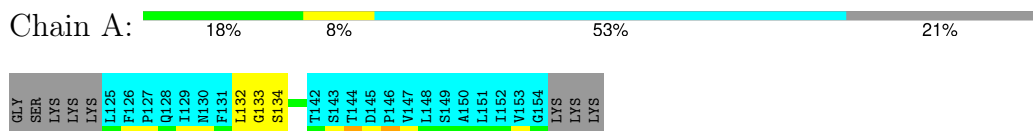
4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

- Molecule 1: Na(+)/H(+) antiporter



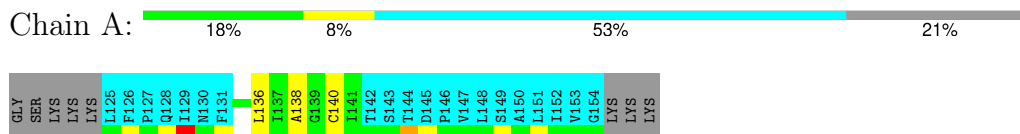
4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

- Molecule 1: Na(+)/H(+) antiporter



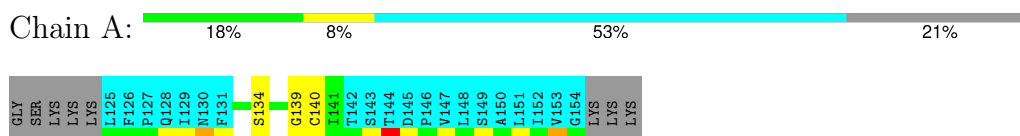
4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

- Molecule 1: Na(+)/H(+) antiporter



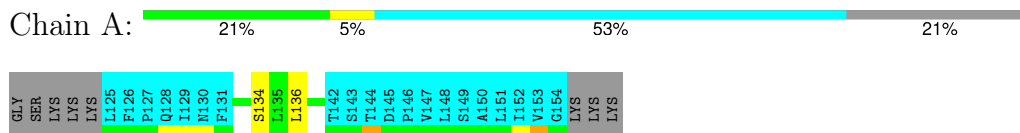
4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

- Molecule 1: Na(+)/H(+) antiporter



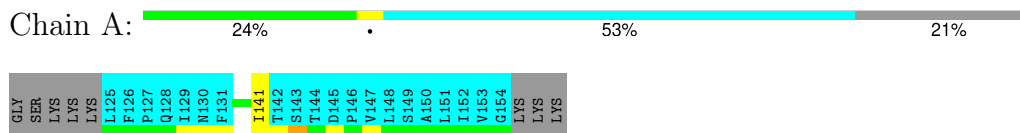
4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

- Molecule 1: Na(+)/H(+) antiporter



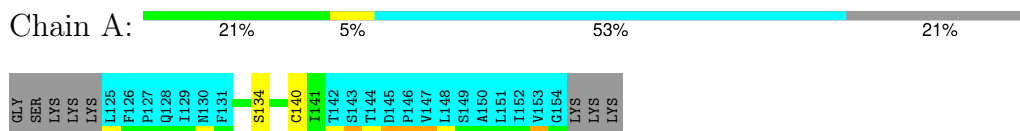
4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16 (medoid)

- Molecule 1: Na(+)/H(+) antiporter



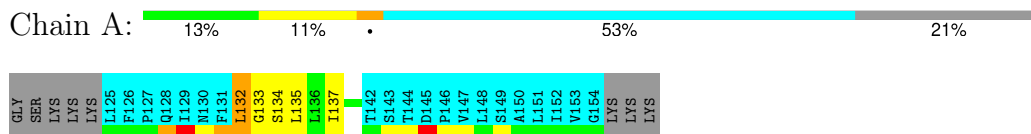
4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

- Molecule 1: Na(+)/H(+) antiporter



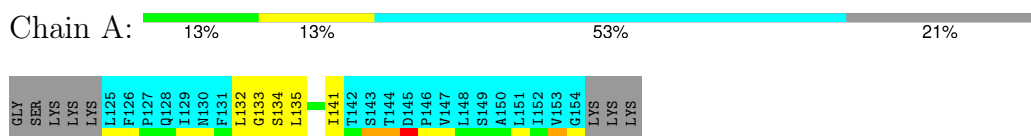
4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

- Molecule 1: Na(+)/H(+) antiporter



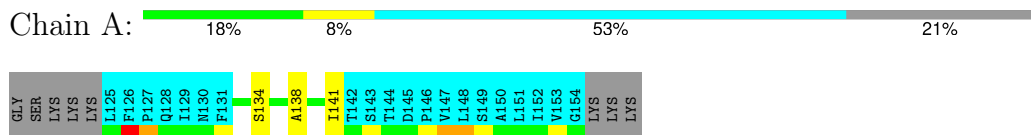
4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

- Molecule 1: Na(+)/H(+) antiporter



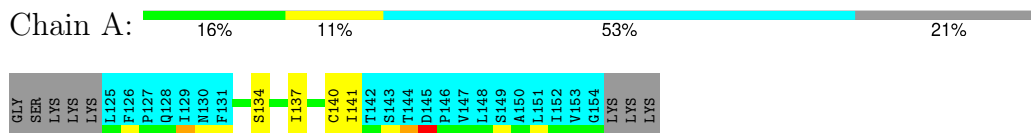
4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

- Molecule 1: Na(+)/H(+) antiporter



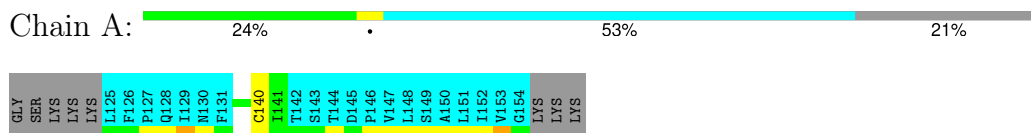
4.2.21 Score per residue for model 21

- Molecule 1: Na(+)/H(+) antiporter



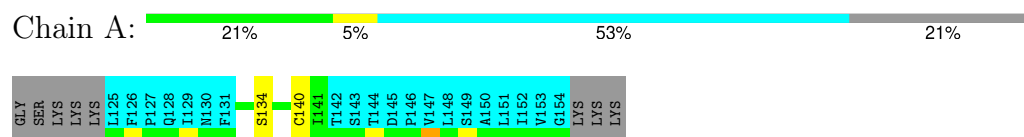
4.2.22 Score per residue for model 22

- Molecule 1: Na(+)/H(+) antiporter



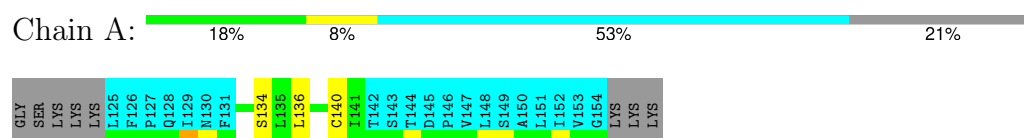
4.2.23 Score per residue for model 23

- Molecule 1: Na(+)/H(+) antiporter



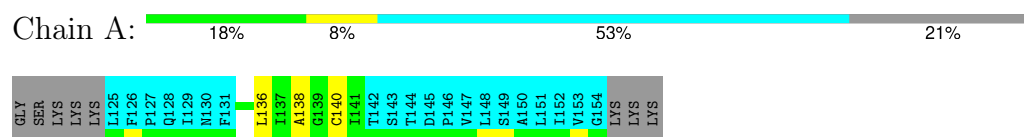
4.2.24 Score per residue for model 24

- Molecule 1: Na(+)/H(+) antiporter



4.2.25 Score per residue for model 25

- Molecule 1: Na(+)/H(+) antiporter



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 50 calculated structures, 25 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
X-PLOR NIH	structure solution	
X-PLOR NIH	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	210
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	176
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	34
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	50%

6 Model quality i

6.1 Standard geometry i

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts i

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	65	76	76	2±2
All	All	1625	1900	1900	42

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 12.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:132:LEU:HD13	1:A:133:GLY:N	0.91	1.80	18	1
1:A:132:LEU:O	1:A:132:LEU:HD22	0.74	1.81	18	1
1:A:138:ALA:O	1:A:141:ILE:HG22	0.71	1.85	20	3
1:A:132:LEU:HD22	1:A:132:LEU:C	0.63	2.15	18	1
1:A:134:SER:O	1:A:137:ILE:HG22	0.62	1.94	18	4
1:A:135:LEU:H	1:A:135:LEU:HD23	0.57	1.58	5	1
1:A:132:LEU:HD13	1:A:132:LEU:C	0.57	2.19	18	1
1:A:137:ILE:HG23	1:A:138:ALA:N	0.56	2.15	9	1
1:A:141:ILE:HD12	1:A:141:ILE:N	0.52	2.20	4	4
1:A:132:LEU:O	1:A:134:SER:N	0.52	2.43	11	5
1:A:140:CYS:SG	1:A:141:ILE:N	0.51	2.83	6	1
1:A:135:LEU:H	1:A:135:LEU:CD2	0.50	2.17	5	1
1:A:134:SER:OG	1:A:135:LEU:N	0.50	2.44	19	1
1:A:132:LEU:C	1:A:134:SER:N	0.46	2.68	5	4

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:141:ILE:N	1:A:141:ILE:CD1	0.46	2.78	4	4
1:A:137:ILE:CG2	1:A:138:ALA:N	0.46	2.79	9	1
1:A:140:CYS:O	1:A:140:CYS:SG	0.45	2.74	2	1
1:A:132:LEU:O	1:A:135:LEU:N	0.45	2.49	18	1
1:A:138:ALA:O	1:A:140:CYS:N	0.43	2.50	13	2
1:A:138:ALA:C	1:A:140:CYS:N	0.43	2.71	13	2
1:A:132:LEU:C	1:A:132:LEU:CD2	0.42	2.84	18	1
1:A:132:LEU:O	1:A:132:LEU:HD23	0.40	2.17	19	1

6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	10/38 (26%)	9±1 (92±9%)	1±1 (6±7%)	0±0 (2±4%)	10	55
All	All	250/950 (26%)	231 (92%)	15 (6%)	4 (2%)	10	55

All 1 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	133	GLY	4

6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	7/32 (22%)	6±1 (83±11%)	1±1 (17±11%)	4	39
All	All	175/800 (22%)	146 (83%)	29 (17%)	4	39

All 6 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the

frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	140	CYS	10
1	A	134	SER	9
1	A	136	LEU	5
1	A	135	LEU	2
1	A	132	LEU	2
1	A	137	ILE	1

6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation i

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 50% for the well-defined parts and 44% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping i

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	210
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	176
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	34
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	3

The following assigned chemical shifts were not mapped to the molecules present in the coordinate file.

- No matching atom found in the structure. All 34 occurrences are reported below.

List ID	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift Data		
					Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	A	120	GLY	HA2	3.785	.	2
1	A	120	GLY	HA3	3.913	.	2
1	A	121	SER	N	115.757	.	1
1	A	121	SER	H	8.85	.	1
1	A	121	SER	HA	4.337	.	1
1	A	122	LYS	N	123.238	.	1
1	A	122	LYS	H	8.753	.	1
1	A	122	LYS	HA	4.034	.	1
1	A	122	LYS	HB2	1.808	.	2
1	A	123	LYS	N	117.981	.	1
1	A	123	LYS	H	7.91	.	1
1	A	123	LYS	HA	3.862	.	1
1	A	123	LYS	HB2	1.744	.	2
1	A	123	LYS	HG2	1.441	.	2

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List ID	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift Data		
					Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	A	124	LYS	N	115.479	.	1
1	A	124	LYS	H	7.445	.	1
1	A	124	LYS	HA	4.077	.	1
1	A	124	LYS	HB2	1.765	.	2
1	A	124	LYS	HG2	1.413	.	2
1	A	155	LYS	N	118.434	.	1
1	A	155	LYS	H	7.637	.	1
1	A	155	LYS	HA	4.184	.	1
1	A	155	LYS	HB2	1.823	.	2
1	A	155	LYS	HG2	1.449	.	2
1	A	156	LYS	N	119.263	.	1
1	A	156	LYS	H	8.03	.	1
1	A	156	LYS	HA	4.18	.	1
1	A	156	LYS	HB2	1.808	.	2
1	A	156	LYS	HG2	1.443	.	2
1	A	157	LYS	N	118.155	.	1
1	A	157	LYS	H	7.902	.	1
1	A	157	LYS	HA	4.289	.	1
1	A	157	LYS	HB2	1.747	.	2
1	A	157	LYS	HG2	1.375	.	2

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing [i](#)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction \pm precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	0	—	None (insufficient data)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	0	—	None (insufficient data)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	0	—	None (insufficient data)
^{15}N	35	1.55 ± 0.55	Should be applied

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments [i](#)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 50%, i.e. 63 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 127. 0 out of 3 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	31/52 (60%)	21/22 (95%)	0/20 (0%)	10/10 (100%)

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	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Sidechain	32/75 (43%)	32/52 (62%)	0/23 (0%)	0/0 (—%)
Overall	63/127 (50%)	53/74 (72%)	0/43 (0%)	10/10 (100%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 44%, i.e. 175 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 396. 0 out of 8 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Backbone	87/149 (58%)	59/61 (97%)	0/60 (0%)	28/28 (100%)
Sidechain	88/227 (39%)	88/154 (57%)	0/71 (0%)	0/2 (0%)
Aromatic	0/20 (0%)	0/10 (0%)	0/10 (0%)	0/0 (—%)
Overall	175/396 (44%)	147/225 (65%)	0/141 (0%)	28/30 (93%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

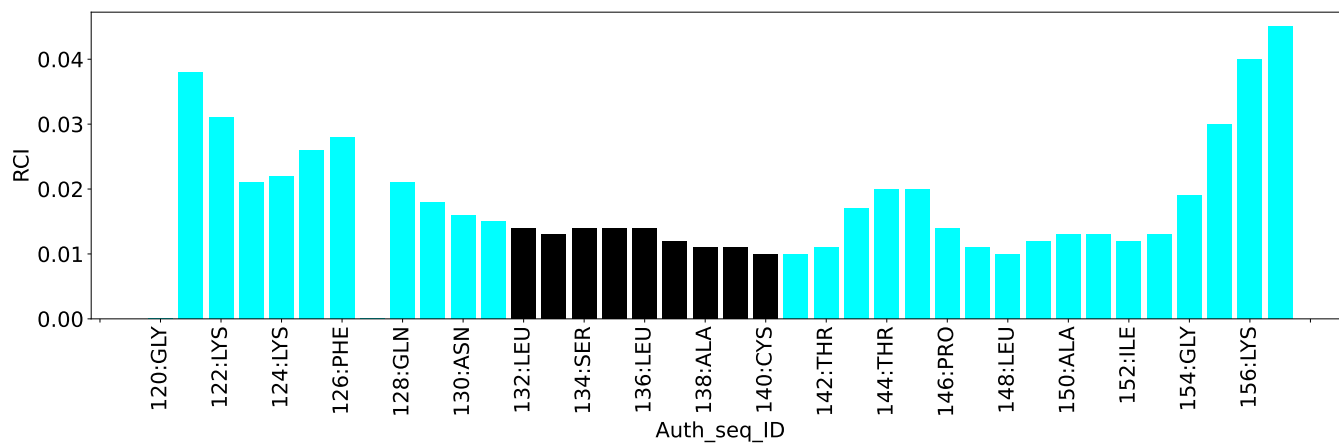
The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	129	ILE	HG21	2.17	-0.56 – 2.11	5.2
1	A	129	ILE	HG22	2.17	-0.56 – 2.11	5.2
1	A	129	ILE	HG23	2.17	-0.56 – 2.11	5.2

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:



8 NMR restraints analysis [i](#)

8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints [i](#)

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	0
Intra-residue ($ i-j =0$)	0
Sequential ($ i-j =1$)	0
Medium range ($ i-j >1$ and $ i-j <5$)	0
Long range ($ i-j \geq 5$)	0
Inter-chain	0
Hydrogen bond restraints	0
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	41
Number of unmapped restraints	0
Number of restraints per residue	0
Number of long range restraints per residue ¹	0

¹Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

8.2 Residual restraint violations [i](#)

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model [i](#)

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation. There are no distance restraints

8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model [i](#)

Dihedral-angle violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.

Bins (°)	Average number of violations per model	Max (°)
1.0-10.0 (Small)	0.0	1.42

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Bins (°)	Average number of violations per model	Max (°)
10.0-20.0 (Medium)	None	None
>20.0 (Large)	None	None

9 Distance violation analysis

No distance restraints data found

10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis [i](#)

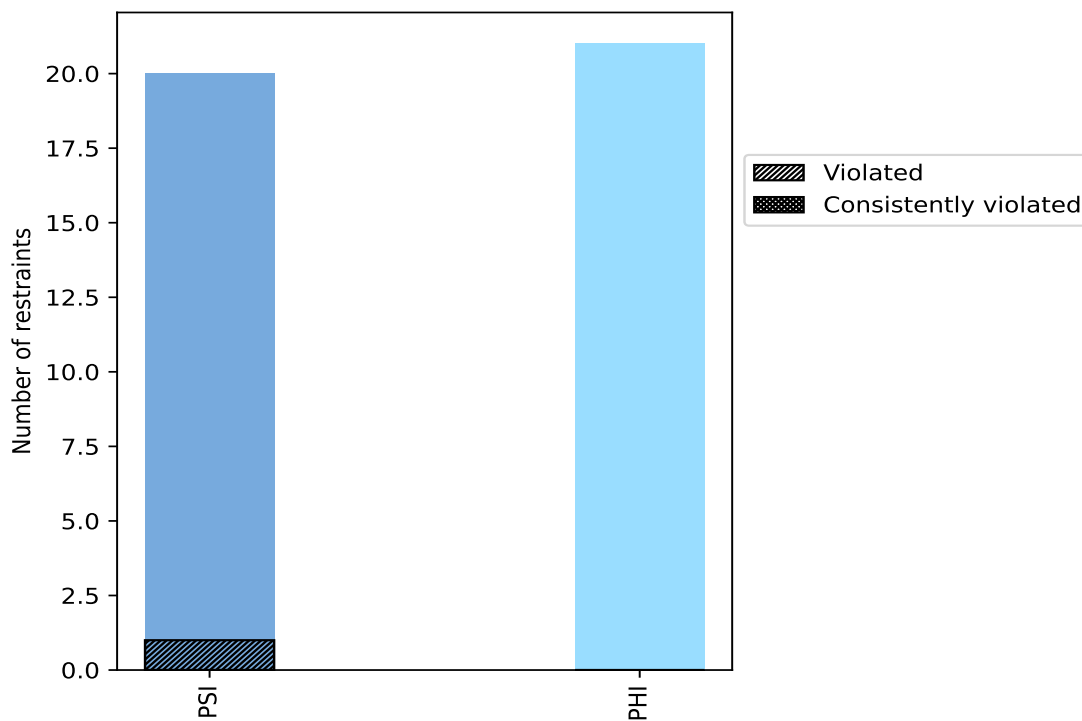
10.1 Summary of dihedral-angle violations [i](#)

The following table provides the summary of dihedral-angle violations in different dihedral-angle types. Violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.

Angle type	Count	% ¹	Violated ³			Consistently Violated ⁴		
			Count	% ²	% ¹	Count	% ²	% ¹
PSI	20	48.8	1	5.0	2.4	0	0.0	0.0
PHI	21	51.2	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	41	100.0	1	2.4	2.4	0	0.0	0.0

¹ percentage calculated with respect to total number of dihedral-angle restraints, ² percentage calculated with respect to number of restraints in a particular dihedral-angle type, ³ violated in at least one model, ⁴ violated in all the models

10.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of dihedral-angles and violations [i](#)



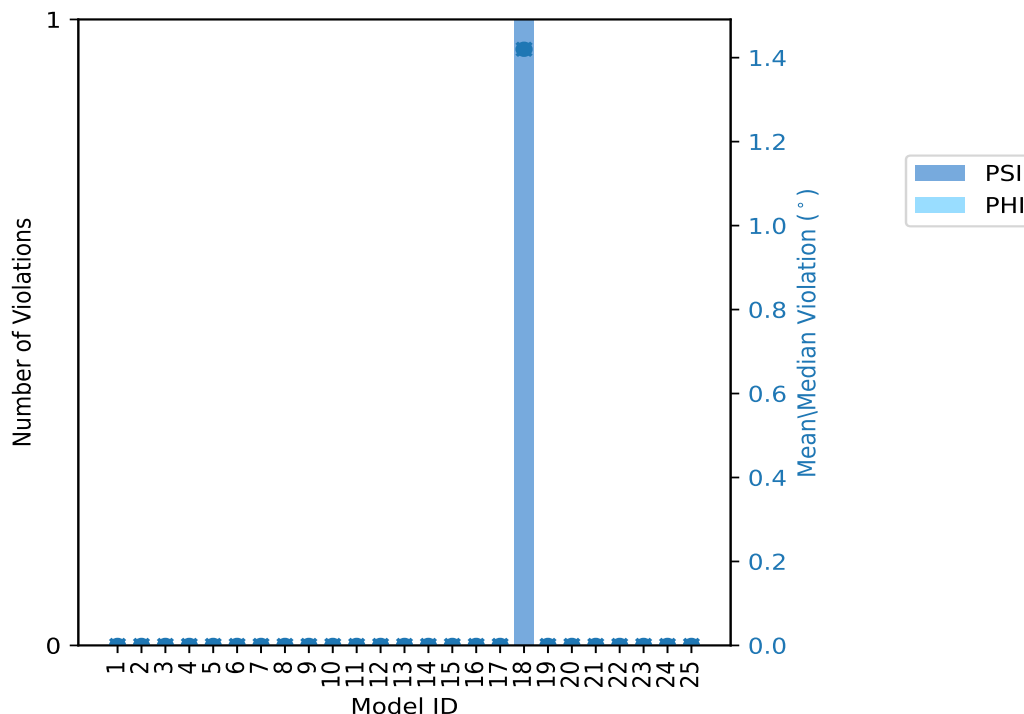
Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories

10.2 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for each model [i](#)

The following table provides the dihedral-angle violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 1° are not included in the statistics.

Model ID	Number of violations			Mean (°)	Max (°)	SD (°)	Median (°)
	PSI	PHI	Total				
1	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
4	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
6	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
7	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
8	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
9	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
10	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
11	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
12	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
13	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
14	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
15	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
16	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
17	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
18	1	0	1	1.42	1.42	0.0	1.42
19	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
20	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
21	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
22	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
23	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
24	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
25	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

10.2.1 Bar graph : Dihedral violation statistics for each model [i](#)



The mean(dot),median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right

10.3 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for the ensemble [i](#)

Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in very few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of ensemble.

Number of violated restraints			Fraction of the ensemble	
PSI	PHI	Total	Count ¹	%
1	0	1	1	4.0
0	0	0	2	8.0
0	0	0	3	12.0
0	0	0	4	16.0
0	0	0	5	20.0
0	0	0	6	24.0
0	0	0	7	28.0
0	0	0	8	32.0
0	0	0	9	36.0
0	0	0	10	40.0
0	0	0	11	44.0

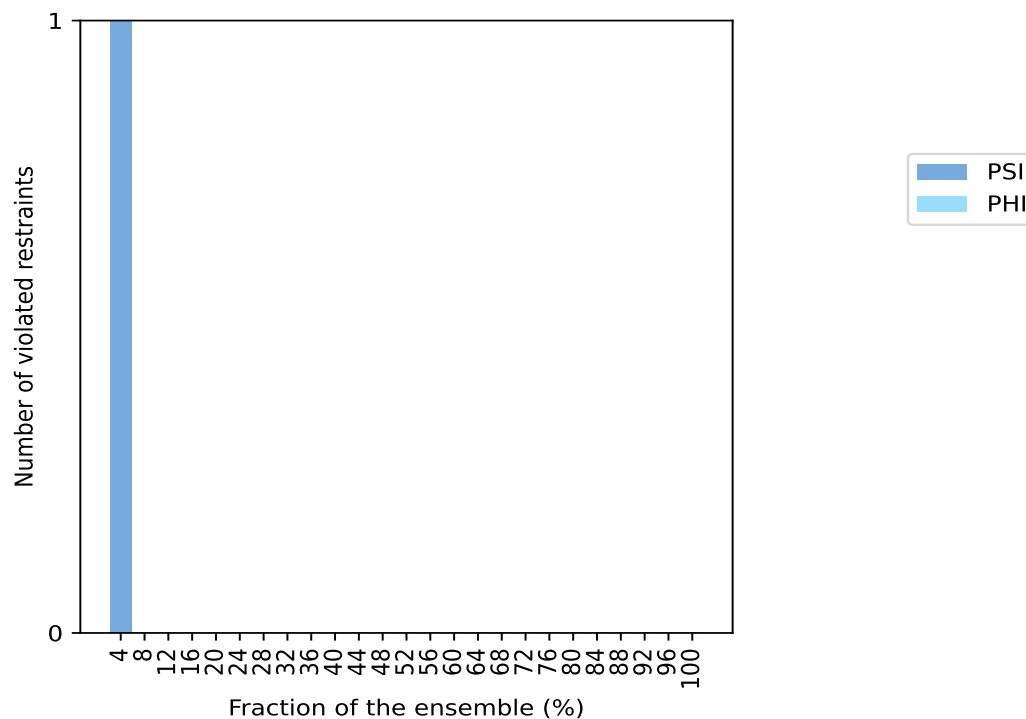
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Number of violated restraints			Fraction of the ensemble	
PSI	PHI	Total	Count ¹	%
0	0	0	12	48.0
0	0	0	13	52.0
0	0	0	14	56.0
0	0	0	15	60.0
0	0	0	16	64.0
0	0	0	17	68.0
0	0	0	18	72.0
0	0	0	19	76.0
0	0	0	20	80.0
0	0	0	21	84.0
0	0	0	22	88.0
0	0	0	23	92.0
0	0	0	24	96.0
0	0	0	25	100.0

¹ Number of models with violations

10.3.1 Bar graph : Dihedral-angle Violation statistics for the ensemble [i](#)



10.4 Most violated dihedral-angle restraints in the ensemble [i](#)

No violations found

10.5 All violated dihedral-angle restraints [i](#)

10.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of violations [i](#)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.

Data insufficient to plot histogram

10.5.2 Table: All violated dihedral-angle restraints [i](#)

The following table lists the absolute value of the violation for each restraint in the ensemble sorted by its value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Atom-3	Atom-4	Model ID	Violation (°)
(1,11)	1:132:A:LEU:N	1:132:A:LEU:CA	1:132:A:LEU:C	1:133:A:GLY:N	18	1.42