

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Sep 12, 2023 – 04:15 AM EDT

PDB ID : 4M8Y

Title: GS-8374, a Novel Phosphonate-Containing Inhibitor of HIV-1 Protease,

Effectively Inhibits HIV PR Mutants with Amino Acid Insertions

Authors: Grantz saskova, K.; Brynda, J.; Rezacova, P.; Kozisek, M.; Konvalinka, J.

Deposited on : 2013-08-14

Resolution : 2.22 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.35.1 buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

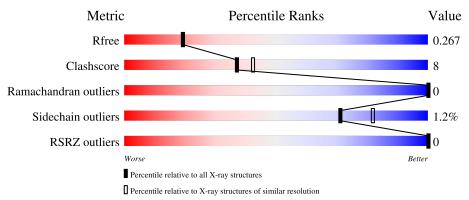
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.22 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries},{\rm resolution\ range}({\rm \AA})) \end{array}$
R_{free}	130704	5912 (2.24-2.20)
Clashscore	141614	6646 (2.24-2.20)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	6543 (2.24-2.20)
Sidechain outliers	138945	6544 (2.24-2.20)
RSRZ outliers	127900	5797 (2.24-2.20)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	A	100	91%	9%				
1	В	100	89%	11%				

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	KGQ	A	201[A]	X	-	-	-
2	KGQ	A	202[B]	X	-	-	-



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1717 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Protease.

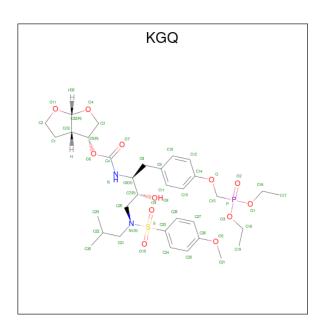
\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	100	Total 773	C 500	N 129	O 139	S 5	0	1	0
1	В	100	Total 767	C 497	N 126	O 139	S 5	0	1	0

There are 18 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	10	PHE	LEU	engineered mutation	UNP Q90JJ9
A	13	VAL	ILE	engineered mutation	UNP Q90JJ9
A	16	ALA	GLY	engineered mutation	UNP Q90JJ9
A	20	MET	LYS	engineered mutation	UNP Q90JJ9
A	34	GLU	-	insertion	UNP Q90JJ9
A	38	SER	ASP	engineered mutation	UNP Q90JJ9
A	47	VAL	ILE	engineered mutation	UNP Q90JJ9
A	55	MET	ILE	engineered mutation	UNP Q90JJ9
A	72	VAL	ALA	engineered mutation	UNP Q90JJ9
В	10	PHE	LEU	engineered mutation	UNP Q90JJ9
В	13	VAL	ILE	engineered mutation	UNP Q90JJ9
В	16	ALA	GLY	engineered mutation	UNP Q90JJ9
В	20	MET	LYS	engineered mutation	UNP Q90JJ9
В	34	GLU	-	insertion	UNP Q90JJ9
В	38	SER	ASP	engineered mutation	UNP Q90JJ9
В	47	VAL	ILE	engineered mutation	UNP Q90JJ9
В	55	MET	ILE	engineered mutation	UNP Q90JJ9
В	72	VAL	ALA	engineered mutation	UNP Q90JJ9

• Molecule 2 is DIETHYL ({4-[(2S,3R)-2-({[(3R,3AS,6AR)-HEXAHYDROFURO[2,3-B]FUR AN-3-YLOXY]CARBONYL}AMINO)-3-HYDROXY-4-{ISOBUTYL[(4-METHOXYPHEN YL)SULFONYL]AMINO}BUTYL]PHENOXY}METHYL)PHOSPHONATE (three-letter code: KGQ) (formula: C₃₃H₄₉N₂O₁₂PS).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf		
9	Λ.	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	S	0	1
2 A	1	49	33	2	12	1	1	0	1	
9	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	S	0	1
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c } \hline Z & A \\ \hline \end{array}$	A	1	49	33	2	12	1	1	0	1

• Molecule 3 is water.

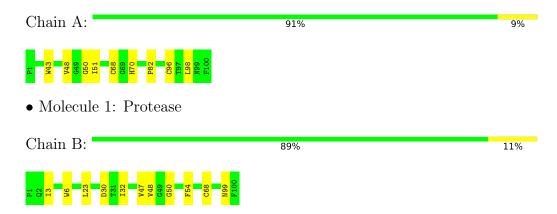
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	46	Total O 46 46	0	0
3	В	33	Total O 33 33	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Protease





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 61	Depositor
Cell constants	61.91Å 61.91Å 83.18Å	Domositon
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	32.86 - 2.22	Depositor
Resolution (A)	32.86 - 2.22	EDS
% Data completeness	99.4 (32.86-2.22)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.3 (32.86-2.22)	EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.68 (at 2.22Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.5.0109	Depositor
D D	0.198 , 0.268	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.201 , 0.267	DCC
R_{free} test set	422 reflections (4.75%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	31.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.059	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.35 , 20.2	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L >=0.49, < L^2>=0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.489 for h,-h-k,-l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	1717	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	35.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.74% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: KGQ

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain		nd lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI		RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.56	1/791 (0.1%)	0.69	0/1073	
1	В	0.58	1/785 (0.1%)	0.69	1/1066 (0.1%)	
All	All	0.57	2/1576~(0.1%)	0.69	1/2139 (0.0%)	

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(A)	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\text{\AA})$
1	В	6	TRP	CD2-CE2	5.35	1.47	1.41
1	A	43	TRP	CD2-CE2	5.32	1.47	1.41

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	В	23	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.10	127.02	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	773	0	805	9	0
1	В	767	0	794	10	0
2	A	98	0	98	20	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	46	0	0	2	0
3	В	33	0	0	0	0
All	All	1717	0	1697	26	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

All (26) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

A. 1	A.1 0	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${ m distance} \; ({ m \AA})$	overlap (Å)
1:A:98:LEU:HB2	1:B:3:ILE:HG23	1.62	0.79
1:A:82:PRO:HB3	2:A:202[B]:KGQ:H181	1.73	0.69
2:A:201[A]:KGQ:H311	1:B:30:ASP:OD2	1.99	0.62
2:A:201[A]:KGQ:H151	2:A:201[A]:KGQ:H11A	1.83	0.59
2:A:202[B]:KGQ:H192	1:B:54[B]:PHE:CE1	2.37	0.59
2:A:201[A]:KGQ:H312	1:B:48:VAL:HG13	1.85	0.59
2:A:201[A]:KGQ:C6	2:A:201[A]:KGQ:H212	2.33	0.57
2:A:202[B]:KGQ:H11A	2:A:202[B]:KGQ:H151	1.85	0.57
2:A:202[B]:KGQ:H13	1:B:50:GLY:HA2	1.87	0.56
1:A:70:HIS:HA	3:A:324:HOH:O	2.06	0.55
1:B:47:VAL:HG12	1:B:54[B]:PHE:HD2	1.74	0.52
2:A:201[A]:KGQ:C4	2:A:201[A]:KGQ:H12A	2.39	0.52
1:A:98:LEU:HB2	1:B:3:ILE:CG2	2.35	0.52
2:A:202[B]:KGQ:H32A	1:B:32:ILE:HD11	1.92	0.51
2:A:201[A]:KGQ:H292	2:A:201[A]:KGQ:H7	1.93	0.50
1:A:50:GLY:HA2	2:A:201[A]:KGQ:H13	1.94	0.49
1:A:51:ILE:CD1	1:B:32:ILE:HD12	2.42	0.49
2:A:201[A]:KGQ:H212	2:A:201[A]:KGQ:H6	1.95	0.47
2:A:202[B]:KGQ:C4	2:A:202[B]:KGQ:H12A	2.45	0.46
2:A:201[A]:KGQ:H212	2:A:201[A]:KGQ:H7	1.54	0.46
2:A:201[A]:KGQ:H191	3:A:318:HOH:O	2.18	0.42
1:A:82:PRO:CB	2:A:202[B]:KGQ:H181	2.45	0.42
2:A:202[B]:KGQ:H81	2:A:202[B]:KGQ:O10	2.20	0.41
1:A:48:VAL:HG13	2:A:202[B]:KGQ:H312	2.01	0.41
1:A:96:CYS:HA	1:B:99:ASN:O	2.21	0.41
2:A:202[B]:KGQ:H7	2:A:202[B]:KGQ:H212	1.28	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.



5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured Allowed		Outliers	Perce	\mathbf{ntiles}
1	A	99/100~(99%)	96 (97%)	3 (3%)	0	100	100
1	В	99/100~(99%)	97 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	198/200 (99%)	193 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles		
1	A	85/84 (101%)	84 (99%)	1 (1%)	71	82	
1	В	84/84 (100%)	83 (99%)	1 (1%)	71	82	
All	All	169/168 (101%)	167 (99%)	2 (1%)	71	82	

All (2) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	68	CYS
1	В	68	CYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.



5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Tuno	Type Chain Res		Link	Во	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	
2	KGQ	A	201[A]	-	52,52,52	1.75	6 (11%)	65,73,73	1.71	12 (18%)	
2	KGQ	A	202[B]	-	52,52,52	1.66	5 (9%)	65,73,73	1.82	12 (18%)	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	KGQ	A	201[A]	-	1/1/10/11	13/52/71/71	0/4/4/4
2	KGQ	A	202[B]	-	1/1/10/11	13/52/71/71	0/4/4/4

All (11) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\text{\AA})$
2	A	201[A]	KGQ	O9-S	6.86	1.51	1.43

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
2	A	201[A]	KGQ	O10-S	6.45	1.50	1.43
2	A	202[B]	KGQ	O10-S	6.38	1.50	1.43
2	A	202[B]	KGQ	O9-S	6.26	1.50	1.43
2	A	201[A]	KGQ	P-O2	5.91	1.64	1.48
2	A	202[B]	KGQ	P-O2	5.57	1.63	1.48
2	A	202[B]	KGQ	P-O3	2.44	1.63	1.57
2	A	201[A]	KGQ	P-O3	2.39	1.63	1.57
2	A	201[A]	KGQ	O4-C32	2.27	1.46	1.41
2	A	201[A]	KGQ	O11-C32	2.18	1.46	1.41
2	A	202[B]	KGQ	O4-C32	2.02	1.45	1.41

All (24) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
2	A	202[B]	KGQ	O9-S-O10	-6.32	109.28	119.52
2	A	201[A]	KGQ	O9-S-O10	-6.10	109.63	119.52
2	A	202[B]	KGQ	O9-S-N1	4.72	111.00	106.69
2	A	202[B]	KGQ	O6-C4-N	4.58	116.26	110.32
2	A	202[B]	KGQ	C20-N1-S	-4.36	107.94	117.52
2	A	201[A]	KGQ	C20-N1-S	-4.28	108.11	117.52
2	A	202[B]	KGQ	C31-O5-C26	-4.26	108.27	117.51
2	A	202[B]	KGQ	O1-P-O3	4.01	117.30	104.11
2	A	201[A]	KGQ	O6-C4-N	3.98	115.48	110.32
2	A	201[A]	KGQ	C21-N1-S	-3.85	109.06	117.52
2	A	201[A]	KGQ	O1-P-O3	3.49	115.58	104.11
2	A	201[A]	KGQ	O10-S-N1	3.35	109.74	106.69
2	A	202[B]	KGQ	O10-S-N1	3.10	109.52	106.69
2	A	201[A]	KGQ	O3-P-O2	-3.10	105.26	114.21
2	A	201[A]	KGQ	O9-S-N1	3.00	109.42	106.69
2	A	202[B]	KGQ	O3-P-O2	-2.86	105.95	114.21
2	A	202[B]	KGQ	O1-P-O2	-2.83	106.04	114.21
2	A	201[A]	KGQ	C31-O5-C26	-2.56	111.96	117.51
2	A	202[B]	KGQ	C21-N1-S	-2.50	112.03	117.52
2	A	202[B]	KGQ	O6-C4-O7	-2.48	120.79	124.53
2	A	201[A]	KGQ	O6-C4-O7	-2.46	120.83	124.53
2	A	201[A]	KGQ	O1-P-O2	-2.33	107.49	114.21
2	A	202[B]	KGQ	O2-P-C15	-2.11	106.55	113.50
2	A	201[A]	KGQ	C22-C21-N1	-2.10	109.98	112.41

All (2) chirality outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
2	A	201[A]	KGQ	N1
2	A	202[B]	KGQ	N1

All (26) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	201[A]	KGQ	O-C15-P-O1
2	A	201[A]	KGQ	C7-C20-N1-C21
2	A	202[B]	KGQ	O-C15-P-O3
2	A	202[B]	KGQ	O-C15-P-O1
2	A	202[B]	KGQ	C7-C20-N1-C21
2	A	202[B]	KGQ	C18-O3-P-O2
2	A	202[B]	KGQ	C21-N1-S-O10
2	A	201[A]	KGQ	C21-N1-S-O10
2	A	201[A]	KGQ	C12-C14-O-C15
2	A	202[B]	KGQ	C12-C14-O-C15
2	A	201[A]	KGQ	C13-C14-O-C15
2	A	202[B]	KGQ	C13-C14-O-C15
2	A	202[B]	KGQ	C21-N1-S-C23
2	A	201[A]	KGQ	C21-N1-S-C23
2	A	201[A]	KGQ	C25-C26-O5-C31
2	A	201[A]	KGQ	C27-C26-O5-C31
2	A	201[A]	KGQ	C18-O3-P-O2
2	A	202[B]	KGQ	C18-O3-P-O1
2	A	201[A]	KGQ	O-C15-P-O3
2	A	202[B]	KGQ	N1-C21-C22-C30
2	A	201[A]	KGQ	O-C15-P-O2
2	A	202[B]	KGQ	O-C15-P-O2
2	A	202[B]	KGQ	N1-C21-C22-C29
2	A	201[A]	KGQ	C18-O3-P-O1
2	A	202[B]	KGQ	C-C5-O6-C4
2	A	201[A]	KGQ	C20-N1-S-O9

There are no ring outliers.

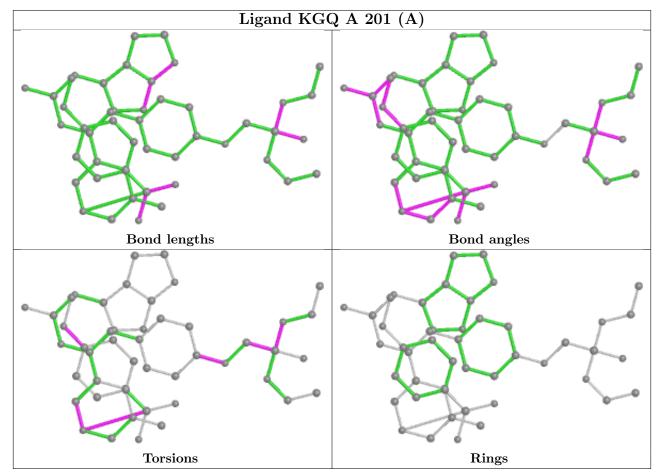
2 monomers are involved in 20 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes	
2	A	201[A]	KGQ	10	0	
2	A	202[B]	KGQ	10	0	

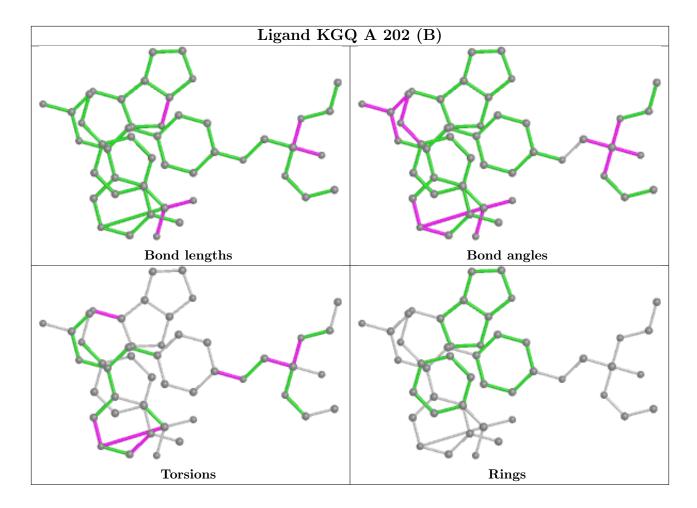
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will



also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.







5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\#RSRZ{>}2$		Z>2	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	100/100 (100%)	-0.47	0	100	100	22, 32, 53, 59	2 (2%)
1	В	100/100 (100%)	-0.49	0	100	100	23, 32, 55, 57	4 (4%)
All	All	$200/200\ (100\%)$	-0.48	0	100	100	22, 32, 55, 59	6 (3%)

There are no RSRZ outliers to report.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$ m B ext{-}factors(\AA^2)$	Q<0.9
2	KGQ	A	201[A]	49/49	0.95	0.14	26,29,38,39	49
2	KGQ	A	202[B]	49/49	0.95	0.14	27,30,36,38	49

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



Electron density around KGQ A 202 (B): 2mF_o-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

