

wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Jun 3, 2023 – 06:22 PM EDT

:	2MW4
:	25298
:	Tetramerization domain of the Ciona intestinalis $p53/p73$ -b transcription fac-
	tor protein
:	Heering, J.P.; Jonker, H.R.A.; Loehr, F.; Schwalbe, H.; Doetsch, V.
:	2014-10-27
	:

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

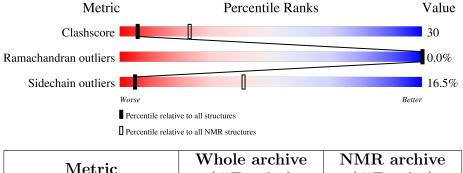
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
wwPDB-RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
BMRB Restraints Analysis	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.33

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 22%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	${f NMR} \ {f archive} \ (\#{f Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	А	47	36%	51%	9% •		
1	В	47	40%	49%	11%		
1	С	47	38%	51%	11%		
1	D	47	38%	53%	9%		



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 18 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues							
Well-defined core Residue range (total) Backbone RMSD (Å) Medoid model							
1	A:105-A:149, B:203-B:249,	0.41	18				
	C:303-C:349, D:403-D:449						
	(186)						

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 4 clusters and 3 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, 11, 12, 16, 18
2	13, 15, 20
3	7, 19
4	6, 17
Single-model clusters	2; 10; 14



3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 3140 atoms, of which 1592 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					Trace
1	٨	47	Total	С	Η	Ν	Ο	S	0
	А	41	785	243	398	68	74	2	0
1	В	47	Total	С	Η	Ν	Ο	S	0
	D	41	785	243	398	68	74	2	0
1	С	47	Total	С	Η	Ν	Ο	\mathbf{S}	0
	U	41	785	243	398	68	74	2	0
1	Л	47	Total	С	Η	Ν	Ο	S	0
1	D	41	785	243	398	68	74	2	0

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Transcription factor protein.

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	103	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q4H2Z8
В	203	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q4H2Z8
С	303	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q4H2Z8
D	403	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q4H2Z8

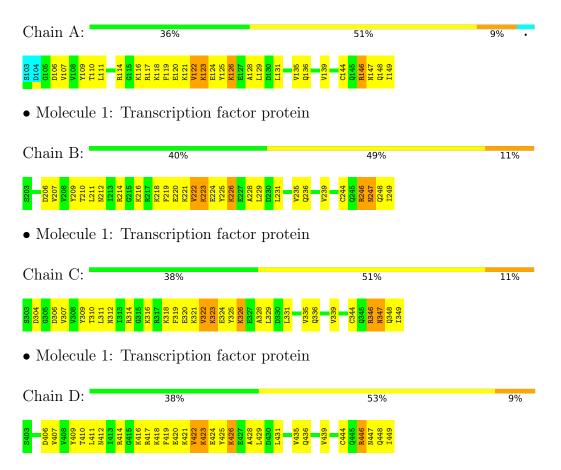


4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Transcription factor protein



4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 18. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

• Molecule 1: Transcription factor protein



Chain A:	38%	47%	11% •
8103 0104 0104 0106 0106 7100 7110 1111 111	G115 R117 R117 F119 F119 F119 F120 K121 K122 E124 Y125 F124 F126 F128 F128 F128	111 V135 C143 C144 C144 R146 N147 Q148 1149	
• Molecule 1: '	Transcription factor pro	otein	
Chain B:	45%	47%	9%
203 204 0205 0205 7206 7206 7209 7209 7210 1211	G215 K216 K216 K216 F219 F223 K222 F223 K226 F223 F226 F223 F226 F223 F223 F228 F228 F228 F228 F228 F228	235 235 235 235 235 235 235 235 235 235	
• Molecule 1: '	Transcription factor pro	otein	
Chain C:	60%	28%	13%
S303 V307 V308 V308 V308 T310 L311 N312 F319	V322 V322 V322 V325 V326 V326 V326 V326 V326 V336 V336 V335 V335 V336 V336 V336 V33	N347 847 946 949 949	
• Molecule 1: '	Transcription factor pre-	otein	
Chain D:	53%	40%	6%
8403 V407 Y408 T410 L411 L411 R414 R414	K418 F419 F420 K421 K421 K421 K423 F424 F425 F425 F426 F426 F426 F426 F426 F426 F426 F426	C444 C444 R446 R446 0447 0448	



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing, energy minimization.*

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: target function.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure solution	3.9
CNS	structure solution	1.1
ARIA	structure solution	1.2
ARIA	refinement	1.2

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	611
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	611
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	22%



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	А	373	387	387	$40{\pm}4$
1	В	387	398	395	38 ± 3
1	С	387	398	395	41±4
1	D	387	398	395	$39{\pm}5$
All	All	30680	31620	31440	1844

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 30.

5 of 233 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:B:235:VAL:HG11	1:D:435:VAL:HG11	0.78	1.55	1	20
1:B:228:ALA:HB1	1:D:428:ALA:HB1	0.76	1.58	12	20
1:A:135:VAL:HG11	1:C:335:VAL:HG11	0.75	1.59	5	20
1:A:128:ALA:HB1	1:C:328:ALA:HB1	0.74	1.59	9	20
1:C:322:VAL:HG12	1:D:422:VAL:HG12	0.73	1.58	9	20



6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	А	44/47~(94%)	$41 \pm 1 (93 \pm 1\%)$	$3\pm1~(7\pm1\%)$	0±0 (0±0%)	100	100
1	В	45/47~(96%)	$41 \pm 1 (91 \pm 2\%)$	$4\pm1 (9\pm2\%)$	0±0 (0±0%)	54	85
1	С	45/47~(96%)	41 ± 0 (91 $\pm1\%$)	4±0 (9±1%)	0±0 (0±0%)	100	100
1	D	45/47~(96%)	$41 \pm 1 (91 \pm 2\%)$	$4\pm1 (9\pm2\%)$	0±0 (0±0%)	100	100
All	All	3580/3760~(95%)	3271~(91%)	308~(9%)	1 (0%)	100	100

All 1 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	В	208	VAL	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Per	rc	entiles
1	А	41/43~(95%)	34 ± 1 (83 $\pm3\%$)	$7 \pm 1 (17 \pm 3\%)$	ļ	5	39
1	В	43/43~(100%)	36 ± 1 (84 $\pm3\%$)	$7\pm1~(16\pm3\%)$	ļ	5	42
1	С	43/43 (100%)	$36\pm1~(83\pm3\%)$	$7 \pm 1 (17 \pm 3\%)$	ļ	5	41
1	D	43/43~(100%)	36 ± 1 (84 $\pm3\%$)	$7\pm1~(16\pm3\%)$	ļ	5	41
All	All	3400/3440~(99%)	2838 (83%)	562 (17%)	ļ	5	41

5 of 56 unique residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	107	VAL	20



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	122	VAL	20
1	А	123	LYS	20
1	А	126	LYS	20
1	А	146	ARG	20

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6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 22% for the well-defined parts and 23% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: assigned_chem_shift_list_1

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	611
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	611
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	${\rm Correction}\pm{\rm precision},ppm$	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	47	-0.62 ± 0.21	Should be applied
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	45	0.04 ± 0.26	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C'$	45	-0.06 ± 0.12	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
¹⁵ N	45	-0.67 ± 0.40	None needed (imprecise)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 22%, i.e. 597 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 2679. 0 out of 36 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Backbone	223/930~(24%)	91/376~(24%)	88/372~(24%)	44/182 (24%)
Sidechain	340/1601~(21%)	232/1020~(23%)	107/497~(22%)	1/84 (1%)



	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Aromatic	34/148~(23%)	17/68~(25%)	17/80~(21%)	0/0 (%)
Overall	597/2679~(22%)	340/1464~(23%)	212/949~(22%)	45/266~(17%)

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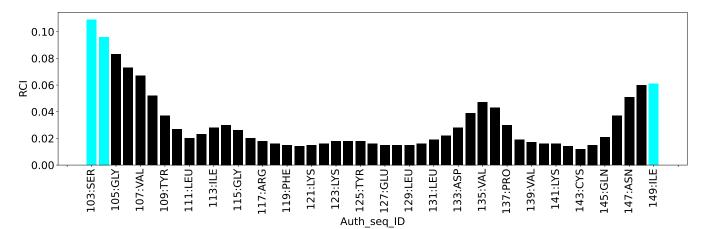
7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (1)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:





8 NMR restraints analysis (i)

8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints (i)

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	1473
Intra-residue $(i-j =0)$	300
Sequential (i-j =1)	322
Medium range ($ i-j >1$ and $ i-j <5$)	293
Long range $(i-j \ge 5)$	38
Inter-chain	480
Hydrogen bond restraints	40
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	106
Number of unmapped restraints	0
Number of restraints per residue	8.4
Number of long range restraints per residue ¹	0.2

¹Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

8.2 Residual restraint violations (i)

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model (i)

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation.

Bins (Å)	Average number of violations per model	Max (Å)
0.1-0.2 (Small)	25.8	0.2
0.2-0.5 (Medium)	6.8	0.41
>0.5 (Large)	None	None



8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model (i)

Dihedral-angle violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation. There are no dihedral-angle violations



9 Distance violation analysis (i)

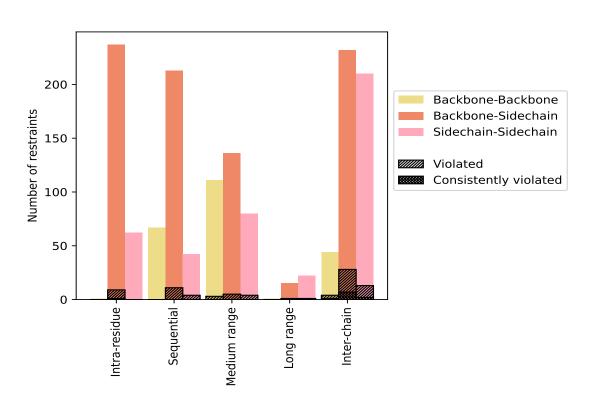
9.1 Summary of distance violations (i)

The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Bestroints type	Count	$\%^1$	Vic	lated	3	Consis	tentl	y Violated ⁴
Restraints type	Count	/0	Count	$\%^2$	$ \%^1$	Count	$ \%^2 $	$\%^1$
Intra-residue (i-j =0)	300	20.4	9	3.0	0.6	1	0.3	0.1
Backbone-Backbone	1	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	237	16.1	9	3.8	0.6	1	0.4	0.1
Sidechain-Sidechain	62	4.2	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sequential (i-j =1)	322	21.9	15	4.7	1.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	67	4.5	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	213	14.5	11	5.2	0.7	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	42	2.9	4	9.5	0.3	0	0.0	0.0
Medium range ($ i-j > 1 \& i-j < 5$)	293	19.9	10	3.4	0.7	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	77	5.2	1	1.3	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	136	9.2	5	3.7	0.3	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	80	5.4	4	5.0	0.3	0	0.0	0.0
Long range $(i-j \ge 5)$	38	2.6	2	5.3	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	1	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	15	1.0	1	6.7	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	22	1.5	1	4.5	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Inter-chain	480	32.6	45	9.4	3.1	10	2.1	0.7
Backbone-Backbone	38	2.6	4	10.5	0.3	1	2.6	0.1
Backbone-Sidechain	232	15.8	28	12.1	1.9	7	3.0	0.5
Sidechain-Sidechain	210	14.3	13	6.2	0.9	2	1.0	0.1
Hydrogen bond	40	2.7	2	5.0	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Disulfide bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	1473	100.0	83	5.6	5.6	11	0.7	0.7
Backbone-Backbone	224	15.2	7	3.1	0.5	1	0.4	0.1
Backbone-Sidechain	833	56.6	54	6.5	3.7	8	1.0	0.5
Sidechain-Sidechain	416	28.2	22	5.3	1.5	2	0.5	0.1

 1 percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints, 2 percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category, 3 violated in at least one model, 4 violated in all the models





9.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of distance restraints and violations (i)

Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfied bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model (i)

The following table provides the distance violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Madal ID		Nun	nber o	f viola	ations	;	Maan (Å)	$M_{orr}(\lambda)$	SD^6 (Å)	Madian (Å)
Model ID	IR^{1}	SQ^2	MR^3	LR^4	IC^5	Total	Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	$SD^{*}(A)$	Median (Å)
1	3	3	4	0	21	31	0.16	0.41	0.07	0.14
2	2	4	5	0	18	29	0.18	0.31	0.05	0.16
3	3	3	5	0	22	33	0.17	0.35	0.06	0.16
4	4	4	3	0	20	31	0.17	0.36	0.06	0.15
5	3	8	4	0	21	36	0.17	0.36	0.06	0.15
6	4	5	3	1	23	36	0.16	0.41	0.06	0.14
7	3	2	4	0	25	34	0.16	0.38	0.06	0.15
8	4	6	4	0	19	33	0.17	0.38	0.06	0.15
9	3	5	5	1	19	33	0.16	0.35	0.06	0.14
10	3	7	4	0	21	35	0.16	0.34	0.06	0.14
11	3	8	3	1	21	36	0.17	0.41	0.06	0.15

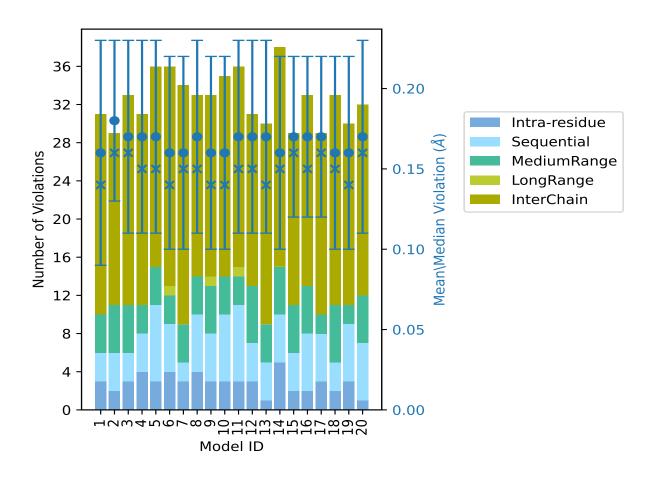


Madal ID		Nun	nber o	f viola	ations	3	Mean (Å)	M_{orr} (Å)	SD^6 (Å)	Madian (Å)
Model ID	IR^{1}	SQ^2	MR^3	LR^4	IC^5	Total	Mean (A)	Max (Å)	SD^{6} (Å)	Median (Å)
12	3	4	6	0	18	31	0.17	0.4	0.06	0.15
13	1	4	4	0	21	30	0.17	0.36	0.06	0.14
14	5	5	5	0	23	38	0.16	0.36	0.06	0.15
15	2	4	5	0	18	29	0.17	0.34	0.05	0.16
16	2	6	5	0	20	33	0.17	0.34	0.05	0.15
17	3	5	2	0	19	29	0.17	0.31	0.05	0.16
18	2	3	6	0	22	33	0.16	0.36	0.06	0.15
19	3	6	2	0	19	30	0.16	0.39	0.06	0.14
20	1	6	5	0	20	32	0.17	0.32	0.06	0.16

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 1 Intra-residue restraints, 2 Sequential restraints, 3 Medium range restraints, 4 Long range restraints, 5 Inter-chain restraints, 6 Standard deviation





The mean(dot), median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right



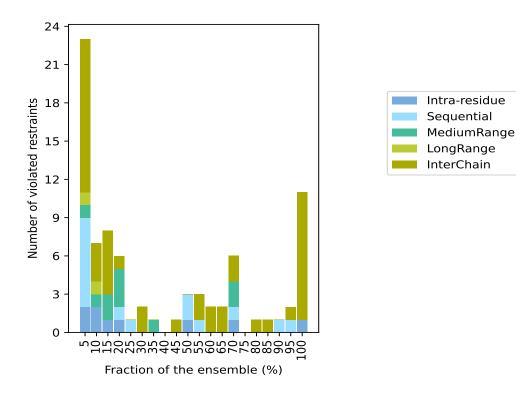
9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of the ensemble. In total, 1352(IR:291, SQ:307, MR:283, LR:36, IC:435) restraints are not violated in the ensemble.

Nu	Number of violated restraints				Fractio	n of the ensemble	
IR^1	SQ^2	MR^3	LR ⁴	IC ⁵	Total	Count^6	%
2	7	1	1	12	23	1	5.0
2	0	1	1	3	7	2	10.0
1	0	2	0	5	8	3	15.0
1	1	3	0	1	6	4	20.0
0	1	0	0	0	1	5	25.0
0	0	0	0	2	2	6	30.0
0	0	1	0	0	1	7	35.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	8	40.0
0	0	0	0	1	1	9	45.0
1	2	0	0	0	3	10	50.0
0	1	0	0	2	3	11	55.0
0	0	0	0	2	2	12	60.0
0	0	0	0	2	2	13	65.0
1	1	2	0	2	6	14	70.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	15	75.0
0	0	0	0	1	1	16	80.0
0	0	0	0	1	1	17	85.0
0	1	0	0	0	1	18	90.0
0	1	0	0	1	2	19	95.0
1	0	0	0	10	11	20	100.0

 1 Intra-residue restraints, 2 Sequential restraints, 3 Medium range restraints, 4 Long range restraints, 5 Inter-chain restraints, 6 Number of models with violations





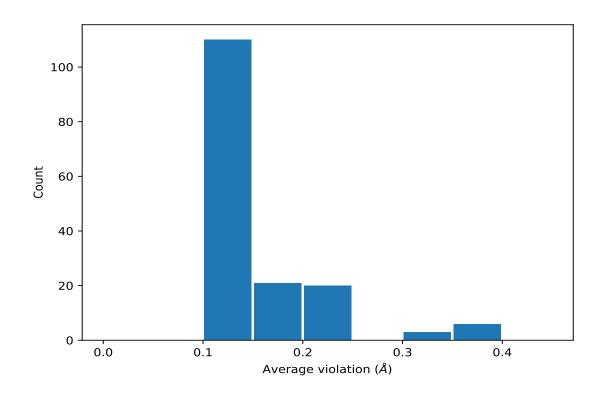
9.3.1 Bar graph : Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble (i)

9.4.1 Histogram : Distribution of mean distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models in the ensemble





9.4.2 Table: Most violated distance restraints (i)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violations for the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by number of violated models and the mean violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	$Models^1$	Mean (Å)	SD^1 (Å)	Median (Å)
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD1	1:C:339:VAL:HG11	20	0.36	0.03	0.36
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD1	1:C:339:VAL:HG12	20	0.36	0.03	0.36
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD1	1:C:339:VAL:HG13	20	0.36	0.03	0.36
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD2	1:C:339:VAL:HG11	20	0.36	0.03	0.36
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD2	1:C:339:VAL:HG12	20	0.36	0.03	0.36
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD2	1:C:339:VAL:HG13	20	0.36	0.03	0.36
(1,1106)	1:A:135:VAL:H	1:C:335:VAL:HG11	20	0.31	0.02	0.31
(1,1106)	1:A:135:VAL:H	1:C:335:VAL:HG12	20	0.31	0.02	0.31
(1,1106)	1:A:135:VAL:H	1:C:335:VAL:HG13	20	0.31	0.02	0.31
(1,1063)	1:A:134:TYR:HE1	1:C:339:VAL:HG21	20	0.23	0.03	0.23
(1,1063)	1:A:134:TYR:HE1	1:C:339:VAL:HG22	20	0.23	0.03	0.23
(1,1063)	1:A:134:TYR:HE1	1:C:339:VAL:HG23	20	0.23	0.03	0.23
(1,1063)	1:A:134:TYR:HE2	1:C:339:VAL:HG21	20	0.23	0.03	0.23
(1,1063)	1:A:134:TYR:HE2	1:C:339:VAL:HG22	20	0.23	0.03	0.23
(1,1063)	1:A:134:TYR:HE2	1:C:339:VAL:HG23	20	0.23	0.03	0.23
(1,732)	1:A:122:VAL:H	1:B:229:LEU:HD21	20	0.22	0.02	0.22



Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	\mathbf{Models}^1	Mean (Å)	SD^1 (Å)	Median (Å)
(1,732)	1:A:122:VAL:H	1:B:229:LEU:HD22	20	0.22	0.02	0.22
(1,732)	1:A:122:VAL:H	1:B:229:LEU:HD23	20	0.22	0.02	0.22
(1,300)	1:A:111:LEU:HD11	1:B:223:LYS:H	20	0.22	0.01	0.22
(1,300)	1:A:111:LEU:HD12	1:B:223:LYS:H	20	0.22	0.01	0.22
(1,300)	1:A:111:LEU:HD13	1:B:223:LYS:H	20	0.22	0.01	0.22
(1,1009)	1:A:131:LEU:HD21	1:C:344:CYS:H	20	0.21	0.03	0.21
(1,1009)	1:A:131:LEU:HD22	1:C:344:CYS:H	20	0.21	0.03	0.21
(1,1009)	1:A:131:LEU:HD23	1:C:344:CYS:H	20	0.21	0.03	0.21
(1,210)	1:A:109:TYR:HA	1:B:219:PHE:HE1	20	0.2	0.04	0.2
(1,210)	1:A:109:TYR:HA	1:B:219:PHE:HE2	20	0.2	0.04	0.2
(1,994)	1:A:131:LEU:HD11	1:C:335:VAL:H	20	0.2	0.03	0.19
(1,994)	1:A:131:LEU:HD12	1:C:335:VAL:H	20	0.2	0.03	0.19
(1,994)	1:A:131:LEU:HD13	1:C:335:VAL:H	20	0.2	0.03	0.19
(1,1080)	1:A:134:TYR:HD1	1:C:346:ARG:HA	20	0.18	0.03	0.18
(1,1080)	1:A:134:TYR:HD2	1:C:346:ARG:HA	20	0.18	0.03	0.18
(1,529)	1:A:118:LYS:H	1:A:118:LYS:HD3	20	0.16	0.02	0.17

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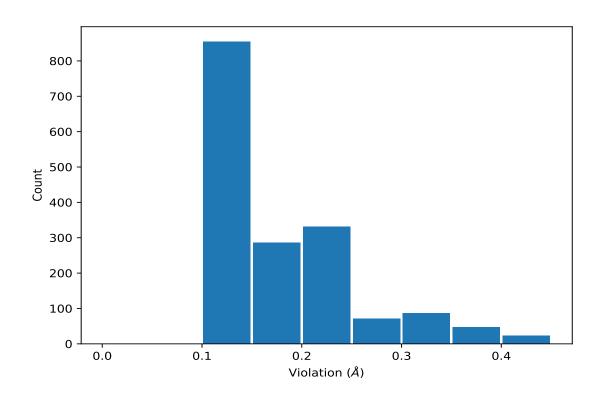
 $^1\mathrm{Number}$ of violated models, $^2\mathrm{Standard}$ deviation

9.5 All violated distance restraints (i)

9.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.





9.5.2 Table : All distance violations (i)

The following table provides the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by the violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD1	1:C:339:VAL:HG11	1	0.41
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD1	1:C:339:VAL:HG12	1	0.41
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD1	1:C:339:VAL:HG13	1	0.41
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD2	1:C:339:VAL:HG11	1	0.41
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD2	1:C:339:VAL:HG12	1	0.41
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD2	1:C:339:VAL:HG13	1	0.41
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD1	1:C:339:VAL:HG11	6	0.41
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD1	1:C:339:VAL:HG12	6	0.41
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD1	1:C:339:VAL:HG13	6	0.41
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD2	1:C:339:VAL:HG11	6	0.41
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD2	1:C:339:VAL:HG12	6	0.41
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD2	1:C:339:VAL:HG13	6	0.41
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD1	1:C:339:VAL:HG11	11	0.41
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD1	1:C:339:VAL:HG12	11	0.41
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD1	1:C:339:VAL:HG13	11	0.41
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD2	1:C:339:VAL:HG11	11	0.41
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD2	1:C:339:VAL:HG12	11	0.41



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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD2	1:C:339:VAL:HG13	11	0.41
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD1	1:C:339:VAL:HG11	12	0.4
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD1	1:C:339:VAL:HG12	12	0.4
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD1	1:C:339:VAL:HG13	12	0.4
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD2	1:C:339:VAL:HG11	12	0.4
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD2	1:C:339:VAL:HG12	12	0.4
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD2	1:C:339:VAL:HG13	12	0.4
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD1	1:C:339:VAL:HG11	19	0.39
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD1	1:C:339:VAL:HG12	19	0.39
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD1	1:C:339:VAL:HG13	19	0.39
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD2	1:C:339:VAL:HG11	19	0.39
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD2	1:C:339:VAL:HG12	19	0.39
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD2	1:C:339:VAL:HG13	19	0.39
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD1	1:C:339:VAL:HG11	7	0.38
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD1	1:C:339:VAL:HG12	7	0.38
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD1	1:C:339:VAL:HG13	7	0.38
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD2	1:C:339:VAL:HG11	7	0.38
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD2	1:C:339:VAL:HG12	7	0.38
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD2	1:C:339:VAL:HG13	7	0.38
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD1	1:C:339:VAL:HG11	8	0.38
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD1	1:C:339:VAL:HG12	8	0.38
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD1	1:C:339:VAL:HG13	8	0.38
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD2	1:C:339:VAL:HG11	8	0.38
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD2	1:C:339:VAL:HG12	8	0.38
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD2	1:C:339:VAL:HG13	8	0.38
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD1	1:C:339:VAL:HG11	4	0.36
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD1	1:C:339:VAL:HG12	4	0.36
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD1	1:C:339:VAL:HG13	4	0.36
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD2	1:C:339:VAL:HG11	4	0.36
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD2	1:C:339:VAL:HG12	4	0.36
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD2	1:C:339:VAL:HG13	4	0.36
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD1	1:C:339:VAL:HG11	5	0.36
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD1	1:C:339:VAL:HG12	5	0.36
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD1	1:C:339:VAL:HG13	5	0.36
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD2	1:C:339:VAL:HG11	5	0.36
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD2	1:C:339:VAL:HG12	5	0.36
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD2	1:C:339:VAL:HG13	5	0.36
(1,1061)	1:A:134:TYR:HD1	1:C:339:VAL:HG11	13	0.36



10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis (i)

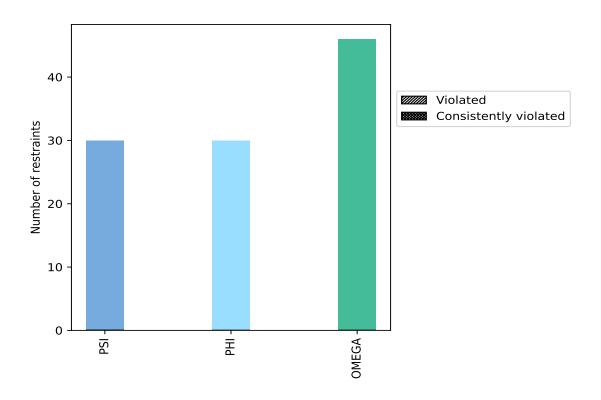
10.1 Summary of dihedral-angle violations (i)

The following table provides the summary of dihedral-angle violations in different dihedral-angle types. Violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.

Angle true	Count $\%^1$		Violated ³			Consistently Violated ⁴			
Angle type	Count	Count	70	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$	Count	$\%^{2}$	$\%^1$
PSI	30	28.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	
PHI	30	28.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	
OMEGA	46	43.4	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	
Total	106	100.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	

 1 percentage calculated with respect to total number of dihedral-angle restraints, 2 percentage calculated with respect to number of restraints in a particular dihedral-angle type, 3 violated in at least one model, 4 violated in all the models

10.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of dihedral-angles and violations (i)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories



10.2 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for each model (i)

No violations found

10.3 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

No violations found

10.4 Most violated dihedral-angle restraints in the ensemble (i)

No violations found

10.5 All violated dihedral-angle restraints (i)

No violations found

