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Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

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PDB ID	:	2N3Y
BMRB ID	:	25660
Title	:	NMR structure of the Y48pCMF variant of human cytochrome c in its reduced state
Authors	:	Moreno-Beltran, B.; Del Conte, R.; Diaz-Quintana, A.; De la Rosa, M.A.; Turano, P.; Diaz-Moreno, I.
Deposited on	:	2015-06-15

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references ⓘ) were used in the production of this report:

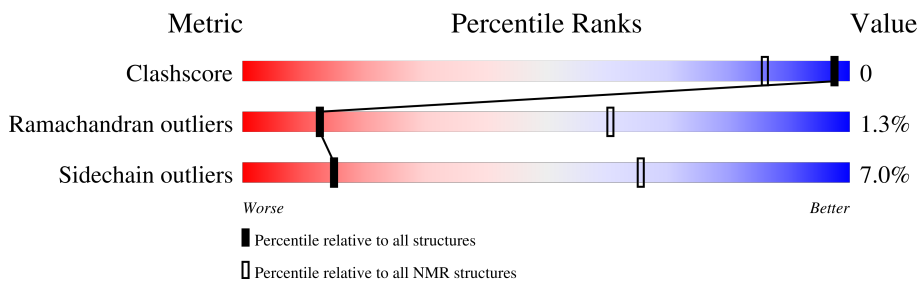|		
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
wwPDB-RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.39

1   Overall quality at a glance   ⓘ

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 89%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.

Metric	Percentile Ranks	Value
Clashscore		0
Ramachandran outliers		1.3%
Sidechain outliers		7.0%

Worse   *Better*

▮ Percentile relative to all structures

▯ Percentile relative to all NMR structures

Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	210492	14027
Ramachandran outliers	207382	12486
Sidechain outliers	206894	12463

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	104	78% 6% 16%

2 Ensemble composition and analysis ⓘ

This entry contains 20 models. Model 20 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *closest to the average.*

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:1-A:40, A:58-A:104 (87)	0.80	20

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 5 clusters and 5 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 3, 10, 14
2	7, 9, 12
3	11, 13, 19
4	2, 17, 20
5	6, 16
Single-model clusters	4; 5; 8; 15; 18

3 Entry composition ⓘ

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1738 atoms, of which 876 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.
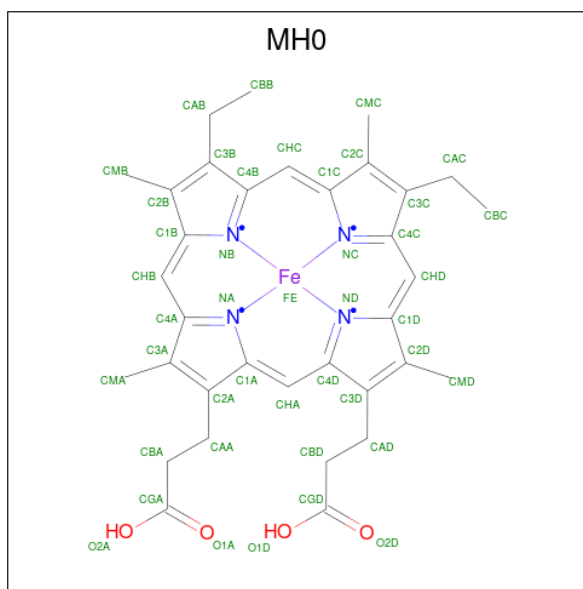
- Molecule 1 is a protein called Cytochrome c.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S	
1	A	104	1663	523	844	142	149	5	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	48	1PA	TYR	engineered mutation	UNP P99999

- Molecule 2 is Mesoheme (three-letter code: MH0) (formula: $C_{34}H_{36}FeN_4O_4$).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					
			Total	C	Fe	H	N	O
2	A	1	75	34	1	32	4	4

4 Residue-property plots ⓘ

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.
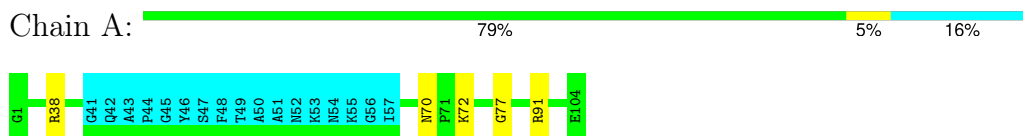
- Molecule 1: Cytochrome c
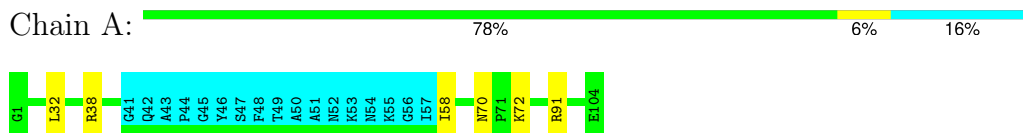
4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble
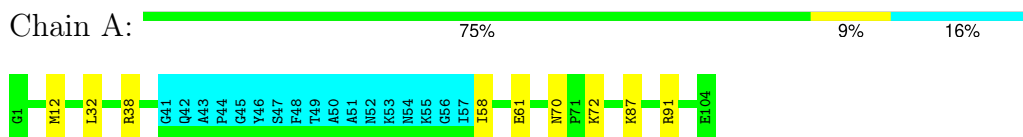
Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

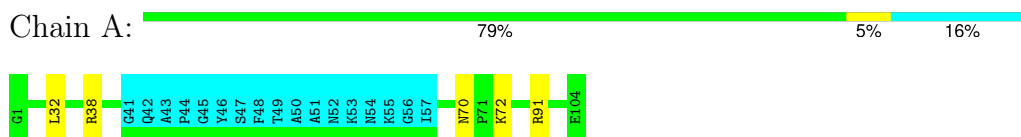### 4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

- Molecule 1: Cytochrome c

4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

- Molecule 1: Cytochrome c

4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

• Molecule 1: Cytochrome c

Chain A:

4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

• Molecule 1: Cytochrome c

Chain A:

4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

• Molecule 1: Cytochrome c

Chain A:

4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

• Molecule 1: Cytochrome c

Chain A:
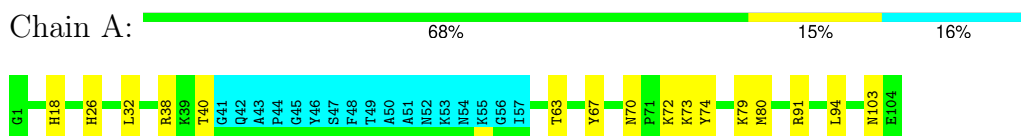
4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

• Molecule 1: Cytochrome c

Chain A:

4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

• Molecule 1: Cytochrome c

Chain A:

4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

• Molecule 1: Cytochrome c

Chain A:
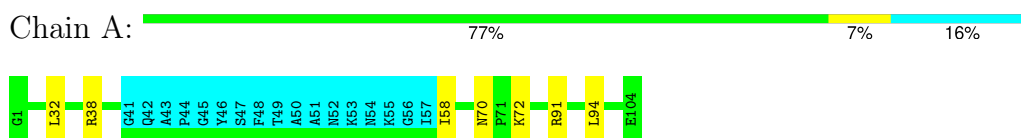
4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

• Molecule 1: Cytochrome c

Chain A:
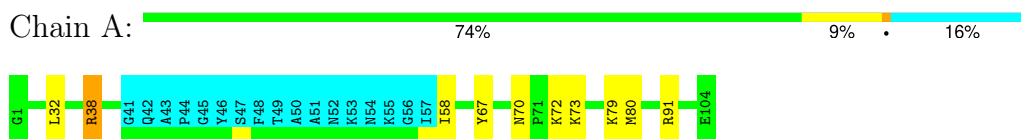
4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

• Molecule 1: Cytochrome c

Chain A:
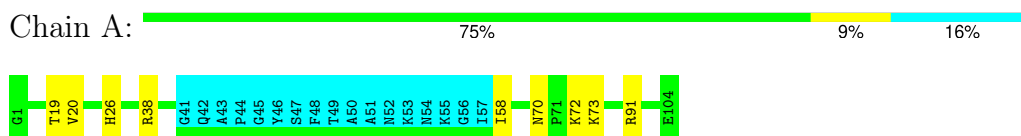
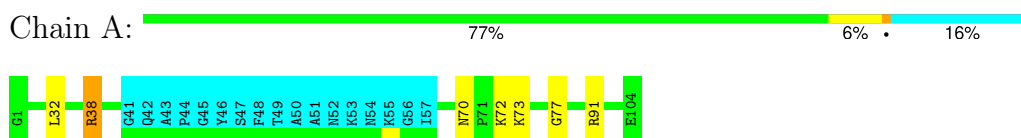#### 4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

• Molecule 1: Cytochrome c

Chain A:
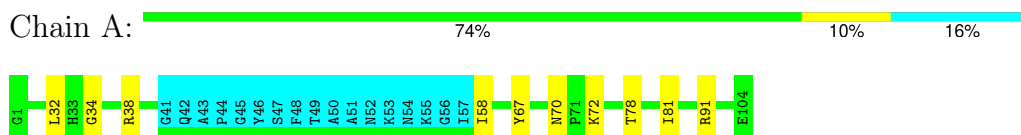
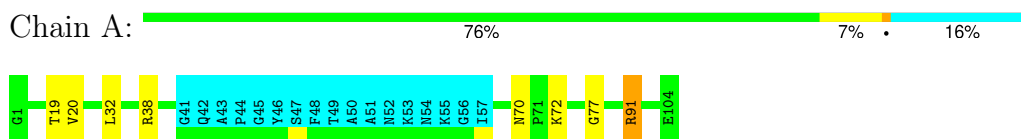**4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13**

• Molecule 1: Cytochrome c

Chain A:
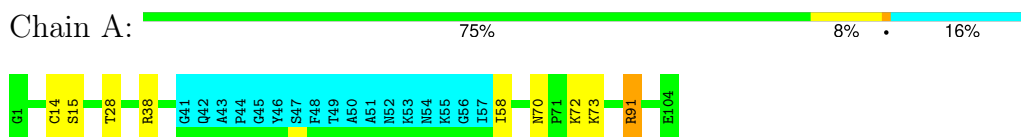
4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

• Molecule 1: Cytochrome c

Chain A:
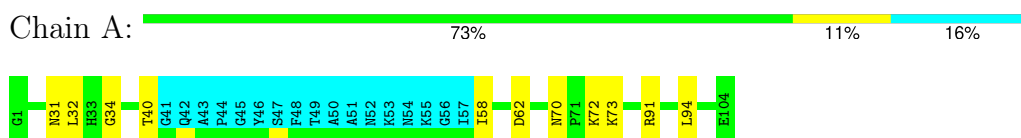
4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

• Molecule 1: Cytochrome c

Chain A:
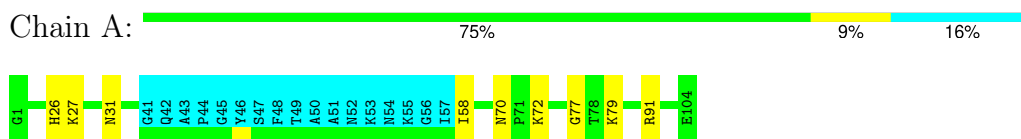
4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

• Molecule 1: Cytochrome c

Chain A:

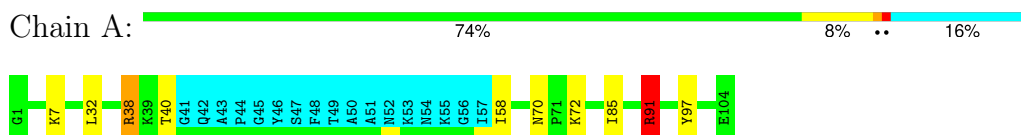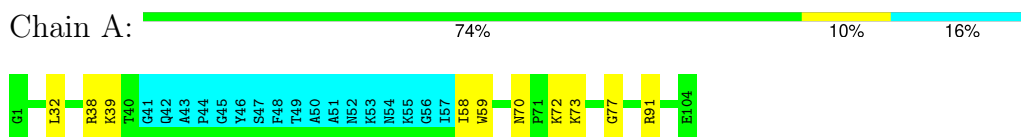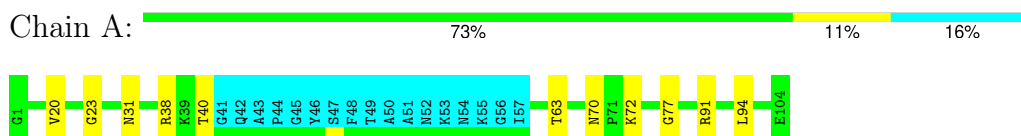**4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17**

• Molecule 1: Cytochrome c

Chain A:
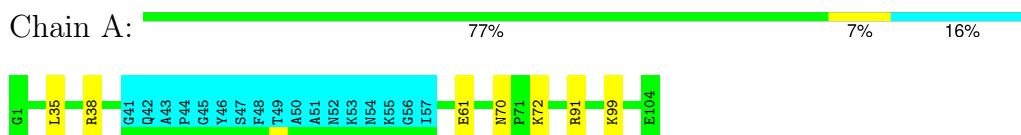
4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

• Molecule 1: Cytochrome c

Chain A:

74% 8% • 16%

G1 H26 K27 L32 R38 G41 Q42 A43 P44 G45 Y46 S47 F48 T49 A50 A51 N52 K53 N54 K55 G56 I57 I58 N70 P71 K72 K73 Y74 T78 L94 E104
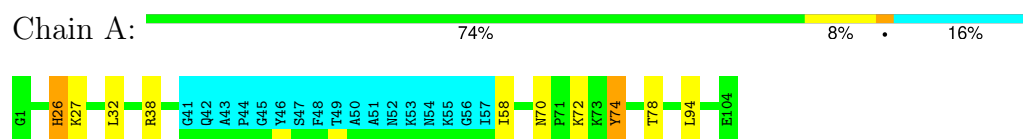
4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

• Molecule 1: Cytochrome c

Chain A:

73% 10% • 16%

G1 K25 N31 L32 H33 G34 R38 G41 Q42 A43 P44 G45 Y46 S47 F48 T49 A50 A51 N52 K53 N54 K55 G56 I57 I58 N70 P71 K72 K73 K79 R91 E104
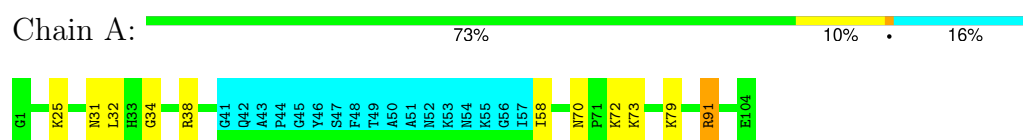
4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20 (medoid)

• Molecule 1: Cytochrome c

Chain A:

76% 8% 16%

G1 Q16 R38 G41 Q42 A43 P44 G45 Y46 S47 F48 T49 A50 A51 N52 K53 N54 K55 G56 I57 I58 N70 P71 K72 R91 A92 D93 E104
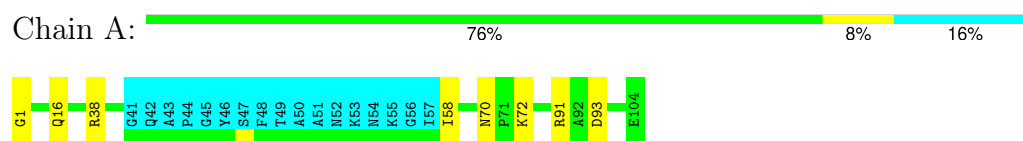
5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview ⓘ

The models were refined using the following method: *distance geometry, molecular dynamics.*

Of the 200 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *target function.*

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure solution	2.1
Amber	refinement	
TALOS	geometry optimization	
CYANA	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1263
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1263
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	89%

6 Model quality ⓘ

6.1 Standard geometry ⓘ

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: 1PA, MH0

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	0.65±0.01	0±0/707 (0.0± 0.0%)	1.02±0.03	2±1/939 (0.2± 0.1%)
All	All	0.65	0/14140 (0.0%)	1.02	36/18780 (0.2%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	0.0±0.0	0.7±1.1
All	All	0	14

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	38	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	10.31	125.46	120.30	7	17
1	A	91	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	9.11	124.85	120.30	8	17
1	A	91	ARG	NH1-CZ-NH2	-5.37	113.50	119.40	5	1
1	A	38	ARG	CD-NE-CZ	5.10	130.74	123.60	12	1

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	67	TYR	Sidechain	3
1	A	38	ARG	Peptide,Sidechain	3

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	91	ARG	Sidechain	2
1	A	79	LYS	Peptide	2
1	A	18	HIS	Peptide	1
1	A	103	ASN	Peptide	1
1	A	26	HIS	Sidechain	1
1	A	74	TYR	Sidechain	1

6.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	694	725	725	1±1
2	A	43	32	32	0±1
All	All	14740	15140	15140	15

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models Worst	Models Total
1:A:26:HIS:CD2	1:A:27:LYS:H	0.68	2.06	18	1
1:A:7:LYS:HE3	1:A:97:TYR:CZ	0.52	2.40	7	1
2:A:201:MH0:H29	2:A:201:MH0:CGD	0.50	2.36	4	1
1:A:35:LEU:CD1	2:A:201:MH0:H7	0.47	2.39	17	1
1:A:94:LEU:HD11	2:A:201:MH0:H13	0.46	1.88	6	4
1:A:26:HIS:CG	1:A:27:LYS:H	0.44	2.28	18	1
1:A:61:GLU:CG	1:A:99:LYS:HE3	0.43	2.44	17	1
1:A:35:LEU:HD11	2:A:201:MH0:H7	0.43	1.90	17	1
1:A:1:GLY:HA2	1:A:93:ASP:OD1	0.41	2.15	20	1
1:A:85:ILE:HG21	1:A:91:ARG:NH1	0.41	2.31	7	1
1:A:14:CYS:SG	2:A:201:MH0:H13	0.40	2.56	13	1
1:A:7:LYS:HE3	1:A:97:TYR:CE1	0.40	2.52	7	1

6.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

6.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	85/104 (82%)	76±2 (89±2%)	8±2 (10±2%)	1±1 (1±1%)	13	60
All	All	1700/2080 (82%)	1510 (89%)	168 (10%)	22 (1%)	13	60

All 11 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	77	GLY	6
1	A	20	VAL	3
1	A	34	GLY	3
1	A	80	MET	2
1	A	78	THR	2
1	A	59	TRP	1
1	A	58	ILE	1
1	A	81	ILE	1
1	A	27	LYS	1
1	A	23	GLY	1
1	A	25	LYS	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	74/84 (88%)	69±2 (93±2%)	5±2 (7±2%)	15	65
All	All	1480/1680 (88%)	1376 (93%)	104 (7%)	15	65

All 23 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	70	ASN	20
1	A	72	LYS	20
1	A	32	LEU	13
1	A	58	ILE	12
1	A	73	LYS	8
1	A	91	ARG	4
1	A	31	ASN	4
1	A	26	HIS	3
1	A	40	THR	3
1	A	19	THR	2
1	A	63	THR	2
1	A	79	LYS	2
1	A	12	MET	1
1	A	61	GLU	1
1	A	87	LYS	1
1	A	38	ARG	1
1	A	39	LYS	1
1	A	15	SER	1
1	A	28	THR	1
1	A	62	ASP	1
1	A	74	TYR	1
1	A	94	LEU	1
1	A	16	GLN	1

6.3.3   RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4   Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
1	1PA	A	48	1	14,15,16	1.04±0.06	0±0 (0±0%)

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In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
1	1PA	A	48	1	14,19,21	0.81±0.12	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	1PA	A	48	1	-	0±0,9,10,12	0±0,1,1,1

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

6.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	MH0	A	201	1	50,50,50	1.08±0.02	4±1 (8±1%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	MH0	A	201	1	68,82,82	1.86±0.03	18±1 (26±1%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	MH0	A	201	1	-	0±0,14,54,54	-

All unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Models	
								Worst	Total
2	A	201	MH0	FE-ND	3.78	2.19	1.98	6	20
2	A	201	MH0	FE-NC	2.93	2.14	1.98	14	20
2	A	201	MH0	C1C-NC	2.67	1.35	1.40	7	20
2	A	201	MH0	C1B-NB	2.33	1.36	1.40	6	15
2	A	201	MH0	C1D-ND	2.32	1.36	1.40	19	9

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
2	A	201	MH0	C1B-NB-C4B	5.10	111.24	105.21	3	20
2	A	201	MH0	C1A-NA-C4A	4.57	110.61	105.21	4	20
2	A	201	MH0	C1D-ND-C4D	4.53	110.57	105.21	8	20
2	A	201	MH0	C1C-NC-C4C	4.47	110.50	105.21	15	20

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})	Models Worst	Total
2	A	201	MH0	CHA-C1A-NA	4.08	129.41	124.37	19	20
2	A	201	MH0	C3B-C4B-NB	4.04	106.45	110.35	3	20
2	A	201	MH0	CHB-C4A-NA	3.92	128.64	124.42	17	20
2	A	201	MH0	CHD-C4C-NC	3.82	128.53	124.42	19	20
2	A	201	MH0	CHC-C4B-NB	3.73	128.43	124.42	7	20
2	A	201	MH0	C3C-C4C-NC	3.68	106.79	110.35	9	20
2	A	201	MH0	C2A-C1A-NA	3.62	106.21	110.17	4	20
2	A	201	MH0	CHD-C1D-ND	3.60	128.83	124.37	4	20
2	A	201	MH0	CHA-C4D-ND	3.47	128.15	124.42	12	20
2	A	201	MH0	C3D-C4D-ND	3.45	107.02	110.35	12	20
2	A	201	MH0	CHC-C1C-NC	3.28	128.43	124.37	9	20
2	A	201	MH0	CHB-C1B-NB	3.06	128.15	124.37	3	20
2	A	201	MH0	C2B-C1B-NB	2.60	106.85	109.84	3	18
2	A	201	MH0	C2D-C1D-ND	2.52	106.94	109.84	8	14
2	A	201	MH0	C3A-C4A-NA	2.41	107.11	109.90	2	11
2	A	201	MH0	O2A-CGA-CBA	2.24	121.08	114.00	17	2
2	A	201	MH0	C2C-C1C-NC	2.05	107.48	109.84	11	1
2	A	201	MH0	O1D-CGD-CBD	2.05	120.48	114.00	20	1

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

Ligand MH0 A 201

Bond lengths

Bond angles

Torsions

Rings
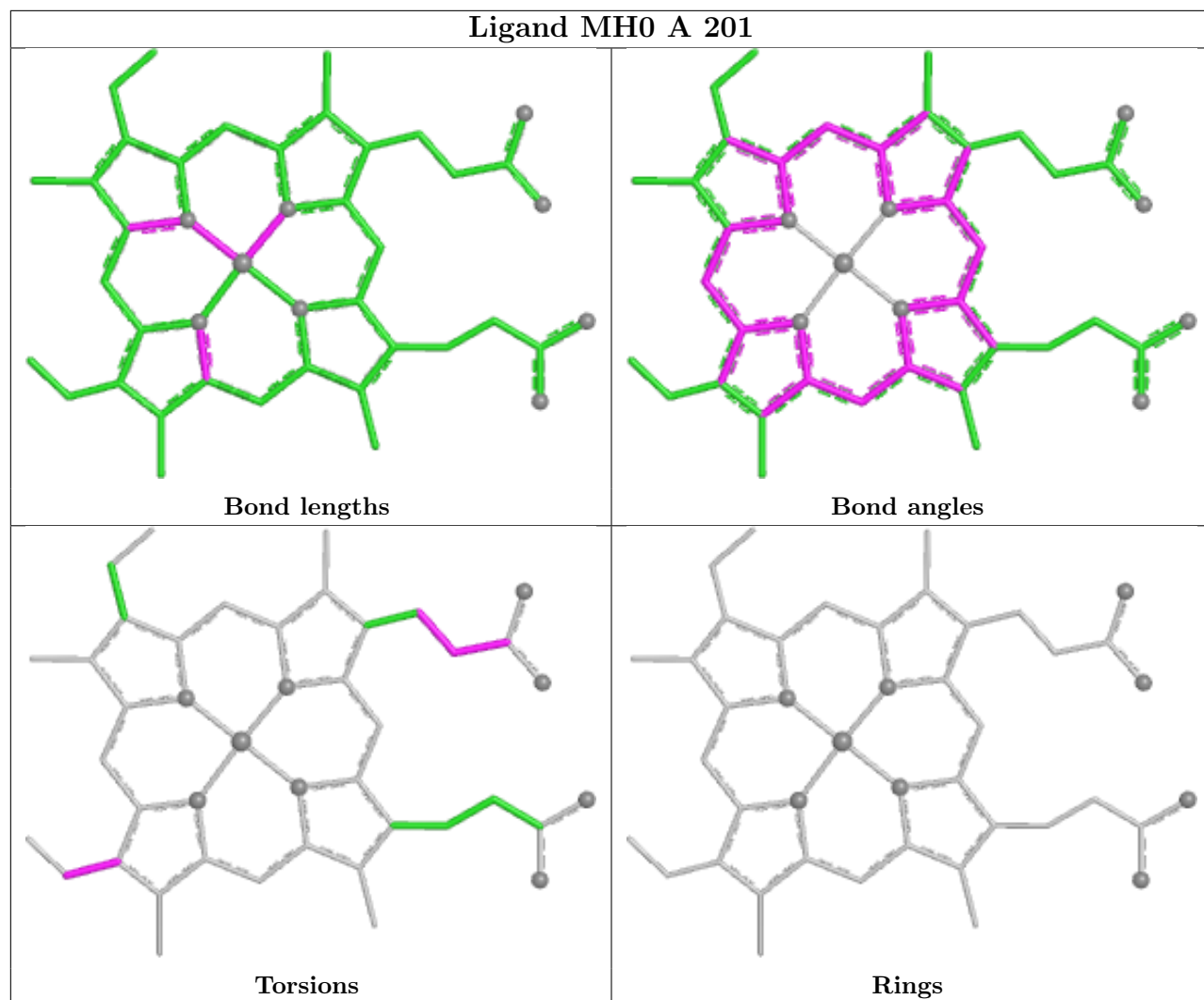
6.7 Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation ⓘ

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 89% for the well-defined parts and 89% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_ chem_ shift_ list_ 1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping ⓘ

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1263
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1263
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	24

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing ⓘ

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction ± precision, *ppm*	Suggested action
$^{13}C_\alpha$	102	0.20 ± 0.15	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C_\beta$	89	0.34 ± 0.14	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C'$	100	0.25 ± 0.19	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
^{15}N	88	-0.02 ± 0.37	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments ⓘ

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 89%, i.e. 1087 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1215. 0 out of 9 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	427/439 (97%)	176/181 (97%)	173/174 (99%)	78/84 (93%)
Sidechain	621/686 (91%)	420/442 (95%)	197/218 (90%)	4/26 (15%)

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	Total	**¹H**	**¹³C**	**¹⁵N**
Aromatic	39/90 (43%)	38/45 (84%)	0/41 (0%)	1/4 (25%)
Overall	1087/1215 (89%)	634/668 (95%)	370/433 (85%)	83/114 (73%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 89%, i.e. 1242 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1401. 0 out of 9 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	**¹H**	**¹³C**	**¹⁵N**
Backbone	496/520 (95%)	206/215 (96%)	202/206 (98%)	88/99 (89%)
Sidechain	703/782 (90%)	476/504 (94%)	221/247 (89%)	6/31 (19%)
Aromatic	43/99 (43%)	42/49 (86%)	0/46 (0%)	1/4 (25%)
Overall	1242/1401 (89%)	724/768 (94%)	423/499 (85%)	95/134 (71%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts ⓘ

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, *ppm*	Expected range, *ppm*	Z-score
1	A	80	MET	HG3	-3.75	0.54 − 4.26	-16.5
1	A	18	HIS	HD2	0.01	4.65 − 9.35	-14.9
1	A	80	MET	HB3	-2.81	0.33 − 3.66	-14.4
1	A	80	MET	HE1	-3.43	-0.03 − 3.80	-13.9
1	A	80	MET	HE2	-3.43	-0.03 − 3.80	-13.9
1	A	80	MET	HE3	-3.43	-0.03 − 3.80	-13.9
1	A	18	HIS	HE1	0.38	5.13 − 10.76	-13.4
1	A	80	MET	HG2	-2.05	0.65 − 4.19	-12.6
1	A	29	GLY	HA2	-0.07	2.15 − 5.77	-11.1
1	A	80	MET	HB2	-0.26	0.42 − 3.63	-7.1
1	A	82	PHE	HB3	0.42	1.03 − 4.85	-6.6
1	A	18	HIS	HB3	0.66	1.18 − 4.91	-6.4
1	A	71	PRO	HG3	-0.01	0.33 − 3.48	-6.1
1	A	18	HIS	HB2	1.00	1.36 − 4.85	-6.0
1	A	32	LEU	HD11	-0.87	-0.61 − 2.12	-6.0
1	A	32	LEU	HD12	-0.87	-0.61 − 2.12	-6.0
1	A	32	LEU	HD13	-0.87	-0.61 − 2.12	-6.0
1	A	30	PRO	HD3	1.52	1.76 − 5.48	-5.7
1	A	17	CYS	HB3	0.43	0.69 − 5.10	-5.6
1	A	97	TYR	HE2	5.46	5.58 − 7.83	-5.5
1	A	32	LEU	HD21	-0.76	-0.65 − 2.13	-5.4
1	A	32	LEU	HD22	-0.76	-0.65 − 2.13	-5.4

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List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, *ppm*	Expected range, *ppm*	Z-score
1	A	32	LEU	HD23	-0.76	-0.65 − 2.13	-5.4
1	A	22	LYS	HB3	0.42	0.46 − 3.04	-5.2

7.1.5　Random Coil Index (RCI) plots　ⓘ

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A: