

Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

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PDB ID	:	2N63
BMRB ID	:	25749
Title	:	Structure of C4VG16KRKP
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Deposited on	:	2015-08-11

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

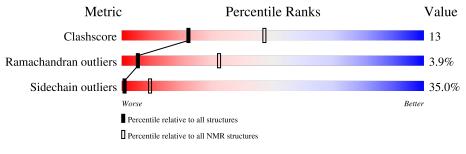
Cyrange	:	Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust	:	Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
wwPDB-RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 45%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f NMR} \ { m archive} \ (\#{ m Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain			
1	А	16	62%	31%	6%	



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 14 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues				
Well-defined core Residue range (total) Backbone RMSD (Å) Medoid model				
1	A:2-A:17 (16)	0.66	14	

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters. No single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 9, 14, 17, 18, 20
2	8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 15, 16, 19
3	5, 6



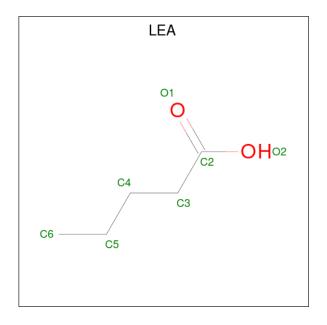
3 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 271 atoms, of which 142 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called antimicrobial peptide C4VG16KRKP.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				Trace		
1	٨	16	Total	С	Н	Ν	0	S	0
	I A	A 16	256	80	133	26	16	1	0

• Molecule 2 is PENTANOIC ACID (three-letter code: LEA) (formula: $C_5H_{10}O_2$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	A	ton	ns	
0	٨	1	Total	С	Η	0
	A	1	15	5	9	1



4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: antimicrobial peptide C4VG16KRKP

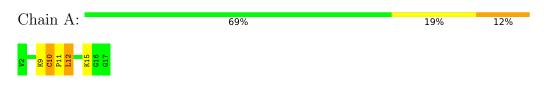
Chain A:	62%	31%	6%
V2 A3 R4 K9 C10 C10 C10 C11 L12 L12 C15 G16 G17 G17			

4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

 \bullet Molecule 1: antimicrobial peptide C4VG16KRKP



4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

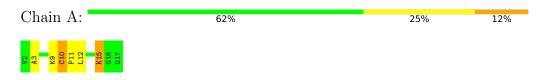
 \bullet Molecule 1: antimicrobial peptide C4VG16KRKP

Chain A: 75% 19% 6%



4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

• Molecule 1: antimicrobial peptide C4VG16KRKP



4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

• Molecule 1: antimicrobial peptide C4VG16KRKP

Chain A:	62%	25%	12%
V2 A3 R9 C10 C10 C12 C12 C12 C12 C17 C17			

4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

 \bullet Molecule 1: antimicrobial peptide C4VG16KRKP

Chain A:	56%	31%	6%	6%
A 3 K 7 F 11 F 11 F 11 F 11 F 11 F 11 F 11 F				

4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

Molecule 1: antimicrobial peptide C4VG16KRKP
Chain A: 69% 25%

V2 R8 K9 C10 C10 F11 L12 L12 C12 C16 C16 C16 C16 C17

4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

• Molecule 1: antimicrobial peptide C4VG16KRKP





6%

4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

• Molecule 1: antimicrobial peptide C4VG16KRKP



4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

• Molecule 1: antimicrobial peptide C4VG16KRKP

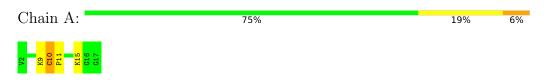
Chain A:	50%	38%	12%
V2 A3 C10 C10 C10 C10 C10 C10 C16 C16 C16 C16 C16 C16 C16 C16 C16 C16			

4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

 \bullet Molecule 1: antimicrobial peptide C4VG16KRKP

Chain A:	69%	25%	6%
V2 A3 R4 K9 C10 P11 P11 K15 G16 G17			

- 4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11
- \bullet Molecule 1: antimicrobial peptide C4VG16KRKP



4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

• Molecule 1: antimicrobial peptide C4VG16KRKP





4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

• Molecule 1: antimicrobial peptide C4VG16KRKP



4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14 (medoid)

• Molecule 1: antimicrobial peptide C4VG16KRKP

Chain A:	56%	31%	12%
V2 A3 K9 C10 C10 C10 C10 C10 C12 C12 C13 C13 C15 C15 C17 C17			

4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

• Molecule 1: antimicrobial peptide C4VG16KRKP



4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

 \bullet Molecule 1: antimicrobial peptide C4VG16KRKP



4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

• Molecule 1: antimicrobial peptide C4VG16KRKP





4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

• Molecule 1: antimicrobial peptide C4VG16KRKP

Chain A:	62%	25%	12%
V2 A3 A3 C10 F11 F11 F11 G16 G16 G17			

4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

• Molecule 1: antimicrobial peptide C4VG16KRKP

Chain A:	56%	38%	6%
V2 43 71 111 112 112 112 112 016 016 017			

4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

 \bullet Molecule 1: antimicrobial peptide C4VG16KRKP

Chain A:	44%	38%	19%
V2 A3 R4 R4 G5 V6 C10 C10 C10 C10 L12	K15 616 617		



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *distance geometry*.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure solution	2.1
CYANA	refinement	2.1

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	101
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	101
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	45%



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: LEA

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	А	123	133	132	3 ± 2
All	All	2580	2840	2820	69

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 13.

Models Atom-1 Atom-2 Clash(Å) Distance(Å) Worst Total 1:A:3:ALA:HB2 1:A:12:LEU:HD22 0.69 1.647 1 1:A:3:ALA:HB3 1:A:9:LYS:O 0.621.939 6 1:A:10:CYS:CB 1:A:11:PRO:CD 0.612.7917201:A:12:LEU:HD12 1:A:17:GLY:CA 0.592.27201 1:A:3:ALA:HB2 1:A:12:LEU:CD1 2.2851 0.591:A:3:ALA:HB2 1:A:12:LEU:HD21 1.75161 0.571:A:3:ALA:HB2 1:A:12:LEU:HG 1.75 20 1 0.57 $\mathbf{2}$ 1:A:3:ALA:N 1:A:12:LEU:HD23 0.572.149 2 1:A:3:ALA:H 1:A:12:LEU:HD23 0.561.609 1:A:3:ALA:HB2 1:A:12:LEU:HD11 0.561.76 161 1:A:3:ALA:HB1 1:A:9:LYS:O 0.562.017 1 1:A:17:GLY:HA2 1:A:12:LEU:HD21 1.81 171 0.51

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models		
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total	
1:A:3:ALA:HB1	1:A:11:PRO:O	0.51	2.05	3	1	
1:A:3:ALA:HB1	1:A:7:LYS:O	0.51	2.06	5	1	
1:A:3:ALA:HB2	1:A:12:LEU:CD2	0.50	2.34	7	1	
1:A:12:LEU:HD21	1:A:17:GLY:CA	0.49	2.36	17	1	
1:A:10:CYS:CB	1:A:11:PRO:HD3	0.49	2.37	17	6	
1:A:12:LEU:HD12	1:A:17:GLY:HA2	0.49	1.84	20	1	
1:A:10:CYS:H	1:A:11:PRO:HD2	0.48	1.69	18	3	
1:A:10:CYS:O	1:A:12:LEU:HD23	0.48	2.07	17	1	
1:A:10:CYS:N	1:A:11:PRO:HD2	0.47	2.25	18	6	
1:A:12:LEU:HD13	1:A:17:GLY:HA3	0.45	1.86	16	1	
1:A:2:VAL:HG12	1:A:12:LEU:HD11	0.45	1.87	15	2	
1:A:3:ALA:HB2	1:A:12:LEU:HD12	0.44	1.89	5	1	
1:A:3:ALA:HB1	1:A:8:ARG:O	0.43	2.13	16	1	
1:A:12:LEU:HB2	1:A:13:PHE:CD1	0.42	2.49	14	2	
1:A:12:LEU:HD22	1:A:17:GLY:HA3	0.42	1.91	16	1	
1:A:12:LEU:HD23	1:A:12:LEU:N	0.42	2.30	7	2	

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6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Pe	erc	entiles
1	А	14/16~(88%)	$6\pm1~(42\pm8\%)$	8 ± 1 (54 $\pm8\%$)	$1\pm1 (4\pm5\%)$		5	32
All	All	280/320~(88%)	117~(42%)	152~(54%)	11 (4%)		5	32

All 5 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	15	LYS	5
1	А	10	CYS	3
1	А	9	LYS	1
1	А	4	ARG	1
1	А	13	PHE	1



6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	ed Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles
1	А	11/11~(100%)	$7\pm1~(65\pm9\%)$	$4\pm1~(35\pm9\%)$	1 9
All	All	220/220~(100%)	143~(65%)	77~(35%)	1 9

All 9 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	10	CYS	20
1	А	15	LYS	18
1	А	12	LEU	12
1	А	4	ARG	11
1	А	9	LYS	10
1	А	8	ARG	2
1	А	2	VAL	2
1	А	7	LYS	1
1	А	6	TRP	1

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.



In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Turne	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths		
IVIOI	туре				Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	LEA	А	101	1	$5,\!5,\!6$	$0.45 {\pm} 0.01$	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mal	Turne	Chain	Res	Link	Bond angles		
	туре				Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	LEA	А	101	1	4,4,6	$0.70 {\pm} 0.00$	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	LEA	А	101	1	-	$0\pm 0,2,3,4$	-

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.



6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 45% for the well-defined parts and 45% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: assigned_chem_shift_list_1

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	101
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	101
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 45%, i.e. 101 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 224. 0 out of 2 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Backbone	32/82~(39%)	32/35~(91%)	0/32~(0%)	0/15~(0%)
Sidechain	59/120~(49%)	59/77~(77%)	0/34~(0%)	0/9~(0%)
Aromatic	10/22~(45%)	10/11 (91%)	0/10~(0%)	0/1~(0%)
Overall	101/224~(45%)	101/123~(82%)	0/76~(0%)	0/25~(0%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 45%, i.e. 101 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 224. 0 out of 2 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.



	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Backbone	32/82~(39%)	32/35~(91%)	0/32~(0%)	0/15~(0%)
Sidechain	59/120~(49%)	59/77~(77%)	0/34~(0%)	0/9~(0%)
Aromatic	10/22~(45%)	10/11~(91%)	0/10~(0%)	0/1~(0%)
Overall	101/224~(45%)	101/123~(82%)	0/76~(0%)	0/25~(0%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

