

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Aug 30, 2023 – 07:40 AM EDT

PDB ID : 3NT8

Title : Crystal Structure of Na-ASP-1

Authors : Asojo, O.A. Deposited on : 2010-07-02

Resolution : 2.20 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \text{MolProbity} & : & 4.02\text{b-}467 \\ \text{Xtriage (Phenix)} & : & 1.13 \end{array}$ 

EDS: 2.35

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)

Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

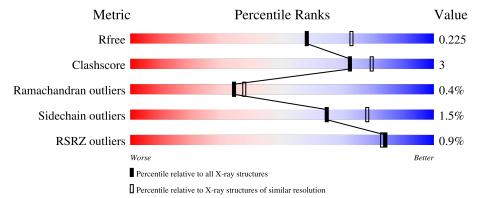
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35

### 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $X\text{-}RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\#  ext{Entries})$	$(\#  ext{Entries},  ext{ resolution range}( ext{Å}))$
$R_{free}$	130704	4898 (2.20-2.20)
Clashscore	141614	5594 (2.20-2.20)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5503 (2.20-2.20)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5504 (2.20-2.20)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4800 (2.20-2.20)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	A	424	86%	8%	• 5%
1	В	424	83%	11%	6%



## 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6426 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Ancylostoma secreted protein 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	401	Total 3025	C 1874	N 524	O 595	S 32	0	0	0
1	В	399	Total 3013	C 1866	N 522	O 593	S 32	0	0	0

• Molecule 2 is water.

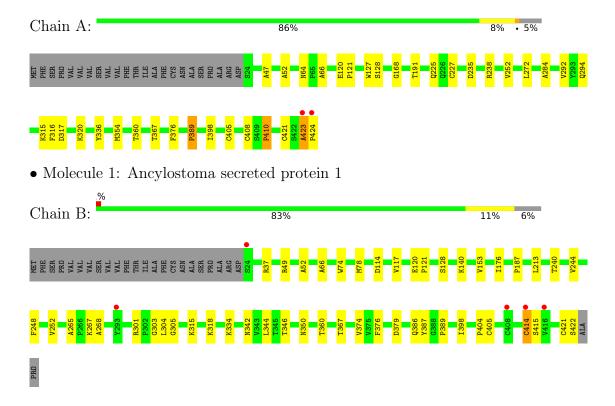
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	209	Total O 209 209	0	0
2	В	179	Total O 179 179	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Ancylostoma secreted protein 1





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	67.78Å 74.57Å 84.74Å	Donositon
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $112.10^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	30.00 - 2.20	Depositor
rtesolution (A)	30.82 - 2.20	EDS
% Data completeness	86.6 (30.00-2.20)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	93.3 (30.82-2.20)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.11	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	0.12	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	4.79 (at 2.20Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.5.0109	Depositor
D D.	0.193 , 0.237	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.200 , $0.225$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1909 reflections $(5.13\%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	26.6	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.041	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.33, 35.1	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L > = 0.48, < L^2> = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.024 for h,-k,-h-l	Xtriage
Reported twinning fraction	0.957 for H, K, L	Depositor
Reported twinning fraction	0.043  for -H, -K, H+L	Depositor
Outliers	0 of 37180 reflections	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	6426	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	25.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 16.91% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bo	ond angles
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	A	0.96	1/3097 (0.0%)	0.80	1/4196 (0.0%)
1	В	0.95	1/3084 (0.0%)	0.80	0/4177
All	All	0.95	2/6181 (0.0%)	0.80	1/8373 (0.0%)

#### All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	Observed(A)	$\operatorname{Ideal}( ext{\AA})$
1	В	421	CYS	CB-SG	-5.57	1.72	1.81
1	A	284	ALA	CA-CB	-5.18	1.41	1.52

#### All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	389	PRO	C-N-CA	-5.86	110.00	122.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3025	0	2846	17	0
1	В	3013	0	2834	23	0
2	A	209	0	0	1	0
2	В	179	0	0	3	0
All	All	6426	0	5680	40	0



The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

The worst 5 of 40 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned} \operatorname{Clash} \ \operatorname{overlap}\ (\begin{subarray}{c} \begin{subarray}{c} \begi$
1:A:336:TYR:CD1	1:A:354:MET:HG2	2.35	0.61
1:B:318:LYS:HE2	1:B:374:VAL:O	2.03	0.58
1:B:303:GLY:O	1:B:389:PRO:O	2.22	0.57
1:B:344:LEU:HD13	1:B:360:THR:HG21	1.86	0.57
1:B:346:THR:HG22	1:B:350:ASN:ND2	2.21	0.55

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	399/424 (94%)	379 (95%)	17 (4%)	3 (1%)	19	19
1	В	397/424 (94%)	387 (98%)	10 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	796/848 (94%)	766 (96%)	27 (3%)	3 (0%)	34	37

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	168	GLY
1	A	423	ALA
1	A	410	PRO

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar



resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	327/347 (94%)	325 (99%)	2 (1%)	86 93
1	В	$326/347 \ (94\%)$	318 (98%)	8 (2%)	47 60
All	All	653/694 (94%)	643 (98%)	10 (2%)	65 78

5 of 10 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	379	ASP
1	В	414	CYS
1	В	422	SER
1	В	248	PHE
1	В	252	VAL

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Type
1	В	87	GLN
1	В	294	GLN
1	В	350	ASN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.



## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



### 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	# RSRZ > 2	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	401/424 (94%)	-0.32	2 (0%) 91 90	11, 22, 36, 61	0
1	В	399/424 (94%)	-0.22	5 (1%) 77 75	14, 26, 40, 55	0
All	All	800/848 (94%)	-0.27	7 (0%) 84 83	11, 24, 39, 61	0

The worst 5 of 7 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	424	PRO	11.9
1	A	423	ALA	6.0
1	В	416	VAL	3.7
1	В	24	SER	3.2
1	В	414	CYS	2.4

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

