

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Nov 1, 2023 – 07:27 PM EDT

PDB ID : 3OGS

> Title : Complex structure of beta-galactosidase from Trichoderma reesei with IPTG

Authors : Maksimainen, M.; Rouvinen, J.

2010-08-17 Deposited on

: 1.75 Å(reported) Resolution

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

> The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity 4.02b-467

> 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020) Mogul

Xtriage (Phenix) 1.13

EDS 2.36

Percentile statistics 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

> Refmac 5.8.0158

CCP47.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) Parkinson et al. (1996)

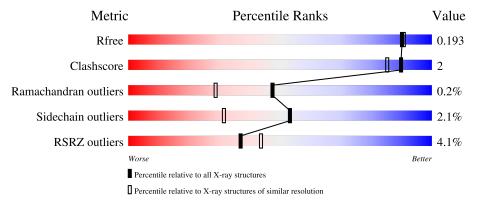
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.75 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries,\ resolution\ range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	2340 (1.76-1.76)
Clashscore	141614	2466 (1.76-1.76)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2437 (1.76-1.76)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2437 (1.76-1.76)
RSRZ outliers	127900	2298 (1.76-1.76)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	A	1003	87%	11% ••
2	В	7	14% 86%	
3	С	9	89%	11%
4	D	2	100%	



# 2 Entry composition (i)

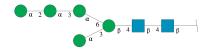
There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 8819 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Beta-galactosidase.

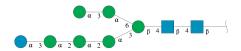
N	/Iol	Chain	Residues		$\mathbf{A}^{1}$	$_{ m toms}$			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
	1	A	986	Total 7634	C 4906	N 1289	O 1431	S 8	0	3	0

• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyran ose-(1-3)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)]beta-D-mannopyran ose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
2	В	7	Total 83	C 46			0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-3)-alpha-D-mannopyranos e-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
3	С	9	Total 105	C 58	N 2	O 45	0	0	0

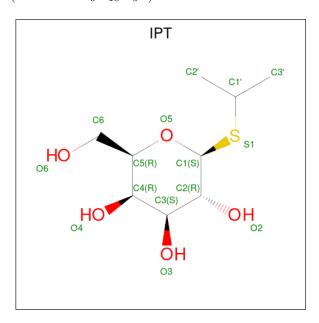
• Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-a cetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
4	D	2	Total 28	C 16	N 2	O 10	0	0	0

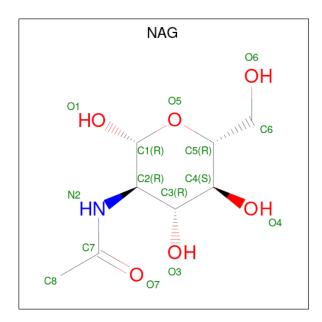
• Molecule 5 is 1-methylethyl 1-thio-beta-D-galactopyranoside (three-letter code: IPT) (formula:  $C_9H_{18}O_5S$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total 15	C 9	O 5	S 1	0	0

 $\bullet$  Molecule 6 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula:  $\rm C_8H_{15}NO_6).$ 





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total 14				0	0
6	A	1	Total 14	C 8		O 5	0	0

### • Molecule 7 is water.

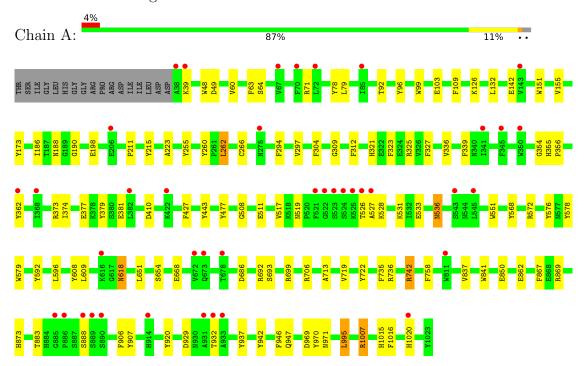
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	926	Total O 926 926	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Beta-galactosidase



 $\bullet$  Molecule 2: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

 $\bullet \ \, Molecule \ 3: \ alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-3)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)] beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-acetamido-2-d$ 

Chain C: 89% 11%



NAG1	NAG2	BMA3	MAN4	MANS	MAN6	GLC7	MAN8	MAN9

 $\bullet$  Molecule 4: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain D: 100%

NAG1 NAG2



# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1	Depositor
Cell constants	69.50Å 70.30Å 82.40Å	Donositon
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$108.50^{\circ}$ $97.80^{\circ}$ $114.40^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	43.54 - 1.75	Depositor
Resolution (A)	43.54  -  1.75	EDS
% Data completeness	95.0 (43.54-1.75)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	91.2 (43.54-1.75)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	3.28  (at  1.75Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.5.0109	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.145 , $0.200$	Depositor
it, it free	0.159 , $0.193$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	5893 reflections $(5.00%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	18.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.590	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.36, 64.5	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L >=0.49, < L^2>=0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.019 for k,h,-h-k-l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	8819	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	20.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.62% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GLC, BMA, NAG, IPT, MAN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI		RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	1.78	85/7862 (1.1%)	0.99	18/10715 (0.2%)	

The worst 5 of 85 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	$\operatorname{Ideal}( ext{\AA})$
1	A	260	TYR	CD1-CE1	8.49	1.52	1.39
1	A	937	TYR	CD1-CE1	8.14	1.51	1.39
1	A	109	PHE	CE2-CZ	7.80	1.52	1.37
1	A	103	GLU	CB-CG	7.63	1.66	1.52
1	A	362	TYR	CE2-CZ	7.43	1.48	1.38

The worst 5 of 18 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	A	869	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	9.01	124.80	120.30
1	A	869	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-8.48	116.06	120.30
1	A	49	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	8.34	125.81	118.30
1	A	572	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.96	123.78	120.30
1	A	373	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.36	123.48	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	7634	0	7435	26	0
2	В	83	0	70	0	0
3	С	105	0	88	2	0
4	D	28	0	25	0	0
5	A	15	0	18	0	0
6	A	28	0	26	0	0
7	A	926	0	0	15	0
All	All	8819	0	7662	28	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

The worst 5 of 28 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	$egin{aligned} \operatorname{Clash} \ \operatorname{overlap}\ (\mathring{\mathbf{A}}) \end{aligned}$
1:A:1020:HIS:HB2	7:A:1807:HOH:O	1.20	1.34
1:A:188:ASN:HB3	7:A:1881:HOH:O	1.48	1.14
1:A:531:LYS:HB3	7:A:1575:HOH:O	1.62	0.97
1:A:971:ASN:HB3	7:A:1816:HOH:O	1.67	0.95
7:A:1952:HOH:O	3:C:7:GLC:H61	1.79	0.82

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

## 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	987/1003 (98%)	957 (97%)	28 (3%)	2 (0%)	47	29

#### All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	
1	A	527	ALA	



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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	
1	A	519	ASN	

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	808/819 (99%)	791 (98%)	17 (2%)	53 31

5 of 17 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	995	LEU
1	A	1015	HIS
1	A	536	ASN
1	A	618	ASN
1	A	693	SER

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 8 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	1015	HIS
1	A	884	HIS
1	A	836	ASN
1	A	618	ASN
1	A	873	HIS

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

18 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Во	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	les
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	NAG	В	1	2,1	14,14,15	1.28	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.83	4 (23%)
2	NAG	В	2	2	14,14,15	1.05	0	17,19,21	0.91	0
2	BMA	В	3	2	11,11,12	1.56	2 (18%)	15,15,17	1.16	2 (13%)
2	MAN	В	4	2	11,11,12	1.64	2 (18%)	15,15,17	1.52	2 (13%)
2	MAN	В	5	2	11,11,12	1.28	2 (18%)	15,15,17	1.57	4 (26%)
2	MAN	В	6	2	11,11,12	0.68	0	15,15,17	1.46	4 (26%)
2	MAN	В	7	2	11,11,12	1.27	2 (18%)	15,15,17	2.02	5 (33%)
3	NAG	С	1	3,1	14,14,15	1.78	2 (14%)	17,19,21	1.58	4 (23%)
3	NAG	С	2	3	14,14,15	0.79	0	17,19,21	1.43	3 (17%)
3	BMA	С	3	3	11,11,12	1.09	1 (9%)	15,15,17	1.39	2 (13%)
3	MAN	С	4	3	11,11,12	1.23	1 (9%)	15,15,17	2.37	5 (33%)
3	MAN	С	5	3	11,11,12	0.97	0	15,15,17	1.90	5 (33%)
3	MAN	С	6	3	11,11,12	0.93	1 (9%)	15,15,17	2.27	5 (33%)
3	GLC	С	7	3	11,11,12	0.70	0	15,15,17	2.75	4 (26%)
3	MAN	С	8	3	11,11,12	0.88	0	15,15,17	2.20	2 (13%)
3	MAN	С	9	3	11,11,12	0.63	0	15,15,17	1.10	1 (6%)
4	NAG	D	1	1,4	14,14,15	0.57	0	17,19,21	1.77	4 (23%)
4	NAG	D	2	4	14,14,15	0.64	0	17,19,21	1.22	1 (5%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	В	1	2,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	В	2	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	BMA	В	3	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1



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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	MAN	В	4	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	MAN	В	5	2	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	MAN	В	6	2	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	MAN	В	7	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	С	1	3,1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	С	2	3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	С	3	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	MAN	С	4	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	MAN	С	5	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	MAN	С	6	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	GLC	С	7	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	MAN	С	8	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	MAN	С	9	3	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	D	1	1,4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	D	2	4	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 14 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\mathring{\mathrm{A}})$	Ideal(A)
3	С	1	NAG	C1-C2	5.02	1.59	1.52
2	В	4	MAN	C2-C3	2.85	1.56	1.52
3	С	1	NAG	C3-C2	2.82	1.58	1.52
2	В	3	BMA	O4-C4	2.73	1.49	1.43
2	В	7	MAN	C2-C3	2.71	1.56	1.52

The worst 5 of 57 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
3	С	7	GLC	C1-O5-C5	7.10	121.81	112.19
3	С	4	MAN	C6-C5-C4	-6.91	96.82	113.00
3	С	8	MAN	O5-C5-C6	6.57	117.51	107.20
3	С	7	GLC	C1-C2-C3	5.71	116.68	109.67
2	В	7	MAN	C1-O5-C5	5.61	119.80	112.19

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 8 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	С	9	MAN	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	С	9	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	В	6	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6



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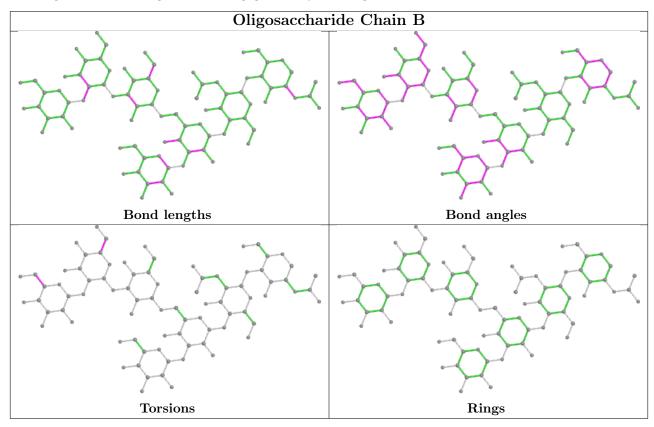
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	В	6	MAN	C4-C5-C6-O6
4	D	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

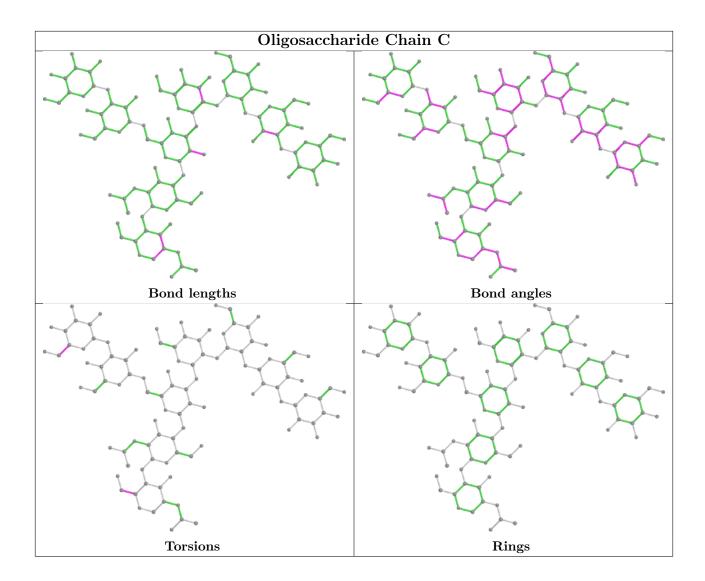
1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	С	7	GLC	2	0

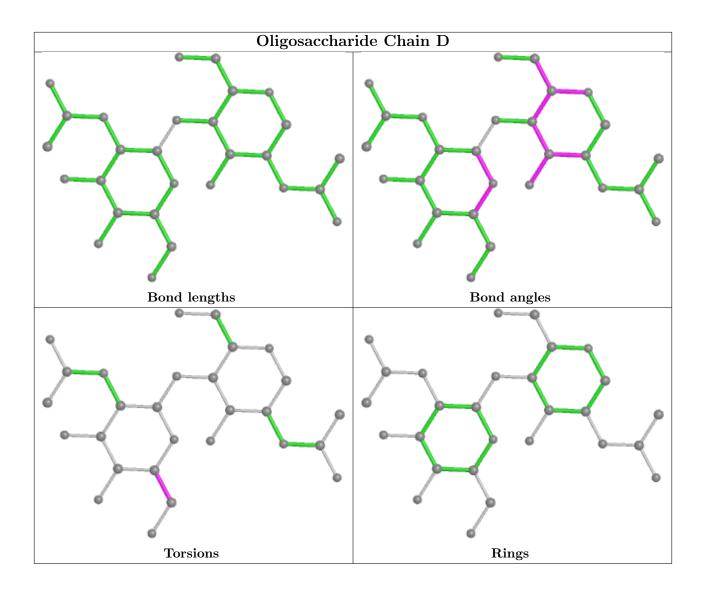
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.











## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

3 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	туре				Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	
6	NAG	A	1041	1	14,14,15	0.58	0	17,19,21	2.34	4 (23%)	
6	NAG	A	1042	1	14,14,15	0.54	0	17,19,21	1.75	5 (29%)	
5	IPT	A	1024	-	14,15,15	1.33	1 (7%)	18,21,21	1.78	6 (33%)	



In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	NAG	A	1041	1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	NAG	A	1042	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	IPT	A	1024	-	-	3/6/26/26	0/1/1/1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
5	A	1024	IPT	C4-C5	3.12	1.59	1.53

The worst 5 of 15 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
6	A	1041	NAG	C1-O5-C5	7.32	122.11	112.19
5	A	1024	IPT	C1-O5-C5	4.24	120.39	112.58
6	A	1041	NAG	O5-C1-C2	3.74	117.19	111.29
6	A	1042	NAG	C1-O5-C5	3.69	117.19	112.19
6	A	1042	NAG	O3-C3-C2	-3.24	102.75	109.47

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	A	1024	IPT	C2'-C1'-S1-C1
5	A	1024	IPT	C3'-C1'-S1-C1
6	A	1041	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	A	1024	IPT	O5-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.



# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 6 Fit of model and data (i)

## 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Iol Chain Analysed		<RSRZ $>$	# RSRZ > 2	$OWAB(\AA^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	986/1003 (98%)	0.07	40 (4%) 37 44	10, 17, 33, 64	0

The worst 5 of 40 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	933	ALA	8.5
1	A	526	THR	7.9
1	A	932	THR	6.6
1	A	525	LYS	6.5
1	A	931	ALA	5.5

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

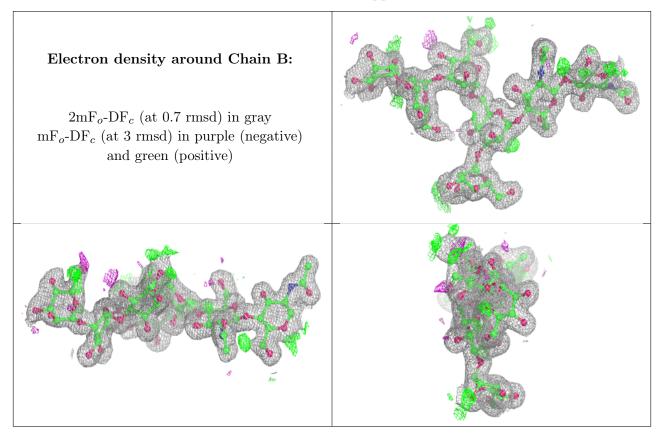
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	MAN	С	9	11/12	0.68	0.38	55,62,64,65	0
4	NAG	D	2	14/15	0.76	0.33	46,56,63,63	0
3	GLC	С	7	11/12	0.80	0.16	41,47,48,49	0
2	MAN	В	6	11/12	0.88	0.29	30,35,41,47	0
3	MAN	С	8	11/12	0.89	0.22	34,40,45,48	0
3	MAN	С	6	11/12	0.92	0.13	24,30,35,38	0
3	MAN	С	4	11/12	0.93	0.13	22,25,31,34	0



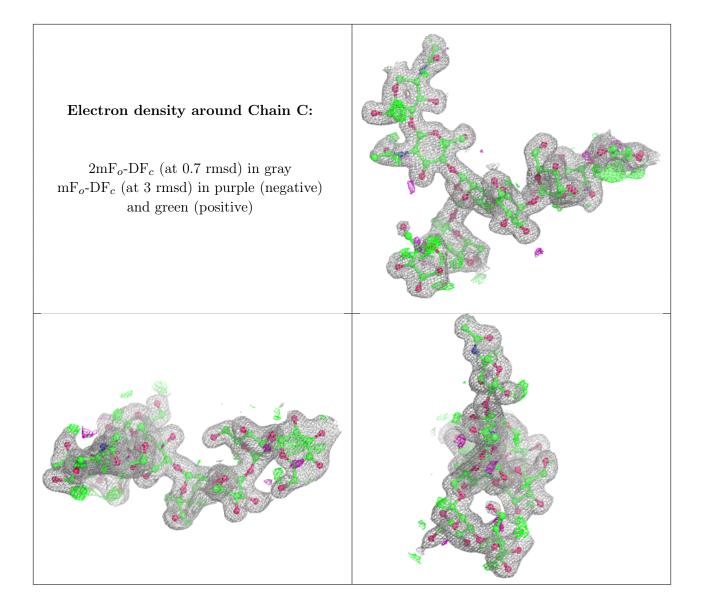
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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
4	NAG	D	1	14/15	0.93	0.15	32,37,44,46	0
3	NAG	С	1	14/15	0.93	0.11	13,18,24,30	0
2	MAN	В	7	11/12	0.94	0.09	24,26,28,30	0
3	MAN	С	5	11/12	0.94	0.14	17,22,26,27	0
2	MAN	В	4	11/12	0.95	0.09	13,15,18,25	0
2	BMA	В	3	11/12	0.96	0.07	13,16,19,19	0
3	NAG	С	2	14/15	0.96	0.13	16,23,37,39	0
2	NAG	В	2	14/15	0.97	0.07	13,15,21,22	0
2	MAN	В	5	11/12	0.97	0.07	15,16,28,35	0
2	NAG	В	1	14/15	0.97	0.08	13,15,25,27	0
3	BMA	С	3	11/12	0.97	0.11	19,21,25,29	0

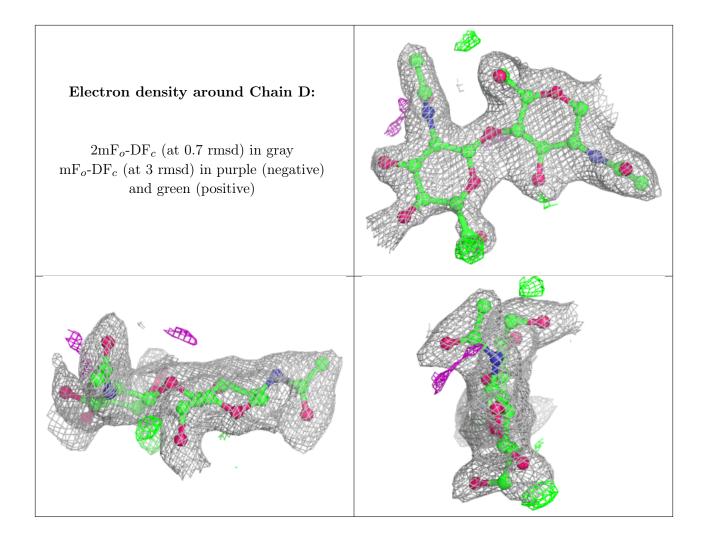
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.











## 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B-factors(A^2)}$	Q<0.9
6	NAG	A	1041	14/15	0.77	0.22	39,48,56,59	0
6	NAG	A	1042	14/15	0.92	0.25	33,39,48,52	0
5	IPT	A	1024	15/15	0.97	0.11	9,12,26,27	0

## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

