



## wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Jul 17, 2021 – 05:09 am BST

PDB ID : 7OGM  
EMDB ID : EMD-12884  
Title : A cooperative PNPase-Hfq-RNA carrier complex facilitates bacterial riboregulation. PNPase-3'ETS(leuZ)-Hfq  
Authors : Dendooven, T.; Sinha, D.; Roesoleva, A.; Cameron, T.A.; De Lay, N.; Luisi, B.F.; Bandyra, K.  
Deposited on : 2021-05-06  
Resolution : 3.70 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

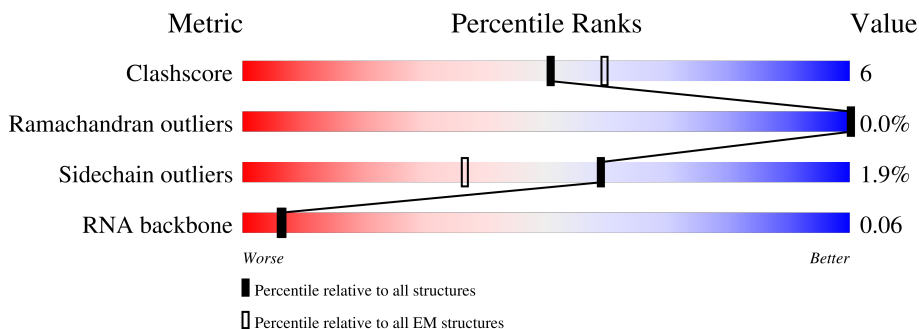
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.0.dev84  
MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.22

# 1 Overall quality at a glance i

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  
*ELECTRON MICROSCOPY*

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.70 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



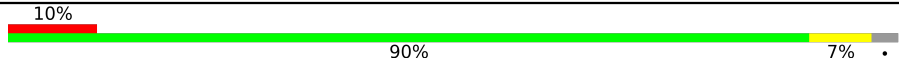
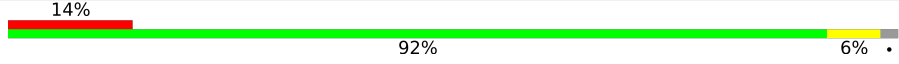
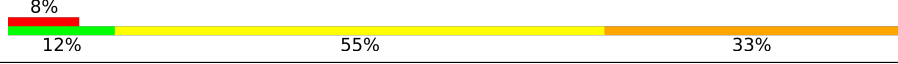
Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826
RNA backbone	4643	859

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion  $< 40\%$ ). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	D	102	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;">9%</div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 15px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 9%, orange 9%, yellow 9%, green 9%, grey 9%);"></div> <div style="text-align: center;">57%</div> <div style="text-align: center;">9%</div> <div style="text-align: center;">34%</div> </div>
1	E	102	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;">5%</div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 15px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 5%, orange 5%, yellow 5%, green 5%, grey 5%);"></div> <div style="text-align: center;">56%</div> <div style="text-align: center;">•</div> <div style="text-align: center;">40%</div> </div>
1	F	102	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;">9%</div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 15px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 9%, orange 9%, yellow 9%, green 9%, grey 9%);"></div> <div style="text-align: center;">56%</div> <div style="text-align: center;">•</div> <div style="text-align: center;">40%</div> </div>
1	I	102	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;">23%</div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 15px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 23%, orange 23%, yellow 23%, green 23%, grey 23%);"></div> <div style="text-align: center;">59%</div> <div style="text-align: center;">•</div> <div style="text-align: center;">38%</div> </div>
1	J	102	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;">22%</div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 15px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 22%, orange 22%, yellow 22%, green 22%, grey 22%);"></div> <div style="text-align: center;">57%</div> <div style="text-align: center;">5%</div> <div style="text-align: center;">38%</div> </div>
1	K	102	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;">17%</div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 15px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 17%, orange 17%, yellow 17%, green 17%, grey 17%);"></div> <div style="text-align: center;">51%</div> <div style="text-align: center;">9%</div> <div style="text-align: center;">39%</div> </div>
2	L	711	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;">6%</div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 15px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 6%, orange 6%, yellow 6%, green 6%, grey 6%);"></div> <div style="text-align: center;">88%</div> <div style="text-align: center;">9%</div> <div style="text-align: center;">•</div> </div>

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
2	N	711	
2	O	711	
3	P	49	

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 17683 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called RNA-binding protein Hfq.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O		
1	K	62	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			389	254	64	71		
1	J	63	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			404	266	65	73		
1	I	63	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			406	267	66	73		
1	D	67	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			438	289	69	80		
1	E	61	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			413	276	65	72		
1	F	61	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			390	257	63	70		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Polyribonucleotide nucleotidyltransferase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	L	693	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			4777	3021	847	890	19		
2	N	689	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			4841	3046	860	915	20		
2	O	695	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			4672	2931	845	878	18		

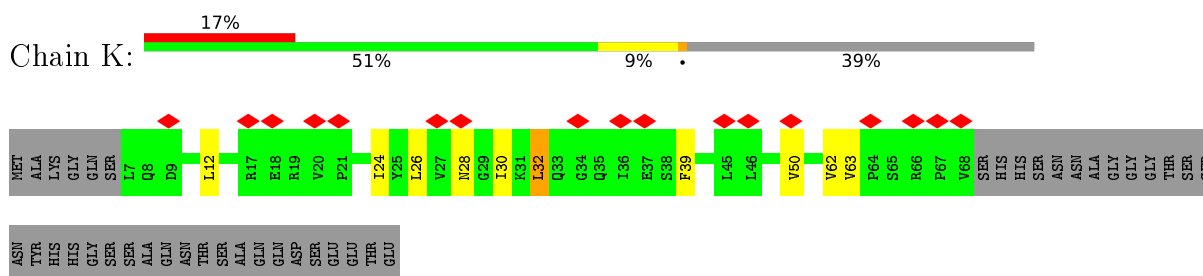
- Molecule 3 is a RNA chain called 3'ETS(LeuZ).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	P		
3	P	49	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			953	422	162	320	49		

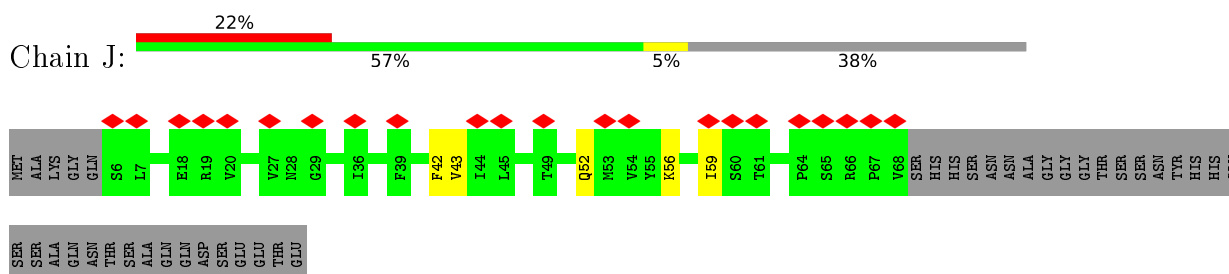
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

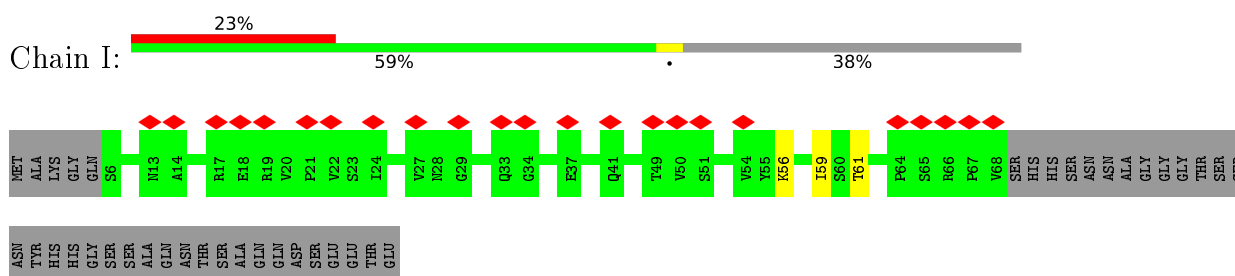
- Molecule 1: RNA-binding protein Hfq



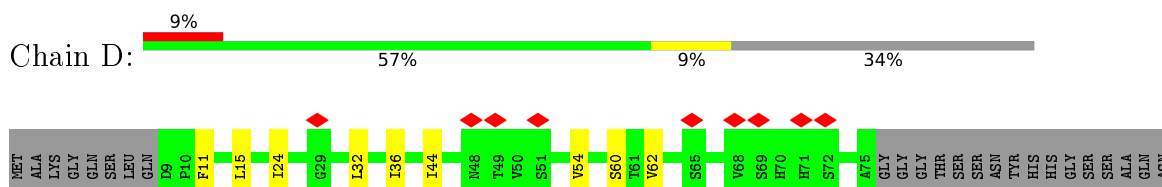
- Molecule 1: RNA-binding protein Hfq



- Molecule 1: RNA-binding protein Hfq



- Molecule 1: RNA-binding protein Hfq



THR  
SER  
ALA  
GLY  
GLN  
ASP  
SER  
GLU  
GLU  
THR  
GLU

• Molecule 1: RNA-binding protein Hfq



MET ALA LYS GLY GLN SER LEU Q8 I30 I36 S51 H57 A58 T61 S65 R66 P67 V68 SER R66 HIS R66 HIS SER ASN ASN HIS ALA HIS GLY GLY THR SER SER ASN TVR HIS HIS TYR SER SER ALA GLN ASN THR SER ALA GLN GLN ASP SER SER GLU THR GLU

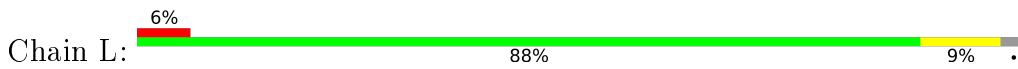
• Molecule 1: RNA-binding protein Hfq



MET ALA LYS GLY GLN SER LEU Q8 L26 V27 N28 Q35 I36 E37 V54 I59 S60 P64 S65 R66 P67 V68 SER SER HIS HIS SER ASN ASN ALA HIS SER ASN ALA GLY GLY THR THR SER ASN TYR HIS HIS GLY SER SER ALA GLN THR SER ALA GLN ASP SER SER GLU THR

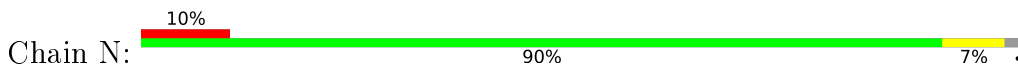
GLU

• Molecule 2: Polyribonucleotide nucleotidyltransferase

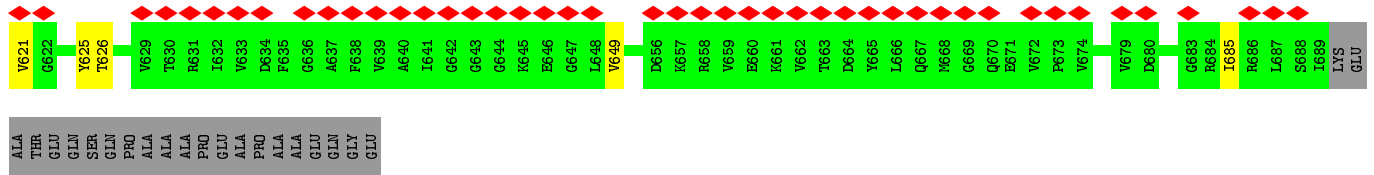


M1 L2 I5 V6 F9 Q10 Y11 V16 M22 Q26 V33 V33 V33 E10 G133 I143 P144 P148 I157 N164 Q167 D168 K174 L216 M220 A226 W231 N239 L242 V246 L254 V270 I273 L282 A283 E284 D285 Q10 T287 L288 L293 I296 D317 G318 R319 R325 G326 L327 V329 R330 L334 R335 P336 T344 R345 G346 Q349 A350 L351 H379 G394 S395 I431 I481 R499 V536 E550 R554 K559 I560 N561 V568 I569 G570 R571 G572 V575 I576 T585 I589 E590 D591 D592 T594 V595 A617 E618 I619 E620 V621 G622 R623 T630 R631 I632 V633 D634 V639 G642 G643 G644 A655 D656 K657 R658 V659 T663 L666 Q667 M668 G669 Q670 E671 V672 P673 L677 G678 V679 D680 R681 A692 T693 GLU GLN SER PRO PRO ALA ALA PRO GLU ALA PRO PRO PRO ALA ALA ALA GLN GLU

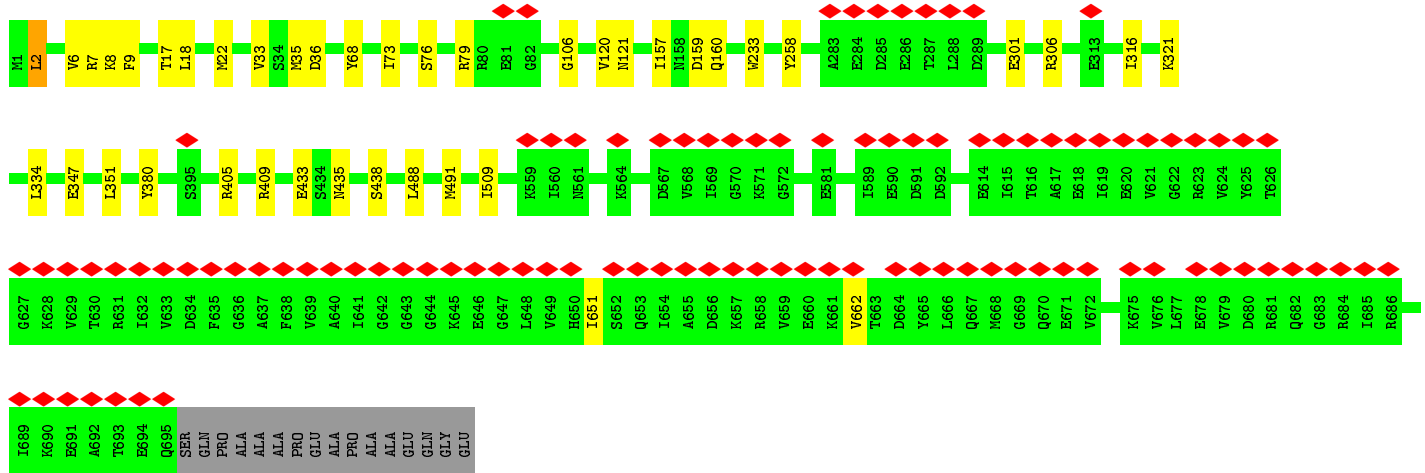
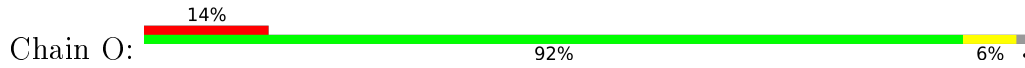
• Molecule 2: Polyribonucleotide nucleotidyltransferase



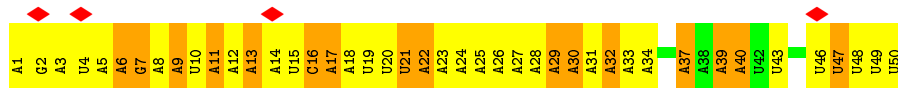
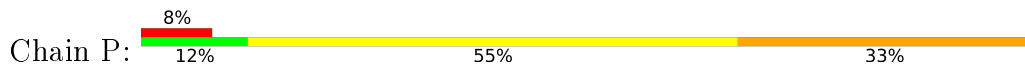
M1 L2 N3 P4 R7 K8 F9 V16 M22 M23 V40 D55 F56 F78 R79 R80 V118 S119 V120 A130 N218 E221 K228 P229 R230 V238 A241 L254 L282 A283 E284 D285 E286 T287 L288 D289 L293 E301 E313 P314 R315 I316 D317 G318 R319 E320 M323 K323 D328 V329 R330 T344 Q349 D361 A362 Q363 R372 V387 V428 E433 G467 L478 I481 E485 L488 I555 D563 R571 G584 E588 I589 E590 D591 D592 G593 K596 I615 T616 A617 E618 E618 I619 E620



• Molecule 2: Polyrribonucleotide nucleotidyltransferase



• Molecule 3: 3'ETS(LeuZ)



## 4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	133607	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ( $e^-/\text{\AA}^2$ )	53.6	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	-1	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	-2.6	Depositor
Magnification	130000	Depositor
Image detector	GATAN K2 SUMMIT (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	3.176	Depositor
Minimum map value	-1.698	Depositor
Average map value	0.006	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.065	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.41	Depositor
Map size ( $\text{\AA}$ )	319.50003, 319.50003, 319.50003	wwPDB
Map dimensions	300, 300, 300	wwPDB
Map angles ( $^\circ$ )	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing ( $\text{\AA}$ )	1.065, 1.065, 1.065	Depositor



## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	D	0.81	0/446	0.86	0/619
1	E	0.84	0/422	0.90	0/585
1	F	0.81	0/396	0.85	0/552
1	I	0.82	0/412	0.85	0/573
1	J	0.82	0/411	0.83	0/572
1	K	0.84	0/393	0.83	0/547
2	L	0.74	0/4844	0.85	0/6629
2	N	0.72	0/4913	0.83	0/6704
2	O	0.76	0/4739	0.85	0/6487
3	P	0.33	0/1063	0.81	1/1651 (0.1%)
All	All	0.74	0/18039	0.84	1/24919 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	P	1	A	OP1-P-OP2	-7.65	108.12	119.60

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	D	438	0	394	12	0
1	E	413	0	379	5	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	F	390	0	355	5	0
1	I	406	0	375	2	0
1	J	404	0	360	3	0
1	K	389	0	355	8	0
2	L	4777	0	4567	67	0
2	N	4841	0	4617	59	0
2	O	4672	0	4268	47	0
3	P	953	0	484	20	0
All	All	17683	0	16154	199	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

The worst 5 of 199 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:N:555:ILE:HG21	2:N:596:LYS:CE	1.58	1.31
2:N:555:ILE:HG21	2:N:596:LYS:HE2	1.26	1.14
2:N:555:ILE:CG2	2:N:596:LYS:CE	2.25	1.14
2:L:569:ILE:HA	2:L:576:ILE:CD1	1.82	1.09
2:N:555:ILE:CG2	2:N:596:LYS:HE3	1.81	1.08

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	D	65/102 (64%)	62 (95%)	3 (5%)	0	100	100
1	E	59/102 (58%)	58 (98%)	1 (2%)	0	100	100
1	F	59/102 (58%)	57 (97%)	2 (3%)	0	100	100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	I	61/102 (60%)	59 (97%)	2 (3%)	0	100	100
1	J	61/102 (60%)	60 (98%)	1 (2%)	0	100	100
1	K	60/102 (59%)	60 (100%)	0	0	100	100
2	L	691/711 (97%)	657 (95%)	34 (5%)	0	100	100
2	N	687/711 (97%)	666 (97%)	20 (3%)	1 (0%)	51	83
2	O	693/711 (98%)	668 (96%)	25 (4%)	0	100	100
All	All	2436/2745 (89%)	2347 (96%)	88 (4%)	1 (0%)	100	100

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	N	4	PRO

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	D	39/89 (44%)	39 (100%)	0	100	100
1	E	38/89 (43%)	38 (100%)	0	100	100
1	F	34/89 (38%)	33 (97%)	1 (3%)	42	66
1	I	37/89 (42%)	37 (100%)	0	100	100
1	J	35/89 (39%)	34 (97%)	1 (3%)	42	66
1	K	34/89 (38%)	32 (94%)	2 (6%)	19	51
2	L	438/575 (76%)	426 (97%)	12 (3%)	44	68
2	N	454/575 (79%)	450 (99%)	4 (1%)	78	88
2	O	397/575 (69%)	389 (98%)	8 (2%)	55	74
All	All	1506/2259 (67%)	1478 (98%)	28 (2%)	59	76

5 of 28 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	L	585	THR
2	O	321	LYS
2	N	372	ARG
2	O	120	VAL
2	N	363	GLN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 10 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	O	10	GLN
2	O	26	GLN
2	O	64	GLN
2	L	218	ASN
2	L	532	HIS

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Backbone Outliers	Pucker Outliers
3	P	47/49 (95%)	39 (82%)	5 (10%)

5 of 39 RNA backbone outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	P	3	A
3	P	4	U
3	P	5	A
3	P	6	A
3	P	7	G

All (5) RNA pucker outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	P	2	G
3	P	9	A
3	P	10	U
3	P	29	A
3	P	31	A

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

The following chains have linkage breaks:

Mol	Chain	Number of breaks
3	P	1

All chain breaks are listed below:

Model	Chain	Residue-1	Atom-1	Residue-2	Atom-2	Distance (Å)
1	P	40:A	O3'	42:U	P	9.61

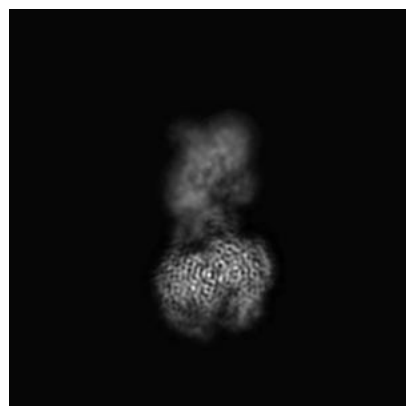
## 6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-12884. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

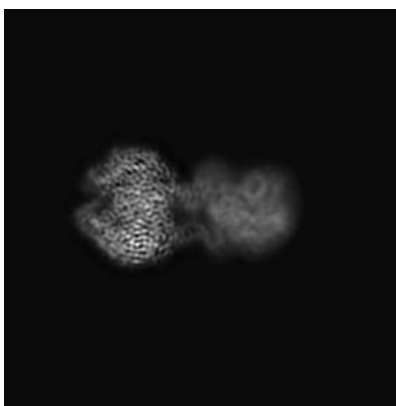
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

### 6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

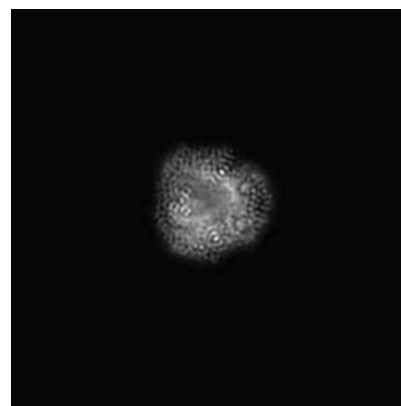
#### 6.1.1 Primary map



X

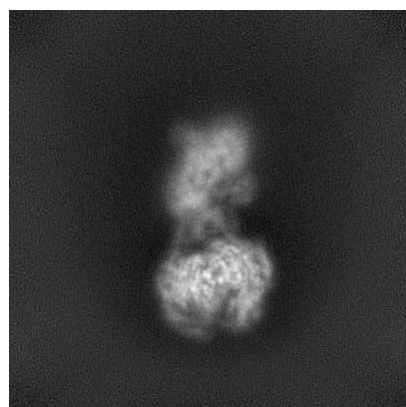


Y

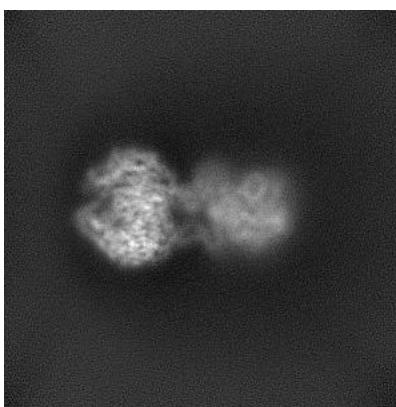


Z

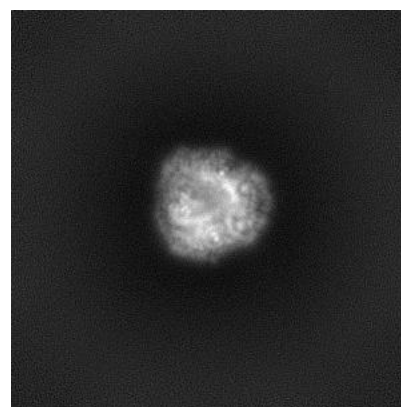
#### 6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

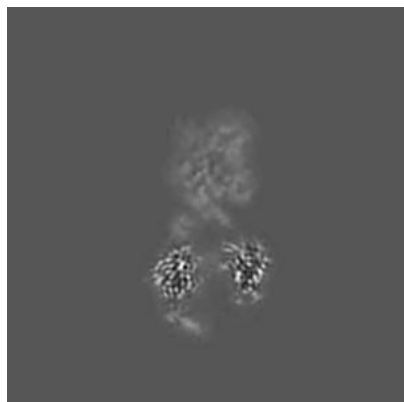


Z

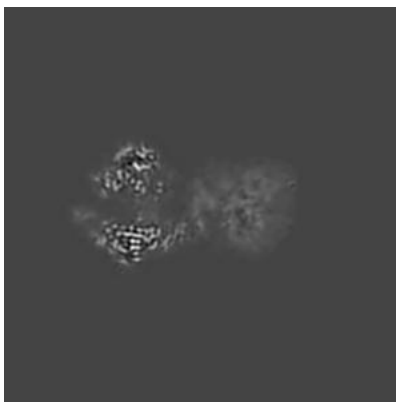
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.2 Central slices [i](#)

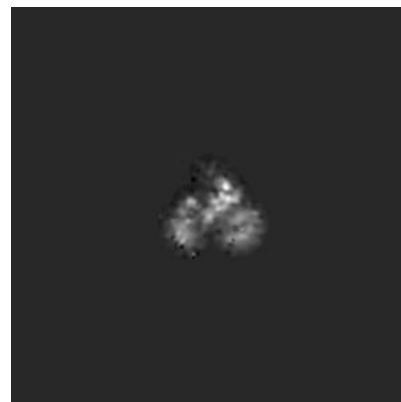
### 6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 150

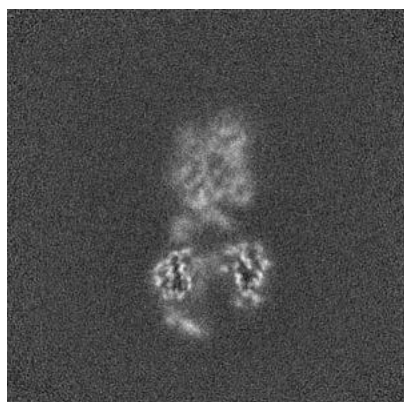


Y Index: 150

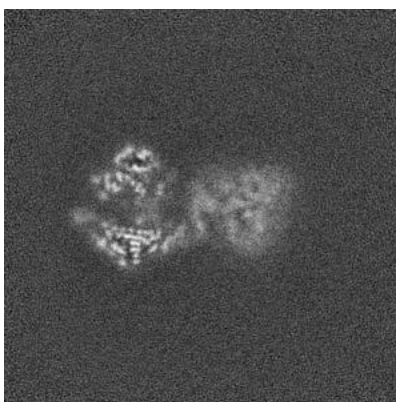


Z Index: 150

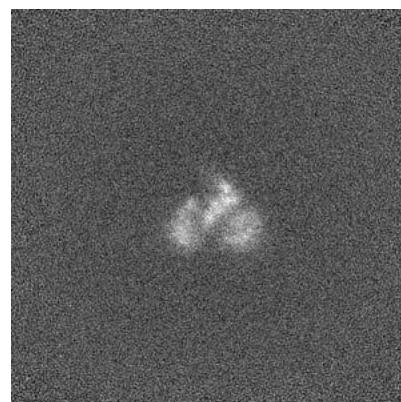
### 6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 150



Y Index: 150

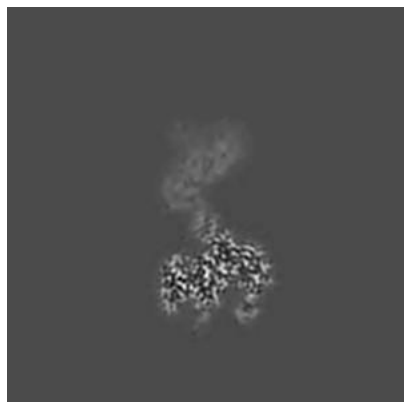


Z Index: 150

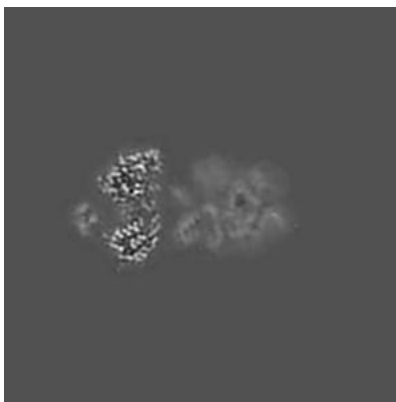
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

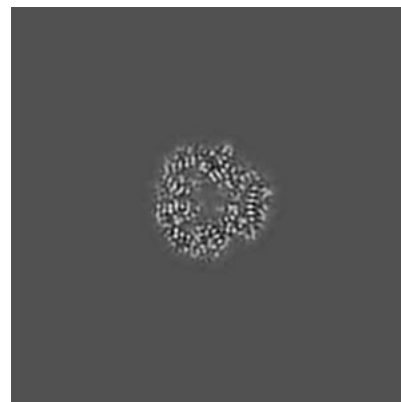
### 6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 128

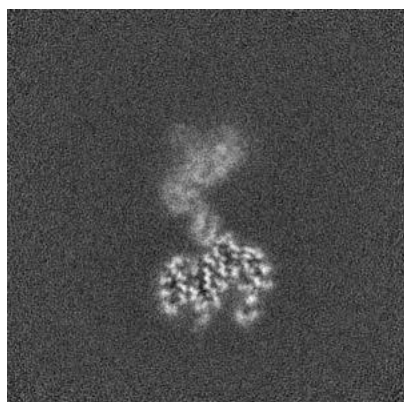


Y Index: 141

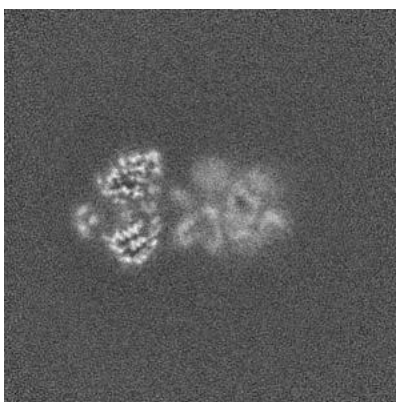


Z Index: 100

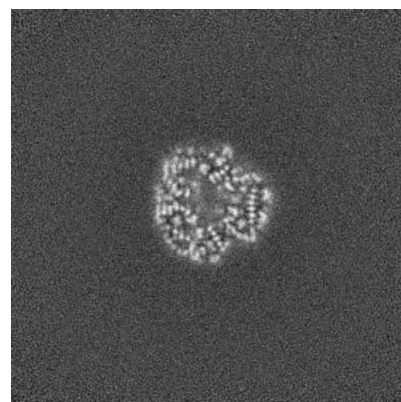
### 6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 128



Y Index: 141



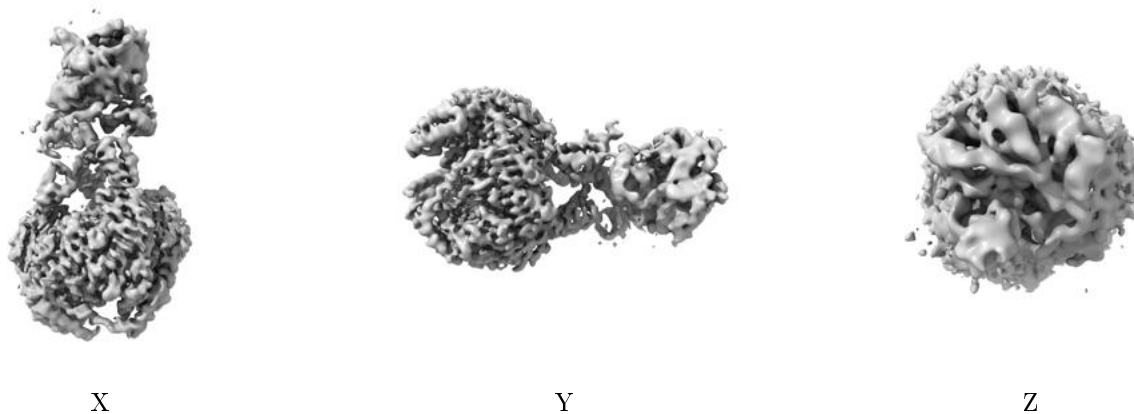
Z Index: 99

The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.



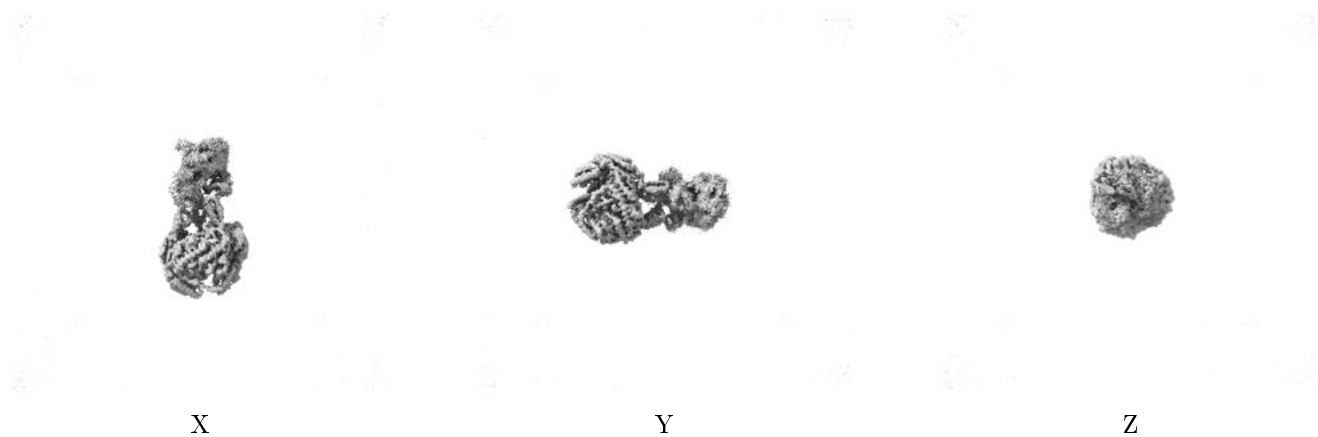
## 6.4 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

### 6.4.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.41. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

### 6.4.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

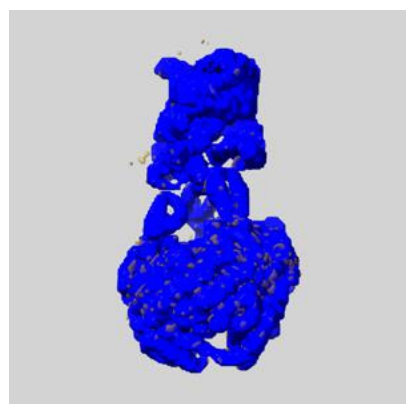
## 6.5 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

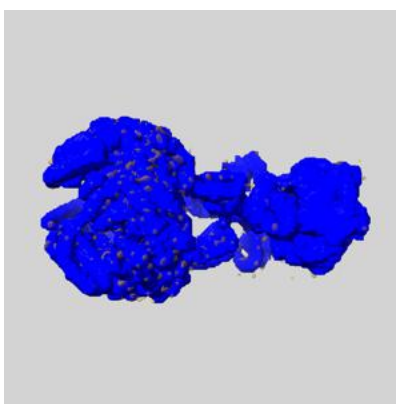
A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

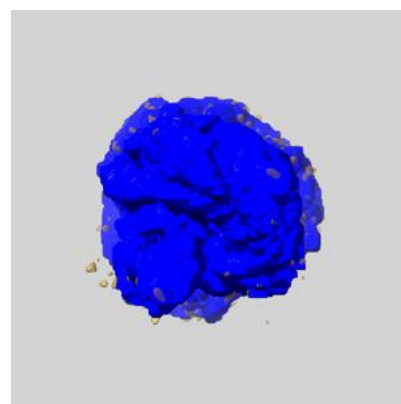
### 6.5.1 emd\_12884\_msk\_1.map [i](#)



X



Y

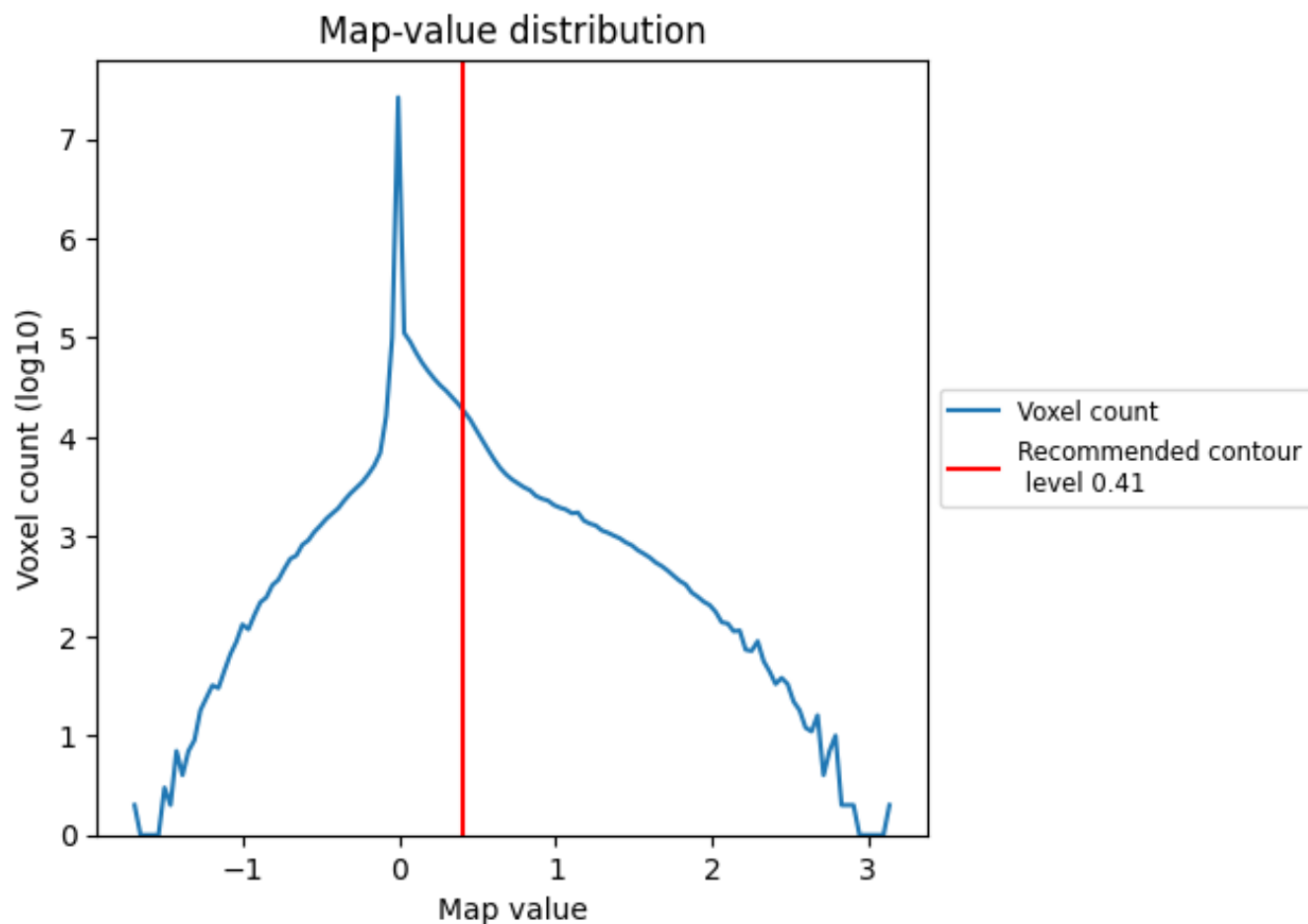


Z

## 7 Map analysis [i](#)

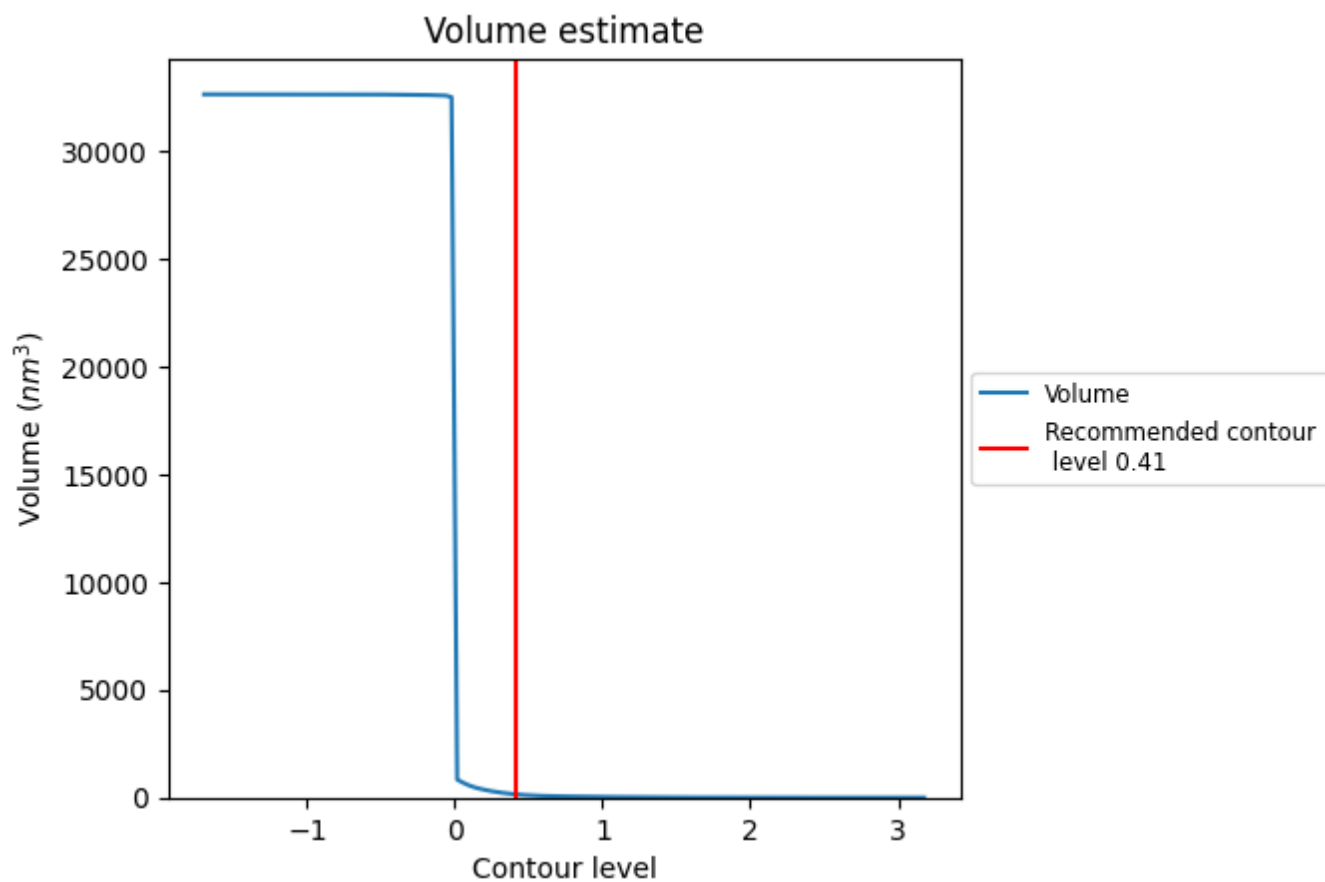
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

### 7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

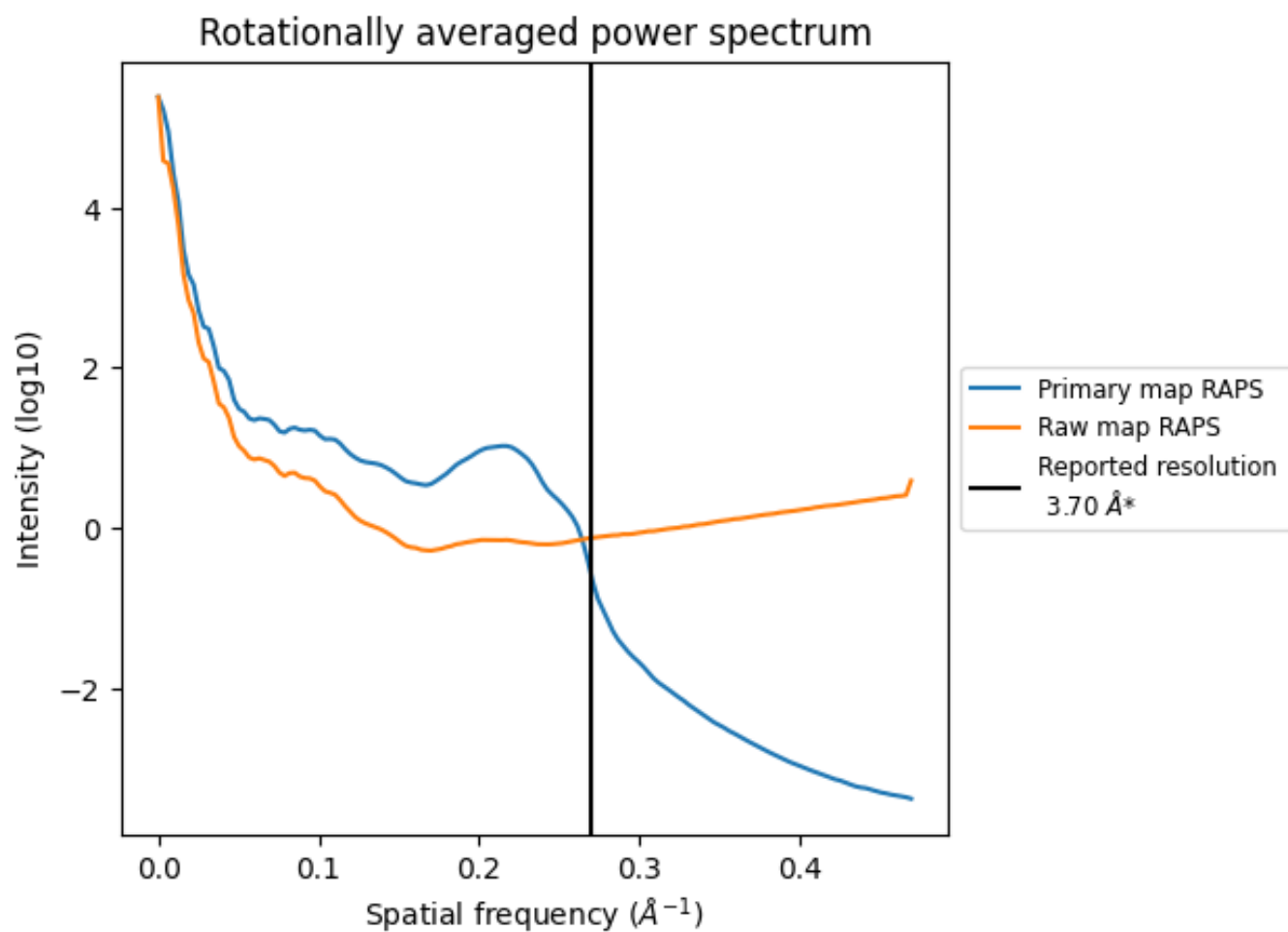
## 7.2 Volume estimate [\(i\)](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 152 nm<sup>3</sup>; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 138 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

### 7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum i

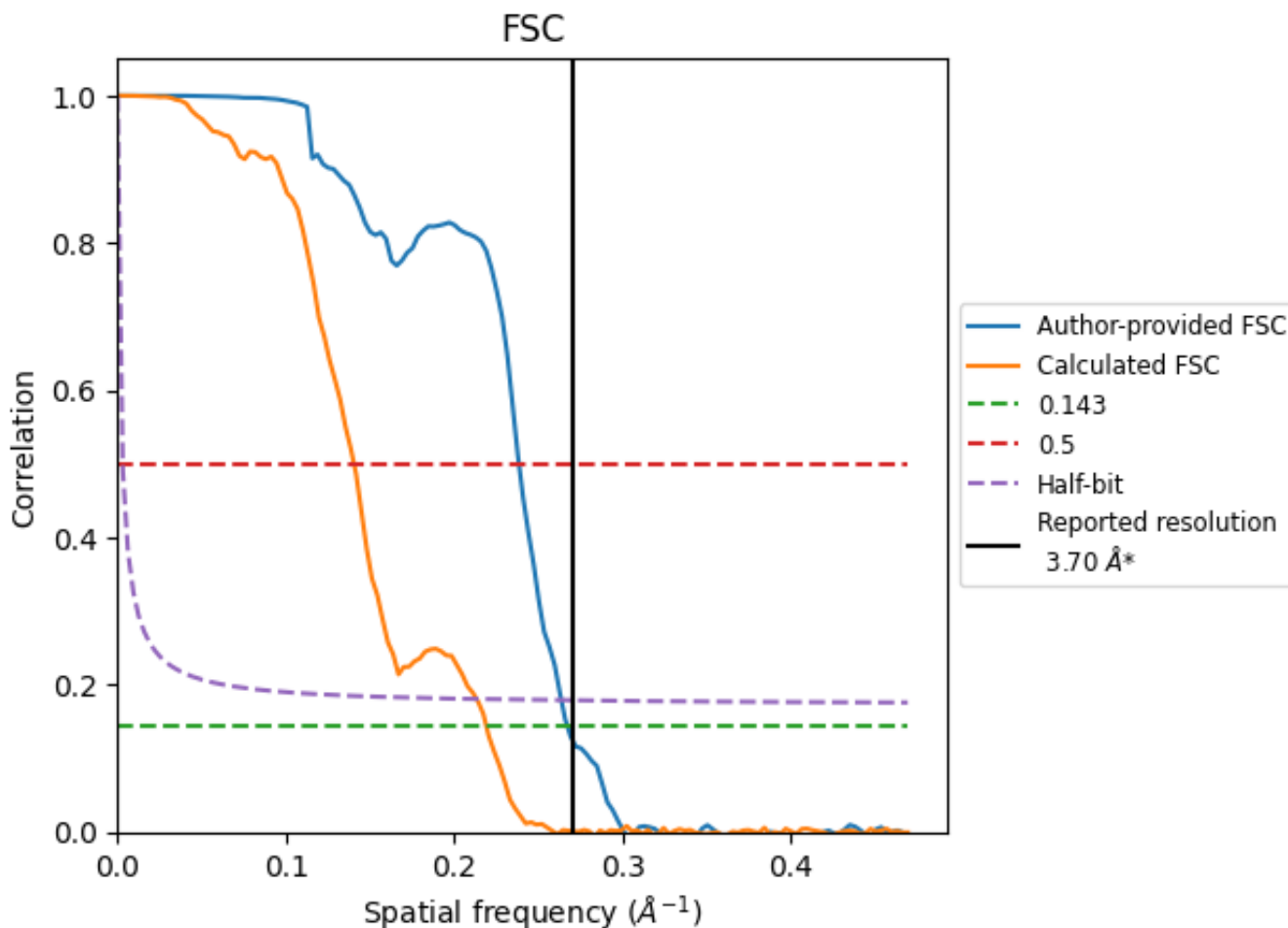


\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.270 Å<sup>-1</sup>

## 8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

### 8.1 FSC [i](#)



\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.270 Å<sup>-1</sup>

## 8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

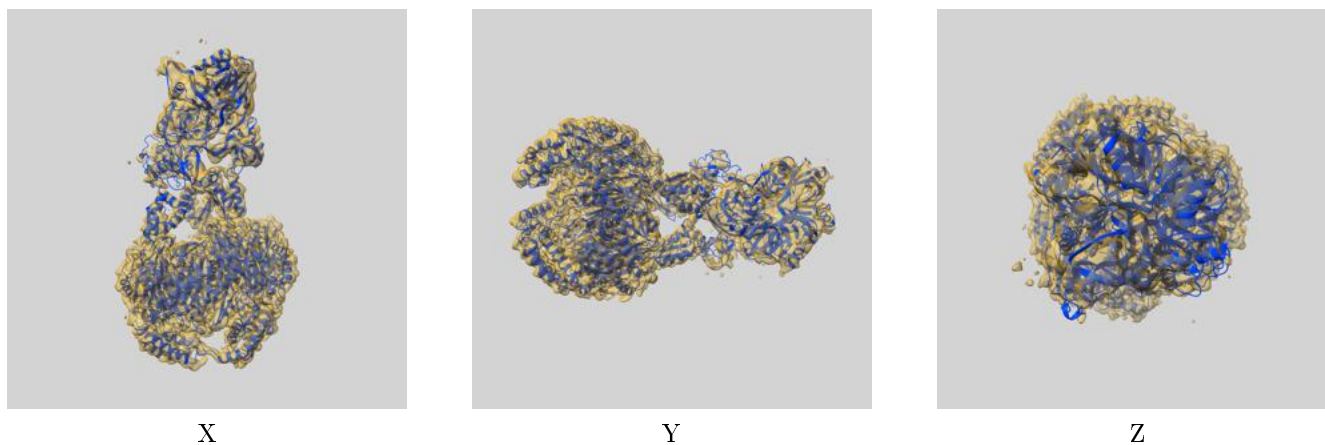
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.70	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	3.74	4.19	3.79
Calculated*	4.56	7.12	4.69

\*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 4.56 differs from the reported value 3.7 by more than 10 %

## 9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-12884 and PDB model 7OGM. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section [3](#) on page [5](#).

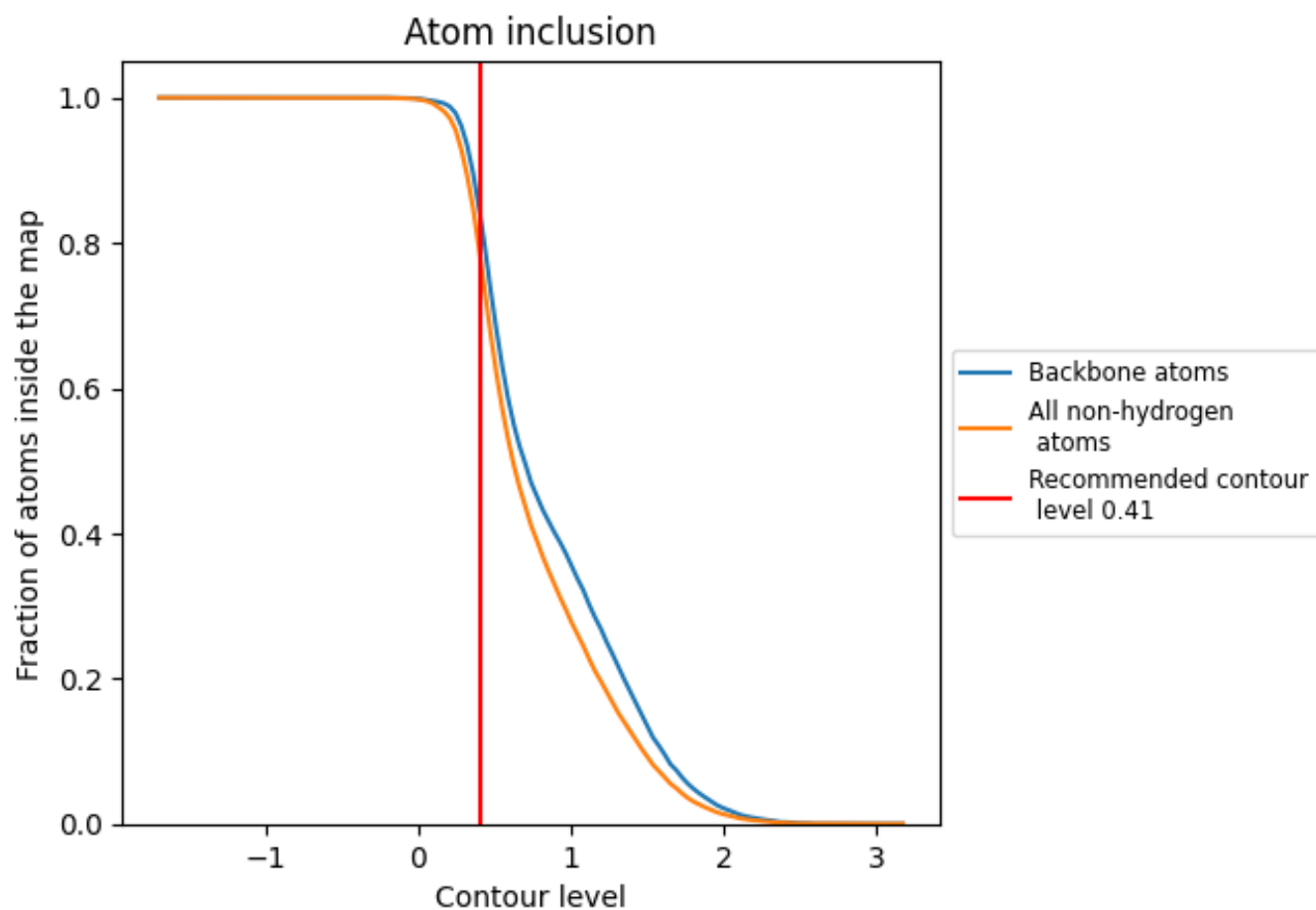
### 9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.41 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.



## 9.2 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 83% of all backbone atoms, 77% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.