

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Nov 11, 2024 – 07:31 PM EST

PDB ID	:	2PE2
Title	:	CRYSTAL STRUCTURE OF HUMAN PHOSPHOINOSITIDE-DEPENDE
		NT PROTEIN KINASE 1 (PDK1) 3-{5-[2-Oxo-5-ureido-1,2-dihydro-indol-
		$(3Z)$ -ylidenemethyl]-1H-pyrrol-3-yl}-N-(2-piperidin-1-yl-ethyl)-benzamide
		COMPLEX
Authors	:	Whitlow, M.; Adler, M.
Deposited on		
Resolution	:	2.13 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-4	67
Mogul : 2022.3.	0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.20.1	
EDS : 3.0	
buster-report : $1.1.7$ (2)	2018)
Percentile statistics : 202312	27.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
CCP4 : 9.0.003	(Gargrove)
Density-Fitness : 1.0.11	
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh &	z Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkins	son et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.39	

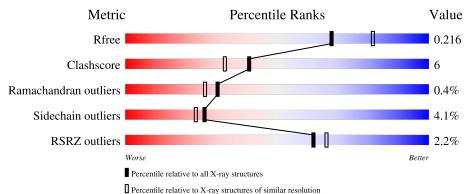


1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.13 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ (\#\textbf{Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
R_{free}	164625	3336 (2.16-2.12)
Clashscore	180529	3585 (2.16-2.12)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	3554 (2.16-2.12)
Sidechain outliers	177891	3553 (2.16-2.12)
RSRZ outliers	164620	3337 (2.16-2.12)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
			2%					
1	А	286	84%	10% • •				

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	GOL	А	602	-	-	Х	-



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2516 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

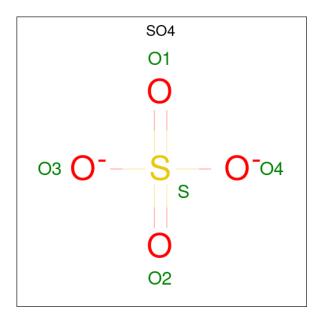
• Molecule 1 is a protein called 3-phosphoinositide-dependent protein kinase 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	А	276	Total 2255	C 1468	N 370	O 409	Р 1	${ m S} 7$	0	0	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
А	241	SEP	SER	modified residue	UNP O15530

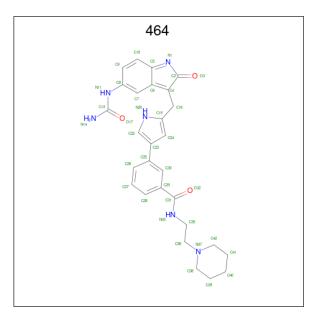
• Molecule 2 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O_4S).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{O} & \text{S} \\ 5 & 4 & 1 \end{array}$	0	0
2	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{O} & \text{S} \\ 5 & 4 & 1 \end{array}$	0	0
2	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{O} & \text{S} \\ 5 & 4 & 1 \end{array}$	0	0

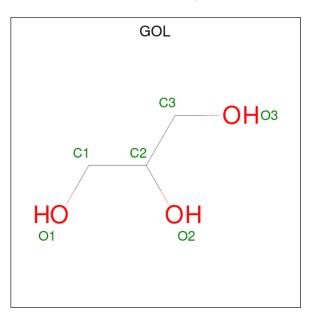


• Molecule 3 is 3-[5-({5-[(AMINOCARBONYL)AMINO]-2-OXO-2H-INDOL-3-YL}METHY L)-1H-PYRROL-3-YL]-N-(2-PIPERIDIN-1-YLETHYL)BENZAMIDE (three-letter code: 464) (formula: C₂₈H₃₀N₆O₃).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	А	1	Total 37	C 28		0	0

• Molecule 4 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula: $C_3H_8O_3$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} \\ 6 & 3 & 3 \end{array}$	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} \\ 6 & 3 & 3 \end{array}$	0	0
4	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} \text{C} \text{O} \\ 6 3 3 \end{array}$	0	0
4	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} \text{C} \text{O} \\ 6 3 3 \end{array}$	0	0
4	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} \text{C} \text{O} \\ 6 3 3 \end{array}$	0	0
4	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} \text{C} \text{O} \\ 6 3 3 \end{array}$	0	0
4	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} \text{C} \text{O} \\ 6 3 3 \end{array}$	0	0
4	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} \text{C} \text{O} \\ 6 3 3 \end{array}$	0	0

• Molecule 5 is water.

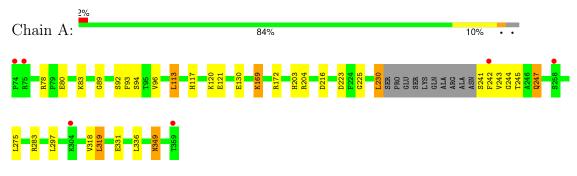
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	А	161	Total O 161 161	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: 3-phosphoinositide-dependent protein kinase 1





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 32 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	123.22Å 123.22Å 47.39Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	19.72 - 2.13	Depositor
Resolution (A)	19.72 - 2.13	EDS
% Data completeness	86.0 (19.72-2.13)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	$92.6\ (19.72-2.13)$	EDS
R _{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R _{sym}	0.07	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$3.16 (at 2.14 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNX, XTALVIEW	Depositor
D D.	0.188 , 0.215	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.197 , 0.216	DCC
R_{free} test set	905 reflections (4.18%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	25.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.063	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.40 , 53.8	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L > = 0.47, < L^2 > = 0.30$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.050 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	2516	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	27.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.86% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SEP, SO4, GOL, 464

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	Bond	angles	
	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	А	0.29	0/2300	0.47	0/3101

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	2255	0	2274	27	0
2	А	15	0	0	0	0
3	А	37	0	30	4	0
4	А	48	0	64	8	0
5	А	161	0	0	1	0
All	All	2516	0	2368	30	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

The worst 5 of 30 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.



Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:318:VAL:HG13	4:A:605:GOL:H2	1.60	0.82
1:A:94:SER:HB3	1:A:113:LEU:HD13	1.73	0.70
1:A:349:ASN:HD22	1:A:349:ASN:H	1.41	0.69
1:A:349:ASN:HD22	1:A:349:ASN:N	1.94	0.65
1:A:78:ARG:NH1	1:A:80:GLU:HB2	2.12	0.64

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	А	272/286~(95%)	262~(96%)	9~(3%)	1 (0%)	30 26	

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	223	ASP

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	lysed Rotameric		Percentiles	
1	А	243/252 (96%)	233~(96%)	10 (4%)	26 23	

5 of 10 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	319	LEU
1	А	336	LEU
1	А	349	ASN
1	А	230	LEU
1	А	247	GLN

Sometimes side chains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such side chains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	117	HIS
1	А	247	GLN
1	А	274	GLN
1	А	349	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	B	ond leng	gths	В	ond ang	gles
IVIOI	Type	Ullalli	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
1	SEP	А	241	1	8,9,10	1.58	2 (25%)	$7,\!12,\!14$	1.68	1 (14%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	SEP	А	241	1	-	2/6/8/10	-



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	А	241	SEP	P-O3P	-2.77	1.44	1.54
1	А	241	SEP	P-O2P	-2.65	1.45	1.54

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	А	241	SEP	OG-CB-CA	3.33	111.38	108.14

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
1	А	241	SEP	CB-OG-P-O1P
1	А	241	SEP	CB-OG-P-O3P

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

12 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Mol Type Chain Res			Link	В	ond leng	gths	Bond angles		
	туре	Chain	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
4	GOL	А	607	-	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.34	0	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.34	0
4	GOL	А	609	-	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.22	0	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.33	0
4	GOL	А	602	-	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.28	0	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.33	0
2	SO4	А	601	-	4,4,4	0.39	0	6,6,6	0.06	0



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	B	ond leng	gths	В	ond ang	les
MOI	туре	Ullalli	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
4	GOL	А	606	-	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.31	0	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.34	0
3	464	А	501	-	38,41,41	1.69	10 (26%)	$42,\!57,\!57$	0.90	2 (4%)
4	GOL	А	605	-	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.34	0	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.23	0
4	GOL	А	604	-	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.31	0	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.33	0
2	SO4	А	599	-	4,4,4	0.37	0	$6,\!6,\!6$	0.09	0
4	GOL	А	608	-	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.29	0	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.29	0
4	GOL	А	603	-	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.33	0	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.27	0
2	SO4	А	600	-	4,4,4	0.36	0	$6,\!6,\!6$	0.09	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	GOL	А	607	-	-	0/4/4/4	-
4	GOL	А	609	-	-	0/4/4/4	-
4	GOL	А	602	-	-	0/4/4/4	-
4	GOL	А	606	-	-	0/4/4/4	-
3	464	А	501	-	-	4/22/42/42	0/5/5/5
4	GOL	А	605	-	-	0/4/4/4	-
4	GOL	А	604	-	-	0/4/4/4	-
4	GOL	А	608	-	-	0/4/4/4	-
4	GOL	А	603	_	_	0/4/4/4	-

The worst 5 of 10 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	А	501	464	C2-C4	-3.56	1.39	1.50
3	А	501	464	C18-C4	-3.49	1.42	1.50
3	А	501	464	C25-C23	-3.26	1.42	1.48
3	А	501	464	C24-C23	-3.20	1.34	1.43
3	А	501	464	C22-C23	-2.52	1.34	1.38

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
3	А	501	464	C23-C22-N20	-3.41	108.31	110.16
3	А	501	464	C19-C18-C4	2.57	125.19	116.89

There are no chirality outliers.



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	А	501	464	C4-C18-C19-C24
3	А	501	464	C19-C18-C4-C6
3	А	501	464	C19-C18-C4-C2
3	А	501	464	N33-C35-C36-N37

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

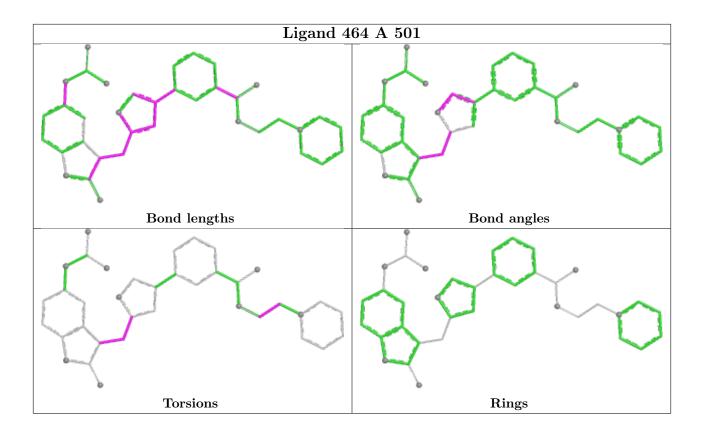
There are no ring outliers.

5 monomers are involved in 10 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	А	602	GOL	4	0
3	А	501	464	4	0
4	А	605	GOL	2	0
4	А	608	GOL	1	0
4	А	603	GOL	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	# RSRZ > 2		>2	$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathbf{A}^2)$	Q<0.9
1	А	275/286~(96%)	-0.39	6 (2%)	62	66	14, 23, 39, 54	13 (4%)

The worst 5 of 6 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	А	258	SER	3.6
1	А	75	ARG	2.5
1	А	242	PHE	2.5
1	А	359	THR	2.4
1	А	74	PRO	2.3

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathbf{A}^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	SEP	А	241	10/11	0.77	0.15	$58,\!60,\!64,\!65$	1

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

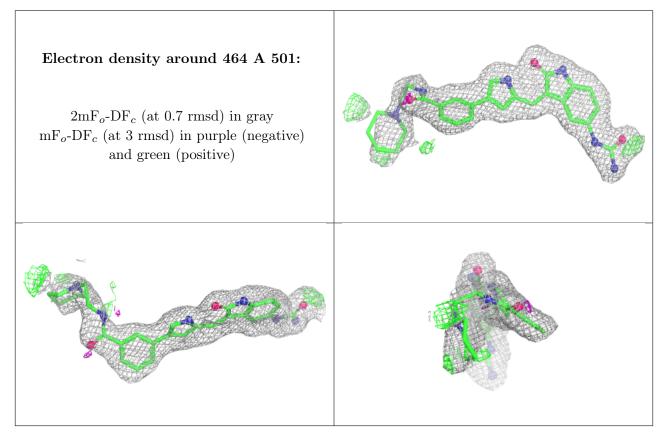
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum,



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q < 0.9
4	GOL	А	607	6/6	0.76	0.19	$51,\!55,\!56,\!56$	0
4	GOL	А	606	6/6	0.78	0.24	$60,\!64,\!65,\!67$	0
2	SO4	А	601	5/5	0.78	0.16	85,85,86,87	0
4	GOL	А	602	6/6	0.83	0.19	67,69,69,72	0
4	GOL	А	603	6/6	0.83	0.17	$41,\!49,\!51,\!52$	0
4	GOL	А	608	6/6	0.85	0.17	$55,\!56,\!57,\!58$	0
4	GOL	А	605	6/6	0.88	0.19	31,40,42,45	0
4	GOL	А	609	6/6	0.90	0.11	30,35,37,42	0
2	SO4	А	600	5/5	0.91	0.13	$60,\!60,\!61,\!62$	0
4	GOL	А	604	6/6	0.92	0.10	28,30,33,36	0
2	SO4	А	599	5/5	0.92	0.13	73,74,75,75	0
3	464	А	501	37/37	0.94	0.09	$15,\!24,\!65,\!65$	0

median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

