



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 11, 2018 – 03:59 pm GMT

PDB ID : 4PVN
Title : Neutron structure of human transthyretin (TTR) at room temperature to 2.3Å resolution (monochromatic)
Authors : Fisher, S.J.; Blakeley, M.P.; Haupt, M.; Mason, S.A.; Cooper, J.B.; Mitchell, E.P.; Forsyth, V.T.
Deposited on : 2014-03-18
Resolution : 2.30 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Xtrriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : **FAILED**
Percentile statistics : 20171227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2017)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : trunk31020

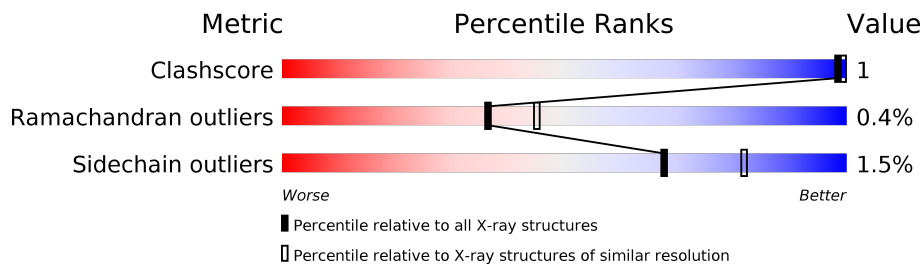
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

NEUTRON DIFFRACTION, X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.30 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	122126	5072 (2.30-2.30)
Ramachandran outliers	120053	5022 (2.30-2.30)
Sidechain outliers	120020	5021 (2.30-2.30)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Note EDS failed to run properly.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	130	 88% 11%
1	B	130	 85% 5% 10%

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3831 atoms, of which 100 are hydrogens and 1836 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Transthyretin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms							ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	D	H	N	O	S			
1	A	116	1828	576	875	52	148	175	2	0	51	0
1	B	117	1841	582	883	48	149	177	2	0	44	0

There are 6 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-2	GLY	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P02766
A	-1	ALA	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P02766
A	0	MET	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P02766
B	-2	GLY	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P02766
B	-1	ALA	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P02766
B	0	MET	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P02766

- Molecule 2 is water.


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	D	O		
2	A	46	93	47	46	0	0
2	B	38	69	31	38	0	0

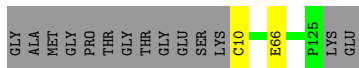
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.


Note EDS failed to run properly.

- Molecule 1: Transthyretin

Chain A:  88% 11%



- Molecule 1: Transthyretin

Chain B:  85% 5% 10%



4 Data and refinement statistics

EDS failed to run properly - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	43.68Å 86.26Å 65.72Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	52.28 – 2.30	Depositor
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	98.6 (52.28-2.30)	Depositor
R_{merge}	0.15	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	2.01 (at 1.86Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (phenix.refine: 1.7.3_914)	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.209 , 0.262	Depositor
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	21.7	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.055	Xtrriage
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.50$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtrriage
Total number of atoms	3831	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	29.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 33.97 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 7.3513e-04. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: DOD

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$	RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$
1	A	0.84	2/1342 (0.1%)	0.75	0/1831
1	B	0.77	0/1291	0.73	0/1764
All	All	0.81	2/2633 (0.1%)	0.74	0/3595

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	66[A]	GLU	CB-CG	-6.12	1.40	1.52
1	A	66[B]	GLU	CB-CG	-6.12	1.40	1.52

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1776	52	461	0	0
1	B	1793	48	548	2	0
2	A	93	0	0	0	0
2	B	69	0	0	1	0
All	All	3731	100	1009	2	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including

hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

All (2) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:98:ASN:ND2	2:B:230:DOD:O	2.15	0.79
1:B:27:ASN:OD1	1:B:48:LYS:HD3	2.04	0.52

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	165/130 (127%)	162 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100	100
1	B	161/130 (124%)	156 (97%)	3 (2%)	2 (1%)	14	15
All	All	326/260 (125%)	318 (98%)	6 (2%)	2 (1%)	36	33

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	100[A]	SER
1	B	100[B]	SER

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	142/106 (134%)	141 (99%)	1 (1%)	85	93
1	B	136/106 (128%)	132 (97%)	4 (3%)	45	62
All	All	278/212 (131%)	273 (98%)	5 (2%)	67	77

All (5) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	10	CYS
1	B	13[A]	MET
1	B	13[B]	MET
1	B	104[A]	ARG
1	B	104[B]	ARG

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

EDS failed to run properly - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

EDS failed to run properly - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates

EDS failed to run properly - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands

EDS failed to run properly - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers

EDS failed to run properly - this section is therefore empty.